







ANCHOR.

I love to look on an Anchor. Like a good friend who helps you in trouble, it holds the ship steady in a storm. Its fluke sink deep into the bottom of the sea, or cling to the

rocks, and nothing but a great storm can separate it from the cable which is fastened to the vessel. Anchors are of solid iron and very heavy; and cables are made of hemp or of iron chain. Large ships have four anchors, small vessels two. Hope is called the anchor of the soul, because, as the ship is held by the anchor which lies in the sea, sc the soul is supported by

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Hope which is cast in Heaven.



WIND-MILL.

The Wind-Mill has sails fixed to very lon poles, and when the win blows strong, round (the wings. As the win blow round, they car

round a large stone inside the house; this stone rubs on top of another millstone, and corn is put between them, which is thus broken and ground into meal. We cannot eat corn till it is ground; but horses can. Some mill-stones are likewise carried round by a stream of running water, and some by the steam of boiling water. There are a number of watermills on the Mill-dam

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which leads from Boston to Roxbury.

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There is a wind-mil in Boston, which stand in Sea-street, near the new bridge to South Boston.

There is a steam-mi next to the iron-works South--Boston, whi grinds corn and grain.



FLAG.

Here waves the Flag, which all nations respect. It is sometimes called The Colours. In war, the soldiers carry a Flag waving over their heads, to show, that, as long as it is raised, they are not

beaten; and the soldiers look to it as a place or rallying point where they must all join if forced to separate. Flags are hoisted on a ship's mast to tell to what nation she belongs, and every nation has a different one. The American Flag has thir teen stripes, to show how many States first formed the United States, and it has as many stars a here are States at this me.



TENT

Did you ever see a tent. This sort of house is common in warm climates. The Israelites, of whom you read in the bible, lived in tents forty years. Soldiers live in tents, when they march from home;

and at night they take the canvass out of their waggons or baggage-carts, and pitch the tents in any convenient field. Four soldiers live in one tent. and lie upon clean straw, taking their knapsacks for pillows. Their guns and their swords are hung around overhead.





CANNON.

When the cannon is fired only for the purpose of noise, no ball is put in; nothing but powder and the wad. On Washington's birth-day, on the fourth day of July, and on some training days, cannon are used to make a noise, and the louder it is so much the better. Never be afraid

of the cannon noise when there is no ball to hurt you,

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CLOCK.

You all know what a clock is, and how it strikes every hour. One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve. It then begins one again, and so

goes on, and has no end. In the middle of the day it strikes twelve, and in the middle of the night also. When it strikes five in summer mornings, then you must rise. When it strikes seven in winter mornings, then you must rise; at eight, eat breakfast; dine at two; and sup at five; go to bed at eight; sleep whilst the clock ticks all night, and wake in

the morning to hear in strike again.

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BARGE.

A Barge is a large boat driven along with oars, and rowed by eight or ten men, with one man at the helm to steer her course through the

sea. It belongs to a ship of war, or to a fort, and is used for the purpose of carrying officers to the shore. The barge has what is called a round house, on her quarter deck to keep off the hot sun or the rain. How sweet, in a calm day, to sail on the water, feeling

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the soft wind blowing health and cheerfulness into our cheeks! But many accidents happen on the water through carelessness.





