

AYER'S  
AMERICAN ALMANAC,

FOR THE USE OF  
FARMERS, PLANTERS, MECHANICS,  
AND ALL FAMILIES.

1861.



Calculated for the four great Meridians of this Country, and consequently may be relied on as accurate for every Place in the United States and British Provinces of North America.

Also, giving Medical Counsel which may be relied on for the Treatment and Cure of the afflicting Diseases that prevail within the latitudes of the American States.

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DR. J. C. AYER.

FREDERICK AYER.

f the Moon,  
and South-

Asia and

time,

1861

## COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

For KING'S EVIL is a taint, or infection in the human organism — a vitiation of the system which weakens their power and disorders or deranges their functions. It is a morbid disposition which dwells and genders in the blood, and rots out, as it were, the material of life. Acting like a latent poison, it reduces not only the vitality of the blood, but the energy of the departing organs of the body, so that they fail of their office to cast out its impurities from the system. Consequently, the circulation is burdened with these impurities, which depress its energy and make sickly the central power of life even when no outward manifestation of the disorder is shown. Hence, under the influence of this *scrofulous taint*, the energies of life are weakened, so that those infected with it have not the constitutional vigor of healthy persons, even though the disease should fail, as in thousands it does fail, for many years, to appear. Constitutions contaminated with *Scrofula* are more than any others subject to disease, and, also, have far less power to withstand or recover from it. Thus it is, in multitudes of cases, the real cause of sickness and death, where its presence is not suspected, because the ulcerous symptoms of it do not appear. *Scrofula* is the primary cause — the seed, so to speak — of many of the disorders that are most fatal to mankind. It is not only destructive itself, but, latent in the system, is the progenitor of other complaints not generally attributed to it, which together shorten by many years the average duration of human life. It is one direct cause of Consumption and many diseases of the vital organs, such as derangements of the liver and digestive apparatus and affections of the brain. Consequently not those alone who are afflicted with scrofulous sores need protection from this insidious disease. A large proportion of all our people are tainted with it, and are liable to suffer more or less, sooner or later, from its effects. Something over one third of all who die prematurely, or short of old age, are cut down by this lurking contamination.

The *scrofulous taint* or *infection* is hereditary in the constitution, “descending from parents to children, unto the third and fourth generation.” Indeed, it seems to be the curse of Him who says, “I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children, but I will show mercy unto thousands of them that love me and keep my commandments.” Breaking the commandments is, as we shall have occasion to show, one of the most fruitful causes of this distemper, for *Scrofula* is the concentration, the accumulation, so to speak, of both moral and physical vice. Although this is true beyond all question, it is not apparent, from the fact that the punishment does not always immediately follow the transgression. Parents sin against the laws of health, and often the consequences do not overtake them, but are entailed in constitutional disease upon their children, and their children's children.

We will enumerate its Causes; for the prevention of disease is better than its cure, and where the origin of an evil is known, timely attention will often avert it. Among them are found whatever impairs the vital energy or saps the general health and vigor; such as low living, disordered or unwholesome food, addiction to ardent spirits, filth and filthy habits, impure air, intermarriage of blood relations, the depressing vices, exhausting habits and diseases, the abuse of mercury, and above all, the venereal infection. Damp and unwholesome climates, the contaminated atmosphere of privies, sewers, and close rooms of factories, and workhouses, and especially when polluted by the breath and effluvia of scrofulous subjects, the use of pork and of indigestible food, all tend to plant the virus of *Scrofula* in the blood. Long-continued and excessive labor, of either body or mind, dissipation, exposure, suffering, and absence of healthy exercise, are among the causes of *Scrofula*, or at least of its development. But more than from all of these the hereditary distemper transmitted from our ancestors rankles in the blood, and pervades the present generation.

The Indications of *Scrofula* and *scrofulous constitutions* are, a want of due bodily symmetry; small, weak, or crooked limbs; pale, inflated countenance, often fair, of transparent whiteness, sometimes with an agreeable redness of the cheeks; sometimes a waxy yellowness, particularly around the mouth; blue rings around the eyes, which are frequently large and of a pearly or bluish whiteness, (especially when the disorder is settled on the lungs, but when settled on the digestive apparatus the eyes become injected with blood vessels.) The countenance indicates indolence and want of energy; the eyelids are often swollen, inflamed, and unclean; the nose is wide, or swollen, or red, or shining; the teeth are very white, inclined to be foul or covered with a glairy secretion, are liable to split, and decay early; the appetite is irregular, sometimes impaired and sometimes voracious; occasional nausea; the tongue is foul and the breath fetid; the bowels are irregular, and the stomach often sour; the muscles and flesh are sometimes flabby, at others soft and full, giving rotundity to the body; the limbs are wanting in firmness, and the joints weak; general lassitude and debility are felt, with incapacity for mental or

**ECLIPSES** — There will be four in 1861: three of the Sun and one of the Moon.  
 I. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, January 10. Visible to Australia and South-western Ocean.  
 II. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, July 7. Visible to the south of Asia and Australia.  
 III. A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, December 17. In Washington, mean time, eclipse begins, 0h. 38m. morning; ends, 5h. 43m. Greatest eclipse, 3h. 10m. Visible to Sandwich Islands, America, and western extreme of Africa.  
 IV. A Total Eclipse of the Sun, December 31. The Sun will rise partially eclipsed to the eastern coast of the United States. Visible to portions of North and South America and Africa.

Head and Face. ♈ Aries, The Ram.

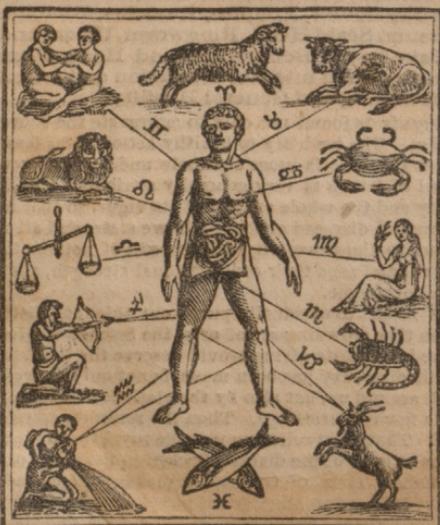
Arms.  
 ♊ Gemini,  
 The Twins.

Heart.  
 ♌ Leo,  
 The Lion.

Reins.  
 ♎ Libra,  
 The Balance.

Thighs.  
 ♐ Sagittarius,  
 The Bowman.

Legs.  
 ♑ Aquarius,  
 The Waterman.



Neck.  
 ♉ Taurus,  
 The Bull.

Breast.  
 ♋ Cancer,  
 The Crab.

Bowels.  
 ♍ Virgo,  
 The Virgin.

Secrets.  
 ♏ Scorpio,  
 The Scorpion.

Knees.  
 ♑ Capricornus,  
 The Goat.

The Feet. ♉ Pisces, The Fishes.

The Sun's rising and setting are given for the upper limb, corrected for refraction, in mean time; as also are the Moon's.

The column of Moon's Place shows the signs of the Zodiac, or Constellation of Stars in which the Moon is situated at noon.

☉ Sun. ☾ New Moon. ☽ First Quarter. ☪ Full Moon. ☾ Last Quarter. ♋ Ascending Node. ♎ Descending Node. ☾ in apogee — farthest from Earth. ☽ in perigee — nearest to the Earth. ☾ highest — farthest North. ☽ lowest — farthest South. ☿ Mercury. ♀ Venus. ⊕ Earth. ♂ Mars. ♃ Jupiter. ♄ Saturn. ♅ Uranus. ☽ Near together. ☽ 90° apart. ☽ Opposition, or 180° apart. 7\* Stars.

"Air is a very desirable recuperator," said Dr. Bolus, with the wisdom of seven apothecary shops and all their Latin prescriptions, putting his left hand, as he rested it on the top of his cane, as if he loved it. "I knew he was a great chemist, that could discover things hundreds of miles off in the stars, but I never heard that he was a cooper before," remarked Mrs. Partington, looking up from her darning. "I was speaking of Air," said he, surprised. "I know it," said she, plunging in her needle; "I have followed his subscriptions for a long time, and a better purgatory —" "Stop, madam," said the Doctor, authoritatively, holding up his finger like an exclamation point; "there's some mistake here; whom do you mean?" "Why, Dr. Ayer, of course," said she; "and if one has a cough, and wishes to take any thing syrupidious or

lucubrating, there's nothing like his Pictorial Cherry for luminary complaints." "Good morning," said the Doctor, rising hastily, like bread in warm weather, and seizing his hat, which he found glued to the table by a piece of Ike's chewing gum on which he had placed it, and left the house very red in the face, while the old lady kept on with her darning.

How many women prefer ostentation to happiness!

Never strike children on the head, since Providence has supplied them with so much more suitable a place for punishment.

A literary admirer, at a great fire, said, Dickens, Howitt Burns.

Give a man health and he will give himself every thing else.

A negro preacher out South prays "for de white element ob our population."

physical exertion; the powers of the mind, although feeble, are often precocious in those of scrofulous constitution: the powers and functions of the body are precocious and feeble also. In persons of *scrofulous habit*, eruptions often appear on the scalp and various parts of the body. They are peculiarly liable to diseases of the lungs, liver, kidneys, digestive and uterine apparatus. One or more of the peculiarities we have enumerated above may generally be found in persons affected with *Scrofula*, and in more ways than we have enumerated, may be seen a manifest absence of robust, vigorous health, such as we all are entitled to, and should, if possible, enjoy. The above-mentioned peculiarities indicate the latent virus of *Scrofula*, and consequently those who have them are found very liable not only to the ulcerous and tuberculous forms of the disease, but also to the disorders which it induces, such as Consumption, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weaknesses, or Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, and General Debility.

The influence of *Scrofula* is found not only to aggravate the course of diseases, but it originates many of them. The tendency to healthy action is far less in a scrofulous constitution; and hence any disease is more obstinate under its influence. The dangerous consequences or sequel of fevers is very generally attributable to *Scrofula*, which robs the blood of its vitality and the whole system of its vigor, so that it has not its natural power to resist or overcome diseased action. All we state, and all that is known, goes to show the importance to the prosperity and growth of nations that this lurking rot, which pervades them all, and saps their constitutional strength, should, as much as possible, be eradicated and overcome.

For the discovery of means to effectually purge out this foul distemper from the system, we are indebted to that crowning art of arts, the Science of Medicine. Had it done nothing more, this one boon of its giving would deserve the thankful acknowledgments of mankind. That this discovery has been made, is not only proven by the cures which are publicly known all around us, but also by the statistical fact that *Scrofula* is far less prevalent than it was a few centuries ago. Then the remedies were such, and only such, as superstition offered. That most relied on was the royal touch; and countless numbers, afflicted with the ulcerous form of the disease, flocked to the kings of Europe to be healed by the touch of their hand. Then, of course, the distemper had undisturbed possession of its victim. Now, the toiling investigation of physicians (some of them the ablest men the world has known) has sought out the *cause*, the *nature*, and the *antidote* for the disease, and has supplied us with the means of driving its insidious poison from the constitution. Who that appreciates this one result will longer doubt whether we do not owe something to the science of medicine that has accomplished it.

As already stated, medical science has found the means of purging out this foul distemper from the system, and we have availed ourselves of all that is known, and of all that we could discover, to compose a remedy by which this skill should be brought within the reach, and made available, practically, to the people. Guided by the results of a long series of experiments upon patients afflicted with scrofulous diseases, we have made a combination of those remedial agents known to be most effectual for their cure, and have so made it as to afford the surest antidote for *Scrofula*, in all its forms, that we can possibly devise. This remedy we call



## AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

Not because *Sarsaparilla* is its principal ingredient, but because that name is so generally known, and conveys to every body distinctly the idea of what are its uses.

The *Sarsaparilla* root of the tropics has long been celebrated as one of the best alteratives we possess; but all physicians know that we have others as good, which, in skilful combination with *Sarsaparilla*, are far more effectual than any one drug alone can be.

Hence this compound of *Sarsaparilla*, Dock, *Stillingia*, *Mandrake*, *Iodine*, &c., is found to possess a far greater power over disease than any one of these drugs ever has, in any quantity. It is a saturated extract from the freshly expressed juices of the vege-

| Moon's Phases.  |             |   | Moon's place. | CALENDAR   |           |             | CALENDAR  |            |             |
|---|-------------|---|---------------|------------|-----------|-------------|---|------------|-------------|
| Last Quarter, . . . . .   | D. H. M.    | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. |               | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. | Sun rises. | Sun sets.   |
| New Moon, . . . . .   | 10 10 19 A. |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| First Quarter, . . . . .  | 18 10 52 A. |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| Full Moon, . . . . .  | 26 11 57 M. |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| D. M.   | D. W.       | Miscellaneous Phenomena.  | S. D.         | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | Sun rises.  | Sun sets.  | Moon rises. |
| 1   | Tu          | ♁ ♃. Circumcision. <i>Snow or rain.</i>   | ♃             | 10 7 30    | 4 39      | 10 10       | 4 7 25  | 4 44       | 10 10       |
| 2   | We          | ♁ ♃ in ♏.   | ♃             | 24 7 30    | 4 40      | 11 22       | 5 7 25  | 4 45       | 11 21       |
| 3   | Th          | ☾ 3d. [17.]   | ♁             | 8 7 30     | 4 41      | morn        | 5 7 25  | 4 46       | morn        |
| 4   | Fri         | ☾ and Livy d. A. D.   | ♁             | 23 7 30    | 4 42      | 0 36        | 5 7 25  | 4 47       | 0 33        |
| 5   | Sat         | Richmond destroyed, 1781.   | ♃             | 7 7 30     | 4 43      | 1 50        | 6 7 25  | 4 48       | 1 46        |
| 1) Epiphany. Venus in Sagittarius. 9h. 14m. Day's length. 9h. 24m.      |             |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| 6   | Su          | <i>Clear and intensely cold</i>   | ♃             | 21 7 30    | 4 44      | 3 5         | 6 7 25  | 4 49       | 3 0         |
| 7   | Mo          | Plough Monday. [1815.]  | ♁             | 5 7 29     | 4 45      | 4 17        | 7 7 25  | 4 50       | 4 11        |
| 8   | Tu          | ♁ Venus ♃. Bat. N. Orleans.   | ♁             | 19 7 29    | 4 46      | 5 24        | 7 7 24  | 4 51       | 5 18        |
| 9   | We          | ♁ Merc. ♃. Linnaeus d. 1778.  | ♁             | 2 7 29     | 4 47      | 6 22        | 8 7 24  | 4 52       | 6 16        |
| 10  | Th          | ☾ eclipsed, invisible.  | ♁             | 15 7 29    | 4 48      | sets.       | 8 7 24  | 4 53       | sets.       |
| 11  | Fri         | ♁ 10th. <i>in the north.</i>  | ♁             | 28 7 28    | 4 49      | 5 35        | 8 7 24  | 4 54       | 5 39        |
| 12  | Sat         | ♁ in Aphelion.  | ♁             | 11 7 28    | 4 50      | 6 42        | 9 7 23  | 4 55       | 6 45        |
| 2) 1st Sun. after Epiph. Mars in Aries. 9h. 23m. Day's length. 9h. 33m. |             |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| 13  | Su          | Steam. Lexington b'nt, 1840.  | ♁             | 24 7 28    | 4 51      | 7 47        | 9 7 23  | 4 56       | 7 49        |
| 14  | Mo          | Peace rat. by Congress, 1784.   | ♁             | 6 7 27     | 4 53      | 8 50        | 10 7 23   | 4 57       | 8 51        |
| 15  | Tu          | ♁ Neptune ♃. <i>Blustering,</i>   | ♁             | 18 7 27    | 4 54      | 9 50        | 10 7 22   | 4 58       | 9 50        |
| 16  | We          | Gibbon died, 1794. <i>with much wind in</i>   | ♁             | 0 7 26     | 4 55      | 10 50       | 10 7 22   | 4 59       | 10 49       |
| 17  | Th          | ♁ Mars ♃. <i>much wind in</i>   | ♁             | 12 7 26    | 4 56      | 11 50       | 11 7 21   | 5 1        | 11 47       |
| 18  | Fri         | ♁ in ♏. Webster b.'82.  | ♁             | 24 7 25    | 4 57      | morn        | 11 7 21   | 5 2        | morn        |
| 19  | Sat         | ♁ 18th. <i>the</i>  | ♁             | 6 7 25     | 4 59      | 0 52        | 11 7 20   | 5 3        | 0 48        |
| 3) 2d Sun. after Epiph. Jupiter in Leo. 9h. 36m. Day's length. 9h. 44m. |             |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| 20  | Su          | Peace declared, 1783. <i>south.</i>   | ♁             | 18 7 24    | 5 0       | 1 55        | 11 7 20   | 5 4        | 1 50        |
| 21  | Mo          | Louis XVI. guillotined, 1793.   | ♁             | 0 7 23     | 5 1       | 2 58        | 12 7 19   | 5 5        | 2 52        |
| 22  | Tu          | ♁ Uranus ♃. Byron b. 1788.  | ♁             | 13 7 23    | 5 2       | 3 59        | 12 7 18   | 5 6        | 3 53        |
| 23  | We          | <i>Some signs of a Jan-</i>   | ♁             | 26 7 22    | 5 3       | 4 57        | 12 7 17   | 5 8        | 4 51        |
| 24  | Th          | <i>Crusade begins, 1203. uary</i>   | ♁             | 9 7 21     | 5 5       | 5 50        | 13 7 17   | 5 9        | 5 44        |
| 25  | Fri         | ♁ Conv. St. Paul. <i>thaw.</i>  | ♁             | 23 7 21    | 5 6       | 6 33        | 13 7 16   | 5 10       | 6 28        |
| 26  | Sat         | ♁ 26th. <i>High winds.</i>  | ♁             | 7 7 20     | 5 7       | rises.      | 13 7 15   | 5 11       | rises.      |
| 4) Septuagesima Sun. Saturn in Virgo. 9h. 49m. Day's length. 9h. 58m.   |             |   |               |            |           |             |   |            |             |
| 27  | Su          | ♁ Jupiter ♃. Mozart b. 1756.  | ♁             | 21 7 19    | 5 8       | 6 39        | 13 7 14   | 5 12       | 6 41        |
| 28  | Mo          | ♁ Saturn ♃. <i>Stormy.</i>  | ♁             | 5 7 18     | 5 10      | 7 55        | 13 7 14   | 5 14       | 7 56        |
| 29  | Tu          | <i>Clear and cold.</i>  | ♁             | 20 7 17    | 5 11      | 9 10        | 14 7 13   | 5 15       | 9 9         |
| 30  | We          | Charles I. beheaded, 1649.  | ♁             | 4 7 16     | 5 13      | 10 25       | 14 7 12   | 5 16       | 10 23       |
| 31  | Th          | ♁ ♃ ☉ sup. <i>Clouds again.</i>   | ♁             | 19 7 15    | 5 14      | 11 40       | 14 7 11   | 5 17       | 11 37       |

Senator Douglas accused Abe Lincoln of having been in the grocery business, when Lincoln answered, "Yes; and while I officiated on one side of the counter, he was a constant attendant upon the other." "Who settled Virginia?" "John Smith." "Who unsettled Virginia?" "John Brown." "Who settled John Brown?" "Virginia."

Mr. Lyon, who was called a dog for refusing to fight a duel, answered, "A live dog is better than a dead Lyon."

As one of the trains was approaching Charleston under full speed, a negro appeared on the track, jumping and making extravagant gestures for the train to stop. With all breaks on, the engineer brought up and inquired, "What's the matter?" when the darkey asked, "Would you like to buy a cooter, massa?" — a terrapin, or small land turtle, which the negroes catch and sell for six cents.

Prentice says it takes three to make a pair — he, she, and the hired girl.

table alteratives that compose it, combined with salifiable bases of great alterative power. The process of its manufacture is such as to secure perfect uniformity of strength, and it is as rich in the virtues that compose it as it can be made. Its composition has been determined by long-continued and careful experiment with remedial agents, upon the worst cases which we could find, requiring an alterative cure. In order to determine what combination, and of what medicines, is most effectual for the cure of scrofulous complaints, we have advertised for such patients, to be treated without charge, and have cured great numbers afflicted with the worst forms of *Scrofula* and *scrofulous diseases*. Not a few who had given themselves up as incurable are now abroad in perfect health, visible and indisputable evidence of what this remedy has done. As the result of these experiments we offer this preparation to the people, with confidence that it will prove more effectual than any which has hitherto been available to them.

We have had some patients whose bodily health seemed to be rotted out, and their system festering with the corruption of *Scrofula*. What has been its effect upon them may be seen in the following description of their cases.

Moses W. Chandler, of this city, had been afflicted for eighteen months with a running sore on his hip, which was discharging, when he applied here, over one half pint a day of foul and offensive matter. It had reduced his strength and general health so low that he was unable to work, and all the ordinary remedies employed in such cases had failed to afford him relief. When he commenced taking our SARSAPARILLA the quantity of discharges from the ulcer was increased by the medicine; but in a few days it began to diminish, in three weeks it had ceased, and in five weeks the sore had healed. By this time he had recovered much of his strength and was ready for work again.

Mrs. Jane E. Hopkins, of Cambridge, Mass., had suffered from two ulcers on the neck for a long time. They were very troublesome, and often discharged freely. Skillful physicians and various remedies had sometimes afforded her some relief, but no means she could employ had been able to cure them. Besides the two ulcers that were open, she had a swelling on one of the glands of the neck, which promised soon to open also. She applied here for medical aid, and we gave her our COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, and also had her rub a very mild ointment of Iodine on the swollen gland. The whole difficulty disappeared in a few weeks, and she felt such manifest improvement of her general health as to show that the disease had been eradicated from the system.

Miss Emma B. Aldrich, of this city, had a hacking cough, which, in connection with the prominent symptoms of a scrofulous constitution, indicated but too plainly a tuberculous deposit in the lungs. Fetid breath, the pearly blue and glassy eye, pale, clammy features, emaciation and weakness or feebleness of body, with a darting pain through the lungs, and spitting up sometimes bloody and tuberculous matter, all showed what her complaint was, and the fatal termination to which it was tending. The indications of *tuberculous Consumption* were painfully distinct in her case when she applied to us. Mild doses of CHERRY PECTORAL palliated her symptoms, while our SARSAPARILLA, taken steadily a few weeks, eradicated the deep-seated disorder from the system. In a little less than two months she had recovered her health, and resumed her occupation. Are there any who know her and her cure that dispute the virtue of our medicine?

Jacob Frederick Sigmann, of Detroit, Mich., received a scratch on the leg while at work on the new custom house of that city in July, 1857. It soon became a very painful running sore, affecting the entire leg and the bone. For seventeen months he was disabled from work, and could only walk with great difficulty by the aid of a crutch. His constitutional strength was constantly declining under the exhaustion of this *scrofulous sore*, until he became very feeble. No remedy seemed to reach his disease or afford him any relief at all, until he tried ours, of which we give his own words. "Seeing the notice of your SARSAPARILLA in your Almanac, I purchased some, and began taking it. Before I had taken the third bottle, I threw away my crutch, and am now a well man. I wish this statement printed, that others may profit by my joyful experience."

The truth of this statement is certified by J. S. Farrand, Esq., a well-known and widely-esteemed merchant of Detroit, who adds, "Mr. Sigmann is enthusiastic beyond all bounds, as he has cause to be, in his praises of your SARSAPARILLA."

Cavillers may see, if they will, that pay is not all nor the chiefest reward we get for supplying to the people remedies that cure. The gratitude of those relieved from suffering often brings us more satisfaction than their money can give. Read the following, and see that to the gratitude of patients is added the praise of great and good men.

From the Rev. J. V. Himes, of the Second Advent Church, Boston.

DR. J. C. AYER. MY DEAR SIR: I desire it should be known to you how much I approve your endeavors for the relief of the sick, and how constantly you have my active coöperation. I do not fail to make known the virtues of your remedies within the circle of my influence, and also my high appreciation of you, and of your laudable enterprise for the good of mankind.

Yours, most truly,

J. V. HIMES.

But we do not intend to promulgate, and it must not be inferred, that this compound is an infallible cure. Unfortunately *Scrofula* is a disease so subtle in its nature and so deep seated in the system as to sometimes evade or resist the most powerful remedies which human ingenuity can bring against it. What we say of this preparation, and without fear of contradiction, is, that it is the best remedy ever yet discovered for this

# Second Month. FEBRUARY, 1861.

28 Days.

| Moon's Phases.  |                   |                               |       | Moon's place. | CALENDAR  |            |             | Sun fast.  | CALENDAR    |   |            |           |             |    |        |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------|---|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---|------------|-----------|-------------|----|--------|
| Last Quarter, . . . . .   | D.                | H.                            | M.    |               | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. | Sun rises. | Sun sets.   |            | Moon rises. | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |    |        |
| New Moon, . . . . .   | 9                 | 2                             | 56 A. | S. D.         | H. M.   | H. M.      | H. M.       | H. M.      | H. M.       | H. M.   | H. M.      |           |             |    |        |
| First Quarter, . . . . .  | 17                | 7                             | 11 A. |               | Sun rises.  | Sun sets.  | Moon rises. | Sun rises. | Sun sets.   | Moon rises.   |            |           |             |    |        |
| Full Moon, . . . . .  | 24                | 11                            | 35 A. |               |   |            |             |            |             |   |            |           |             |    |        |
| 1 Fri   |                   | ♁ gr. Hel. Lat. S.            | ♁     | 3             | 7   | 14         | 5           | 15         | morn        | 14  | 7          | 10        | 5           | 18 | morn   |
| 2 Sat   |                   | 2d. Purification.             | ♁     | 17            | 7   | 13         | 5           | 16         | 0 55        | 14  | 7          | 9         | 5           | 20 | 0 50   |
| 5) Sexagesima Sun. Venus in Capricornus. 10h. 7m. Day's length. 10h. 15m. |                   |                               |       |               |   |            |             |            |             |   |            |           |             |    |        |
| 3 Su  | ♀ in ♃.           | Blustering and                | ♀     | 1             | 7   | 11         | 5           | 18         | 2 8         | 14  | 7          | 8         | 5           | 21 | 2 2    |
| 4 Mo  |                   | John Rogers burnt, 1535.      | ♀     | 15            | 7   | 10         | 5           | 19         | 3 16        | 14  | 7          | 7         | 5           | 22 | 3 10   |
| 5 Tu  |                   | Sir Robert Peel born, 1788.   | ♀     | 28            | 7   | 9          | 5           | 20         | 4 16        | 14  | 7          | 6         | 5           | 23 | 4 10   |
| 6 We  |                   | U. S. B'k susp. paym't, 1841. | ♃     | 11            | 7   | 8          | 5           | 21         | 5 6         | 14  | 7          | 5         | 5           | 25 | 5 0    |
| 7 Th  | ♁ Venus ♄.        | cold.                         | ♃     | 24            | 7   | 7          | 5           | 23         | 5 47        | 14  | 7          | 4         | 5           | 26 | 5 42   |
| 8 Fri   | ♁ 9th.            | Snow in the                   | ♃     | 7             | 7   | 6          | 5           | 24         | 6 20        | 14  | 7          | 2         | 5           | 27 | 6 16   |
| 9 Sat   |                   | ♁ Mercury ♄. north,           | ♃     | 19            | 7   | 4          | 5           | 25         | sets.       | 15  | 7          | 1         | 5           | 28 | sets.  |
| 6) Quinquagesima Sun. Mars in Aries. 10h. 24m. Day's length. 10h. 29m.    |                   |                               |       |               |   |            |             |            |             |   |            |           |             |    |        |
| 10 Su   | ♁ Jupiter ♃.      | or rain in the                | ♁     | 2             | 7   | 3          | 5           | 27         | 6 37        | 15  | 7          | 0         | 5           | 29 | 6 38   |
| 11 Mo   |                   | Peace of Paris, 1763. south.  | ♁     | 14            | 7   | 2          | 5           | 28         | 7 37        | 15  | 6          | 59        | 5           | 31 | 7 37   |
| 12 Tu   |                   | ♁ Neptune ♄. Clear            | ♁     | 26            | 7   | 0          | 5           | 29         | 8 37        | 15  | 6          | 58        | 5           | 32 | 8 36   |
| 13 We   |                   | Ash Wednesday. again,         | ♁     | 8             | 6   | 58         | 5           | 31         | 9 38        | 14  | 6          | 56        | 5           | 33 | 9 36   |
| 14 Th   | ♁ sta.            | St. Valentine's Day.          | ♁     | 20            | 6   | 58         | 5           | 32         | 10 39       | 14  | 6          | 55        | 5           | 34 | 10 36  |
| 15 Fri  | ♁ Mars ♄.         | and very                      | ♁     | 2             | 6   | 56         | 5           | 33         | 11 41       | 14  | 6          | 54        | 5           | 36 | 11 37  |
| 16 Sat  | Dr. Kane d. 1857. | pleasant.                     | ♁     | 14            | 6   | 55         | 5           | 34         | morn        | 14  | 6          | 53        | 5           | 37 | morn   |
| 7) 1st Sun. in Lent. Jupiter in Leo. 10h. 42m. Day's length. 10h. 47m.    |                   |                               |       |               |   |            |             |            |             |   |            |           |             |    |        |
| 17 Su   |                   | 17th. Cloudy and              | ♁     | 26            | 6   | 54         | 5           | 36         | 0 43        | 14  | 6          | 51        | 5           | 38 | 0 38   |
| 18 Mo   | ♁ H.C.            | unpleasant,                   | ♁     | 8             | 6   | 52         | 5           | 37         | 1 44        | 14  | 6          | 50        | 5           | 39 | 1 38   |
| 19 Tu   |                   | Galleo born, 1564.            | ♁     | 20            | 6   | 51         | 5           | 38         | 2 42        | 14  | 6          | 48        | 5           | 40 | 2 36   |
| 20 We   | ♁ in ♋.           | with some                     | ♁     | 3             | 6   | 49         | 5           | 39         | 3 36        | 14  | 6          | 47        | 5           | 42 | 3 30   |
| 21 Th   |                   | 24th. St. Matthias.           | ♁     | 16            | 6   | 48         | 5           | 41         | 4 23        | 14  | 6          | 45        | 5           | 43 | 4 17   |
| 22 Fri  |                   | Washington b. 1732.           | ♁     | 0             | 6   | 46         | 5           | 42         | 5 3         | 14  | 6          | 44        | 5           | 44 | 4 58   |
| 23 Sat  | ♁ Jupiter ♄.      | rain.                         | ♁     | 14            | 6   | 45         | 5           | 43         | 5 38        | 14  | 6          | 43        | 5           | 45 | 5 34   |
| 8) 2d Sun. in Lent. Saturn in Virgo. 11h. 1m. Day's length. 11h. 5m.      |                   |                               |       |               |   |            |             |            |             |   |            |           |             |    |        |
| 24 Su   |                   | 24th. ♁ in ♍. High            | ♁     | 29            | 6   | 43         | 5           | 44         | 6 9         | 13  | 6          | 41        | 5           | 46 | 6 7    |
| 25 Mo   | ♁ ♁.              | ♁ in per. winds.              | ♁     | 14            | 6   | 42         | 5           | 46         | rises.      | 13  | 6          | 40        | 5           | 48 | rises. |
| 26 Tu   | ♁ ♁.              | Changeable weather.           | ♁     | 29            | 6   | 40         | 5           | 47         | 8 3         | 13  | 6          | 38        | 5           | 49 | 8 2    |
| 27 We   | ♁ gr. elon. E.    | Growing cold.                 | ♁     | 14            | 6   | 38         | 5           | 48         | 9 22        | 13  | 6          | 37        | 5           | 50 | 9 19   |
| 28 Th   |                   | Era of Nebonassar, 747 B. C.  | ♁     | 29            | 6   | 37         | 5           | 49         | 10 44       | 13  | 6          | 35        | 5           | 51 | 10 36  |

Mercury visible, as evening star, about Feb. 27th, June 24th, and Oct. 20th; as morning star, April 12th, Aug. 10th, and Nov. 29th.  
 Venus will be morning star the first half of the year; evening star the latter.

A man with an inveterate habit of talking to himself, when asked why, said he had two reasons: one, "he liked to talk to a sensible man; the other, he liked to hear a sensible man talk."  
 On a winter's night, when the moon shone bright, and the snow was crusted o'er, with a maid as fair as seraphs are, I slid from a hill down lower. Ere we reached the place, (like a horse on a race,) our swift gliding sled careened; and with tresses fair, streaming back on the air, sweet Sallie went end over end.

The gold hunters at Pike's Peak find that the bright visions with which they started, should have been pro-visions.  
 A preacher down South said, "O Lord! we pray thee to curtail the devil's power in this place;" when an old negro, always ready with a response, exclaimed, "Dat right. Lord, cut he tail smack smooove off!"  
 Irish Sergeant: "Attention, company, and 'tend to rowl call. All of ye that are presint, say Here, and all of ye that are not presint, say Absint."

complaint; that it is made of the most effectual alteratives known, and that their combination has been so adjusted by long and laborious experiment as to afford the best result which it is possible for the medical intelligence and skill of our times to produce.

The world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of Sarsaparilla, partly because many varieties of the root are nearly worthless, but far more because many compounds, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla or any thing else. During late years the public have been misled by large bottles pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick; for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. The large bottle, with its accompaniments of rum, starch, molasses, flavor, and freight, come to all they can afford to let it cost without the addition of expensive medicines, and the sick man who takes it loads his stomach with trash that aggravates rather than removes his complaint. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We know by its composition and by its effects that we furnish an effectual remedy, but to use judiciously the remedy we supply, is not all that should be done for this class of diseases. — Avoid the producing causes we have detailed above; enforce cleanliness and the use of healthy, nourishing food; use cold bathing, and particularly sea-bathing, friction of the surface, a generous diet, with a due proportion of animal food, but not much pork or sugar. Change of air and place is beneficial, with vigorous and exhilarating exercise in the open air. Engage, if you can, in out-door occupations, and cultivate in every regard purity of habits in body and mind.

Patients seeking for the cure, by this Compound, of formidable complaints, should avail themselves as much as possible of all advantageous change of either climate, place, habit of living, or diet, as all these conduce, more or less, to the healthy action which it is sought to restore. Consequently, any aid which can serve to assist in a cure should not be overlooked.

Following the above advice, our SARSAPARILLA should be taken according to the following

#### DIRECTIONS.

For the eradication of SCROFULA from the constitution, commence taking the Sarsaparilla in moderate doses; say, for an adult one teaspoonful three times a day, increasing the amount gradually, as it is found to agree with the stomach, until it reaches nearly two teaspoonfuls. This should be continued until some impression is made on the system, and when it is made, the disease will generally begin to disappear.

It should be taken regularly, but not wantonly, as the public have been in the habit of using the Preparations of Sarsaparilla that come in large bottles. This contains powerful remedial agents, and is meant for a medicine — not a beverage. We do not know that positive injury would arise if you should swallow a tumbler full, and it might not from the same amount of the mustard on your table, but still that is not the proper quantity to use of either article.

For TUMORS, ULCERS, and SORES, the Sarsaparilla should be taken according to the directions above; but some local treatment may be advisable to assist the cure. If a swelling, or serofulous tumor be found, bathe (but not rub) it with Lugol's Solution, made weak; say 5 grs. iodine, 10 grs. iodide of potash to 1 pint of water; or, bathe it two or three times a day in a strong infusion of walnut leaves, made by boiling them in water. This last is a very simple application, and worth trying. If it be found that matter has formed in the swelling, suppuration should be favored in order to remove it, for the foul pus contaminates the surrounding tissues. The ulcer should be kept clean for the same reason. When the swelling does not yet show signs of ulceration, avoid violent friction of the part, which might break the skin, and induce an inflammatory action. If the tumors have burst into sores, wash them occasionally with weak soap suds. If they have become inflamed or angry, dress them with a poultice of slippery elm bark and water; if painful, a few drops of laudanum should be added, or, better yet, make the poultice of hop tea. When the inflammation subsides, dress the sore with some mild ointment, like simple cerate or basilicon salve; the last may be made by melting two parts of beeswax, one of lard, and two of mutton suet together.

When Ulcers have been of long standing, or are irritable and painful, with a burning sensation, and when they do not show a disposition to heal, or when the edges are covered with a dead, white skin, or scurf, their edges should be pencilled every week or ten days with lunar caustic, and then poulticed, until the inflammation subsides, after which they may be dressed by the salve above mentioned.

Third Month.

MARCH, 1861.

31 Days.

| Moon's Phases.   |       | Moon's Place.   | CALENDAR  |           |             | Sun slow.  | CALENDAR   |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
|--|-------|---|---|-----------|-------------|------------|--|-------------|--------|----|----|---|----|----|----|--------|----|
| Last Quarter, . . . . . 3 2 8 A.   |       |   | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. |           |             |            | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn. Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| New Moon, . . . . . 11 8 29 M.   |       | S. D.   | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | Sun rises. | Sun sets.  | Moon rises. |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| First Quarter, . . . . . 19 0 24 A.                                      |       |   | U. M.   | H. M.     | H. M.       | M.         | H. M.  | H. M.       | H. M.  |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| Full Moon, . . . . . 26 9 7 M.   |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| D. M.  | D. W. | Miscellaneous Phenomena.  |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 1  | Fri   | St. David. <i>Quite pleas-</i>  | m   | 13        | 6           | 35         | 5  | 51          | 11     | 56 | 12 | 6 | 34 | 5  | 52 | 11     | 51 |
| 2  | Sat   | Texas annexed, 1846. <i>ant.</i>  | m   | 28        | 6           | 34         | 5  | 52          | morn   |    | 12 | 6 | 32 | 5  | 53 | morn   |    |
| 9) 3d Sun. in Lent. Venus in Aquarius. 11h. 21m. Day's length. 11h. 23m. |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 3  | Su    | 3d. Madison b. 1751.                   | z   | 12        | 6           | 32         | 5  | 53          | 1      | 8  | 12 | 6 | 31 | 5  | 54 | 1      | 2  |
| 4  | Mo    | Pres't takes his chair.                | z   | 25        | 6           | 30         | 5  | 54          | 2      | 12 | 12 | 6 | 29 | 5  | 55 | 2      | 6  |
| 5  | Tu    | ♁ sta. Bost. Massacre, 1770.           | vf  | 8         | 6           | 28         | 5  | 55          | 3      | 5  | 12 | 6 | 28 | 5  | 56 | 2      | 59 |
| 6  | We    | Wesley died, 1791.                     | vf  | 21        | 6           | 27         | 5  | 57          | 3      | 48 | 11 | 6 | 26 | 5  | 57 | 3      | 43 |
| 7  | Th    | ♁ gr. Hel. lat. N. <i>Cloudy,</i>      | ≡   | 4         | 6           | 25         | 5  | 58          | 4      | 22 | 11 | 6 | 24 | 5  | 59 | 4      | 18 |
| 8  | Fri   | ♀ in aphelion. <i>with</i>             | ≡   | 16        | 6           | 24         | 5  | 59          | 4      | 50 | 11 | 6 | 23 | 6  | 0  | 4      | 47 |
| 9  | Sat   | Lady J. Grey, behead. 1554.            | ≡   | 29        | 6           | 22         | 6  | 0           | 5      | 15 | 11 | 6 | 21 | 6  | 1  | 5      | 13 |
| 10) 4th Sun. in Lent. Mars in Taurus. 11h. 41m. Day's length. 11h. 43m.  |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 10   | Su    | ♁ Venus ☾. <i>rain</i>                 | z   | 11        | 6           | 20         | 6  | 1           | 5      | 37 | 10 | 6 | 19 | 6  | 2  | 5      | 36 |
| 11   | Mo    | 11th. <i>or snow.</i>                  | z   | 23        | 6           | 18         | 6  | 2           | sets.  |    | 10 | 6 | 18 | 6  | 3  | sets.  |    |
| 12   | Tu    | ♁ Nep. ☾. ☽ ☾. <i>Blus-</i>            | q   | 5         | 6           | 17         | 6  | 4           | 7      | 29 | 10 | 6 | 16 | 6  | 4  | 7      | 27 |
| 13   | We    | Cranmer burnt, 1535. <i>tering</i>     | q   | 17        | 6           | 15         | 6  | 5           | 8      | 30 | 10 | 6 | 15 | 6  | 5  | 8      | 27 |
| 14   | Th    | Stamp Act passed, 1765. <i>and</i>     | q   | 28        | 6           | 13         | 6  | 6           | 9      | 31 | 9  | 6 | 13 | 6  | 6  | 9      | 27 |
| 15   | Fri   | ♁ ☽ ☽ Inf. Jackson b. 1767.            | g   | 10        | 6           | 12         | 6  | 7           | 10     | 32 | 9  | 6 | 11 | 6  | 7  | 10     | 27 |
| 16   | Sat   | ♁ Mars ☾. <i>high winds.</i>           | g   | 22        | 6           | 10         | 6  | 8           | 11     | 33 | 9  | 6 | 10 | 6  | 8  | 11     | 27 |
| 11) 5th Sun. in Lent. Jupiter in Leo. 12h. 1m. Day's length. 12h. 1m.    |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 17   | Su    | ♁ Hel. ☾. St. Patrick's Day.           | z   | 4         | 6           | 8          | 6  | 9           | morn   |    | 8  | 6 | 8  | 6  | 9  | morn   |    |
| 18   | Mo    | 19th. <i>Bad roads,</i>                | z   | 16        | 6           | 6          | 10   | 0           | 31     | 8  | 6  | 6 | 6  | 11 | 0  | 25     |    |
| 19   | Tu    | ♁ Neptune ☽. <i>bad</i>                | z   | 29        | 6           | 5          | 6  | 12          | 1      | 25 | 8  | 6 | 5  | 6  | 12 | 1      | 19 |
| 20   | We    | ♁ enters ♀. Spring begins.             | z   | 12        | 6           | 3          | 6  | 13          | 2      | 14 | 8  | 6 | 3  | 6  | 13 | 2      | 8  |
| 21   | Th    | Franklin rec'd at Paris, 1778.         | z   | 25        | 6           | 1          | 6  | 14          | 2      | 57 | 7  | 6 | 1  | 6  | 14 | 2      | 52 |
| 22   | Fri   | ♁ ☽ ☽. <i>colds, and bad</i>           | z   | 8         | 5           | 59         | 6  | 15          | 3      | 33 | 7  | 6 | 0  | 6  | 15 | 3      | 29 |
| 23   | Sat   | ♁ Jupiter ☾. <i>bile in</i>            | z   | 22        | 5           | 58         | 6  | 16          | 4      | 4  | 7  | 5 | 58 | 6  | 16 | 4      | 1  |
| 12) Palm Sunday. Saturn in Virgo. 12h. 21m. Day's length. 12h. 21m.      |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 24   | Su    | ♁ Sat. ☾. Japan Treaty, '51.         | z   | 7         | 5           | 56         | 6  | 17          | 4      | 32 | 6  | 5 | 56 | 6  | 17 | 4      | 30 |
| 25   | Mo    | Annunciation. <i>every body.</i>     | z   | 22        | 5           | 54         | 6  | 18          | 4      | 59 | 6  | 5 | 55 | 6  | 18 | 4      | 59 |
| 26   | Tu    | 23th. <i>Purge it out</i>            | z   | 7         | 5           | 52         | 6  | 19          | rises. |    | 6  | 5 | 53 | 6  | 19 | rises. |    |
| 27   | We    | <i>with Ayer's Pills.</i>            | z   | 22        | 5           | 51         | 6  | 20          | 8      | 14 | 5  | 5 | 51 | 6  | 20 | 8      | 11 |
| 28   | Th    | ♁ stationary. <i>Warmer and</i>      | z   | 8         | 5           | 49         | 6  | 22          | 9      | 34 | 5  | 5 | 50 | 6  | 21 | 9      | 29 |
| 29   | Fri   | Good Friday. <i>very</i>             | z   | 23        | 5           | 47         | 6  | 23          | 10     | 50 | 5  | 5 | 48 | 6  | 22 | 10     | 44 |
| 30   | Sat   | ♀ in ♃. Swed. borg d. '72.           | z   | 7         | 5           | 45         | 6  | 24          | 11     | 59 | 4  | 5 | 46 | 6  | 23 | 11     | 53 |
| 13) Easter Sunday. Uranus in Gemini. 12h. 41m. Day's length. 12h. 39m.   |       |   |   |           |             |            |  |             |        |    |    |   |    |    |    |        |    |
| 31   | Su    | ♁ gr. Hel. lat. S. <i>pleasant.</i>  | z   | 21        | 5           | 44         | 6  | 25          | morn   |    | 4  | 5 | 45 | 6  | 24 | morn   |    |

"You a dentist, Bob? I did not know you were in that trade." "Yes," said Bob, "I follow no other business but setting teeth—in beef, potatoes, bread, and such like."

Repeated doses of wash-board are excellent for young ladies afflicted with dyspepsia, and an application of saw-horse is very beneficial for gentlemen troubled with the same disorder.

A wag called out aloud in the pit of Drury Lane Theatre, "Mr. Smith, your house is on fire!" whereupon a hundred and twenty-five Smiths arose. "It is Mr. John Smith's house," said he; and thirty sat down, showing but ninety-five genuine John Smiths present.

A tectotaller said he could not marry a wife because his principles would not allow him to sup-porter.

For constitutions saturated or rotten, as it were, with Scrofulous Disorder, give the medicine in free and constant doses, and see the renewed vigor and vitality it gives the system to throw off the foul distemper. Sometimes the long-continued use of it is necessary to eradicate the disease; and where the case is inveterate, advantage may often be gained by discontinuing the use of the medicine altogether for a while. This affords change and alterative effect to the constitution. To provide for such cases, where its long-continued use is required, and for the poor, we have made the price of six bottles five dollars, hoping thus to place the best effects of this remedy within the reach of all. Many cases exist where, from the severity of the disease, other aids to cure should be employed in addition to the Sarsaparilla. When Scrofulous swellings do not yield soon enough to the use of our Extract of Sarsaparilla, they should be bathed two or three times a day with Lugol's Solution, or the infusion of walnut leaves above described, both of which have been found very beneficial when accompanied by the internal use of our Sarsaparilla. In the skilful treatment of scrofulous patients great care should be had of their diet, habits, and constitutional health. They should be kept well clothed and comfortably warm, well fed with a nutritious, but not stimulating, diet. A change to the sea air, when practicable, is often very advantageous, as also the exhilarating recreation at mineral springs.

By a careful study of what we publish here, and skilful management under it, very few cases will be found so inveterate as not to yield to the treatment we prescribe. Still we advise those who are seriously afflicted with this disorder to have the attendance of a good physician, if they can get him. By personal inspection he should better advise you than we can possibly in general terms.

Read the following from a relative of the distinguished Senator from Louisiana:

*New Orleans, La., May 9, 1860.*

DR. J. C. AYER. I think I am not doing more than my duty to tell you (and the public, if you publish it) what your SARSAPARILLA has done for me. I had, from a child, what is termed a scrofulous habit or constitution, which kept me from growing as robust and vigorous as some others. At the age of twenty-two, I began to be afflicted with swellings on my neck and on my hip. They increased in size and became painful, until that on the hip broke into a running sore. Those on my neck were better for a time, but finally became ulcers also. Sometimes they got a little better, but on the whole grew worse, until they destroyed what of health I had and kept me a miserable invalid without ability or strength for any thing. I tried faithfully good physicians and the best medicines that could be procured, but without permanent benefit. The minister on our circuit, the Rev. Mr. Towle, told us he had known a similar case where he preached last year completely cured by your SARSAPARILLA. On the strength of this, I commenced a trial of it, and have now been taking it about three months. It did not produce much effect upon me at first, but slowly the ulcers have healed, and finally it seems to have expelled the whole distemper from my system. No swellings are left, my appetite is good, and my strength is better than ever before, and for all that I can discover, I am as free from the complaint as any body.

The gratitude I feel to your skill can only be realized by those who, like me, have been rescued from debility and suffering.

EDWARD F. SLIDELL.

For SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, &c., it should be taken in the same manner, to produce a constitutional impression. If the bowels are torpid, they should be moved gently by a mild dose or doses of our *Cathartic Pills*. One of the first effects often seen from our Sarsaparilla, is aggravation of the complaint; but this is in fact the first symptom of the curative process it is commencing. The skin should be kept well washed and cleanly while the medicine is taken.

From a well-known civil engineer.

*Chicago, November 12, 1859.*

DR. J. C. AYER. RESPECTED SIR: I should be wanting in common gratitude if I did not acknowledge to you what your skill, or more accurately, what your EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA has done for my wife. She has been for some years afflicted with a humor, which comes out upon her skin in the autumn and winter with such insufferable itching as to render life almost intolerable. It has never failed to come upon her in cold weather, nor has any remedial aid been able to hasten its departure before spring, or to at all alleviate her sufferings from it. This season it began in October with its usual violence. By the advice of our celebrated surgeon, Dr. Kimball, I gave her your Sarsaparilla. In a week it had brought the humor out upon her skin worse than we had ever seen it before; but it soon began to disappear. The itching has ceased and the humor is now entirely gone, so that she is completely cured, but still continues taking the Sarsaparilla, to insure a complete expulsion of the disease from the system.

Yours respectfully,

BENJ. CARTER.

For BRONCHOCELE, Goitre, or Swelled Neck, it should be taken as directed above, and the swelling may be bathed in a strong Lugol's Solution, (say 2 grs. iodine, 4 grs. iodide of potash, to 1 oz. water,) or the infusion of walnut leaves above described, once or twice a day, and it should soon begin to disappear. We have not known a sin-

Fourth Month.

APRIL, 1861.

30 Days.

| Moon's Phases.  |          | Moon's place.                                    | CALENDAR  |                   |                   | Sun slow.         | CALENDAR          |   |                   |           |             |
|---|----------|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Last Quarter, . . . . .   | D. H. M. |  | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. | Sun rises.        | Sun sets.         |                   | Moon rises.       | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. | Sun rises.        | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
| New Moon, . . . . .   | 10       | 1 48 M.  | H. M. H. M. H. M.   | H. M. H. M. H. M. | H. M. H. M. H. M. | H. M. H. M. H. M. | H. M. H. M. H. M. | H. M. H. M. H. M.   | H. M. H. M. H. M. |           |             |
| First Quarter, . . . . .  | 18       | 1 37 M.  | S. D.   |                   |                   | M.                |                   |   | M.                |           |             |
| Full Moon, . . . . .  | 24       | 5 15 A.  | S. D.   |                   |                   | M.                |                   |   | M.                |           |             |
| 1 Mo  |          | Edict of Nantes, 1598.                           | VP  | 5 5 42            | 6 26              | 0 58              | 4 5 43            | 6 25  | 0 52              |           |             |
| 2 Tu  |          | 2d. Copenhagen bombarded, 1801. <i>Clear and</i> | VP  | 18 5 40           | 6 27              | 1 46              | 4 5 41            | 6 26  | 1 40              |           |             |
| 3 We  |          | Harrison died, 1841. <i>beautiful.</i>           | #   | 15 39             | 6 28              | 2 24              | 3 5 40            | 6 27  | 2 19              |           |             |
| 4 Th  |          | Franklin died, 1790. <i>ful.</i>                 | #   | 13 5 37           | 6 30              | 2 55              | 3 5 38            | 6 28  | 2 51              |           |             |
| 5 Fri   |          | Bonaparte abdicated, 1814.                       | #   | 26 5 35           | 6 31              | 3 20              | 3 5 36            | 6 29  | 3 17              |           |             |
| 6 Sat   |          |  | X   | 8 5 33            | 6 32              | 3 43              | 2 5 35            | 6 30  | 3 42              |           |             |
| 14) Low Sunday. Venus in Aries. 13h. 1m. Day's length. 12h. 58m.              |          |  |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |   |                   |           |             |
| 7 Su  |          | Mercury ☿. <i>Chilly, with</i>                   | X   | 20 5 32           | 6 33              | 4 4               | 2 5 33            | 6 31  | 4 4               |           |             |
| 8 Mo  |          | Nep. ♃. Bat. of Culloden, [1746.]                | CP  | 25 5 30           | 6 34              | 4 25              | 2 5 32            | 6 32  | 4 26              |           |             |
| 9 Tu  |          | Venus ♀. [1746.]                                 | CP  | 14 5 28           | 6 35              | 4 45              | 1 5 30            | 6 33  | 4 47              |           |             |
| 10 We   |          | ☿ in aph. <i>some dashes</i>                     | CP  | 25 5 27           | 6 36              | sets.             | 1 5 28            | 6 34  | sets.             |           |             |
| 11 Th   |          | ☿ 10th. <i>of snow.</i>                          | 8   | 7 5 25            | 6 37              | 8 24              | 1 5 27            | 6 36  | 8 20              |           |             |
| 12 Fri  |          | ☿ gr. elong. W. Henry Clay (born, 1777.)         | 8   | 19 5 23           | 6 38              | 9 27              | 1 5 25            | 6 37  | 9 22              |           |             |
| 13 Sat  |          | ☿ stationary.                                    | Π   | 1 5 22            | 6 40              | 10 26             | 0 5 24            | 6 38  | 10 20             |           |             |
| 15) 2d Sun. after Easter. Mars in Gemini. 13h. 21m. Day's length. 13h. 17m.   |          |  |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |   |                   |           |             |
| 14 Su   |          | Mars ♀. <i>Rain in the</i>                       | Π   | 13 5 20           | 6 41              | 11 20             | 0 5 22            | 6 39  | 11 14             |           |             |
| 15 Mo   |          | Uranus ♀. <i>south.</i>                          | Π   | 25 5 19           | 6 42              | morn F.           | 5 21              | 6 40  | morn              |           |             |
| 16 Tu   |          | ♂, ♄ Tauri. <i>Rare winds.</i>                   | ♄   | 8 5 17            | 6 43              | 0 9               | 0 5 19            | 6 41  | 0 3               |           |             |
| 17 We   |          | ♄. <i>Cloudy and</i>                             | ♄   | 21 5 15           | 6 44              | 0 52              | 1 5 18            | 6 42  | 0 47              |           |             |
| 18 Th   |          | 18th. <i>muddy.</i>                              | ♄   | 4 5 14            | 6 45              | 1 29              | 1 5 16            | 6 43  | 1 24              |           |             |
| 19 Fri  |          | ☿ ♄. Bat. Lexington                              | ♄   | 17 5 12           | 6 46              | 2 1               | 1 5 15            | 6 44  | 1 53              |           |             |
| 20 Sat  |          | ♄ Saturn ♄. [ton, 1775.]                         | ♄   | 1 5 11            | 6 47              | 2 30              | 1 5 13            | 6 45  | 2 28              |           |             |
| 16) 3d Sun. after Easter. Jupiter in Leo. 13h. 39m. Day's length. 13h. 34m.   |          |  |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |   |                   |           |             |
| 21 Su   |          | Alexander died, 323 B. C.                        | ♄   | 15 5 9            | 6 48              | 2 57              | 1 5 12            | 6 46  | 2 56              |           |             |
| 22 Mo   |          | <i>Pleasant, spring-like</i>                     | ♄   | 0 5 8             | 6 50              | 3 44              | 2 5 10            | 6 47  | 3 25              |           |             |
| 23 Tu   |          | St. George. Shakspeare d. [1616.]                | ♄   | 15 5 6            | 6 51              | 3 52              | 2 5 9             | 6 48  | 3 54              |           |             |
| 24 We   |          | ☿ 24th. <i>[1616.]</i>                           | ♄   | 1 5 5             | 6 52              | 4 24              | 2 5 8             | 6 49  | 4 27              |           |             |
| 25 Th   |          | ☿ St. Mark. <i>weather.</i>                      | ♄   | 16 5 3            | 6 53              | rises.            | 2 5 6             | 6 50  | rises.            |           |             |
| 26 Fri  |          | Bat. Camden, '81. <i>Very clear.</i>             | ♄   | 1 5 2             | 6 54              | 9 38              | 2 5 5             | 6 51  | 9 32              |           |             |
| 27 Sat  |          | Kossuth b. 1802. <i>Easterly</i>                 | ♄   | 16 5 0            | 6 55              | 10 44             | 3 5 3             | 6 52  | 10 38             |           |             |
| 17) 4th Sun. after Easter. Saturn in Virgo. 13h. 57m. Day's length. 13h. 51m. |          |  |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |   |                   |           |             |
| 28 Su   |          | <i>winds, and now a</i>                          | VP  | 0 4 59            | 6 56              | 11 38             | 3 5 2             | 6 53  | 11 32             |           |             |
| 29 Mo   |          | Newton born, 1642. <i>warm</i>                   | VP  | 14 4 58           | 6 57              | morn              | 3 5 1             | 6 54  | morn              |           |             |
| 30 Tu   |          | ☿ gr. Hel. lat. S. <i>rain.</i>                  | VP  | 27 4 56           | 6 59              | 0 21              | 3 4 59            | 6 55  | 0 16              |           |             |

An Irishman put his head into a lawyer's office, and asked the inmate, "An what do you sell here?" "Blockheads," replied the limb of the law. "Och, thin, to be sure," said Pat. "it must be a good trade, for ye have but one of them left." A Missouri farmer being asked if raising hemp was a good business, answered, "I can't sartin say; but it is surely better than being raised by it." A schoolmaster asked one of his fair pupils, "Can you decline a kiss?" Dropping a perplexed courtesy, she modestly replied, "Yes, sir; but I don't like to."

A vicious horse kicked a horse jockey, who wished him in h—ll. "Better wish him somewhere else," said the planter, "or he may hit you again." "What is the great cure for felons?" Hemp poultices. "The only actual liberty cap is the night cap, in which we visit the land of sleep, where alone 'all men are free and equal.'" Cuffy said he'd rather die in a railroad smash up than a steamboat burst up, for this reason: "If you gets off and smashed up, dar you is; but if you gets blowed up on the boat, whar is you?"

gle case of GOITRE which did not yield to the use of our Sarsaparilla, faithfully taken under these directions.

*Jefferson Mills, Penn., April 5, 1860.*

GENTLEMEN: I suppose I inherited the Goitre, or at any rate, brought it with me from my native country, Switzerland, where it is very prevalent. Here it is much more annoying than there, where it is so common as not to attract much attention. Mine began with the usual symptoms, and kept increasing until I commenced using your COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA, which a friend assured me would cure it. Under its influence the swelling has diminished and nearly disappeared.

With great respect,

JEAN J. ZULOFF.

For ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE or ERYSIPELAS, TETTER or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, &c., mild doses three times a day will generally accomplish the cure of these complaints; but often it will require a considerable time. It may be necessary in severe cases to bathe the affected parts with a very mild solution of iodide of potash in water, say 2 grs. to 1 oz. of water, or with an ointment of 10 grs. iod. potash to 1 oz. lard. The parts should be touched gently, and not inflamed by hard rubbing. In Scald Head, keep the scalp well washed clean.

Rev. Nehemiah Copeland, travelling agent of Board of Home Missions, writes from  
*Galt House, Louisville, Ky., April 23, 1860.*

DEAR DR. AYER: I am desirous to report to you some effects from your SARSAPARILLA which are worthy of mention, if not of publication.

Mrs. B. W. Pirtle, of Henry county, and her son, came here seriously afflicted with Erysipelas, to try the virtues of the artesian well water, which afforded them no relief. She had long had the eruption on her face, neck, and arms, and in her hair, which it had almost destroyed. The itching and burning from it would sometimes make her almost distracted. She had suffered from it with but little respite for years, notwithstanding she had procured and followed the advice of the best physicians in the west. Her son, thirteen years old, had the same complaint in his hands and arms, which would sometimes make his hands, and especially the palms, raw. To both of them the disorder was very troublesome and afflicting indeed. After having tried the artesian water, and physicians of this city, without benefit, they were induced to take your SARSAPARILLA. The lad was soon completely cured by it, and his skin left perfectly clean. His mother has been recovering more slowly, but at length the disease has entirely left her, and she is apparently as free from it and its effects as any one. These cures are so remarkable, and so unmistakably due to your remedy, that I think it a measure of humanity to make them known.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, and all their concomitant symptoms, such as Jaundice, Headache, Lumbago, Bilious Eruptions, Indigestion, &c., may generally be cured by the persevering use of this Sarsaparilla, if they are caused by the *scrofulous taint*. But if they are not, AYER'S PILLS are a more appropriate remedy. Whether a Liver Complaint is of scrofulous origin, can be determined by its symptoms and the characteristics of scrofula we have given above. A careful study of the case is often necessary to determine this point, which can, however, generally be correctly decided by proper attention. A vital question in this inquiry is, whether the patient, or his ancestors, or his near of kin, have been afflicted with *scrofula*. But even when they have not, the disease will sometimes be found to be of scrofulous origin.

See what Ayer's Sarsaparilla does for Derangements of the Liver.

*Stott's Crossing, Talladega Co., Ala., August 9, 1859.*

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS. SIR: I take my pen to tell you what your SARSAPARILLA and CATHARTIC PILLS have done for me. I had been afflicted with *Liver Complaint* for six years, during which I was never well, and much of the time very sick. My liver was sore to the touch, and the doctors said was congested. I suffered from severe costiveness and diarrhoea alternately. My skin was clammy and unhealthy; my eyes and skin often yellow. Occasionally I had a voracious appetite, but generally none at all. A dreadful sensation of oppression on my stomach, with languor and a gloomy sensation of sickness all over, kept me in anguish. You cannot know how much I suffered from an indescribable feeling of distress. The long continuance of this condition, without relief, had worn me out so that I never expected to be better; but reading in the *Christian Advocate* of your SARSAPARILLA, I commenced taking it, with small occasional doses of your Pills, to regulate the bowels as you direct. From the first it had more effect upon my disorder than I supposed any thing could have. I regained my health rapidly, and now, after eleven weeks, enjoy as good health and strength as any other man. May the "Dispenser of all good" shower blessings on you.

JOHN W. STOTT.

DISEASES OF THE HEART are cured by the renovating action of this medicine upon the general strength and tone of the system. Hence it is found that Enlargement, Dropsy, and Ossification of the Heart are arrested and cured by it. But well-defined aneurism of either the heart or veins has not been, to our knowledge, nor do we know of any medical application that is a sure remedy for it. Many of the prevailing affections of the heart are the effect of *Scrofula*, and are of course relieved when the producing cause has been removed. Hence sufferers from this complaint should look well to the question whether they have the *scrofulous taint* in the system.

Fifth Month.

MAY, 1861.

31 Days.

| Moon's Phases.   |       | D.   | H.            | M.    | CALENDAR  |       |        |        |       |        |
|--|-------|--|---------------|-------|---|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Last Quarter, . . . . .  |       | 1  | 2             | 24 A. | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas.   |       |        |        |       |        |
| New Moon, . . . . .  |       | 9  | 5             | 59 A. | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. |       |        |        |       |        |
| First Quarter, . . . . .   |       | 17   | 10            | 55 M. |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| Full Moon, . . . . .   |       | 24   | 0             | 58 M. |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .  |       | 31   | 5             | 17 M. |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| D. M.  | D. W. | Miscellaneous Phenomena.   | Moon's place. | S. D. | Sun   | Sun   | Moon   | Sun    | Sun   | Moon   |
|  |       |  |               |       | rises.  | sets. | rises. | rises. | sets. | rises. |
|  |       |  |               |       | H. M.   | H. M. | H. M.  | H. M.  | H. M. | H. M.  |
| 1  | We    |  St. Phil. and St. James. | #             | 10    | 4 55  | 6 59  | 0 56   | 3 4 58 | 6 56  | 0 52   |
| 2  | Th    | 1st. Fair.   | #             | 22    | 4 53  | 7 1   | 1 24   | 3 4 57 | 6 57  | 1 21   |
| 3  | Fri   | Changeable weather.  | ⊕             | 5     | 4 52  | 7 2   | 1 47   | 3 4 56 | 6 58  | 1 45   |
| 4  | Sat   | ½ stationary. with frequent  | ⊕             | 17    | 4 51  | 7 3   | 2 9    | 3 4 54 | 6 59  | 2 8    |
| 18) Rogation Sunday. Venus in Taurus. 14h. 15m. Day's length. 14h. 7m.       |       |  |               |       |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| 5  | Su    | ♃ Neptune ☾. showers and   | ⊕             | 29    | 4 49  | 7 4   | 2 30   | 4 4 53 | 7 0   | 2 30   |
| 6  | Mo    | Alex. Humboldt died, 1859.   | ☽             | 11    | 4 48  | 7 5   | 2 51   | 4 4 52 | 7 2   | 2 53   |
| 7  | Tu    | ☽☉. thunder.   | ☽             | 22    | 4 47  | 7 6   | 3 13   | 4 4 51 | 7 3   | 3 16   |
| 8  | We    | ♃ Mercury ☾. Clear and   | ☽             | 4     | 4 46  | 7 7   | 3 38   | 4 4 50 | 7 4   | 3 42   |
| 9  | Th    | ♃♀☾. Ascension Day.  | ☽             | 16    | 4 45  | 7 8   | 4 6    | 4 4 49 | 7 5   | 4 11   |
| 10   | Fri   | 9th. very pleasant.  | ☽             | 28    | 4 43  | 7 9   | sets.  | 4 4 47 | 7 6   | sets.  |
| 11   | Sat   | ♃♀☉, sut. ♃♁☾. Farmers   | ☽             | 10    | 4 42  | 7 10  | 9 15   | 4 4 46 | 7 7   | 9 9    |
| 19) 6th Sun. after Eas. Mars in Gemini. 14h. 31m. Day's length. 14h. 23m.    |       |  |               |       |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| 12   | Su    | ♃♁☾. and planters,   | ☽             | 23    | 4 41  | 7 12  | 10 7   | 4 4 45 | 7 8   | 10 1   |
| 13   | Mo    | Bat. Glasgow, 1568. look   | ☽             | 5     | 4 40  | 7 13  | 10 52  | 4 4 44 | 7 9   | 10 46  |
| 14   | Tu    | Pope died, 1744. well to   | ☽             | 18    | 4 39  | 7 14  | 11 30  | 4 4 43 | 7 9   | 11 25  |
| 15   | We    | Paley died, 1805. your   | ♁             | 0     | 4 38  | 7 15  | morn   | 4 4 42 | 7 10  | 11 59  |
| 16   | Th    | ♃ Jupiter ☾. lands now.  | ♁             | 13    | 4 37  | 7 16  | 0 3    | 4 4 42 | 7 11  | morn   |
| 17   | Fri   | 17th. Warmer, but  | ♁             | 27    | 4 36  | 7 17  | 0 32   | 4 4 41 | 7 12  | 0 29   |
| 18   | Sat   | ♃♁☾. cloudy.   | ♁             | 11    | 4 35  | 7 18  | 0 58   | 4 4 40 | 7 13  | 0 57   |
| 20) Pentecost - Whit. Sun. Jupiter in Leo. 14h. 45m. Day's length. 14h. 35m. |       |  |               |       |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| 19   | Su    | ♃ in ♁. Crusade end, 1291.   | ♁             | 25    | 4 34  | 7 19  | 1 23   | 4 4 39 | 7 14  | 1 23   |
| 20   | Mo    | Lafayette d. 1834. Rain.   | ♁             | 9     | 4 33  | 7 20  | 1 49   | 4 4 38 | 7 15  | 1 50   |
| 21   | Tu    | ♃♃☉ sup. Thun-   | ♁             | 24    | 4 32  | 7 21  | 2 18   | 4 4 37 | 7 16  | 2 21   |
| 22   | We    | O'Connell died, 1847. der  | ♁             | 9     | 4 32  | 7 22  | 2 53   | 4 4 36 | 7 17  | 2 57   |
| 23   | Th    | ☽☉. end  | ♁             | 24    | 4 31  | 7 23  | 3 33   | 4 4 36 | 7 18  | 3 38   |
| 24   | Fri   | ♃ in perihelion.   | ♁             | 9     | 4 30  | 7 24  | rises. | 3 4 35 | 7 18  | rises. |
| 25   | Sat   | 24th. ♃♃♀. light-  | ♁             | 24    | 4 29  | 7 24  | 9 23   | 3 4 34 | 7 19  | 9 17   |
| 21) Trinity Sunday. Saturn in Virgo. 14h. 57m. Day's length. 14h. 46m.       |       |  |               |       |   |       |        |        |       |        |
| 26   | Su    | ♀ in ♁. ning.  | ♁             | 8     | 4 28  | 7 25  | 10 13  | 3 4 34 | 7 20  | 10 8   |
| 27   | Mo    | ♃ Mercury ♁. Change-   | ♁             | 22    | 4 28  | 7 26  | 10 52  | 3 4 33 | 7 21  | 10 48  |
| 28   | Tu    | ♃ Venus ♁. able.   | ♁             | 5     | 4 28  | 7 27  | 11 23  | 3 4 33 | 7 22  | 11 20  |
| 29   | We    | Turks t'k Constant' ple. 1453.   | ♁             | 18    | 4 28  | 7 28  | 11 49  | 3 4 32 | 7 23  | 11 47  |
| 30   | Th    | Corpus Christi. [1506.   | ♁             | 1     | 4 27  | 7 29  | morn   | 3 4 32 | 7 23  | morn   |
| 31   | Fri   | 31st. Columbus died,   | ♁             | 13    | 4 26  | 7 30  | 0 12   | 3 4 31 | 7 24  | 0 11   |

"Ayer's Pills for costliness! dear a me, do they cure it?" said Mrs Partington. "Then why don't our President take them to stop his revenew, which is so dreadful expansive? If he was my husband, I'd feed him on them till they cured him of all his fallins." And the old lady gazed through her saucer-eyed spectacles, in fathomless contemplation of how much good she could accomplish with Dr. Ayer's Pills if Mr. Buchanan should offer her his hand, and how many little re-

sponsibilities would be likely to surround them if she should accept it. A number of negroes were sleeping around a wood fire in the forest, as is their custom, with their feet in the ashes, when one roused up and exclaimed, "Take care dare, I smell someting; some darkey's foot burning. Gosh!" said he, jerking up his pedestal, "dis nigger's foot, arter all." The husband who does not prefer his own fireside to any other spot on earth, has no place to be happy in.

**DROPSY** and **Dropsical Swellings** are often cured by the *Alterative* effect of this Preparation. It should be taken in connection with the **PILLS**, (see Dropsy, under Pills).

**SCHIRRUS**, or **CANCER** and **Cancerous Tumors**, may be often removed from the system by the purifying effect of this **Sarsaparilla**, if it is taken before they get a deep-seated hold upon the system. It tends to purge out the virus of these malignant disorders from the blood.

**Dr. Jacob G. Echfeldt**, a distinguished physician, late of Philadelphia, now settled in Pulaski county, Mo., writes: I have found your **SARSAPARILLA** quite successful in the cure of Dropsy. One of my cases, which had resisted the ordinary remedies, yielded directly to its alterative powers in connection with some purging from your **PILLS**. I have abundant reason to believe your **SARSAPARILLA** the most effectual alterative we possess.

**ENLARGEMENT** of the **OVARIES**, or **Ovarian Disease**, is sometimes cured by the *alterative* effect of this remedy, if taken before a permanent ovarian tumor is formed; but afterwards only excision can be depended on for relief.

**ENLARGEMENT** of the **BONES**, **Ulceration**, and **Exfoliation**, generally arise from causes which this remedy will remove. Its full constitutional impression seems to be required to effect a cure, and hence it must be persistently taken. These disorders are often the direct result of constitutional *Scrofula*, and are only cured by the expulsion of the foul distemper from the system.

**DYSPEPSIA**, **Indigestion**, and its whole train of ills, are often caused by *Scrofula*, which deranges the functions of the stomach, and renders its action feeble and unhealthy. This is not always the cause of indigestion, but when it is, the **SARSAPARILLA** is a ready and rapid remedy.

**Ira Scroggs**, of Albany, had been failing in health for three years: appetite gone, strength gone, all gone, and life itself fast going; food did not nourish him, stimulants did not nourish him, neither did rest; felt a burning sensation at the stomach after meals, and darting pains; felt feeble and faint, well night extinguished was Ira. Exercise did not help him, medicine did not help him, nor watchful skill nor care. Alas! nothing helped him, and wearily he dragged his cumbersome existence down towards its end. Like other invalids, he had daily contemplation of the road where "no help" was leading him, in fact carrying, with swift, inexorable tread, to that bourn whence no traveller returns. Ira was not alone the blighted of his family. His father, surnamed Scroggs, also, had died early of scrofulous disease, inducing consumption of the lungs. Sole inheritance from his ancestors to Ira was this same scrofulous contamination. But some gleam of light having shone across his pathway from these very pages, he began taking **Ayer's Sarsaparilla**, in fact, did take three bottles, and it cured him — purged out the venomous infection from his blood and cured him; then his *Dyspepsia* vanished, his appetite returned, and with it his health and vigor.

This modern **Lazarus** now certifies to all men that **DR. AYER** is a great physician, and his **SARSAPARILLA** a wonder-working medicine. Well he may, if his resurrection from the grave cost him only three dollars. But he must pardon us for this concentration of eight pages foolscap, which we have not the space for, unabridged.

**FITS**, **Epileptic Fits**, **Melancholy**, **Neuralgia**, and the various disorders of the nervous system, very frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are either much relieved or cured by the invigorating power of this remedy. These affections and violent pains are sometimes the result of internal disorganization from the *Scrofulous* virus. We need not detail the application of this **SARSAPARILLA** to such cases. It is self-evident.

**FEMALE DISEASES**, in many of their worst forms, arise from the lurking virus of *Scrofula*, and the expulsion of it is the cure of them, viz.: *CHLOROSIS* or *Retention*, *Irregularity*, *Painful or Suppressed Menses*, *Uterine and Vaginal Ulceration*, *LEUCORRHEA* or *Whites*, *STERILITY*. These complaints exist in enfeebled constitutions, and whether the cause be hereditary *Scrofula*, or prostration by disease, or self-abuse, or dissipation and excesses, an alterative like this, which renovates the strength, is the proper remedy. Great relief is afforded to females from the peculiar affections that attend them when they are arriving at maturity, and also at the decline, or "change of life," by this **SARSAPARILLA** in moderate doses.

The widely-celebrated **Dr. Jabez Sweet**, of Providence, writes: "I have been surprised and gratified by the results I realize with your **EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA**. You should surely be a favorite with the ladies, for nothing I have ever used reaches the complaints that afflict them with such a wonderful success. It is an alarming fact, that almost the entire female population of our country suffer more or less from the affections peculiar to them. The consequences do not end with the destruction of their individual health, and comfort, and usefulness, but go beyond them to their progeny. I hold this prevailing disorder of the American women to be the cause of the enfeebled constitution of Americans. Consequently the benefit of a remedy does not end with those it cures, but exerts a wider influence upon our general health and national well being. Of course its efficacy must depend on its power to expel the scrofulous contamination which is the primary cause of their complaints. That your **SARSAPARILLA** is an antidote for *Scrofula*, is already known to the world without my evidence. That it does cure the female diseases you enumerate, I can certify from a large experience with it, and this statement could be fortified by very many ladies in this section, but for the objection they natur

Sixth Month.

JUNE, 1861.

30 Days.

| Moon's Phases.                     |     |   | Moon's place. | CALENDAR  |           |             | CALENDAR  |           |             |
|------------------------------------|-----|---|---------------|---|-----------|-------------|---|-----------|-------------|
| D.                                 | H.  | M.  |               | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. |           |             | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. |           |             |
| New Moon, . . . . . 8 8 30 M.      |     |   | S. D.         | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
| First Quarter, . . . . . 15 5 8 A. |     |   |               | H. M.   | H. M.     | H. M.       | H. M.   | H. M.     | H. M.       |
| Full Moon, . . . . . 22 9 15 M.    |     |   | Sun fast.     |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| Last Quarter, . . . . . 29 9 23 A. |     |   |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| M.                                 | W.  | Miscellaneous Phenomena.  | S. D.         | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
| D.                                 | D.  |   |               | H. M.   | H. M.     | H. M.       | H. M.   | H. M.     | H. M.       |
| 1                                  | Sat | ♃ Neptune ☾. <i>Dull, unset-</i>  | ♃ 25          | 4 25  | 7 30      | 0 33        | 2 4 31  | 7 25      | 0 33        |
| 22                                 |     | 1st Sun. after Trin. Venus in Gemini. 15h. 6m. Day's length. 14h. 56m.  |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| 2                                  | Su  | ♃ Uranus ☉. <i>Am. Army</i>   | ♃ 7           | 4 25  | 7 31      | 0 54        | 2 4 30  | 7 26      | 0 55        |
| 3                                  | Mo  | ♃ gr. Hel. Lat. N. [dis.'83.  | ♃ 19          | 4 25  | 7 32      | 1 16        | 2 4 30  | 7 26      | 1 18        |
| 4                                  | Tu  | Bat. Magenta, 1859. <i>tled</i>   | ♃ 8           | 1 4 24  | 7 32      | 1 40        | 2 4 29  | 7 27      | 1 43        |
| 5                                  | We  | Mahomet d. 632. <i>weather.</i>   | ♃ 8           | 13 4 24   | 7 33      | 2 7         | 2 4 29  | 7 28      | 2 11        |
| 6                                  | Th  | Patrick Henry died, 1799.   | ♃ 8           | 25 4 23   | 7 34      | 2 39        | 2 4 29  | 7 28      | 2 44        |
| 7                                  | Fri | ♃♃♃. <i>Alternate</i>   | ♃ 7           | 4 23  | 7 34      | 3 19        | 1 4 29  | 7 29      | 3 25        |
| 8                                  | Sat | ♃♃♃. <i>rain and</i>  | ♃ 19          | 4 23  | 7 35      | sets.       | 1 4 28  | 7 29      | sets.       |
| 23                                 |     | 2d Sun. after Trin. Mars in Cancer. 15h. 12m. Day's length. 15h. 2m.    |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| 9                                  | Su  | ♃ Venus ☾. <i>sunshine.</i>   | ♃ 2           | 4 23  | 7 35      | 8 51        | 1 4 28  | 7 30      | 8 45        |
| 10                                 | Mo  | ♃ Mercury ☾. <i>Warmer.</i>   | ♃ 14          | 4 22  | 7 36      | 9 31        | 1 4 28  | 7 30      | 9 26        |
| 11                                 | Tu  | ♃ near ☾. <i>Signs of a rain.</i>                                       | ♃ 27          | 4 22  | 7 36      | 10 6        | 1 4 28  | 7 31      | 10 2        |
| 12                                 | We  | St. Barnabas. <i>Pleasant</i>   | ♃ 10          | 4 22  | 7 37      | 10 35       | 0 4 28  | 7 31      | 10 32       |
| 13                                 | Th  | ♃ Jupiter ☾. <i>showers,</i>  | ♃ 24          | 4 22  | 7 37      | 11 1        | 0 4 28  | 7 32      | 10 59       |
| 14                                 | Fri | ♃♃♃. Bat. Marengo.  | ♃ 7           | 4 22  | 7 38      | 11 27       | 0 4 28  | 7 32      | 11 27       |
| 15                                 | Sat | ♃♃♃. 15th. ♃♃♃. <i>with</i>   | ♃ 21          | 4 22  | 7 38      | 11 53       | S. 4 28   | 7 33      | 11 54       |
| 24                                 |     | 3d Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Leo. 15h. 16m. Day's length. 15h. 5m.    |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| 16                                 | Su  | Bat. Magenta, '59. <i>lightning.</i>                                    | ♃ 5           | 4 22  | 7 38      | morn        | 0 4 28  | 7 33      | morn        |
| 17                                 | Mo  | Bat. Bunker of Hill, 1775.  | ♃ 20          | 4 22  | 7 39      | 0 20        | 1 4 28  | 7 33      | 0 22        |
| 18                                 | Tu  | Battle of Waterloo, 1815.   | ♃ 4           | 4 23  | 7 39      | 0 50        | 1 4 28  | 7 34      | 0 54        |
| 19                                 | We  | <i>Clears off very bright.</i>  | ♃ 19          | 4 23  | 7 40      | 1 26        | 1 4 28  | 7 34      | 1 31        |
| 20                                 | Th  | ☉ enters ♋. <i>Summer beg.</i>  | ♃ 3           | 4 23  | 7 40      | 2 11        | 1 4 28  | 7 34      | 2 17        |
| 21                                 | Fri | 22d. Bat. Ulm, 1800.  | ♃ 18          | 4 23  | 7 40      | 3 5         | 1 4 29  | 7 34      | 3 11        |
| 22                                 | Sat | ♃♃♃. ♃♃♃. <i>Summer</i>   | ♃ 2           | 4 23  | 7 40      | rises.      | 2 4 29  | 7 35      | rises.      |
| 25                                 |     | 4th Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 15h. 16m. Day's length. 15h. 6m.  |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| 23                                 | Su  | Nero d. 68. <i>weather sets in.</i>                                     | ♃ 16          | 4 24  | 7 40      | 8 45        | 2 4 29  | 7 35      | 8 40        |
| 24                                 | Mo  | St. John Baptist. <i>Quite</i>  | ♃ 0           | 4 24  | 7 40      | 9 21        | 2 4 29  | 7 35      | 9 17        |
| 25                                 | Tu  | ♃ gr. elong. E. <i>warm.</i>  | ♃ 13          | 4 24  | 7 40      | 9 50        | 2 4 30  | 7 35      | 9 47        |
| 26                                 | We  | Arnold d. 1801. <i>Vegetation</i>                                       | ♃ 26          | 4 25  | 7 40      | 10 15       | 3 4 30  | 7 35      | 10 13       |
| 27                                 | Th  | ♃ in ♍. <i>growing</i>  | ♃ 9           | 4 25  | 7 40      | 10 37       | 3 4 31  | 7 35      | 10 37       |
| 28                                 | Fri | 29th. <i>rapidly.</i>   | ♃ 21          | 4 25  | 7 40      | 10 59       | 3 4 31  | 7 35      | 11 0        |
| 29                                 | Sat | ♀ in per. St. Peter.  | ♃ 3           | 4 26  | 7 40      | 11 20       | 3 4 31  | 7 35      | 11 22       |
| 26                                 |     | 5th Sun. after Trin. Uranus in Gemini. 15h. 14m. Day's length. 15h. 3m. |               |   |           |             |   |           |             |
| 30                                 | Su  | ♃ Neptune near ☾.   | ♃ 15          | 4 26  | 7 40      | 11 42       | 3 4 32  | 7 35      | 11 45       |

Don't marry too smart a girl, for she will outrun you; nor one too simple, for children take their talents from their mother; nor too rich, for she will remind you of it; nor too poor, for she will act the beggar on horseback. *In medio tutissimus ibis.*

The last thing Nelson did was to die for his country, and it is the last our military men intend to do.

Fame is like an eel—rather hard to catch, and a good deal harder to hold.

There is a great business done at New York city in neck-ties, but not near as large as there ought to be.

Pyrotechnical remedy for an infantile crying nuisance—Rocket.

All who take the best of drinks are always well-supplied.

It is oftener woman than her wrongs that needs to be redressed.

Had Adam been modern, there would have been a hired girl in Paradise to look out for little Abel and "raise Cain."

feel to such publicity of their names. Cure the mothers, Doctor, and you confer immeasurable benefit upon their children—the generation that is coming upon the stage we are leaving.

**SORE EYES, Sore Ears, PILES,** and other similar afflictions, are often a direct effect of *Scrofula*. Cure this, and you do them.

See what is said by one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of our own city.

Lowell, June 11, 1860.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: My health had been destroyed, and my life rendered almost a burden for fifteen years by *Bleeding Piles*, which seemed incurable. I suffered more than I can describe. To gratify my son, who is a great admirer of your chemical and medical acquirements, I gave your SARSAPARILLA a trial, and it very shortly cured me. Now, after two years' time, I have had no return of the complaint. That it is a wonderful remedy, none will dispute who owe it what I do. You are at liberty to publish this, and it would afford me great satisfaction if I could believe I had been the means of relief to one fellow-mortal from such sufferings as I have endured.

With great respect,

JOHN H. COBURN.

Persons infected with **SYPHILIS, or Venereal Diseases,** and those who, having taken, injudiciously, calomel or mercury, and thus become subject to *Mercurial Disease*, will find invaluable protection from their effects in the use of this *Sarsaparilla*. The dreadful consequences of these disorders are completely averted by the persistent use of this remedy. It should be taken freely and constantly until the disorder is expelled from the system.

From an eminent Physician of our sister city, who is not only distinguished in his practice but also in our halls of legislation, where he has won well-merited honors and distinction.

Lawrence, Mass., June 11, 1860.

DR. AYER. MY DEAR SIR: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for Syphilis, both of the primary and secondary type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required. A. J. FRENCH, M. D.

Dr. Welcome Bolton, counselling physician for the Life Insurance Companies, New York, writes: "I have found your SARSAPARILLA a superior remedy for diseases caused by the abuse of mercury, and a very efficient cure for secondary Syphilis. I have often tried it on inveterate cases with much satisfaction to myself and my patients.

For **PURIFYING THE BLOOD**, nothing has ever been offered which can compare with this **EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA**. It is found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the humors that rankle in the system at that season of the year. Many complaints have their origin in the spring, and in the causes above mentioned, for which no better remedy has ever been devised. By its use multitudes can spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system strives to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the machinery of life is disordered or overthrown. Medicines, designed like this for public use, should be the very best that it is possible to produce. As it has been the labor of our life to make such remedies, and as these are all we have ever offered, the public can judge something of the amount of toil they have cost. Our ambition has been to make each one more perfect, more valuable, more effectual than its predecessor, and the indications from this sufficiently show that its virtues will sustain any expectations which our preparations already before them may lead the public to form of it.

The rationale of its operations is, that it expurges from the system the foul distemper which breeds and festers in it; penetrating into every part and organ of the body, it expels the virus of disease that inhabits them. As commonly expressed, it *purifies the blood*, purging out the rot and corruption that *Scrofula* breeds in it. Purifying—it renovates the blood, giving it a renewed vitality and force as of youth again. Hence persons cured by it will feel younger and stronger, as well as freer from the infirmities of age. It changes the action of the system; its power is *alterative*, i. e. to change from diseased to healthy action. Instilling fresh vigor into the vital forces, it gives them renovated strength, while weakness is but disorder and decay. Weakness is poverty of vital power, which, continuing to increase, must inevitably end in dissolution of the body, and much of the feebleness so prevalent all around us among our people is attributable to the lurking contamination of **SCROFULA**.

Being composed of vegetable products only, this remedy is harmless as well as effec-

Seventh Month.

JULY, 1861.

31 Days.

| Moon's Phases.   |     |  | Moon's place. | CALENDAR  |            |           |             |        |            | Sun slow. | CALENDAR  |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--|-----|--|---------------|---|------------|-----------|-------------|--------|------------|-----------|---|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D.   | H.  | M.                                       |               | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. |            |           |             |        |            |           | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| New Moon, . . . . .  | 7   | 9  | 4 A.          | S. D.   | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | M.     | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises.   | H.     | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. |    |
| First Quarter, . . . . .   | 14  | 9  | 40 A.         |   | H.         | M.        | H.          |        | M.         | H.        | M.  |        | H. | M. | H. |    | M. | H. |
| Full Moon, . . . . .   | 21  | 6  | 58 A.         |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .  | 29  | 2  | 43 A.         |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Miscellaneous Phenomena.   |     |  |               |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 1  | Mo  | Massacre of Wyoming, 1758.               |               | ☾   | 27         | 4 27      | 7 40        | morn   | 4 4        | 32 7      | 35  | morn   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 2  | Tu  | Daguerre died, 1851. <i>Look out for</i> |               | ☽   | 8          | 9 4       | 27 7        | 40 0   | 8 4        | 4 33      | 7 34  | 0 12   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 3  | We  | ☉ in Apogee. <i>rain.</i>                |               | ☽   | 21         | 4 28      | 7 40        | 0 39   | 4 4        | 33 7      | 34 0  | 44     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 4  | Th  | Independence, 1776. <i>Hotter.</i>       |               | ☽   | 3          | 4 28      | 7 40        | 1 16   | 4 4        | 34 7      | 34 1  | 22     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 5  | Fri | ☿ Uranus ☽. <i>Hotter.</i>               |               | ☽   | 15         | 4 29      | 7 39        | 1 59   | 4 4        | 35 7      | 34 2  | 5      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 6  | Sat | ☽ in aph. Monterey tak. '47.             |               | ☽   | 28         | 4 29      | 7 39        | 2 51   | 4 4        | 35 7      | 33 2  | 57     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 27) 6th Sun. after Trin. Venus in Leo. 15h. 9m. Day's length. 14h. 57m.      |     |  |               |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7  | Su  | ☉ 7th. ☉ eclips., invis.                 |               | ☽   | 11         | 4 30      | 7 39        | sets.  | 5 4        | 36 7      | 33  | sets.  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 8  | Mo  | ☽ stationary. ☽ ☿ ☽.                     |               | ☽   | 24         | 4 31      | 7 38        | 8 6    | 5 4        | 37 7      | 33 8  | 2      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 9  | Tu  | ☽ ☽ ☽; ☽ ☽ ☽; ☽ ☽ ☽.                     |               | ☽   | 7          | 4 32      | 7 38        | 8 37   | 5 4        | 38 7      | 32 8  | 34     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 10   | We  | ☽ ☽ ☽; ☽ ☽ ☽. <i>Cloudy, with some</i>   |               | ☽   | 20         | 4 33      | 7 37        | 9 6    | 5 4        | 38 7      | 32 9  | 4      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 11   | Th  | ☽ Saturn ☽. <i>prospect of</i>           |               | ☽   | 4          | 4 33      | 7 37        | 9 32   | 5 4        | 39 7      | 32 9  | 31     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 12   | Fri | ☽ ☽ ☽.                                   |               | ☽   | 18         | 4 34      | 7 36        | 9 57   | 5 4        | 39 7      | 31 9  | 58     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 13   | Sat | Caesar born, 100 B. C. <i>rain.</i>      |               | ☽   | 2          | 4 35      | 7 36        | 10 23  | 5 4        | 40 7      | 31 10   | 25     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 28) 7th Sun. after Trin. Mars in Leo. 14h. 56m. Day's length. 14h. 49m.      |     |  |               |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 14   | Su  | ☽ 14th. <i>Intensely hot</i>             |               | ☽   | 16         | 4 36      | 7 35        | 10 52  | 6 4        | 41 7      | 30 10   | 55     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 15   | Mo  | Napoleon to Elba, '15.                   |               | ☽   | 1          | 4 36      | 7 34        | 11 25  | 6 4        | 41 7      | 30 11   | 29     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 16   | Tu  | Bat. Wagram, 1809. <i>again.</i>         |               | ☽   | 15         | 4 37      | 7 34        | morn   | 6 4        | 42 7      | 29  | morn   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 17   | We  | French Revolution, 1789.                 |               | ☽   | 29         | 4 38      | 7 33        | 0 5    | 6 4        | 43 7      | 28 0  | 10     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 18   | Th  | 7th. Hamilton shot, 1804.                |               | ☽   | 13         | 4 39      | 7 32        | 0 55   | 6 4        | 44 7      | 28 1  | 1      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 19   | Fri | Rome b nt by Gauls, 390 B.C.             |               | ☽   | 27         | 4 40      | 7 32        | 1 54   | 6 4        | 45 7      | 27 2  | 0      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 20   | Sat | ☽ gr. Hel. Lat. N. <i>Cooler.</i>        |               | ☽   | 11         | 4 41      | 7 31        | 3 0    | 6 4        | 45 7      | 26 3  | 6      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 29) 8th Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Virgo. 14h. 48m. Day's length. 14h. 39m. |     |  |               |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 21   | Su  | ☽ 21st. Burns d. 1796.                   |               | ☽   | 25         | 4 42      | 7 30        | rises. | 6 4        | 46 7      | 25  | rises. |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 22   | Mo  | ☽ gr. Hel. Lat. N.                       |               | ☽   | 9          | 4 43      | 7 29        | 7 49   | 6 4        | 47 7      | 25 7  | 46     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 23   | Tu  | ☽ ☽ ☽ Inf. <i>Thunder showers.</i>       |               | ☽   | 22         | 4 44      | 7 28        | 8 15   | 6 4        | 48 7      | 24 8  | 13     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 24   | We  | Eng. cap. Gibraltar, 1704.               |               | ☽   | 4          | 4 44      | 7 28        | 8 39   | 6 4        | 49 7      | 23 8  | 38     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 25   | Th  | St. James. Bat. Niagara, '14.            |               | ☽   | 17         | 4 45      | 7 27        | 9 1    | 6 4        | 50 7      | 22 9  | 1      |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 26   | Fri | ☽ Uranus ☽. <i>Dog Days.</i>             |               | ☽   | 29         | 4 46      | 7 26        | 9 22   | 6 4        | 51 7      | 21 9  | 23     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 27   | Sat | ☽ gr. Hel. Lat. S. <i>Showers.</i>       |               | ☽   | 11         | 4 47      | 7 25        | 9 44   | 6 4        | 52 7      | 20 9  | 47     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 30) 9th Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 14h. 35m. Day's length. 14h. 26m.  |     |  |               |   |            |           |             |        |            |           |   |        |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 28   | Su  | ☽ Bat. Pyrenees, '13. <i>with</i>        |               | ☽   | 23         | 4 48      | 7 23        | 10 9   | 6 4        | 53 7      | 19 10   | 13     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 29   | Mo  | ☽ 29th. <i>sharp light</i>               |               | ☽   | 5          | 4 49      | 7 22        | 10 37  | 6 4        | 54 7      | 18 10   | 42     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 30   | Tu  | Bat. Warsaw, 1656. <i>ning.</i>          |               | ☽   | 17         | 4 50      | 7 21        | 11 10  | 6 4        | 55 7      | 17 11   | 15     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 31   | We  | ☽ ☽ ☽. <i>Clear and warm.</i>            |               | ☽   | 29         | 4 51      | 7 20        | 11 51  | 6 4        | 56 7      | 16 11   | 57     |    |    |    |    |    |    |

"The ugliest trades," said Jerrold, "have their moments of pleasure. Now, if I were a grave-digger, or a hangman, there are some people I could work for with a great deal of satisfaction."  
 What would this world be without woman? A shift-less concern.  
 When is thunder like an onion? When it comes peal on peal.  
 A florist advertises himself as "head gardener to the ladies." Query, what does he do? Hunt?

A man arrested in Virginia for being engaged at Harper's Ferry, replied, "He did not know Harper, nor where he kept his d—d old Ferry."  
 Beautiful was the reply of a venerable man to the question, whether he was still in the land of the living—"No; but I am almost."  
 Begin life with but little show; you may increase it afterwards.  
 Sermon on the vanity of wealth.—Shrouds have no pockets.

nal—a fact of immense importance to those who take it; for many of the alteratives in market have mercury or arsenic as their basis; and thus, although they may sometimes effect cures, still they entail a countless train of evils upon their victims, often worse than the original disease.

It is believed such a medicine as this is wanted in the community, and is sure to prove of priceless value to the vast number in this country who suffer from strumous diseases. It is surely the best which our skill, with the study of years, can devise; and we shall spare no pains or cost to make it the most perfect and effectual remedy within our ability to produce for the prevention and cure of the every where prevailing distempers that require an alterative medicine.

PRICE, \$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles in one package for \$5. Although smaller than some others, it is so much stronger as to be actually the cheapest as well as best preparation of SASSAPARILLA ever offered to the American people.



## Ayer's Ague Cure.

OUR wide-spread acquaintance with the diseases of the American people, has long shown us the crying want of a safe and sure remedy for FEVER AND AGUE. The well-being of whole communities calls aloud for protection and relief from the distressing disorders which originate in the visceral derangements of bilious countries. Numerous remedies of more or less power to cure have already been found, but unfortunately they are either of feeble efficiency, or like quinine and arsenic, are injurious in their effects upon the constitution when taken in sufficient quantities to eradicate the

disease. Quinine, although the great staple which is relied on for this class of complaints sometimes produces disastrous effects, and is always, in large quantities, injurious to the constitutional health. Other powerful alteratives, such as arsenic, zinc, copper, bismuth, and iron, are used, and form the basis of many secret remedies. But this is wrong; for even if they cure, they are too liable to inflict permanent injury upon the patient. As a general thing, they only palliate the disease, and do little towards its radical cure. When quinine is taken, it should be prudently used in moderate doses. Among the symptoms of disturbance from its inordinate use are Diarrhœa, Headache, and Congestion of the Brain, Vertigo, or Dizziness, Noise in the Ears, Dulness of the Senses, Blindness, Deafness, Delirium, and Lethargic Sleep. It also induces Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains, and other serious affections. Therefore, when either of the above remedies is employed, it should be with prudence and great caution. If nothing safer could be had, it would of course be better to use them than leave to run its course so destructive and dangerous a disease as Intermittent Fever. But we think we offer to the people a remedy which, while it contains neither quinine, nor any mineral or deleterious substance whatever, still invariably cures FEVER AND AGUE, and its kindred complaints.

FEVER AND AGUE, OR INTERMITTENT FEVER, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Bilious Fever, Dumb Ague, and periodical disorders which have their origin in the same cause, all seem to be different varieties of the same complaint. They all have the same origin, and produce like results, only in widely different degrees, the intensity of the producing cause determining their virulence.

The CAUSE of this whole class of diseases is the miasmatic effluvia which exhales from decayed and decaying vegetation in water, or moist earth. It is an exceedingly subtle and insidious poison, absorbed through the lungs into the blood, and often accumulates in the system for a long time before it makes itself felt. Its effects are more rapid and violent in hot countries, where the sufferer is often struck with Bilious Fever at once, in its most malignant forms. In cooler climates it takes on more the Remittent type, and in the temperate zones it appears chiefly as the Intermittent, or Fever and Ague, which is the mildest form of disease from paludal miasm, and the form which chiefly prevails in the United States.

The operation of this effluvial poison, received through the lungs into the blood, is seen to be, in FEVER AND AGUE, as follows: its intense irritation in the system determines the whole blood in the body to the internal viscera,—the liver, kidneys, pancreas, spleen, stomach, and lungs,—some or all of which are much congested with blood, which has left the surface of the body; this makes the *chill* or cold stage. It seems like an effort of nature to throw off the venom through these internal excretories of the body, which,

**Eighth Month.**

**AUGUST, 1861.**

**31 Days.**

| Moon's Phases.           |    |    | Moon's Place. | CALENDAR  |           |   | Sun slow. | CALENDAR   |           |             |
|--------------------------|----|----|---------------|---|-----------|---|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| D.                       | H. | M. |               | Sun rises.  | Sun sets. | Moon rises.   |           | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
| New Moon, . . . . .      | 6  | 7  | 46 M.         | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. | Sun slow. | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn., Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. |           |            |           |             |
| First Quarter, . . . . . | 13 | 2  | 8 M.          |   |           |   |           |            |           |             |
| Full Moon, . . . . .     | 20 | 6  | 43 M.         |   |           |   |           |            |           |             |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .  | 28 | 8  | 15 M.         |   |           |   |           |            |           |             |

| M. | W.  | Miscellaneous Phenomena.   | S. D. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. | Sun slow. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
|----|-----|----------------------------|-------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| D. | D.  |                            |       | H. M.      | H. M.     | H. M.       | M.        | H. M.      | H. M.     | H. M.       |
| 1  | Th  | ♂ stationary. Dry, clear,  | Π 11  | 4 52       | 7 19      | morn        | 6 4       | 57 7 15    | morn      |             |
| 2  | Fri | ♂ in ☾. and hot as         | Π 23  | 4 53       | 7 18      | 0 40        | 6 4       | 58 7 14    | 0 46      |             |
| 3  | Sat | 4th. Crown Pt taken, 1789. | Σ 6   | 4 54       | 7 17      | 1 37        | 6 4       | 58 7 13    | 1 43      |             |

**31) 10th Sun. after Trin. Venus in Virgo. 13h. 20m. Day's length. 14h. 13m.**

|    |     |                                 |      |      |      |        |     |         |       |  |
|----|-----|---------------------------------|------|------|------|--------|-----|---------|-------|--|
| 4  | Su  | ♂ Mercury ☿. blazes.            | Σ 19 | 4 55 | 7 15 | 2 42   | 6 4 | 59 7 12 | 2 47  |  |
| 5  | Mo  | Bat. of the Nile, 1798. Cloudy. | Ω 24 | 4 57 | 7 14 | 3 51   | 6 5 | 07 10   | 3 55  |  |
| 6  | Tu  | ♂ 6th. ♂♂ ☿. Scorch.            | Ω 16 | 4 58 | 7 13 | sets.  | 6 5 | 17 9    | sets. |  |
| 7  | We  | ♂♂ ☿. Bat. Thermop.             | ♃ 04 | 4 59 | 7 12 | 7 35   | 5 5 | 27 8    | 7 34  |  |
| 8  | Th  | ♂♀ ♃; ♂♂ ☿. [ylae. 480 B.C.     | ♃ 14 | 5 07 | 10 8 | 1 55   | 5 5 | 37 7    | 8 1   |  |
| 9  | Fri | ♀ near ☿. ing.                  | ♃ 28 | 5 17 | 9 8  | 27 5 5 | 4 7 | 5 8     | 28    |  |
| 10 | Sat | ♂ gr. elon. W. Dry and          | ♄ 13 | 5 27 | 8 8  | 55 5 5 | 5 7 | 4 8     | 58    |  |

**32) 11th Sun. after Trin. Mars in Leo. 14h. 3m. Day's length. 13h. 57m.**

|    |     |                               |      |      |      |          |      |       |      |  |
|----|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|------|----------|------|-------|------|--|
| 11 | Su  | Lord Dudley behead. 1510.     | ♄ 27 | 5 37 | 6 9  | 27 5 5   | 6 7  | 3 9   | 31   |  |
| 12 | Mo  | Columbus sid fr. Palos, 1492. | ♃ 12 | 5 47 | 5 10 | 5 5 5    | 7 7  | 1 10  | 10   |  |
| 13 | Tu  | ♂ 13th. Fulton's st'm.        | ♃ 26 | 5 57 | 3 10 | 52 5 5   | 8 7  | 0 10  | 58   |  |
| 14 | We  | [boat, 1807.                  | ♃ 10 | 5 67 | 2 11 | 47 4 5   | 9 6  | 59 11 | 53   |  |
| 15 | Th  | ♂ in ♃. hot.                  | ♃ 24 | 5 77 | 0    | morn 4 5 | 10 6 | 58    | morn |  |
| 16 | Fri | Bat. of Bennington, 1777.     | ♃ 7  | 5 86 | 59 0 | 49 4 5   | 11 6 | 56    | 0 55 |  |
| 17 | Sat | Signs of rain.                | ♃ 21 | 5 96 | 57 1 | 56 4 5   | 12 6 | 54    | 2 1  |  |

**33) 12th Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Virgo. 13h. 46m. Day's length. 13h. 40m.**

|    |     |                           |      |       |      |            |      |      |        |  |
|----|-----|---------------------------|------|-------|------|------------|------|------|--------|--|
| 18 | Su  | Guerriere cap. 1812. but  | ♃ 4  | 5 106 | 56 3 | 5 4 5      | 13 6 | 53 3 | 9      |  |
| 19 | Mo  | Cromwell died, 1658. they | ♃ 17 | 5 116 | 54 4 | 15 3 5     | 14 6 | 52 4 | 18     |  |
| 20 | Tu  | ♂ in perihelion. fail.    | ♃ 0  | 5 136 | 53   | rises. 3 5 | 15 6 | 50   | rises. |  |
| 21 | We  | ♂ 20th. Clouds            | ♃ 13 | 5 146 | 51 7 | 4 3 5      | 16 6 | 49 7 | 4      |  |
| 22 | Th  | ♂ Neptune ☽. up.          | ♃ 25 | 5 156 | 50 7 | 27 3 5     | 17 6 | 47 7 | 28     |  |
| 23 | Fri | Damascus taken, 634. Vio- | ♃ 7  | 5 166 | 48 7 | 49 2 5     | 18 6 | 46 7 | 51     |  |
| 24 | Sat | St. Bartholomew. lent     | ♃ 19 | 5 176 | 47 8 | 12 2 5     | 19 6 | 44 8 | 15     |  |

**34) 13th Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 13h 27m. Day's length. 13h. 23m.**

|    |     |                               |      |       |       |          |      |       |      |  |
|----|-----|-------------------------------|------|-------|-------|----------|------|-------|------|--|
| 25 | Su  | ♂♀ ♃ in Virginius. rain, with | ♄ 1  | 5 186 | 45 8  | 39 2 5   | 20 6 | 43 8  | 43   |  |
| 26 | Mo  | ♂ in aph. terrible thun-      | ♄ 13 | 5 196 | 43 9  | 11 2 5   | 21 6 | 41 9  | 16   |  |
| 27 | Tu  | ♂♂ ☽. Banyan d. 1688. der.    | ♄ 25 | 5 206 | 42 9  | 48 1 5   | 22 6 | 40 9  | 54   |  |
| 28 | We  | ♂ 28th. More showers.         | Π 7  | 5 216 | 40 10 | 32 1 5   | 23 6 | 38 10 | 38   |  |
| 29 | Th  | ♂♂ ☽. which gladden           | Π 19 | 5 226 | 39 11 | 24 1 5   | 24 6 | 37 11 | 30   |  |
| 30 | Fri | ♂ gr. Hel. lat. N. the        | Σ 2  | 5 236 | 37    | morn 0 5 | 25 6 | 35    | morn |  |
| 31 | Sat | ♂ Jupiter ☽. parched earth.   | Σ 14 | 5 246 | 35 0  | 24 0 5   | 26 6 | 33 0  | 30   |  |

Men are often deserted in adversity. When the sun sets, our very shadows refuse to follow us.

"What is whiskey bringing?" inquired a dealer. "Bringing women and children to want," was the appropriate answer.

*Woman's Mission.*—To keep the fire-side while man goes out and collects materials to make the pot boil.

"What kind of a rooster is that, Sambo?" "Massa say he Cotch in China."

One hundred yards of silk-worm's thread does not weigh a grain.

Motto for a neutral paper: "All talk and no slder."

A son of Erin being asked why he wore his stockings wrong side out, replied, "Bekase there's a hole on th' ither side uv' 'em."

"Woman is at the bottom of all mischief." "Yes," said Frank, "and when I used to get into mischief, my mother would soon be at the bottom of me."

"Shall I leave some tracts here?" "Yes," said the irritated burgher, "with the heels towards the door."

however, it fails to do. Reaction then brings on the *fever*, in which the blood leaves the internal viscera, and rushes to the surface, as if in another violent effort to cast out the poison through that other great excretory, the skin. In this effort, also, it fails. Like all great excitements, this is followed by exhaustion, and the instinct of our organism abandons the attempt until, after the recovery of strength, the hopeless struggle is renewed again another day.

Now it is manifest that any cure for this complaint must either destroy the poison in the blood or expel it therefrom. The remedy which we here offer to the people accomplishes its purpose, when rightly employed, by stimulating the great internal excretories—the liver, spleen, and kidneys—to secrete the offending poison from the blood, and expel it from the body.

The SYMPTOMS of this disorder are familiarly known wherever it prevails. Warning of its approach is given by slight feverish indications for a few days before the full development of the fits, accompanied by rapid pulse, white tongue, thirst, lassitude, pain in the back and loins, loss of appetite, high-colored urine, &c.

The fit commences with a creeping chilliness along the spine, languor, weariness, lividity of the nails, and coldness all over; shiverings and tremblings follow, and the teeth chatter; sighing, oppression, and anxiety at the pit of the stomach are felt, with yawning, difficult breathing, and occasional nausea; vomiting sometimes supervenes, and hastens the next period. The pulse is small, and the mental powers are weakened or overpowered. This is the *cold stage*, or AGUE. It lasts from one half to three (very rarely four) hours, followed by transient flushes of heat, alternating with rigors. Then come restlessness, great heat of the surface, turgid countenance and skin, rendering headache, with pressure and throbbing in the temples, a full, strong pulse, high-colored urine, and intense thirst. This is the *hot stage*, or FEVER. After a time, varying from two to eight hours, (but generally three or four,) perspiration breaks out over the forehead and breast, and soon extends over the whole body. These violent symptoms subside, and leave only a feeling of exhaustion, if no organic disturbance has been induced by the attack. If no adequate remedy for the disease is taken, the fits will continue to repeat themselves with a regularity corresponding to their various types, and with violence in proportion to the intensity of the poison, modified by the resistance (constitutional or remedial) that opposes it. Where the disease is unchecked and runs its own course, it is very likely to produce congestion of one or more of the internal viscera—the liver, spleen, the mesenteric glands, the stomach, and sometimes the lungs. This congestion, when in the liver or spleen, will generally result in permanent enlargement and disease of the organs, which must undermine and destroy the health. Enlargement of the liver may be felt by a gentle application of the hand on the right side, below the ribs, over the seat of that organ, and it is frequently tender or painful to the touch. Enlargement of the spleen may be felt at the pit of the stomach, while the patient is on his back, and is known as *Ague Cake*.

In protracted cases these organs become the seat of aggravated disease. The liver suppurates; and sometimes, in hot climates, the spleen bursts. But in all cases of this affection, the internal viscera fall in the healthy discharge of their office. Their secretions become vitiated, and their action, as well as their substance, diseased. One of the primary symptoms of FEVER AND AGUE is derangement or inactivity of the liver, by which it fails to secrete the poisonous bile from the blood. This is seen in the yellowish hue of the eyes and on the skin.

DUMB OR MASKED AGUE is caused by the same infection assuming a less distinct form than when it appears in the regular Ague fit. Lurking, as it does, in the system, it produces, or shows itself in, a variety of disorders, all of which assume somewhat the remittent type; or, in other words, have periodical paroxysms of activity. Among others of this character, which are seen in the malarious districts, are, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Periodical Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitations, Pain in the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Dysentery, Colic, Paralysis, Epilepsy, and Painful Affections of the Stomach, Congestion of the Stomach, Liver, Spleen, and even of the Lungs. These different affections, originating in the same cause, are each cured alike by its removal. As a cold is felt first in the weakest or most exposed part, so this constitutional derangement, from a latent poison in the circulation, shows itself first in such part or organ as is already predisposed to disease. Hence it will be seen why an actual remedy for Fever and Ague is frequently found to cure disorders not supposed to arise from it.

The Intermittents of the United States are chiefly of the simple form, but they sometimes become complicated, and *congestive* or *pernicious*. In these cases the symptoms take on a higher degree of severity; the cold stage is longer, and is followed by a feebler reaction, with serious congestion of one or more important internal organs.

Ninth Month.

SEPTEMBER, 1861.

30 Days.

| Moon's Phases.           |    |    | Moon's place. | CALENDAR  |            |           | Sun fast. | CALENDAR    |   |            |
|--------------------------|----|----|---------------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|---|------------|
| D.                       | H. | M. |               | For Boston, N. Y. State, N. England, Wis., Min., Michigan, Iowa, Oregon, and the Canadas. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. |           | Moon rises. | For N. Y. City, N. Jersey, Penn. Connec't, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Utah. | Sun rises. |
| New Moon, . . . . .      | 4  | 5  | 5 A.          |   |            |           |           |             |   |            |
| First Quarter, . . . . . | 11 | 8  | 8 M.          |   |            |           |           |             |   |            |
| Full Moon, . . . . .     | 18 | 8  | 54 A.         |   |            |           |           |             |   |            |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .  | 27 | 1  | 16 M.         |   |            |           |           |             |   |            |

35) 14th Sun. after Trin. Venus in Libra. 13h. 5m. Day's length. 13h. 5m.

|       |              |                         |   |    |   |    |   |    |       |    |   |   |    |   |    |       |    |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|-------|----|---|---|----|---|----|-------|----|
| 1 Su  | ♄♃♂          | Bright and warm.        | ♄ | 27 | 5 | 25 | 6 | 33 | 1     | 29 | 0 | 5 | 27 | 6 | 32 | 1     | 34 |
| 2 Mo  | ♄♃♂; ♃ in ♄. | Clear, and              | ♄ | 10 | 5 | 26 | 6 | 32 | 2     | 39 | 1 | 5 | 28 | 6 | 30 | 2     | 43 |
| 3 Tu  | ♄♃♂.         | 5th. Dog days end.      | ♄ | 24 | 5 | 27 | 6 | 30 | 3     | 52 | 1 | 5 | 29 | 6 | 28 | 3     | 55 |
| 4 We  | ♄♃♂          | 4th. ♄♃♂ sup. tol.      | ♄ | 9  | 5 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 5     | 7  | 1 | 5 | 30 | 6 | 27 | 5     | 8  |
| 5 Th  | ♄♃♂; ♄♃♂.    | erably                  | ♄ | 23 | 5 | 29 | 6 | 27 | sets. |    | 2 | 5 | 31 | 6 | 25 | sets. |    |
| 6 Fri | ♄♃♂.         | Cromwell d. 1658. cool. | ♄ | 8  | 5 | 30 | 6 | 25 | 6     | 57 | 2 | 5 | 32 | 6 | 24 | 6     | 59 |
| 7 Sat | ♄♃♂.         | Changeable.             | ♄ | 23 | 5 | 31 | 6 | 23 | 7     | 30 | 2 | 5 | 33 | 6 | 22 | 7     | 33 |

36) 15th Sun. after Trin. Mars in Virgo. 12h. 50m. Day's length. 12h. 46m.

|        |      |                             |   |    |   |    |   |    |      |    |   |   |    |   |    |      |    |
|--------|------|-----------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|------|----|---|---|----|---|----|------|----|
| 8 Sa   | ♄♃♂. | with                        | ♄ | 8  | 5 | 32 | 6 | 22 | 8    | 6  | 3 | 5 | 34 | 6 | 20 | 8    | 11 |
| 9 Mo   | ♄♃♂. | 10th. Bat. Lake Erie, 1813. | ♄ | 22 | 5 | 33 | 6 | 20 | 8    | 50 | 3 | 5 | 35 | 6 | 18 | 8    | 56 |
| 10 Tu  | ♄♃♂. | 11th. [wine, 1777.]         | ♄ | 7  | 5 | 34 | 6 | 18 | 9    | 43 | 3 | 5 | 36 | 6 | 17 | 9    | 49 |
| 11 We  | ♄♃♂. | Bat. Brandy                 | ♄ | 21 | 5 | 36 | 6 | 16 | 10   | 43 | 4 | 5 | 37 | 6 | 15 | 10   | 49 |
| 12 Th  | ♄♃♂. | Bat. Baltimore, 1814. some  | ♄ | 4  | 5 | 37 | 6 | 14 | 11   | 49 | 4 | 5 | 38 | 6 | 14 | 11   | 54 |
| 13 Fri | ♄♃♂. | Moscow burned, 1812. rain   | ♄ | 18 | 5 | 38 | 6 | 13 | morn |    | 4 | 5 | 39 | 6 | 12 | morn |    |
| 14 Sat | ♄♃♂. | New style began, 1752. and  | ♄ | 1  | 5 | 39 | 6 | 11 | 0    | 57 | 5 | 5 | 40 | 6 | 10 | 1    | 2  |

37) 16th Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Virgo. 12h. 29m. Day's length. 12h. 28m.

|        |      |                              |   |    |   |    |   |    |        |    |   |   |    |   |    |        |    |
|--------|------|------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|--------|----|---|---|----|---|----|--------|----|
| 1 Su   | ♄♃♂. | thunder.                     | ♄ | 14 | 5 | 40 | 6 | 9  | 2      | 5  | 5 | 5 | 41 | 6 | 9  | 2      | 8  |
| 16 Mo  | ♄♃♂. | Pilgrims leave Engl'd, 1620. | ♄ | 26 | 5 | 41 | 6 | 7  | 3      | 12 | 5 | 5 | 42 | 6 | 7  | 3      | 14 |
| 17 Tu  | ♄♃♂. | Arnold's treas. '80. Warm.   | ♄ | 9  | 5 | 42 | 6 | 6  | 4      | 16 | 6 | 5 | 43 | 6 | 5  | 4      | 17 |
| 18 We  | ♄♃♂. | 18th. Pleasant.              | ♄ | 21 | 5 | 43 | 6 | 4  | 5      | 18 | 6 | 5 | 44 | 6 | 4  | 5      | 18 |
| 19 Th  | ♄♃♂. | ♄ Neptune ♄. Some            | ♄ | 4  | 5 | 44 | 6 | 2  | rises. |    | 6 | 5 | 45 | 6 | 2  | rises. |    |
| 20 Fri | ♄♃♂. | ♄♃♂ Virginus. what dry.      | ♄ | 16 | 5 | 45 | 6 | 0  | 6      | 16 | 7 | 5 | 46 | 6 | 0  | 6      | 19 |
| 21 Sat | ♄♃♂. | ♄ stationary. St. Matthew.   | ♄ | 28 | 5 | 46 | 5 | 59 | 6      | 42 | 7 | 5 | 47 | 5 | 59 | 6      | 46 |

38) 17th Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 12h. 10m. Day's length. 12h. 9m.

|        |      |                          |   |    |   |    |   |    |      |    |   |   |    |   |    |      |    |
|--------|------|--------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|------|----|---|---|----|---|----|------|----|
| 22 Su  | ♄♃♂. | ♄ enters ♄. Autumn beg.  | ♄ | 10 | 5 | 47 | 5 | 57 | 7    | 12 | 7 | 5 | 48 | 5 | 57 | 7    | 17 |
| 23 Mo  | ♄♃♂. | ♄ in ♄; ♄ Nep. ♄. Autum. | ♄ | 21 | 5 | 48 | 5 | 55 | 7    | 47 | 8 | 5 | 49 | 5 | 55 | 7    | 52 |
| 24 Tu  | ♄♃♂. | Bat. Monterey, 1816. nal | ♄ | 3  | 5 | 49 | 5 | 53 | 8    | 28 | 8 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 54 | 8    | 34 |
| 25 We  | ♄♃♂. | ♄ Uranus ♄. showers.     | ♄ | 15 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 52 | 9    | 16 | 8 | 5 | 51 | 5 | 52 | 9    | 22 |
| 26 Th  | ♄♃♂. | 27th. Clear and          | ♄ | 27 | 5 | 52 | 5 | 50 | 10   | 12 | 9 | 5 | 52 | 5 | 50 | 10   | 18 |
| 27 Fri | ♄♃♂. | ♄♃♂ y Libræ. cool.       | ♄ | 9  | 5 | 53 | 5 | 48 | 11   | 14 | 9 | 5 | 53 | 5 | 48 | 11   | 19 |
| 28 Sat | ♄♃♂. | Bat. Marathon, 490 B. C. | ♄ | 22 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 46 | morn |    | 9 | 5 | 54 | 5 | 47 | morn |    |

39) 18th Sun. after Trin. Uranus in Gem. 11h. 50m. Day's length. 11h. 50m.

|       |      |                              |   |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |    |   |    |   |    |   |    |
|-------|------|------------------------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|
| 29 Su | ♄♃♂. | ♄♃♂ y Virginus. Warmer.      | ♄ | 5  | 5 | 55 | 5 | 45 | 0 | 21 | 10 | 5 | 55 | 5 | 45 | 0 | 25 |
| 30 Mo | ♄♃♂. | 29th. St. Mich. and all Ang. | ♄ | 19 | 5 | 56 | 5 | 43 | 1 | 30 | 10 | 5 | 56 | 5 | 43 | 1 | 33 |

"Charlie, my dear, come here and get some candy." "I guess I won't mind it now, mother," replied the young hopeful, "as I've got in some tobacco."  
 A celebrated cure-all used to try his medical experiments upon his wife, because, as he said, if they did not kill her they were fit for any body.  
 "Don't get above your business," as the lady said to the shoemaker who was measuring her ankle in order to ascertain the size of her foot.

Caution.—Purchasers should beware of worthless compounds that are palmed off upon the unwary through a similarity of name to ours. Wicked men have put into the market base imitations of our remedies, which, while differing in name sufficiently to escape the consequences of the law, are still imposed upon the sick for our medicines.  
 Why are the milkmen like the whale that swallowed Jonah? Because they take in a great prophet out of the water.

There may be a loss of sensation and motion, or involuntary discharges, prostration, a deathly expression of countenance, and extremely languid circulation. These symptoms increase with every paroxysm, and the patient sinks under them, or may linger on for a time, under a chronic affection of the liver, spleen, or other organs, and at length perish from superinduced disease. A merciful Providence ordains that these severe cases shall be comparatively rare, and the far milder symptoms of common Fever and Ague only prevail, as a general thing, within our borders.

#### TREATMENT.

Patients feeling the premonitory symptoms of the disease should take the "CURE" at once, for it is far easier to prevent the attack than to eradicate the disorder afterwards. One attack predisposes to another. Nor should it be neglected because apparently slight, or because the paroxysm has been mild, for it is liable to be followed by others much more severe. Even a slight fit may produce almost irremediable mischief in some constitutions, and however mild, its constant return is likely to occasion serious structural derangement of some important organ.

When an ague fit has commenced, a warm bath, or vapor bath, immediately, will serve to break the force of the chill, and render the fever fit less violent. If there be no determination of blood to the head, or tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a warm emetic at the commencement of the chill is serviceable. If there is found to be a tenderness and fulness at the stomach, a mustard poultice over it will afford relief, and hasten as well as promote perspiration. After the fit the bowels should be moved by from ten to twenty grains of calomel, or six to eight grains of blue pill, or by a moderate dose of AYER'S PILLS. Indeed, it is well to keep the bowels open by the constant use of these PILLS, when they are required, that is, where there is a tendency to constipation.

It must not be supposed the disease is cured when the chill is broken. A cure has only been commenced, and must be persevered in to secure immunity from the disease; otherwise the patient is liable and very likely to suffer a relapse when a cold or exposure to the miasm shall again aggravate the complaint. But having once cleansed the virus entirely from the blood, having once stimulated the excretories to expel it all, they become habituated, educated, so to speak, to continue to expel it as it continues to be absorbed through the lungs. This is what is termed acclimation: the system becomes used to the venomous intrusion, knows how to expel it, and does expel it, as fast as taken in. Hence, those who are once completely cured are little likely to be afflicted again, and are sure to be protected from the complaint if they continue the occasional use of this "CURE," to stimulate the liver and assist its secretion of the virus from the blood. Ere long it will become habituated to do it alone. It is this peculiarity of adaptation in man, which enables him, unlike other animals, to exist any where, from the equator to the pole. But it must take time or skill to effect this acclimation to bilious countries. Without skilful aid, one generation will surely perish in the process; the next will suffer less, and the next little, or none at all. Time will educate the excretories to do their office; but, if left to time alone, one or more generations will perish before this lesson to the constitution is learned. This "AGUE CURE" does the work of time, and does it at once, by stimulating the liver to do at once what it would take it a whole lifetime to learn to do. It should be faithfully taken according to the directions, to accomplish its purpose thoroughly, to remove not only the symptoms, but the disease, and the cause of the disease.

When the SPLEEN AND MESENTERIC GLANDS are found to be enlarged, or *Ague Cake* is felt after recovery, rub the abdomen with a liniment made of aqua ammonia, oil origanum and olive oil, mixed in equal parts, and keep the bowels open with blue pill or AYER'S PILLS. The swelling should soon disappear.

The same treatment should be employed, and with even more care, where the inflammation settles on the lungs. It will be felt by a pain in the side, with quick, labored respiration, oppression on the lungs, and sometimes cough. This is liable to be a dangerous complication of the disease, and should have the best attention.

The diet during the intervals of paroxysm should be light and nourishing, in moderate quantity, and taken not too close upon the fit. If there are symptoms of internal inflammation or congestion, abstain from food, or take it lightly, until they subside. Broths and weak soups are most suitable, as also poultry and game. Whilst recovering, continue to pay strict attention to diet, partaking of easily-digestible, light, and palatable food. Keep the bowels open where they are sluggish or incline to be costive, and AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are an excellent aperient for this purpose. Regular and moderate exercise, especially on horseback, will materially promote recovery. Avoid exposure to the cold, to easterly and northerly winds, to moisture, and the night air.

In severe cases, the patient should be removed into a salubrious climate, if he can be; but when this is impracticable, every possible care should be taken, by seclusion from the night air and exposure, to protect him from further contamination.

Tenth Month.

OCTOBER, 1861.

31 Days.

| Moon's Phases.  |       | Moon's Place.                   | CALENDAR   |           |             | Sun Fast. | CALENDAR   |             |             |
|---|-------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| D.  | H. M. |                                 | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |           | Sun rises. | Sun sets.   | Moon rises. |
| D. M.   | D. W. | Miscellaneous Phenomena.        | S. D.      | H. M.     | H. M.       | H. M.     | H. M.      | H. M.       |             |
| New Moon, . . . . .   | 4     | 1 49 M.                         |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| First Quarter, . . . . .  | 10    | 5 1 A.                          |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| Full Moon, . . . . .  | 18    | 1 30 A.                         |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .   | 26    | 4 47 A.                         |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| 1 Tu  | ♂     | Jup. ☿. Murat shot, 1815.       | ♄          | 3 5 57    | 5 41        | 2 41      | 10 5 57    | 5 42 2 43   |             |
| 2 We  | ♂     | Sat. ☿. Andre hung, 1780.       | ♄          | 17 5 58   | 5 39        | 3 55      | 11 5 58    | 5 40 3 56   |             |
| 3 Th  | ♀     | in aph. ♂♂ ☿. Cool              | ♄          | 2 5 59    | 5 38        | 5 10      | 11 5 59    | 5 38 5 9    |             |
| 4 Fri   |       | 4th. Bat. Germant'n.            | ♄          | 17 6 0    | 5 36        | sets.     | 11 6 0     | 5 37 sets.  |             |
| 5 Sat   | ☾     | ♂ ☿. weather. [1777.]           | ♄          | 2 6 1     | 5 34        | 6 1       | 12 6 1     | 5 35 6 5    |             |
| 40) 19th Sun. after Trin. Venus in Scorpio. 11h. 30m. Day's length. 11h. 31m. |       |                                 |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| 6 Su  | ♂     | venus ☿. Cold rain.             | ♄          | 17 6 3    | 5 33        | 6 45      | 12 6 2     | 5 33 6 50   |             |
| 7 Mo  |       | Battle of Stillwater, 1777.     | ♄          | 2 6 4     | 5 31        | 7 37      | 12 6 3     | 5 32 7 43   |             |
| 8 Tu  |       | Bat. Leipsic, 1813. Clears off. | ♄          | 17 6 5    | 5 29        | 8 36      | 13 6 4     | 5 30 8 42   |             |
| 9 We  |       | Florida purch., 1820. Look      | ♄          | 1 6 6     | 5 27        | 9 41      | 13 6 5     | 5 29 9 47   |             |
| 10 Th   | ☾     | 10th. [America, 1492.]          | ♄          | 15 6 7    | 5 26        | 10 49     | 13 6 6     | 5 27 10 54  |             |
| 11 Fri  |       | Columbus discovered             | ♄          | 28 6 8    | 5 24        | 11 57     | 13 6 7     | 5 26 morn   |             |
| 12 Sat  |       | New York captured, 1776.        | ♄          | 11 6 10   | 5 23        | morn      | 14 6 8     | 5 24 0 1    |             |
| 41) 20th Sun. after Trin. Mars in Libra. 11h. 10m. Day's length. 11h. 13m.    |       |                                 |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| 13 Su   |       | out for frost in the north.     | ♄          | 24 6 11   | 5 21        | 1 4       | 14 6 9     | 5 22 1 7    |             |
| 14 Mo   |       | 17th. Burgoyne surren. 1777.    | ♄          | 6 6 12    | 5 19        | 2 9       | 14 6 10    | 5 21 2 11   |             |
| 15 Tu   | ♂♀    | ♂ Scorpii. Rainy and            | ♄          | 18 6 13   | 5 18        | 3 11      | 14 6 11    | 5 19 3 11   |             |
| 16 We   | ♂     | Neptune ☿. unsettled            | ♄          | 1 6 14    | 5 16        | 4 12      | 14 6 13    | 5 18 4 11   |             |
| 17 Th   |       | St. Luke, Evan. weather.        | ♄          | 13 6 16   | 5 15        | 5 13      | 15 6 14    | 5 16 5 11   |             |
| 18 Fri  | ☾     | 18th. Chilly.                   | ♄          | 25 6 17   | 5 13        | 6 14      | 15 6 15    | 5 15 6 11   |             |
| 19 Sat  | ♀     | in aphelion. High               | ♄          | 7 6 18    | 5 11        | rises.    | 15 6 16    | 5 13 rises. |             |
| 42) 21st Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Virgo. 10h. 51m. Day's length. 10h. 55m. |       |                                 |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| 20 Su   | ♂     | gr. elong. E. winds.            | ♄          | 19 6 19   | 5 10        | 5 46      | 15 6 17    | 5 12 5 51   |             |
| 21 Mo   |       | Ulm taken, 1805. Changeable.    | ♄          | 0 6 20    | 5 8         | 6 27      | 15 6 18    | 5 11 6 33   |             |
| 22 Tu   | ♂     | Uranus ☿. Quite                 | ♄          | 12 6 21   | 5 7         | 7 12      | 15 6 19    | 5 9 7 18    |             |
| 23 We   | ♂     | gr. Hel. Lat. S. cool           | ♄          | 24 6 22   | 5 5         | 8 4       | 16 6 20    | 5 8 8 10    |             |
| 24 Th   |       | Daniel Webster died, 1852.      | ♄          | 6 6 24    | 5 4         | 9 2       | 16 6 21    | 5 6 9 7     |             |
| 25 Fri  | ♂     | ♂ ♃. and                        | ♄          | 18 6 25   | 5 3         | 10 6      | 16 6 23    | 5 5 10 11   |             |
| 26 Sat  | ☾     | 26th. raw.                      | ♄          | 1 6 26    | 5 1         | 11 12     | 16 6 24    | 5 4 11 15   |             |
| 43) 22d Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 10h. 33m. Day's length. 10h. 37m.   |       |                                 |            |           |             |           |            |             |             |
| 27 Su   |       | Solomon's Temp. ded. 1004.      | ♄          | 14 6 27   | 5 0         | morn      | 16 6 25    | 5 2 morn    |             |
| 28 Mo   |       | St. Simon and St. Jude. [B.C.]  | ♄          | 27 6 28   | 4 58        | 0 20      | 16 6 26    | 5 1 0 22    |             |
| 29 Tu   | ♂     | Saturn ☿. Clouds up             | ♄          | 11 6 29   | 4 57        | 1 30      | 16 6 27    | 5 0 1 31    |             |
| 30 We   | ♂     | Jupiter ☿. for                  | ♄          | 25 6 31   | 4 56        | 2 43      | 16 6 28    | 4 59 2 43   |             |
| 31 Th   | ♂     | Mars ☿. rain.                   | ♄          | 10 6 32   | 4 54        | 3 58      | 16 6 30    | 4 57 3 56   |             |

An Irishman got out of the cars at a railway station for refreshments, and unfortunately the bell rang and the train left before he had finished his repast. "Hould on!" cried Pat, as he ran like mad after the cars; "hould on, ye murderin old sthame ingin—ye've got a passenger aboard that's lift behind."

In India a lac of rupees is wealth—here it is poverty.

Prentice defines the "slavery issue to be about 25,000 nigger babies a year."

At a church collection for missions, the preacher said: "My Christian brethren, let me caution those of you who put in buttons, not to break off the eyes. It spoils them for use, and they will not pass among the heathen for coin."

"There's more in that fellow's head than you suspect." "No there ain't," said Dick, "for I always thought he had 'em."

The only persons who are always dignified are those who are always dull.

To eradicate this disorder from the system, take **Ayer's Ague Cure**, according to the *directions* given on the bottle. It is prepared from a newly-discovered substance, hitherto unknown, but which is found to be a specific antidote for the miasmatic poison which engenders bilious disease. An extensive trial of its virtues has proven this to be true beyond all question. Hence it will be seen to be a discovery of priceless value to the multitudes who suffer from this afflicting disorder.

The crowning excellence of this remedy, above its certainty to cure, is, that no injurious effects whatever can arise from its use. Unless organic disorder had been induced before the "CURE" was taken, the patient will be left as healthy as if he had never had the disease. Many of the terrible bilious fevers on the Isthmus and in hot countries may be avoided by taking this "AGUE CURE" daily as a pleasant tonic bitter, in small quantity, while exposed. They arise from the same miasmatic influence as our intermittents, and the removal of their cause from the system will surely protect from their attacks. We have some flattering reasons to believe it will even prove a *preventive* of that dreadful scourge in the tropics—the Yellow Fever; but have not yet such indisputable proofs as will warrant us in asserting it as an established fact. It is unnecessary to mention the vast importance to human life which hangs on this question.

As a **TONIC** and for **LIVER COMPLAINTS** most excellent effects are reported of it, from many quarters. Its virtues act so directly on the **LIVER**, that any derangement of that organ is at once affected by it. Hence atony or torpidity of the Liver, as well as congestion of that organ, is generally soon relieved by this remedy. It has been found very useful to protect from the internal derangements and disorders that are peculiar to bilious countries, and persons subject to these influences should take it from time to time, as a tonic bitter, and they will find great immunity from the fevers and bilious attacks from such occasional use of it. It has been found to cure, when nothing else would, inveterate and distressing Liver Complaints.

It has this important difference from the "*Bitters*" usually sold; that it is purely a medicine. Many of them are more suitable and more sought for as a beverage than for their power over disease. Most of the Tonic Bitters in market are chiefly whiskey, or rum tinctured with some palatable bitter, like quassia, gentian, &c., and flavored to drink. They are not designed to be efficient remedies, and of course are not very powerful antidotes to disease. The peculiarity of our preparations is known to be their purely medicinal character, and that they are made solely with a reference to their antagonism to disease. This "Ague Cure" is wholly of this character, and we would advise only those who are actually sick, and need remedial aid, to use it. For a beverage or for purposes of intoxication, there are many Bitters in market preferable to it. But for stimulating the disordered digestive apparatus into healthy action, and for giving tone and strength to the system, it has no equal. Hence it is most excellent for the indigestion, want of appetite, and general weakness of body by which thousands are afflicted, and for which ready and sure relief is so difficult to obtain. The torpid state of the Liver and Stomach which afflict so many in the spring with loss of appetite, weakness, drowsiness, and the troublesome symptoms of bilious derangements, are surely and rapidly corrected by this remedy. Great numbers of patients report that it has speedily cured them when all other medicines had failed, and they are, as they should be, extravagant in their praise of a remedy which so easily and so promptly relieves them from suffering. As a Tonic Bitter, for the actual cure of diseases where one is required, nothing has been, or is likely to be, devised which can equal this compound. If one ever is invented superior to it, by all means use it, for the sick should have the best remedial aid that can be obtained.

We wish gratefully to acknowledge the many certificates we have received from those who have been cured by this Preparation, and who are both mindful enough and kind enough to report it to us. But we shall not publish any certificates, because this Remedy has been found to cure so uniformly, in every case, and without exception, that its effects become known beyond all dispute wherever it has a trial. Dealers write us constantly that our "AGUE CURE" *never fails*, and as no one has ever informed us of a case where it did fail, we will not occupy the space here with evidence which seems to be uncalled for. Our readers well know that we are not chargeable with making wanton assertions of the infallibility of our remedies, and that we promulgate neither this nor any other statement without convincing proof of its truth. We offer to the people here a remedy which, while it contains neither Quinine or any mineral, or any injurious substance whatever, still invariably cures FEVER AND AGUE. That such a remedy must prove a priceless blessing to the sick, will be felt by all who have a spark of sympathy for their suffering fellow-men, and know the prevalence of the afflicting disorders it cures.

PRICE \$1.

Eleventh Month. NOVEMBER, 1861. 30 Days.

| Moon's Phases.  |   | Moon's place.                         | CALENDAR   |           |             | Sun fast. | CALENDAR   |           |             |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| D.  | H. M.   |                                       | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |           | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon rises. |
| M. D.   | W. D.   | Miscellaneous Phenomena.              | S. D.      | H. M.     | H. M.       | H. M.     | H. M.      | H. M.     | H. M.       |
| New Moon, . . . . .   | 2   | 10 56 M.                              |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| First Quarter, . . . . .  | 9   | 5 36 M.                               |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| Full Moon, . . . . .  | 17  | 7 59 M.                               |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| Last Quarter, . . . . .   | 25  | 5 59 M.                               |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| 1 Fri   |    | All Saints' Day. <i>Pleas-</i>        | ♌          | 25 6 34   | 4 53        | 5 16      | 16 6 31    | 4 56      | 5 13        |
| 2 Sat   |    | 2d. Deluge, 2348 B. C.                | ♍          | 11 6 35   | 4 52        | 6 36      | 16 6 32    | 4 55      | 6 32        |
| 44) 23d Sun. after Trin. Venus in Sagitt. 10h. 15m. Day's length. 10h. 21m. |   |                                       |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| 3 Su  | ♃ ♃ ♃.  | <i>ant.</i>                           | ♍          | 26 6 36   | 4 51        | sets.     | 16 6 33    | 4 54      | sets.       |
| 4 Mo  |   | Bat. Hohenlinden, 1800. <i>Cold</i>   | ♎          | 11 6 37   | 4 49        | 6 19      | 16 6 34    | 4 53      | 6 25        |
| 5 Tu  | ♃   | Venus ♄. Guy Fawkes'                  | ♎          | 26 6 39   | 4 48        | 7 26      | 16 6 36    | 4 52      | 7 32        |
| 6 We  |   | Long Parliam't, 1640. [ <i>day.</i> ] | ♏          | 10 6 40   | 4 47        | 8 36      | 16 6 37    | 4 50      | 8 41        |
| 7 Th  |   | Bat. Tippecanoe, '11. <i>nights.</i>  | ♏          | 24 6 41   | 4 46        | 9 47      | 16 6 38    | 4 49      | 9 51        |
| 8 Fri   |    | Justinian died, 565.                  | ♐          | 8 6 42    | 4 45        | 10 56     | 16 6 39    | 4 48      | 10 59       |
| 9 Sat   |   | 9th. Milton d. 1674.                  | ♐          | 21 6 44   | 4 44        | morn      | 16 6 41    | 4 47      | morn        |
| 45) 24th Sun. after Trin. Mars in Libra. 9h. 58m. Day's length. 10h. 4m.    |   |                                       |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| 10 Su   | ♀   | gr. Hel. Lat. S. <i>Frosty.</i>       | ♏          | 3 6 45    | 4 43        | 0         | 2 16 6 42  | 4 46      | 0 4         |
| 11 Mo   |   | Transit of ♃, invisible.              | ♏          | 16 6 46   | 4 42        | 1         | 5 16 6 43  | 4 45      | 1 6         |
| 12 Tu   | ♃ ♃ ♃   | Inf. <i>Some dashes</i>               | ♏          | 28 6 48   | 4 41        | 2         | 6 16 6 44  | 4 44      | 2 6         |
| 13 We   |   | Grt. Patent for N. E. 1620. <i>of</i> | ♐          | 10 6 49   | 4 40        | 3         | 6 15 6 45  | 4 44      | 3 5         |
| 14 Th   |   | 10th. Milton d. 1674. <i>snow</i>     | ♐          | 22 6 50   | 4 39        | 4         | 6 15 6 46  | 4 43      | 4 3         |
| 15 Fri  | ♃   | ♃ in perihelion. <i>in the</i>        | ♐          | 4 6 51    | 4 38        | 5         | 7 15 6 47  | 4 42      | 5 3         |
| 16 Sat  |   | Tea destroyed at Bost. 1773.          | ♐          | 16 6 53   | 4 37        | 6         | 7 15 6 49  | 4 41      | 6 3         |
| 46) 25th Sun. after Trin. Jupiter in Virgo. 9h. 42m. Day's length. 9h. 50m. |   |                                       |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| 17 Su   |    | 17th. <i>month.</i>                   | ♏          | 27 6 54   | 4 36        | rises.    | 15 6 50    | 4 40      | rises.      |
| 18 Mo   |   | Luther born, 1483. <i>and</i>         | ♏          | 9 6 55    | 4 35        | 5         | 7 15 6 51  | 4 40      | 5 13        |
| 19 Tu   | ♃   | Uranus ♄. <i>cool rains</i>           | ♏          | 21 6 56   | 4 35        | 6         | 0 14 6 52  | 4 39      | 6 6         |
| 20 We   |   | Bat. Fort Washington, 1776.           | ♏          | 3 6 57    | 4 34        | 6         | 57 14 6 54 | 4 38      | 7 2         |
| 21 Th   | ♃   | ♃ stationary. <i>in the south.</i>    | ♏          | 16 6 59   | 4 33        | 7         | 58 14 6 55 | 4 38      | 8 3         |
| 22 Fri  |   | Bat. Breslau, 1757. <i>Warmer.</i>    | ♏          | 28 7 0    | 4 33        | 9         | 2 14 6 56  | 4 37      | 9 6         |
| 23 Sat  |   | Disapp. Saturn's Ring. <i>The</i>     | ♏          | 10 7 1    | 4 32        | 10        | 9 13 6 57  | 4 37      | 10 12       |
| 47) 26th Sun. after Trin. Saturn in Virgo. 9h 30m. Day's length. 9h. 38m.   |   |                                       |            |           |             |           |            |           |             |
| 24 Su   |  | Pres. Taylor b. 1790.                 | ♏          | 23 7 2    | 4 32        | 11        | 17 13 6 58 | 4 36      | 11 19       |
| 25 Mo   |   | 25th. <i>last of sum-</i>             | ♏          | 7 7 3     | 4 31        | morn      | 13 6 59    | 4 36      | morn        |
| 26 Tu   | gr. Hel. Lat. N.  | <i>mer for</i>                        | ♏          | 20 7 4    | 4 31        | 0         | 25 12 7 0  | 4 36      | 0 25        |
| 27 We   | ♃   | Jupiter ♄. <i>this year.</i>          | ♏          | 4 7 5     | 4 30        | 1         | 36 12 7 1  | 4 35      | 1 35        |
| 28 Th   | ♃   | gr. elong. W. <i>Blustering</i>       | ♏          | 19 7 7    | 4 30        | 2         | 50 12 7 2  | 4 35      | 2 48        |
| 29 Fri  | ♃ ♃ ♃.  | <i>winds.</i>                         | ♏          | 4 7 8     | 4 29        | 4         | 6 11 7 3   | 4 34      | 4 3         |
| 30 Sat  | ♃ ♃ ♃.  | St. And'w. <i>Cloudy.</i>             | ♏          | 19 7 9    | 4 29        | 5         | 24 11 7 4  | 4 34      | 5 19        |

The prepared glue so much advertised in the newspapers is made by dissolving common glue in warm water, and then adding acetic acid (strong vinegar) to keep it. Dissolve 1 pound of best glue in 1 pint of water, and add 1 pint of vinegar. It is ready for use.

*Times change.* Elijah was once transported for his goodness: but Mr. Elijah has been transported from London for stealing.

"If dirt was trumps, what a hand you would hold," said Lamb to a filthy partner at whist.

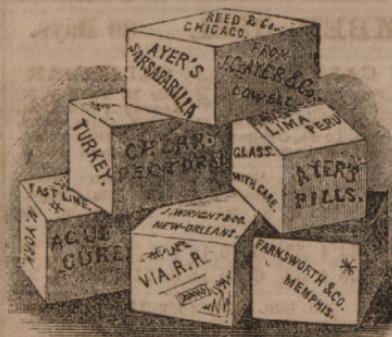
The Japanese embassy here obtained through the authorities an interview with Dr. J. C. Ayer, the celebrated American chemist, and desired him to have his remedies provided with directions in their native tongue, for general introduction in Japan. Although already sold there, yet with directions only in the European languages, they are not available to the masses of the people, and the shrewd Kamis appreciate the importance to their countrymen of remedies ready at hand to control diseases which their own physicians cannot cure. — *New York Reporter.*

# AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This is an anodyne expectorant, prepared to meet the urgent demand for a safe and reliable antidote for diseases of the throat and lungs. Disorders of the pulmonary organs are so prevalent and so fatal in our ever-changing climate, that a reliable antidote has been long and anxiously sought for



by the whole community. The indispensable qualities of such a remedy for popular use must be, certainty of healthy operation, absence of danger from accidental over-doses, and adaptation to every patient of any age or either sex. These conditions have been realized in this preparation, which, while it reaches to the foundations of disease, and acts with unfailing certainty, is still harmless to the most delicate invalid or tender infant. A trial of many years has proved to the world that it is efficacious in curing pulmonary complaints, beyond any remedy hitherto known to mankind. As time makes these facts wider and better known, this medicine has gradually become a staple necessity, from the log cabin of the American peasant to the palaces of European kings. Throughout this entire country, in every state, city, and indeed almost every hamlet it contains, the CHERRY PECTORAL is known by its works. Each has living evidence of its unrivalled usefulness, in some recovered victim, or victims, from the threatening symptoms of Consumption. Although this is not true to so great an extent abroad, still the article is well understood, in many foreign countries, to be the best medicine extant for distempers of the respiratory organs, and in several of them it is extensively used by their most intelligent physicians. In Great Britain, France, and Germany, where the medical sciences have reached their highest perfection, CHERRY PECTORAL is introduced, and in constant use in the armies, hospitals, almshouses, public institutions, and in domestic practice, as the surest remedy their attending physicians can employ for the more dangerous affections of the lungs. Thousands of cases of pulmonary disease, which had baffled every expedient of human skill, have been permanently cured by the CHERRY PECTORAL, and these cures speak convincingly to all who know them.

Annexed we give minute directions for its use, in the several varieties of pulmonary complaints it is designed to cure, with some few of the many hundreds of testimonials that overflowing gratitude has brought us.

**FOR A COLD AND COUGH,** take from 20 to 40 drops for an adult, morning, noon, and evening, according to directions on the bottle. Make the dose largest at evening, and smallest before eating. Carefully avoid exposures. If your Cold is accompanied with Headache and Soreness of the body, take about five CATHARTIC PILLS, which will probably remove that difficulty. Persevere with the CHERRY PECTORAL until it stops the Cough also. None would long suffer with these complaints, if they knew how easily they are cured. By the timely use of these remedies, many — nay, almost all such attacks — may be arrested; and thus is checked in its commencement the scourge that sweeps from our midst thousands and thousands every year. Persons afflicted with a seated cough, which breaks them of their rest at night, will find, by taking the CHERRY PECTORAL on going to bed, they may be sure of sound, unbroken sleep, and consequently refreshing rest.

**BRONCHITIS** begins by irritation or soreness of the throat and upper portion of the lungs. The attack is insidious, and frequently considered of but little consequence in its commencement, but is, nevertheless, dangerous from its tendency to increase and spread on the lungs, becoming settled, fatal consumption. Patients suffering from this complaint should take free and easy exercise in the open air, with good, healthy diet; they must abstain from much use of the voice, and avoid every thing which at all irritates the throat or lungs. Close rooms and seclusion, by decreasing the strength, serve to aggravate the disease. While observing the above directions, the CHERRY PECTORAL should be taken in small and frequent doses. It will generally be soon found to have removed the complaint. When once cured, caution should be taken to avoid the irritating causes which may bring it on again.

**CONSUMPTION** of the Lungs is so distressing, and fatal in its results, that those afflicted with its premonitory symptoms should have the earliest and best assistance for the recovery of their health which it is possible to procure. This appalling cause of the present races of men will still be uncontrollable enough, and fatal enough, after all that can be done by human skill to arrest it. Consumptive patients generally think lightly of their cases, and often trifle with them until it is too late. From this, perhaps, more than any other one cause, arises the general and fatal prevalence of a disease which shows its track in astounding numbers on the bills of mortality. In view of these facts, we would warn our readers to seek early the best and surest relief they can find for colds and coughs that settle on the lungs. Do not allow them to become chronic, if you can by any means prevent it; and you generally can. Do not neglect a cough because it seems to be but little troublesome now. Now is the time it should be cured, and now is, we hope, not yet the time when all care and all human skill must be lavished upon you in vain. A cough neglected becomes chronic, and leads to the formation of tubercles in the lungs. These are accompanied with night sweats and decline, which soon carry their victim beyond the reach of human aid, where a lingering, but inevitable death closes the scene. Experience shows that the **CHERRY PECTORAL**, seasonably taken, seldom fails to remove these complaints, and almost every community has numerous cures from it, to which they can turn for proof. It should be freely taken, according to directions on the bottle, whenever the first attacks of cough, hoarseness, sore throat, or pain in the side are felt, and should be repeated until the difficulty is removed. When the disease is farther advanced, it should be taken under the advice of an intelligent physician, if possible, and every precaution favorable to the patient should be observed. Take abundant nourishing food, and healthy, but not violent exercise. Avoid exposure to the night air and to additional colds. If troubled with tedious coughing at night, take a large dose of **CHERRY PECTORAL** on going to bed. It will generally stop it, and afford sound, refreshing sleep. The consumptive invalid should wear warm woollen clothing, flannel shirts and drawers next the skin, with warm and always dry stockings. Rub the body morning and evening with a flesh brush or coarse cloth. When the appetite and health begin to return, relax none of the treatment which has brought them, until you are entirely well. Never attempt to force an appetite. Avoid salt meats, pastries, and condiments; and take your meals at equal, regular intervals. Shun the practice of eating little and often; for in disease the stomach partakes of the debility of the body, and requires rest. Fresh meats, game, poultry, and fresh fish, with plain vegetables, rice, bread, milk, and weak tea or coffee, should make up the diet of the consumptive invalid. Good porter is a spur to digestion, and rarely disagrees with the stomach. Leave the appetite to roam over the whole range of healthy food for its selection, but deny the indulgence of its morbid cravings for what is injurious. Exercise should be taken daily in the open air, as far as the strength will permit. Avoid strong currents of air and facing the wind; but, above all, avoid getting chilled. While following, carefully, these directions, take the **CHERRY PECTORAL** in such doses as shall be found adapted to the system; and we hope, with you, that a complete cure will be the result.

Constitutional **SCROFULA** is often the real cause of Consumption, through its deposition of tubercles in the lungs. These cases may be determined by careful study of our remarks on Sarsaparilla, wherein the *symptoms* of Scrofula are given. In Scrofulous Consumption the **CHERRY PECTORAL** can only palliate, but not cure. To effect a cure, the Scrofula must be eradicated from the system, and this can best be done by our **COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA**, which has been designed for that especial purpose.

Parents who have in charge the health of their children cannot be too watchful of the insidious enemy which fastens itself upon them ere its symptoms are considered serious. Lives that are priceless to you are sacrificed through neglect to employ suitable remedies and proper care in due season. True, there are cases which no care or skill can control; but they are comparatively few. The number is much greater of those whose health could have been saved by early attention. Nor should implicit confidence be placed in any *remedy* alone. Careful treatment and avoidance of exposure are as important as a good medicine. Indeed, the best of medicines must fail if these points are neglected. Another block, over which thousands stumble into a premature grave, is dependence on worthless remedies. They trust a broken reed until the time for their relief has passed. One of the purposes of this little annual is to make known what we think the best of all remedies, and some of the *reasons* for thinking so. Read the following certificates, and see if we have not well-founded ground for belief that the **CHERRY PECTORAL** is a priceless remedy to the unfortunates who are haunted by the preliminary symptoms of this dreadful disease.

From Dr. Burnet, the distinguished Physician for Diseases of the Chest, in

Philadelphia, Pa., October 12, 1853.

DR. J. C. AYER. MY DEAR SIR: I think it but right to inform you that I have seen a most remarkable cure of *Consumption* by your **PECTORAL** in this place. A beautiful young lady, nineteen years of age, was reduced to the last stage of disease; her cough was most distressing, and the expectoration part blood, and part matter, mixed with large lumps like pieces of the lung. I used all the orthodox remedies without effect, and then had recourse to the **PECTORAL**, which, to the indescribable joy of her family, has restored her to their arms perfectly well. It is not the custom for physicians to laud such preparations; but common justice demands this statement, and I shall always recommend the **CHERRY PECTORAL** in similar cases.

Yours respectfully,

JABEZ P. BURNET, M. D.

From the well-known inspector of the Commissariat Department in the army:

Quebec, Upper Canada, April 5, 1854.

DR. AYER. SIR: The dreadful disease of *Consumption* being hereditary in my family, my wife has never borne a child without feeling the apprehension that it would be a victim to that fearful complaint. Three children we have already lost in the bloom of youth; and the fourth, our last remaining little girl, exhibited all the premonitory symptoms; but, happily, we tried your CHERRY PECTORAL, which entirely dissipated all our anxiety. With this remedy in the house, I shall no longer fear this great evil, as I feel the utmost confidence in your medicine, and shall recommend it.

W. G. HARTWELL.

Mrs. Amelia Stearns, wife of Dea. George E. Stearns, of Houghton Co., Mich., had robust health, and four children. Exposed to a drenching rain she took cold, which settled on her lungs. A hard cough troubled her by day, and racked her frame at night, breaking her rest and constitution. Also her flesh and strength wasted away. The hollow cough, the pearly white and glossy eye, emaciated form and sunken features, told without disguise, and painfully distinct, that the insatiate worm was eating at her vitals. Remedies brought no relief, nor learned physicians' skill, nor tenderest care. In vain she prayed to wait and watch the little cherubs which she could not part from; in vain their tiny hands were raised to ask some respite for their mother. Swiftly the inexorable distemper dragged her down towards the end. The sick try every thing, and watchful care brought her the PECTORAL we make for such a trial. It soothed her lacerated lungs, already torn to bleeding by tuberculous decay. Her cough diminished — almost ceased — for that is CHERRY PECTORAL'S mission. Some appetite returned, and rest. Who that has not lain there can describe the joy that hope brings when the sufferer feels an antidote has broken his disease! Slowly the constitution built up its shattered fragments, and lungs, already half decayed, still did her breathing passably, and gave to her another lease of life. She cannot quite recover her full strength, but now enjoys good health again.

West Mill Grove, Wood Co., Ohio, 10th July, 1853.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: My father had a *lung complaint* for the last five years, growing worse every spring, and the most of last winter was confined to his bed. He had tried a great many different kinds of medicines, and employed several good physicians, but it was all of no avail. His friends had all given him up, thinking he could not live through the summer. About the middle of last March we got a bottle of your CHERRY PECTORAL, and by the time he had taken it all, he was able to walk out a little. Since that time I have bought two dozen bottles to sell in my store, and it was all gone in eleven days after I offered it for sale. My father is at present walking around, attending to his farming business; and two months ago he did not expect to leave his bed again. His cure must be attributed to your medicine, and of course he feels very thankful, and would be exceedingly gratified to see you — the man who has cured him — if he could.

JOHN A. BRADNER.

Friesburg, Salem Co., N. J., December 4, 1854.

To S. L. FITHIAN, Esq., Agent for DR. AYER. SIR: I have the satisfaction to inform you the CHERRY PECTORAL you recommended for my daughter has cured her. We had thought her going in *consumption* for some time, and nothing we could do afforded her any permanent relief. She began to mend when she commenced taking the CHERRY PECTORAL, and is now, after using two bottles, entirely well.

Yours, most truly,

M. JOHNSTON.

From an eloquent Divine of the South:

Colorado, Texas, 17th January, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: I should be wanting in gratitude, if I failed to acknowledge what your CHERRY PECTORAL has done for me. I was attacked, about ten months since, with bronchitis, which settled into *consumption*. I had night sweats and fever chills, was distressed for breath, and frequently spit blood; was all emaciated, very weak, and so low that my friends thought my case hopeless. A brother clergyman advised the trial of your CHERRY PECTORAL, which, under the providence of God, has cured me. That He may bless the use of your medicines to others as he has to me, and that his divine grace attend you, is the prayer of your humble servant, ELIPHALET BEECHER.

The following is from the daughter of one of the oldest merchants in the State:

Lexington, Kentucky, July 8, 1854.

DR. AYER. SIR: Six months ago, I little thought that I should at this time be in this world. I appeared to be in the last stage of *consumption*, and was continually bringing up what the doctors said were pieces of my lungs. I was brought down to a mere skeleton, and had terrible night sweats, which reduced me to the utmost weakness. The hard cough wore me out, and I spit blood continually. As a last resource, but without much hope, I tried CHERRY PECTORAL, which, to the surprise of all, speedily abated the worst symptoms; and, by persevering in its use, I am now as well as ever I was in my life. With grateful feelings, I remain yours.

MARY JANE WILLIAMS.

Washington, Pa., April 12, 1848.

DEAR SIR: Feeling that I have been spared from a premature grave through your instrumentality, by the providence of God, I will take the liberty to express to you my gratitude. A cough, and the alarming symptoms of *consumption*, had reduced me too low to leave me any thing like hope, when my physician brought me a bottle of your PECTORAL. It seemed to afford immediate relief, and now in a few weeks' time has restored me to sound health. If it will do for others what it has done for me, you are certainly one of the benefactors of mankind. Sincerely wishing you every blessing, I am, very respectfully, yours,

JOHN J. CLARKE, Rector of St. Peter's Church.

If these things are not true, why do so many men of high character affirm it? If they are true, who can measure the value of such a medicine to mankind?

# Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

For all the purposes of a Family Physic.



Nothing is more generally required in every section, over the whole country, than a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine. Such, we are sure, we furnish in these PILLS. Free from mercury and every mineral and every deleterious substance, they are harmless to infants or the most delicate patients. Yet, composed, as they are, from powerful vegetable remedies, they are searching, and sufficiently active to cleanse out the obstructions in the most vigorous and robust constitutions. These PILLS have been prepared to supply a safer, surer, and every way better purgative remedy than has hitherto been available to the American people. No cost or toil has been spared in bringing them to a state of perfection which, now, after years of patient, laborious investigation, is actually realized. Their every part and property has been carefully adjusted, by experiment, to produce the best effect which, in the present state of the medical sciences, it is possible to produce on the animal economy of man. To secure the utmost advantages which follow the use of common cathartics, the curative virtues alone of medicines are employed in their composition, and so combined as to insure their equable, uniform action on every portion of the alimentary canal.

To avoid all liability to injury, these PILLS are made from purely vegetable substances, which are perfectly harmless when taken alone or in the combination which is here offered. As the vegetable substances are more destructible from the action of the air and time than minerals, these PILLS are covered with a perfect coating of sugar to protect them from change. As this coating dissolves in moist atmospheres, it is some trouble for the druggists to keep them perfectly. But this they can do by a little care, and this they should do, for the good of their patrons. By putting them in a glass jar they may be preserved for any length of time in the dampest climate. When so preserved, they are, of course, more perfect than a naked pill. The object of the sugar coating is not so much to make it more easily swallowed (although with many this is very much an object) as to preserve its active virtues from deterioration. All the vegetable pills hitherto made have been compounded from the powdered drugs. These are made from the *extracted virtues* of medicinal substances in a soluble form, which are, of course, more congenial to the stomach, and far more effectual in their action on disease. No high-minded druggist, who appreciates these facts, will fail to keep these PILLS for the good of his neighborhood and for the benefit of his patrons who desire them, even though there are some he can sell which make him less trouble and pay him a little larger profit.

In making this PILL, it is our object to supply the best which has been, or by any present possibility could be, produced. That this has been successfully accomplished, is shown by its effects all over the country. While thousands upon thousands acknowledge their indebtedness to it for the cure of serious and dangerous complaints, no instance is known where any injury whatever is even alleged to arise from their use. That they do cure the various complaints for which they are recommended, is too well known by the experience of the whole community, to need such an assurance from us. Scarcely a village or a neighborhood can be found in the whole country but has some cases, publicly known, where these PILLS have produced cures too remarkable to be mistaken or overlooked. They are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the

invalid, who is bowed down with pain or physical debility, is astonished to find his health and energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting

It is hardly necessary to inform the intelligent that Indian Medicines, Indian Pills, and Indian pretensions, generally, are without real merit. All the Indians ever knew of the healing art was very little, and that little was learned of them long ago. The medical skill imputed to them is a delusion which is imposed upon the public for mercenary ends. Shun all such pretensions and pretenders as unmitigated cheats.

Subjoined we give the various disorders this PILL is calculated to cure, and although they have many names, yet but one origin, which is, derangement of the digestive and assimilative apparatus, from which arises an impure or unhealthy state of the blood. Whichever of these be the distemper, this is its origin, and it is this we must cure.

"The life of all flesh is the blood thereof;" and no life or flesh can be healthy while its blood is diseased. If the blood is foul, drawing a part of it does not cleanse the balance. It must be purified at its fountains. The assimilative organism that produces it must be stimulated into healthy action, and the health of the whole system will follow. The whole visceral system is engaged in the manufacture of blood, and derangement in any one of its organs disorders this pabulum of life. In the following pages are given *directions* to show which one of the internal organs is diseased, and how the remedy should be taken for its cure.

**HEADACHE.**—Nervous Headache and Sick Headache are induced by costiveness, indigestion, foul stomach, or other derangement of the digestive system. Persons suffering from these complaints should avoid coffee, rum, ale, and tobacco, should keep their bowels open, by small doses of the CATHARTIC PILLS, and should be as regular as possible in their habits. Those of sedentary pursuits must take exercise, and those subject to exposure must protect themselves as much as possible; but all must keep the bowels loose. These directions, carefully followed, will rarely fail to remove the difficulty. See their effects:

*Sea Side, Gloucester, Mass., August 15, 1854.*

SIR: Pardon the liberty I am taking to inform you of the benefit I have received from your PILLS. I came here by the direction of my physician, Dr. Channing, of New York city, to try the effect of sea bathing upon my complaints, which seemed to be general weakness, with sick headache. I thought it did me some good, but was gaining very slowly, if any at all, when I was induced by my friends here to give your PILLS a trial. They acted like magic upon me. My appetite returned. I have recovered my strength, and am well again. Having heard that you are now stopping in Gloucester with your family, permit me to mention that I shall consider it a favor if I may be allowed to call on you and make my acknowledgments in person. The bearer of this will bring back your answer to my request.

Very respectfully,

MRS. J. T. W. LIVINGSTON, of N. Y. City.

DR. AYER. SIR: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your PILLS. If they will cure others as they do me, the fact is worth knowing. Yours, &c.,

EDWARD W. PREBLE, Clerk of Steamer Clarion, Pittsburg.

Sick Headache is very tedious, as well as difficult to cure. It would hardly be believed if we should state here some of the cases that have been cured by these PILLS; cases that have baffled every variety of treatment, and almost every expedient of medical skill. Some such have been completely cured by the use of these PILLS for a few weeks, and we can only account for it by supposing that as the complaint originates in the stomach, and as these PILLS are very congenial to the stomach, they modify its action into health.

**ERYSIPELAS**, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, is a troublesome inflammation in the skin, which, although not generally dangerous, sometimes produces mortification, or, attacking the vital organs, becomes speedily fatal. The blood should be purified and cooled to cure it. Nothing that we know of can do this like the CATHARTIC PILLS, taken in moderate doses. If the disease is caused by scrofula, or exists in a scrofulous constitution, take AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SASSAPARILLA, according to its directions for Erysipelas.

*Senate Chamber of the Capitol of Georgia, Milledgeville, 15th Dec., 1855.*

DR. AYER. LOWELL, MASS. DEAR SIR: I am happy to inform you of a cure your PILLS have effected in my family. My daughter, eighteen years of age, has several months had Erysipelas on her neck and face, which was, to say the least, very disagreeable. All our endeavors to cure it had proved unavailing. At the suggestion of an



disorder in that organ. My skin broke out in blotches that ran into sores. These scabbed over, and then broke out again. I tried all the doctors of any note in our country, but they could produce no effect whatever upon the disease. About four months since I began taking your PILLS, by the advice of Dr. Bledscoe. They seemed to produce a change in the action of my system, and completely cured me in a few weeks. If I had money I should send it to you to show you my gratitude to the poor man's friend. But I have only my health, and that I could not have had without you. That you will be rewarded for what you are doing for the sick is the sincere wish of your grateful, humble servant,

EDWARD B. RUSLING.

From the late distinguished Surgeon and Physician of

New Bedford, Mass., 16th December, 1856.

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL. SIR: Having used many thousands of your PILLS in my practice, I feel competent to judge of their merits, and I can unhesitatingly pronounce them the best cathartic in use. Not only as a common purgative have I found excellent effects from them, but in those cases attended with a bilious aspect of the eyes and skin, indicating, and arising from, *derangement of the liver*, I have found them wonderfully successful. Especially when preceded by a blue pill, they never fail me in clearing the complexion and restoring the health. I cordially wish you, Doctor, the eminent success which your inestimable contributions to our best means of cure deserve.

T. P. MAYHEW, M. D.

**RHEUMATISM AND GOUT** generally affect the joints, but the stomach, heart, muscles, and bones are also subject to their attacks. They are caused by vitiated blood, which is produced by derangements of the digestive organs, and that remedy is most successful in curing them which restores those functions to health. The CATHARTIC PILLS should be taken in large or small doses, according to the requirements of each individual case; and that they have been peculiarly efficacious in banishing these tormenting diseases, we leave to be seen by the statements of the sufferers themselves. Where Rheumatism and Rheumatic Pains have a *scrofulous origin*, cure that affection first, by our COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. Whether they have a *scrofulous origin* you must judge by the symptoms we have given of that disease in our remarks upon the SARSAPARILLA. If your Rheumatism has been induced by a cold, or by any thing but a scrofulous constitution, the PILLS are the most appropriate remedy. Where an external application is desired to subdue the pain, rub the affected part two or three times a day with a liniment made of Laudanum, Olive Oil, Aqua Ammonia, and Oil Origanum, each equal parts.

From an eminent merchant of the West Indies, well known in the commerce of New York:

Curacao, West Indies, 13th April, 1857.

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A. SIR: Your PILLS cured me of a *rheumatism* of four years' standing. I suffered atrocious pains during a great part of that long time. No other remedies could cure me, or even do me much good. But, thanks be to God, your PILLS have, and my health is entirely re-established. That I should be sincerely grateful to you is natural enough, and I am; but I know of no other way I can so effectually show it to you as by distributing your Almanacs through these islands. Many persons who know of my cure are inquiring about your medicines, and I can best answer them with your Almanac, if I had it. Send me a few thousand, and I will, as an acknowledgment of what I owe you, and in the hope to do good to other sufferers, distribute them through this Island, (Curacao,) and St. Thomas, and Santa Cruz. Be assured, sir, of my hearty coöperation in your endeavors to carry relief to the afflicted,

J. A. de LIMA.

Obadiah Dix, of Shute's Falls, Tioga Co., Pa., substantially states: He has been a painful invalid for three years; had *rheumatism*, which, serving him as it does thousands more, filled his limbs with anguish, sometimes tolerable and anon utterly intolerable; resided in those members chiefly, but more than once did travel to the region of his heart; a fearful visitor is Rheumatism there, thinks Obadiah, which brings its victim face to face with the inevitable hour! Subtle rheumatic distemper in his legs made them worthless for locomotion, good only for torment, unutterable pain. Assiduous care and skill medicinal brought him some occasional relief, but chiefly clouds of woe o'ershadowed all his sky. One lucky day he finds a travelled friend of medical acquirements, who tells him how AYER'S PILLS are made; their searching properties that seize upon disease, and drag it from its strongholds: their virtues and their cures; points to a star of hope, does Mediceus, that glimmers through the gloom on Obadiah. Pills, procured and swallowed, purge out the angry humors of the blood, and with them their whole infernal retinue of ills. The Augean stable cleansed, and foul obstructions in the blood cast out, the vital forces then resume their wonted action. Obadiah's legs turn dutiful again—walk, and even run at his command, with Obadiah on them;—but bring him messages of rending pain no more. Dreadful distemper gone, Health takes possession of her own, and from the downward, swift surging river to destruction, where oarless and rudderless he rode, our great remedial turns him upon the placid stream of Health's perpetual spring. Obadiah mentions that he took three boxes and paid six shillings for them, and that some Pills are sold at Shute's Falls for less. O worldly-minded Obadiah, that saves his life for six shillings, and then revolves the cost! Is it too dear? We know not, for we know not Obadiah, but we have his well-authenticated certificate, covering two letter sheets with prolix details, too much diluted for our space here. He must excuse us for this concentration.

Bloomfield, Somerset Co., Penn., July 5, 1854.

DR. AYER. SIR: For years past I have been so afflicted by hereditary Gout, that I was a burden to myself and all about me. The slightest cold, or damp feet, invariably brought on an attack, when my knees and ankle joints swelled to a frightful extent, and chalk stones formed in them. The weight even of the bed sheet on my ankles almost drove me crazy. Of medicines prescribed by doctors, and recommended by neighbors, I took plenty, including colchicum, which soon ceased to have any good effect, and operated with dangerous violence on the bowels. When almost despairing of cure on this side of the grave, I was visited, six months ago, by a colporteur, distributing tracts in this district, who said that he knew of a medicine that would cure me, and recommended your CATHARTIC PILLS. As soon as I had taken half a box I found relief; and two boxes effected a perfect cure. I have since been exposed to all weather, and have had no return of the attack, and am as hearty as ever.

JOSEPH OXLEY.

NEURALGIA, or *Tic Douloureux*, is an excruciatingly painful disorder, often arising from the accumulation in the system of urea and uric acid, which the kidneys fail to secrete from the blood. Various modes of treatment have been adopted. Quinine or Morphine sometimes affords relief, but judiciously-administered purgatives assist to remove the complaint. From a distinguished divine, well known throughout the southwest — the Rev. Dr. Olcott:

Chartres Street, New Orleans, May 7, 1856.

DEAR DR. AYER: If you could know what I have suffered from *Neuralgic* pain in my shoulder and side, you might judge of the thankfulness I feel to your skill that has cured me. Pain, torment, anguish, are strong words, but they do not express what I have undergone. The incredible stories my neighbors tell of your cures induced me to try your PILLS. Either they have driven out my disease, or it went of its own accord when I took them; for but a few days have passed, and I am entirely well. Nothing seemed to reach my case until I took your PILLS, which I think cured me, and I pray God to bless you and the means you employ for the relief of human suffering.

With Christian regard, yours and truly,

RALPH OLCOTT.

DYSPEPSIA, or *Indigestion*, arises from the loss of tone in the stomach, or more particularly its muscular fibrous coating, which becomes pale and feeble. It is generally accompanied with more or less inflammation of the lining membrane of the stomach, and always with a diseased irritability of the whole organ. This disorder afflicts persons of sedentary pursuits, or is frequently induced by trouble or intense anxiety of mind. Where these are the causes, it cannot be cured while they remain. For *Dyspepsia*, commence some system of regular exercise; partake, discreetly, of easily-digested food. If the stomach is sour, take occasionally a few grains of supercarbonate of soda, dissolved in water. Take light doses, from one to three of the CATHARTIC PILLS, every morning, to stimulate the stomach into healthy action, which they will generally soon restore. Much, however, may be done for this disease by management, exercise, and diet.

Dyspepsia is often caused by a scrofulous affection of the stomach. You must decide by the general characters we have given above of scrofulous symptoms, whether this is the case, and if it is, that father of disorders must be first cleansed out from the system. No remedy known to us will accomplish that so surely as our COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SASSAPARILLA, which see.

From the Rev. Dr. McEwen, of the Meth. Epis. Church, Medina, Orleans Co., N. Y.:

Medina, 3d August, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I am happy to state more explicitly the particulars of my case, as follows: I had been afflicted with *Dyspepsia* for several years. It constantly grew worse, and during this year has threatened my life. I had sought the best counsel and assistance every where, but all that could be done for me was of no avail. We felt that there was no relief for me, and I must die. My suffering was greater than I can describe, and constant. My situation was painful and distressing in the extreme. My family having heard your PILLS recommended by persons we much respected, induced me to try them. They acted like a charm upon my complaint, which soon left me altogether. The burning pain in my stomach left me, my appetite returned, and my food digested and nourished me. I now enjoy uninterrupted good health — never better in my life — which is unquestionably due to the effect of your PILLS. My oldest son has always been subject to a *bilious complaint*, which made him weak and puny. After your PILLS cured me, he took them, and they cured him. He, like myself, has since grown robust and strong. These are considered by our neighbors wonderful cures, of which none can doubt you deserve the credit. With great respect,

J. MCEWEN.

DROPSY should generally be treated by medicines that increase the flow of the urine, such as spirits of nitre, *urae ursi*, to stimulate to secretion which Nature designed to carry off the surplus fluid and azotized matters of the body. Still a powerful assistant, and even sometimes superior remedy, is found in drastic purgatives. When excitants of the kidneys have failed, or when they effect but a partial cure, take large and frequent doses, from five to eight of these PILLS, to produce copious liquid discharges from the bowels, and thus void the accumulated water from the system. We have received several certificates of cures, but all too lengthy for publication. Patients, in reporting their remarkable cures, will confer a favor by giving the facts as short and distinct as possible.

Our venerable friend, Mr. Green, of the Union Mill, whose affliction with *Dropsy* has

gaged the active sympathies of our citizens, reports himself much better. He feels confident he is now getting the better of his complaint, and attributes the change to the effect of AYER'S PILLS, which he has been taking freely. We know our neighbors join us in the hope he will realize his present expectations of a cure.— *Putnam Co. Observer.*

**WORMS** are sometimes expelled in large quantities by these PILLS; but if they are not entirely destroyed, take an infusion of wormseed, or of pinkroot, (spigelia,) or a few drops of wormseed oil on sugar, to be followed by a strong dose of these PILLS, and they will generally disappear. Intestinal worms undermine the health of many, especially children. Their presence is indicated by symptoms which every mother knows, and the little sufferers ought to be freed from them, as they so surely can be, without much trouble.

From a Northern lady in the South, formerly preceptress in the Normal School:

*Marengo, Alabama, June 5, 1856.*

DEAR DR. AYER: Allow a mother to tell you what your PILLS have done for her children; and if you think it worth while you can make it known to others. My own children have always been troubled with worms, and so have some of my servants, and children of the field hands on our plantation. We have of late used your PILLS altogether as a common purgative, knowing them to be the best there are. Our physician advised us to try them for worms, and the result has shown their entire success. My little son has been feeble for a year—made so by worms, which we could not remove. A few strong doses of your PILLS brought them away, and you can scarcely believe the improvement in his health. You would not know him for the same child. We have used them in several cases, and they have cured them all—some where we could get nothing else to do it. We all know you make the best medicines in the world, and I want every body should know what a cure your PILLS are for worms. With a high regard for your skill and your usefulness, I am, sir, respectfully,  
Mrs. JANE W. ESTELL.

We have found AYER'S PILLS one of the very best remedies for Worms in children. They are a mild but searching and successful antidote for them.— *Gansel's Medical Expositor, N. Y. City.*

**AS A DINNER PILL**, this is both agreeable and useful. No pill can be made more pleasant to take, and certainly none has been made more effectual for the purpose for which a dinner pill is employed. Persons of bilious habit find great comfort from their occasional use in small doses, after eating or drinking too freely. They stimulate the stomach and aid digestion, thus obviating the nausea, heartburn, and pain which follow from over-eating. They should be taken in small doses of from one to three PILLS after a hearty dinner. From the celebrated Professor of Music:

*Baltimore, June 6, 1856.*

J. C. AYER, M. D. SIR: Among the other valuable properties of your PILLS, not the least is its value as a Dinner Pill. Such PILLS are much used in the old countries, and are useful here. Yours I have found to be about the best adapted to this use of any I have ever found, and I commend them as such.

JAMES T. AUDUBON.

From the venerable Archbishop of Brazil:

*Rio Janeiro, 8th October, 1856.*

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS: I am instructed by his grace, the Archbishop of this realm, to acknowledge the receipt of a welcome present from you of your medicines.

The parcel which came with it for his imperial majesty, the Emperor of Brazil, has been delivered to him in person at his royal palace in this city, from which you will doubtless hear officially in due season.

I am further instructed to say, your medicines have been employed under the directions

of his grace, in his charities and among his friends, where they have proved of signal benefit to many complaints. The PILLS are found an excellent purgative, and highly successful remedy for the bilious disorders that prevail in this country. The CHERRY PECTORAL has in frequent trials proved efficacious for the cure of pulmonary affections.

His grace directs me to tender you his thanks, with the assurance of his prayers for your temporal and spiritual welfare. Permit me to add the high consideration of

Your humble servant,

FELIPE FIGANIERE,

Vicar General of the Arch-Episcopal See of Brazil.

From a celebrated philanthropist, whose works of mercy make his name the watchword of benevolence in the Atlantic States:

*Institution of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind, Raleigh, N. C., April 26, 1856.*

Having used DR. AYER'S preparations in my own family, and in the "Institution" in this city for a series of years, I feel entire confidence in recommending them to the public as the very best of remedies. Both their composition (which is known to me) and their effects prove their superiority over the medicines in common use.

W. D. COOK, M. D.,

President North Carolina Institution for the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind.

The following recommendation is authenticated by some of the first statesmen in America, as well as other distinguished persons of high public position, who are known throughout the whole country, and whose opinions command respect wherever they are heard:

After numerous trials of DR. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, both under my own observation and under the immediate inspection of our eminent physicians in the city of Washington, I am convinced that they are an aperient medicine of unrivalled excellence. They have shown a remarkable control over the diseases for which they are designed, and in numerous cases effected cures which conclusively prove their superiority over every purgative within our knowledge. An extensive trial of their virtues has convinced me that they must be adopted into general use, as the safest and best medicine of their kind which the people can employ in the many cases where such a remedy is required.

Z. D. GILMAN.

Washington, D. C., December 23, 1853.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that Dr. Z. D. Gilman is well known to us, and we concur in his opinion:

JAS. K. POLK, President of the United States.  
HON. W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State.  
HON. DANIEL WEBSTER, Ex-Secretary of State.  
HON. THOMAS H. BENTON, Known as "Old Bullion."  
HON. THOS. CORWIN, Ex-Sec. Treasury U. S.  
BEVERLY TUCKER, Printer elect of the United States Senate.  
JOHN W. MAURY, Mayor of the City of Washington, D. C.  
MAJOR P. W. MIARNES, of the United States Army.  
COL. D. R. MCNAIR, Sergeant-at-Arms United States Senate.  
HON. J. C. RIVES, Proprietor of "Globe," Official Organ of Am. Congress.  
GEN. ROBERT ARMSTRONG, Printer of the House of Representatives.  
ALEXANDER DE BODISCO, Ambassador of Russia at Washington.  
M. A. DEXTER, Proprietor National Hotel, Washington, D. C.  
MAJOR SELAH HOBBIE, Assistant Postmaster General.  
HON. JOHN DAVIS, Senator of the United States.  
HON. ABBOTT LAWRENCE, Minister Plenipotentiary to England.

Read this, from one of the celebrated Colleges of the West—the University of Illinois  
*Henry, Illinois, 16th July, 1860.*

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: In behalf of this Institution, I write to assure you of the esteem in which it holds your successful efforts for the relief of human suffering. Your valuable remedies have long been known to us both through public report and our own experience, some of our officers and many of our students and neighbors having received great benefit from them. We express our own convictions and the general sentiment of the West, when we state that yours are medicines of extraordinary virtue, and consequently of great public utility to the afflicted. Certifying to the consummate skill of their composition, and the faithful integrity with which they are made, and the immensely extended field of their usefulness, I am, your humble servant,

REV. GEO. B. MCELROY, President of the North Illinois University.

Witnessed by the well-known General Agent of the College, REV. JACOB FOWLER.

Deafness, Partial Blindness, Fits, Paralysis, or Palsy, St. Vitus's Dance, Suppression, and other complaints it would not be supposed they could reach, have been cured by the renovating action of these PILLS upon the whole system, and the resuscitation they afford to the general health. Their virtues penetrate to the fountains of the blood, and thus effect cures which could not be believed if they had not been proven. All who use them can see they have curative properties equalled by nothing which has been known before, and are astonished to find a medicine of such wonderful power over disease, which is harmless—perfectly harmless—even to infants.

Almost all the physical pills in market contain mercury and other minerals, but it is inhuman to make medicine of such ingredients for popular use. The unsuspecting take them without caution, and suffer consequences the most calamitous and distressing. Their health and vigor are undermined by the very remedies they take for protection, and they contract incurable disease through the very means employed for cure. Some lose their teeth and hair, some the use of their limbs, and thousands their health, through the incautious use of medicine containing calomel. For this reason we make these PILLS of vegetables only, that can harm nobody. They contain not one particle of any mineral substance whatever, or any thing that can injure even a child.

The foregoing truly wonderful cures have not been effected by any mysterious virtue of the medicine, but simply by its searching activity, which penetrates to every organ of the body, stimulating it to healthy energy, and removing the obstructions which are the first causes of disease. Probably no PILL ever has been, or for many years will be, perfected to the extent of this. It is first water-proofed by a chemical composition that the fluids of the mouth or stomach readily dissolve, but that water will not. This is to protect it from deterioration by time, climate, or exposure. It is then SUGAR COATED, to make it perfectly palatable, and even agreeable to be taken. They are not only the best, but they are the CHEAPEST PILL there is sold, because in them the consumer gets the most for his money.

Unprincipled dealers may try to urge upon you other pills they make more profit on, but do not be misled. Ask for AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, and take no others.

PRICE, 25 cents per box, or five boxes for \$1.00.

339 691

HIGH commendations of these Remedies have been received from EMPERORS, KINGS, PRINCES, and POTENTATES, but our space will admit only a mere mention of them.

#### From the King of Sardinia.

TURIN, 6th May, 1860.  
J. C. AYER, M. D., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A. SIR: I am directed by HIS MAJESTY to acknowledge the assortment of your medicines, which were delivered to the National Hospital for examination, and have received the approval of the attendant physicians as skilful and efficient remedies. They will have further trial in the army, as you desire, and the results will be reported to you in due season. I have the honor to be, sir, your humble servant,  
LOUIS D. RAVENNA,  
Assistant Sec'y L. M. D.

#### From the Queen of Spain.

DOCTOR AYER: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your medicines, with the formula by which they are made. Both have been submitted to scrutiny and experiment. That your compounds are powerful agents for treatment of disease, is at once seen by their composition; and this conclusion of their usefulness has been fully sustained upon trial. I am directed by HER MAJESTY'S Minister of Foreign Affairs to assure you of the approbation which has been accorded to your excellent remedies for popular use, and remain, sir,

With great respect,  
ANTONIO F. LARRANGUA, *Royal Physician and Surgeon.*

#### From the Sultan of Turkey.

We have had the satisfaction to examine a pair of Turkish slippers, which have been sent to DR. AYER by a high officer of the Sublime Porte, at Constantinople. They were forwarded through the American Board of Foreign Missions, at Boston, and in especial acknowledgment of an important cure which the CHERRY PECTORAL had effected of a near relation to His Majesty the Sultan. They are highly wrought in gold brocade, "with divers workmanship of needle-work" and, above all, are thickly studded with diamonds, which must make their real value not a trifling sum. — *Daily Advertiser.*



#### From the King of Siam.

TOUNGOO, KINGDOM OF SIAM, Sept. 24, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A. SIR: I have the pleasure to inform you that your present of PECTORAL and PILLS, for his Royal Majesty SOMDEL PHRA PHRAMENDR MAHA MONGKUT, the King of Siam, has been presented by me to His Majesty in person, at his palace. Nothing could have gratified His Majesty more than such an attention from my distant countryman. The enclosed letter of acknowledgment he has written you with his own hand, in such broken English as he can write and speak. He has also consulted me to know in what more substantial manner he can return your compliment, which he designs to do. His own letter informs you of the cures they have effected among his people — cures that are not lightly regarded here. It is my privilege to tender you, with my own, the thanks of my coadjutors here, and remain,

Sincerely yours,  
SAMUEL M. HOUSE, M. D., *of the Siamese Mission.*

#### From the President of Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, 5th Jan., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A. SIR: I am instructed by the PRESIDENT to acknowledge the receipt of your commodities (CHERRY PECTORAL and CATHARTIC PILLS) forwarded to him through Vera Cruz. They have arrived safely here.

The PRESIDENT directs me to assure you of his high regard for such inventions as tend to ameliorate human suffering. Believing your chemical compounds to be of this character, he has ordered them to be employed in the Hospitals of the government, and by the eminent physicians in Mexico. When they have had a longer trial, the PRESIDENT intends you shall be further advised of their success in this country.

Permit me to avail myself of this opportunity to assure you, venerable sir, of my high consideration.  
DON JUAN PEAES DEL ADRAEDE, *Assistant Secretary of Foreign Relations.*

#### From the Brother of the Ex-President of the United States.

HILLSBORO', N. H., August 23, 1854.

DR. J. C. AYER, LOWELL, MASS. MY DEAR SIR: I am free to state my conviction that you excel all others in making good medicines for the people; and I cordially commend you to the success which your accomplished learning, and the persevering efforts of your skill so richly deserve. Your CHERRY PECTORAL has already won for you green laurels among the afflicted, and your CATHARTIC PILLS are winning more. They have been extensively used among my neighbors and friends, who invariably extol them as an admirable purgative medicine.

Your friend truly,  
HENRY D. PIERCE.

#### From His Excellency W. L. Greenly, the Governor of Michigan.

I have contemplated with growing satisfaction the effects which your wonderful remedies show among our people. They prove that science has the skill to combat the diseases from which we suffer; and I cannot but commend the use you make of it to relieve the distress of my fellow-countrymen.

High compliments have been received from the usurping Emperor of China, the Kings of Denmark and of Sweden, the Queen of Spain, the Grand Duke of Tuscany, the Dukes of Parma and Modena, the Princes of Waldeck, Baden, and Monaco, and many others of the rulers of the earth.

|  | 1861 |      |       |      |        |       |        | 1861 |      |       |       |       |       |      |         |      |       |      |          |       |      |      |      |       |      |       |       |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
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|  | Sun. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur.  | Frid. | Sat.   | Sun. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed.  | Thur. | Frid. | Sat. | Sun.    | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur.    | Frid. | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Frid. | Sat. |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
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These cases of cure, and the high commendations we publish with them, bespeak remedies of no common quality. They indisputably prove what is already known to all who have used our medicines, that they contain virtues and produce effects upon disease which have never been obtained before. Through a trial of many years, and over an extent of country, and indeed countries, never equalled by any medicine before, they have not only maintained their reputation, but grown stronger and stronger in the public confidence, until they have become the staple dependence of tens of thousands of families and millions of men.

These compounds make available to the people the higher attainments of medical skill, and more efficient remedial aid than has hitherto been within their reach. True, some learned chemists have known that remedies could be composed by the process we employ of combining the ultimate proximate principles in purity, which would possess great power over disease. But this knowledge has been little practised, and surely never been brought to the service of the people at large, except in these remedies.

While faithfully made, they will continue to excel the other remedies in use, by the rapidity and certainty of their cures. That they shall not fall in this we take unwearied pains to make every box and bottle perfect, and trust by great care in preparing them with chemical accuracy and uniform strength, to supply remedies which shall maintain themselves in the unflinching confidence of this whole nation, and of all nations.

NORTROP & LYMAN. General Agents, Newcastle, C. W.

7500

PRESENTED BY

*James Fairles*

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