

PER COPY

HOSPITAL WORLD

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF

The Canadian Hospital Association

Vol. VI.

Toronto, August, 1914

No. 2

CONTENTS

EDITORIALS.

The Mal	le N	urse							 			5
A Wise	Pre	ecauti	on									6
Fixing	the	Resp	ons	ik	il	it	У					6

The Point at Issue The Canadian Hospital Association

ORIGINAL CONTRIBUTIONS

OI	TAIN	AL	COM.	TWID	OII	OTAS	
ving	Out	of	Doors	s. B	y V	V. I	3.
Ke	ndall,	N	I.D.,	Phys	iciai	n i	n
Cha	arge .	Inst	itution	ns of	Nat	iona	al
Sar	nitari	ıım	Assoc	iation	1		

SOCIETY PROCEEDINGS

Seventh Annu	al Conference of the	
Canadian	Hospital Association	7
The American	Transital Aggasistics	0

FELLOWS' SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES

Efficient, reliable and always uniform.
Universally prescribed since 1866—
the year of its introduction

Reject

Cheap and Inefficient Substitutes
Preparations "Just as Good"

MEDICAL FACULTY,



LISTERINE

The original antiseptic compound

¶ Listerine is peculiarly free from irritating properties, even when applied to the most delicate of the tissues, whilst its volatile constituents give it more healing and penetrating power than is possessed by a purely mineral antiseptic solution; hence it is quite generally accepted as the standard antiseptic preparation for general use, for those purposes where a poisonous or corrosive disinfectant can not be safely used. ¶ It is the best antiseptic for daily employment in the care and preservation of the teeth. ¶ In the sick-room, the use of Liste ine by means of spray or saturated cloths hung about is actively ozonifying and imparts an agreeable, refreshing odor to the atmosphere. ¶ For the bath, an ounce of Listerine in a pint or quart of water forms a refreshing and purifying application for sponging the body. ¶ As a prophylactic, in zymotic diseases, Listerine may be used to spray the throat and fauces to diminish the dangers of septic absorption; for the attendant of the patient and for those who are more or less exposed to infection.

Literature more fully descriptive of Listerine may be had upon request, but the best advertisement of Listerine is—LISTERINE

Lambert Pharmacal Co.

Locust @ Twenty-First Sts., St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.

Electric Wiring in Hospitals

can be safely and economically done by the use of

XCELADUCT CONDUIT

which has a double protection in the form of a copper subcoat.

Write us for prices.

Orpen Conduit Manufacturing Co.

A. M. ORPEN, Pres.

ROSS CLARKE, Vice-Pres.

F. R. BROWN, Gen. Mgr.

CONSULT AN EXPERT

on Microscopy and become convinced of the Superiority of a

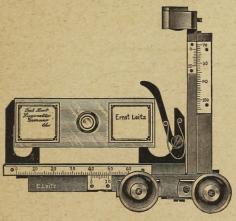
Leitz Microscope

A "Genuine Leitz" carries with it the following facts:

- The mechanical parts constructed with such precision as to maintain permanently a perfect optical alignment.
 - (A microscope will not divulge its weak points until after continued use.)
- Superior optics with which one feels assured that all the important features of a specimen are clearly revealed.
- No repairs necessary—no inconveniences to contend with.



The fact that Leitz Microscopes are selected by Governmental and Leading Educational Institutions for Medical and Biological Research should mean a sufficient recommendation to the Practical Physician.



Mechanical Stage

No. 120a

Attached by means of clamp screws to under surface of microscope stage. Can be used without special fitting on any microscope.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue

AGENTS FOR CANADA

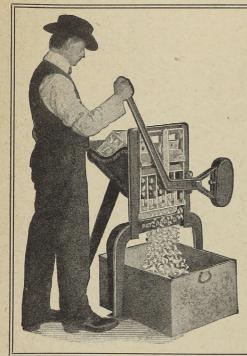
The J. F. HARTZ, Limited

406-408 Yonge Street

Toronto

103 Broadway, Detroit, Mich.

812 Superior St., N.E., Cleveland, Ohio.



No. 1. Hand Ice Chopper or Shaver

Chops up 100 pounds in a few minutes, coarse or fine.

Cuts it just as you want it; fine enough for mixed drinks and coarse enough for packing.

Only machine made which is adjustable.

Adjustable to any degree in a second.

Takes up little space. Does its work clean.
Nothing scatters around. No more muss.

Materials the best. Strongly made and will last a lifetime.

Knives made of best tool steel.

Wearing parts heavily galvanized.

Tank furnished with each machine.

Fully guaranteed in every respect.

Weight 200 pounds.

Price F.O.B. Toronto, \$47.00.

We also have two smaller sizes at \$16.00 and \$27.00.

ICE CUBERS which cut the ice in 12 in. to 22 in. cubes. Prices from \$67.00 to \$300.00 each GLASSWARE AND INSTITUTION SUPPLIES of all kinds.

W. H. MARTIN & CO.

59 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

VELVEX

SANITARY FLAT ENAMEL

Specially Designed for use in Hospitals. Its soft, velvety appearance is most RESTFUL TO THE EYE and as it will stand repeated washing it makes the ideal finish where CLEANLINESS is essential Made in twenty-one shades including white, and, unlike other enamels, THE WHITE STAYS WHITE.

We will be pleased to give color cards and further particulars to any hospital or similar institution.

R. C. JAMIESON & CO., Limited

ESTABLISHED 1858

Montreal

Vancouver

Surgical Instruments THE LARGEST

Hospital Equipments

Physicians'

and Hospital Supply House

in Canada

INGRAM & BELL, LIMITED

NOW

256 McCaul Street
Corner College

Laboratory Equipments TORONTO

Drug and Pharmaceuticals

WHY DO

Toronto General Hospital, King George Hospital (Winnipeg), Central Prison Farm (Guelph), Battle Creek Sanitarium, Manhattan State Hospital, Middletown State Homoeopathic Hospital, and Massillon State Hospital, use

"Wear-Ever"

Aluminum Equipment

"WEAR-EVER" cooking utensils require no retinning—are sanitary—are easily kept clean.

"WEAR-EVER" aluminum trays are light and strong—cannot rust—cannot stain linen—no coating to wear off.



Try It Yourself

Send for 4½-quart Saucepan (wine measure), transportation prepaid, only \$2.00—money back if pan is not satisfactory.

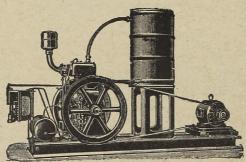
CONSULT YOUR SUPPLY HOUSE, OR WRITE

Northern Aluminum Co., Limited TORONTO ONTARIO

LISTER-BRUSTON

AUTOMATIC ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND PUMPING INSTALLATION

Suitable
for Lighting
Hospitals
Small Towns
Country
Houses
Bungalows
Hotels
Clubs
Churches
Schools
Etc.



Protected by Patents all over the World

Self-Starting Self-Stopping

Write for Catalogue and Full Particulars to

R. A. LISTER & COMPANY, LIMITED

Winnipeg

TORONTO

St. John, N.B.

Purity First Consideration

Biscuits of British manufacture have penetrated to the uttermost corners of the earth; and in spite of much competition they have maintained their pre-eminence, mainly by a unique combination of highly nourishing qualities with delicacy of presentment—a combination which may be conceded to be a British characteristic.

Foremost among the highest grade of goods of this kind are the products of Messrs. W. Crawford & Sons, Limited, of Edinburgh and Liverpool. The biscuits specially associated with their name are their original creations, known as "Butter Puffs," "Currant Puffs," "Lemon Puffs," and "Puff Creams," all products of exceeding daintiness and delicate flavors.

Their "Wholemeal," "Digestive," and "Oval Rich Diges-

tive" appeal specially to those who need the greatest degree of

nourishment coupled with attractiveness of appearance.

As becomes an Edinburgh firm, they make a large assortment of that peculiarly Scotch biscuit designated "Shortbread," and no less than a dozen varieties of this delicacy are made.

Purity of material, cleanliness of manufacture, carefulness in packing, and attractiveness in flavor and appearance have placed Messrs. Crawfords in the forefront of British biscuit manufacturers, and their products may be confidently recommended not only for general use but to those whose appetites need tempting diet.

We Handle No Food Products of Whose Purity We Are Not Absolutely Assured

BISCUITS-Nourishing, Dainty and Delightful. Manufactured by W. CRAW-FORD & SONS, LIMITED, Edinburgh (Scotland), and Liverpool (England).

GORGONA ANCHO-M M PICKLE. VIES. CHUTNEYS. SAUCES. Piquant and stimulating. Manufactured by JOHN BURGESS & SON, LTD., London, England.

"GOLDEN CUP" Pure Extract of Cocoa. "The Body Builder." Manufactured by FAULDER & COMPANY, LIMITED, Stockport, England.

"MERMAID" TOFFEE-"The Perfect Confection." Manufactured by G. W. HORNER & COMPANY, LIMITED, Chester-le-Street, England.

All the above preparations are made from raw materials of the finest possible quality, and in factories where cleanliness and the hygienic condition of the workers are regarded as matters of the gravest importance. These food products are admirably adapted to the use of those whose appetites need gentle stimulation or where nourishing food only proves acceptable when offered in a particularly delicate form.

Agents in Canada

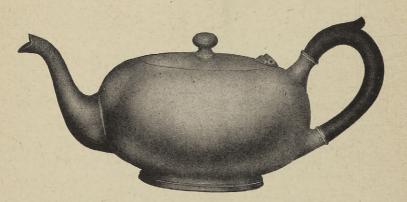
Davidson-Bowles, Limited 86 WELLINGTON ST., WEST TORONTO

Silver Plate for Hospitals

A DD to the comfort and pleasure of patients and to the dignity of the Hospital by using Silver Plate of distinctive pattern and quality.

The everwearing qualities of our Silver Plate offsets any objection to the first cost. Years of use mean years of satisfaction. We have supplied the Toronto General Hospital and many other Hospitals.





Descriptive Catalogue Upon Request

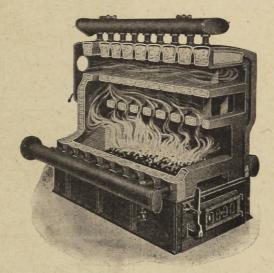
THE TORONTO SILVER PLATE CO., Limited

Hammond Building Albert Street Winnipeg

570 King St. West TORONTO Fairfield Building Granville Street Vancouver

The Sense That is Back of the Canadian Steam Boiler

The Canadian Steam Boiler is made of cast iron. It might be made of sheet steel, but then water has a chemical action on steel, causing it to corrode and building a heavy layer of shale upon it that will, in time, seriously diminish the heat producing capacity of the sheet steel boiler.



The Sectional Design is the Logical Form of Construction for a Steam Boiler.

The Canadian Steam Boiler is made up of a series of small boilers, joined at the top by a "header" which equalizes the pressure from each section. There is safety and economy in the design—and lasting satisfaction; because, if by any accident, a Canadian Boiler should be injured in one of its sections, that section may be taken out, and replaced, without disturbing the boiler as a whole

MADE BY

Taylor-Forbes Company

LIMITED

Makers also of "Sovereign" Hot Water Boilers and Radiators

Toronto-1088 King St. W. Montreal-246 Craig St. W. Vancouver-1070 Homer St. St. John, N.B.-32 Dock St. Quebec-Mechanics Supply Co. Winnipeg-Vulcan Iron Works. Calgary-P. B. McLaren Limited.

Head Office and Works - GUELPH, ONTARIO

WHEN DISSATISFIED

WITH YOUR HOSPITAL WALLS ORDER

HALL'S DISTEMPER

(THE SANITARY WATER PAINT)

Remember that it has been used and put to the most severe tests for the past twenty years, and is well known in such Institutions in the Old Country as

Royal Infirmary, Liverpool
The London Hospital, Whitechapel
St. Bartholomew's, Smithfield
Guy's Hospital, Borough
Hoxton Asylum, Hoxton
Ophthalmic Hospital, Glasgow
Hemsworth Infirmary, Wakefield
West Sussex County Asylum, Chichester
Mill Road Hospital, Liverpool

Midland Counties Asylum
Temperance Hospital, Hampstead
Cleveland Asylum
Charing Cross Hospital
German Hospital, Dalston
Poplar Hospital
Lady Warden Convalescent Home
Pinewood Sanitarium, Woking
Hazelwood Asylum, Isle of Wight

Could you have a better guarantee?

Give it a trial in YOUR Institution.

Bear in mind that HALL'S DISTEMPER is of the quality required by the English Government and that, once used, the walls will not require re-coating for at least three years. HALL'S DISTEMPER is disinfectant, washable, durable, economical, fireproof and artistic. It will not fade and will not peel off. It can be had in 70 different shades.

172 King St. W.

W. B. BATE & CO.

Toronto

PHYSICIANS

SHOULD REMEMBER THAT

I make a Specialty of Catering to The Medical Profession

I have every facility for furnishing Medical Dinners, large and small, and guarantee absolute First-class Service in every respect.

I also contract for Receptions, Banquets, Weddings and At Homes.

Terms Moderate --- Consistent with Quality

WILLIAM PRESTWICH

646 YONGE ST. TORONTO

Telephone N. 1706

THE MEDICAL PROFESSION should always bear in mind that

"SANDELL"

523-525 YONGE STREET

Makes a Specialty of

WINES OF EVERY KIND :: FOR INVALID USE ::

including Fine Ports, Clarets, and Whiskies. "Sandell" guarantees the absolute purity of everything he supplies. "Sandell" caters particularly for out-of-town trade.

Phone N. 192

Motor Delivery

HOW LONG DOES THE BRASS, SILVER AND NICKEL, IN YOUR HOSPITAL KEEP BRIGHT?

THERE IS ONLY ONE WAY TO KEEP IT SO-USE

BRASSO METAL POLISH

AND

SILVO SILVER POLISH

RECKITTS (Oversea) LIMITED
122 Wellington St., West - TORONTO

The Terra Cotta Pressed Brick Co.,

Limited.

Makers of one of the strongest and most uniform bricks produced in Canada.

We have a very complete and modern plant situated at Terra Cotta, Ont., on the Allandale branch of the G.T.R.

With excellent shipping facilities we are able to forward all orders without delay.

Works: Head Office Terra Cotta, Ont. 37 Yonge St., Toronto

SAVE FUEL

BY USING

"B.&W." Patent Water-Tube
Steam Boilers
Mechanical Stokers
Coal-Handling Machinery
Feed Water-Heaters
and
Electric Cranes

Our Book, "STEAM," sent on request.

BABCOCK & WILCOX, LIMITED

Head Office for Canada

St. Henry, Montreal

TORONTO OFFICE: TRADERS BANK BUILDING

Engines & Boilers

STATIONARY AND MARINE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

PENSTOCKS STAND PIPES STEEL TANKS STACKS HEAVY PLATE WORK, ETC.

We have a modern equipped plant, especially adapted to manufacture of this class of work.

Let us figure on your requirements

THE JOHN INGLIS COMPANY, LIMITED

Boilermakers and Engineers

14 STRACHAN AVE. TORONTO, CANADA

Montreal Office: Room 509, Canadian Express Building

Is Your Hospital Properly Equipped with

REFRIGERATION, ICE-MAKING AND COLD STORAGE?

THE most important consideration is the food given your patients, and it must be kept in proper cold storage. With mechanical refrigeration you can have any temperature in any place for any purpose. Just think what this means to your patients' health and the efficiency of your institution and staff.

Pure Ice in any quantity, Cold Drinks and Storage, Ice Cream, Rooms or Boxes for Cooling and Freezing

AND A

simple, suitably designed plant will not cost you nearly as much as your present ice bill

WHILE

the savings effected will pay for the plant in a short time, to say nothing of the increased efficiency in every department.

We have equipped hundreds of institutions, and Frick Ice-Making and Refrigerating Machinery is known the world over as the Best Made.

Look into this matter at once—write or phone, and we will give you all information to your best interests and with absolutely no obligation on your part.

KEITHS LIMITED

Head Office:

297 Campbell Ave. Toronto. Quebec Office:
707 New Birks Bldg.
Montreal.

Agents: FRICK CO., WAYNESBORO, U.S.A.



Where Building **Costs Get** First Consideration Keen **Business** Men Choose ASBESTOS-LATE ROOFS

Montreal Cotton Company Operatives' Houses at Valleyfield, P.Q. Roofed with ASBESTOSLATE.

You may be sure the Montreal Cotton Company did not choose Asbestoslate for the roofs of these operatives' cottages without abundant proof that it pays in the long run. Though Asbestoslate costs a little more at first than wooden shingles, metal or prepared roofings, it really costs far less per year of service. While the latter steadily deteriorate and demand frequent repairs and all

too quick renewal, Asbestoslate simply gets tougher and more impervious with years of exposure as the cement in it hardens. Without paint or attention an Asbestoslate roof will last as long as the building stands. Besides, it is handsome and absolutely fireproof. Write for a sample of Asbestoslate and Booklet H. J. giving full particulars and prices.

Asbestos Manufacturing Co., Limited

Address E. T. Bank Building, 263 St. James Street, MONTREAL Factory at Lachine, P.O. (near Montreal)

NURSES' ANNUNCIATORS

In a well-regulated Hospital, Sanatorium or Asylum, a proper call system for nurses and other employees is essential. There are on the market



Patient's Equipment

a number of such systems: but one of the very best is the Haltzer - Cabot. This firm manufacture a Nurses' Annunciator, with French Drops that is ideal for Institutions. We instal these goods and as a sample of the high character of our workmanship, we refer Hospital Authorities to the system recently installed by us in the Surgical French Drop Annunciator placed in Wing of St. Michael's



the Corridor.

Hospital, Toronto. Our work is guaranteed in every particular and will submit tenders on request.

TELEPHONE EXPERTS INTZ-PORTER CO. 27 YONGE ST. ARCADE **MAIN 482**

P.S.-We also instal and repair Private Telephone Systems for Doctors

SANITARY DOORS

Especially Constructed

For

HOSPITAL USE

(ASK FOR PRICE)



MANUFACTURED IN ALL WOODS

READY TO SHIP IN

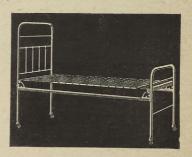
Plain-Red or Quartered White Oak

BOAKE MF'G. CO.

TORONTO

ONTARIO

Richardson, Wright & Co.



Aseptic Steel
Hospital Furniture and Bedsteads

Mattresses and Pillows

51 Chardon Street
Boston - - Mass.

The Convalescent

in your Hospital requires

PURE AND WHOLESOME FOOD

Nothing is Purer or Better than

McLaren's Invincibles

Jelly Powder—Coffees—Baking Powder—Spices
— Gelatine — Flavoring Extracts — Cake Icings
and Quick Puddings and Custards - -

MAIL A TRIAL ORDER

McLARENS LIMITED

Hamilton

Winnipeg

Always Use Enough—

allowing desired results to decide as to the amount of





required in the successful treatment of any case.

Antiphlogistine should **overlap** the inflamed area. Continuous moist heat promotes normal circulation and absorption of inflammatory products. Always use enough, and renew as often as necessary.

AN ETHICAL PROPRIETARY FOR ETHICAL PHYSICIANS Send for our "Pneumonia" booklet, if one has not been received

Antiphlogistine is prescribed by Physicians and supplied by Druggists all over the world.

"There's Only ONE Antiphlogistine"

THE DENVER CHEMICAL MFG. CO., NEW YORK, U.S.A.

The Nurse Knows

the value of COSGRAVES tissue-building XXX Porter for invalids and convalescents.



WILL Physicians note particularly that I specialize on dinners. I am in a position to cater for any form of entertainment, submitting tenders, supplying everything, including waiters or waitresses, dishes, flowers, tables, etc. My charges are most reasonable, prices being consistent with quality and A1 service.

Caterer and Confectioner CHARLES TUCK

254 Avenue Road TORONTO

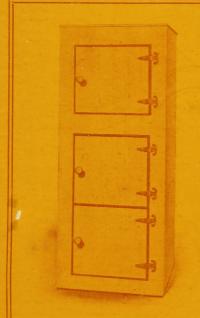
Telephone Hillcrest 620

In Treating the Skin

Lifebuoy is the perfect soap to use in connection with the



in its purifying carbolic solution. This



HOSPITAL REFRIGERATIO

S there anything more important in Hospital management than the proper refrigeration management than the proper retrigeration of foods, especially milk, fish and other articles used by the sick? It is a well recognized fact that, especially during the warm months, foods must be kept exposed to a dry temperature of 38 to 40. That is just what is accomplished by the use of the Arctic Refrigerator, which we can supply in all sizes, from one suitable for a small household to a large Institution, opal lined and tiled floors, with no bindings to collect dirt. The Arctic Refrigera-tor has recently been installed in the New Toronto General Hospital, Hospital for Sick Children (Toronto), Hamilton City Hospital, and the City Hospital, St. Cath-

JOHN HILLOCK & CO., LIMITED

Factory and Showroom

154 George St. Toronto

Hospital Emergencies

Perhaps under no other conditions are the Doctor's skill and science so severely tried as in hospital practice. For this reason he

realizes that his apparatus *must* be the *best* obtainable.

It is a significant fact that Paragon X-Ray plates have been a dopted by

a dopted by
every large hospital that has tried
them. Here are the reasons:

Fastest plates made; transformer speed with X-Ray coil; a diagnostic radiograph for every ex; osure; most brilliant definition.

If you are not using them ask for our Trial Offer. Our "Blue Sheet" should hang on your laboratory wall. It's practical, quick action, emergency data about X-Ray work. And it's free.

Paragon Plates are carried in stock by Ingram & Bell of Toronto, Chandler & Fisher of Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Geo. W. Brady & Co. 754 S. Western Ave.

Prunoids

An ideal laxative that offers far-reaching possibilities in the scientific treatment of constipation.

Acting solely through its influence on physiologic processes, this effective remedy is not only free from drastic or unpleasant action, but its benefits are remarkably lasting.

Cactina Pillets

A safe and reliable cardiac tonic, invaluable for relieving and correcting abnormal heart action.

Non-cumulative in effect, Cactina Pillets can be used with gratifying success whenever the heart requires supporting, regulating or strengthening.

Seng

An efficient remedy in all affections in which the gastrointestinal glands need stimulating.

Exceptionally useful in atonic indigestion, malnutrition, convalescence from the acute diseases, and all digestive disorders characterized by deranged or depressed functions.

SULTAN DRUG CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WAGSTAFFE'S



ams ellies Marmalades

are as pure as the Crystal Springs

Just the right kind for invalids. Put up in the most up-to-date Fruit Preserving Plant in Canada

Instruction in Massage

Swedish Movements, Medical and Orthopaedic

ELECTRO-THERAPY HYDRO-THERAPY

All branches of physiologic therapeutics, including electric light, blue light, dry hot-air baths, baking, vibrators, nebulizers, Solar and leucodescent lamps, Bier's hyperemia method, galvanic, faradic, static electricity, high frequency, sinusoidal currents, X-ray, Dr. Schnee's Four-Cell Bath, Bachelet magnetic wave, Nauheim baths and Schott exercises, Medico-Mechanical Zander Gymnasium.

Theoretical and practical instruction. Thorough courses in Anatomy, Physiology, and Pathology, Abundant clinical material. Students attend several city hospitals. Duration of Courses, four months. Di, oma. Graduates recommended to well-paying institutional positions. Particulars and illustrated booklet upon request.

Classes open July 6, Sept. 29 and Nov. 18, 1914

Pennsylvania Orthopaedic Institute and School of Mechano-Therapy,

Incorporated

1711 Green St., Philadelphia, Pa. Max. J. Walter, M.D., Supt.

Electrically Lighted Surgical Instruments

Greatest aid to accurate diagnosis, 7th edition E.S.I. Co. catalog describes, among others:

Naso-Pharyngoscopes Bronchoscopes Oesophagoscopes Gastroscopes

Gesophagoscopes Gastroscopes
Laryngoscopes
Tongue Depressors
Nasal Specula Auriscopes
Illuminated Eye Spuds
Transilluminators
Proctoscopes
Cystoscopes
Uterine Endoscopes
Vaginal Specula
Socket Current Controllers
Socket Cautery Transformers

Designed by eminent physicians. Suitable for general practitioner or specialist. Ask for catalog.

ELECTRO SURGICAL INSTRU-MENT CO. Rochester, N.Y., U.S.A.

PARIS PATE

THE FOOD THAT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE

Hospital Superintendents, Physicians and Nurses should note that

OUR WATCHWORD IS PURITY

LL of our foods are absolutely pure and free from adulteration, and for that reason ideal for use by the sick.

Our PARIS PATE is composed of choicest meat, is wholesome, nourishing and strengthening. It spreads on bread and toast with the greatest of ease, can be eaten with salad or tomatoes, is put up in air-tight cans, and therefore remains fresh for an indefinite period.

What could be better or more convenient for use in Hospital or Sanatorium?

MANUFACTURED BY

La Societe Française de Specialites Alimentaires Montreal, Ouebec

MR. SUPERINTENDENT:

Are You Sure Your Electrical Wiring is SAFE?

There is but one absolutely safe method of wiring.

Instal a CONDUIT SYSTEM it will eliminate all risk of fire.

"Galvaduct" & "Loricated" "Conduits" have no equals

CONDUITS COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO MONTREAL If your Hospital should burn to-day you might have the loss of the building covered by insurance but---

How About The
Human Lives
Which Might Be
Lost?

These could not be replaced at any price.

Fire-proof Your Building with Steel

It is the only ABSOLUTE safe and sane way.

Put in Steel Trim---Steel Doors Copper or Bronze Window Frames and Sash

Let us show you how they are better than wood, how they look better, are more economical in the end, last longer and need no paint or repairs.

And let us show you how they are ABSOLUTE PROTECTION against fire losses.

_ USE THE COUPON_

The A. B. ORMSBY COMPANY, LIMITED

KING AND DUFFERIN STS., TORONTO, ONT.

We are interested in your Steel Fireproofing for the

Hospital.

Name

Address

FRED G. ROBERTS & CO.

DECORATORS

106 Wells Street

-14

Toronto, Ont.

Nights, Sundays and Holidays,

Phone, Hillcrest 1493

" Hillcrest 318 Arthur F. Hetherington, Mgr.

Make a specialty of all kinds of interior and exterior

Painting, Decorating, Graining, Tinting and Glazing

All interested in Hospitals and Institutions generally should note that this Firm can handle contracts no matter how large, the following being a few of the representative buildings recently completed

C.P.R. Buildings
Process & Press Buildings,
Exhibition Grounds
Bell Telephone Co.,
College Exchange,

Can Foresters Hall, 22 College Street, Darling Building, Spadina Avenue, Central and West End Y M.C.A.,

And Many Churches

W.C.T.U., Gerrard Street E. Allen Building, Simcoe Street, Canada Foundry Building, Royce Avenue,

"Beaver Brand" HARDWOOD FLOORING

FLOORING

THAT IS BEST ADAPTED FOR Hospital Purposes



REGISTERED

THE SEAMAN, KENT CO., Ltd.

SALES OFFICES:

MONTREAL, P.Q.—970 Durocher Street TORONTO, Ont.—263 Wallace Avenue WINNIPEG, Man.—506 Ashdown Block CALGARY, Alta.—501 McLean Building VANCOUVER, B.C.—Hamilton and Davie Streets

FACTORIES:

Meaford, Ont. Fort William, Ont. St. Agathe, Que.

MANUFACTURERS OF

COOKING and SERVICE ROOM APPARATUS COAL --- GAS --- STEAM --- ELECTRIC

Hospital Ward Diet Tables



AS ILLUSTRATED-Having Service Table with Meat Platter and Roll Covers, Vegetable and Soup Crocks of pure, Vitrified China, guaranteed non-crazing and non-porous.

Plate Warmer Cabinet with sliding doors.

Gas Attachment on End (right or left hand) with gas hot-plate and oven. Our New Design Electric Hot Plate and Broiler Attachment now on the market.

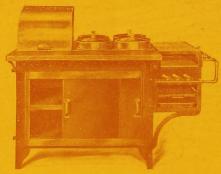
McClary Kitchen Installations are Economical to work, Sanitary and Free from Odors of Cooking.

Full Particulars and Prices on Application

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, ONT.

Send us blue-print of your kitchen and we will plan an up-to-date and sanitary kitchen for you without cost or obligation.

SAFETY FIRST



N a Hospital Kitchen, probably more than anywhere else, perfect cleanliness is the price of safety

The Table illustrated has satisfied the exacting demands of such institutions as the Toronto General Hospital, The St. Michael's Hospital, Wellesley Hospital, Western Hospital, Isolation Hospital in Toronto alone, Winnipeg General Hospital, New Isolation Hospital, Winnipeg: Free Hospital for Consumptives, Weston, Ont.: Peterboro General Hospital, St. Luke's Hospital, Ottawa, Protestant Hospital, Ottawa, and other Institutions of the same class throughout Canada.

urney-Oxford

HOSPITAL WARD OR DIET TABLE

The experience of 70 odd years of stove making and more than half that in specializing in Institutional Kitchen Equipment has placed this Company in the position to command the services of the foremost Kitchen Engineers in the country.

The article illustrated is a standard line.

Under the classification 'Special Equipment' we can design for you kitchen apparatus to answer the demands of the largest or smallest institutions.

YOUR ENOURIES SOLICITED

Gurney Foundry Co., Limited

HEAD OFFICE: 500 King Street West

TORONTO

GARBAGE INCINERATORS

of the "HEENAN" Type

For use in hospitals

ECONOMICAL-

No fuel required but the refuse itself.

SANITARY-

Garbage, etc., burned at a high temperature, emitting no odours or nuisance of any kind.

Sample installation in the new Toronto General Hospital.

Write for descriptive literature to

Heenan & Froude of Canada, Ltd.

LAURIE & LAMB, Managers

211 Board of Trade

MONTREAL

INSULATE YOUR STEAM LINES MERELY COVER

MINERAL WOOL PIPE COVERINGS

EFFECT a saving in fuel consumption BY PREVENTING losses from RADIATION and CONDENSATION. THE RESULTS ARE increased earning capacity and more profit for the Plant. We believe our coverings are UNEXCELLED and our PRICES ARE RIGHT, and we ask that before placing your order to let us submit samples and quotations.

THE GARLOCK PACKING COMPANY

MONTREAL

HAMILTON TORONTO

Pioneers in the Packing Business"

WINNIPEG

THE

PRESTO-PHONE

THIS is an automatic telephone system that enables you to instal any number of telephones up to one hundred in a building or buildings, and secure quick and accurate communication between these telephones.

The system in operation at the Canadian National Exhibition this year attracted the widest interest.

It is the telephone system that successfully solves the question of inside telephone service, and it seems certain to supplant the intercommunicating telephones and all inside systems where a switchboard and girl operator are used.

Write us for full information and literature.

CANADIAN INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

Duncan Street, Toronto

ENTILATION

WE SPECIALIZE IN THE DESIGN AND IN-STALLATION OF EFFICIENT VENTILATING SYSTEMS.

OUR ENGINEERING DEPT. WITH 40 YEARS' SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE BEHIND THEM IS AT YOUR SERVICE. WE WILL BE GLAD TO SUBMIT PLANS FOR TAKING CARE OF YOUR PROBLEM.

JOHN T. WILSON LIMITED - TORONTO

ESTABLISHED 1870

Fires in Hospitals Should be Impossible

In view of certain recent conflagrations in one or two Public Institutions in Ontario, it is important that Hospital Superintendents should know that such occurrences can be prevented—for instance, the use of

Fire-Proof Doors

has been proven to be the means of preventing small fires from spreading and saving many lives that would otherwise be snuffed out.

If hospital authorities want doors that will stand as a wall against the

Specify Lion Standard Fire Doors

They are regularly inspected and labelled under the supervision of The Underwriters' Laboratories Inc., and equipped with approved hardware accepted by Underwriters.

DOUGLAS BROS., Limited

TORONTO .. MONTREAL

OLD TYME

PURE SAP

MAPLE SYRUP

LION BRAND

BUTTER MAPLE

Two Pure Maple Specialties of Excellent Quality

SOLD EVERYWHERE

MAPLES LIMITED, Toronto

NOTHING SO SANITARY FOR HOSPITAL USE

HUDSON BROS.

1405 Bloor St. West TORONTO

Beg to call the attention of Canadian Hospitals to their

PURE ALUMINUM KITCHEN UTENSILS

They are 99% pure aluminum, of uniform thickness throughout, very light in weight, bright as silver, seamless and finished in the best possible way. These utensils have no coating of enamel to chip off, retain the heat much longer than granite ware, are rustproof and contain nothing that can adultant feet

that can adulterate food.

HUDSON BROS. manufacture a full line of Kitchen Uten ils, including Lipped Sauce Pans (heavy and light), Stew Pans, Fry Pans, Pie Plates, Cake Pans, Dinner Plates, Preserving Kettles, Double Boilers, Mixing Bowls, Dish Pans, Pitchers, etc. The firm will be glad to quote prices to institutions. Catalogue on request.



The Mark of Quality and Durability. Look for this mark stamped on the bottom of every article.

NOTE THE NAME

HUDSON BROS. 1405 Bloor St. W. TORONTO

Russian



MADE IN

RIGA, RUSSIA

Of best materials and labor Long guarantee Best non skid Safe and fast

Canadian Branch: Columb Tyres Import Co. 15 WILTON AVE., TORONTO



Installed in Victoria Hospital, London, Canada

SHELVING

HIS is the modern equipment for hospitals HIS is the modern equipment for hospitals and institutions. Made of steel and finished with a superior enamel thoroughly baked on. More durable and less bulky than wood, absolutely sanitary and of splendid appearance, Dennisteel is almost invariably the choice when investigated. Built on the unit system, sections may be added at any time. We would like to know your equipment troubles

THE DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS CO. LIMITED

LONDON

"Just to be sure!"

Thus spoke a careful physician when asked why he used our diphtheria antitoxin exclusively.

Our antitoxin justifies his confidence.

It is evolved in the blood of healthy, vigorous horses-horses that are carefully selected; that are under the watchful eyes of expert veterinarians at our model biological farm.

It is perfected in laboratories that afford unequaled facilities for serum manufacture-laboratories in which it is possible to observe, at every step of the process, the vital principles of asepsis.



It is exactingly standardized, bacteriologically and physiologically.

It is guaranteed as to purity, potency and uniformity.

CONCENTRATED ANTIDIPHTHERIC SERUM (GLOBULIN

Containers of 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000 units.

Specify "P. D. & Co." on your orders. PARKE, DAVIS & CO.

OF THE HOSPITALS

WHO FAVOR US WITH THEIR PATRONAGE, BUY

The Low-Priced Absorbent Cotton of Quality

in preference to other brands, because it is better value at the price than any other brand on this market.

Guaranteed pure and sterile—passes through the same 50 different operations as our higher grades—sells for less because made from short staple cotton which costs less than long fibre cotton though quality is identical.

Investigate—A postcard brings samples and

Maplewood Mills

Largest Manufacturers in the World FALL RIVER, MASS.







Quality has not been sacrificed in producing this model at this price. The enormous quantity makes this price possible.

TWIN MILLING CUTTERS



Price \$3.50 Prepaid
Just the very thing for Hospitals, etc.





THE STOMACH

WEAKENED BY DISEASE
EASILY and with the LEAST EXERTION
TAKES UP and DIGESTS



BECAUSE IT CONTAINS the Nucleo-Albumins & Nucleo-Proteids
The Highest Nourishment.

A Trial in your next Case Will Show its Value •

If interested Send for Samples & Literature
REED & CARNEICK

42-46 Germania Ave. Jersey City, N.J.



In Cancer, Fevers and Infectious Diseases the Balance may be obtained by the USE of the Cell Product The Balance of Health

is Due to Cell Metabolism



Send for Samples & Literature

REED & CARNRICK

42-46 Germania Ave. Jersey City, N.J.



It is delicious

A well made cup of good cocoa best fulfills the requirements of those who wish a delicious and nourishing hot beverage, and

BAKER'S COCOA

is "good" cocoa

in every sense of the word, absolutely pure and of high grade.

Walter Baker & Co. Limited

Established 1780

MONTREAL, CAN.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

The Hospital World

BUFFALO, U.S.A.

TORONTO, CANADA

An International Journal published in the interests of Hospitals, Sanatoria, Asylums, and Public Charitable Institutions throughout America, Great Britain and her Colonies.

EDITORS

"Hospital Construction"

CHRISTIAN R. HOLMES, M.D., Cincinnati, Ohio.; DONALD J. MACKINTOSH, M.D., M.V.O., Medical Superintendent Western Infirmary, Glasgow; FRED S. SUTTON, Esq., Architect, St. James Building, New York.

"Medical Organization"

WAYNE SMITH, M.D., Medical Superntendent Harper Hospital, Detroit, Mich.: H.A. BOYCE, M.D., Medical Superintendent, General Hospital, Kingston, Ont.; and HERBERT A. BRUCE, ton, Ont.; and HERBERT A. BRUCE, M.D., F.R.C.S., Surgeon, Toronto Gen-eral Hospital, Toronto.

"Nursing Department" MISS MARGARET CONROY, Boston, Zass,

" Hospital Maintenance and Finance

R. W. BRUCE SMITH, M.D. Toronto, Ont., Inspector of Hospitals for the Ontario Government; WALTER MUCK-LOW, Esq., Director St. Luke's Hospital, Jacksonville, Fla.; and MR. CONRAD THIES, late Secy. Royal Free Hospital London, Eng.

" Hospital Equipment and Appliances "

N. A. POWELL, M.D., C.M., Senior Assistant Surgeon in charge Shields Emergency Hospital, Professor Medical Jurisprudence, Medical Department, Jurisprudence, Medic University of Toronto.

"Question Drawer"

H. E. WEBSTER, Esq., Superintendent The Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal P.Q.

Managing Editor

W. A. YOUNG, M.D., L.R.C.P. (London, Eng.), Toronto, Ont.

All Communications, Correspondence and Matter regarding Subscriptions and Advertisements TO BE ADDRESSED TO THE HOSPITAL WORLD, 145 COLLEGE ST., TORONTO, ONT.

Vol. VI.

TORONTO, AUGUST, 1914

No. 2

Editorials

THE MALE NURSE

THE male nurse is needed. The male nurse is desired. What are the difficulties in the way of employing him? Not the expense, for in private nursing this would be little more than that incurred with a female nurse. Certainly not lack of demand for his services. since every physician has upon his books cases where

a trained male nurse would fill a great need. The chief difficulty lies in the lack of training facilities for the male nurse.

Custom, or a tacit acceptance of conditions, has led to an interpretation of the word "nurse" as one of feminine gender. It is time that hospital heads turn their attention to the possibility of establishing some system which will provide male nurses as efficiently trained as are their female confreres, since there is undoubtedly room for the services of the male nurse both in hospital and in outside practice.

While the female nurse is suitable and successful in much of the nursing service required by male patients, there are unquestionably certain phases of the work that are both most fittingly and best performed by the man nurse. This statement will be accepted without question by physicians and hospital authorities. In the instance of one group of diseases as well as for certain services in ordinary treatment the male nurse is desirable.

Under the present conditions of male nurses being practically unavailable, the nursing of male patients in hospitals has been, in the matter of general service, undertaken by female nurses, with ward orderlies to attend to specific treatment and duties.

Now the ward orderly is altogether or largely untrained. The merest rudiments of nursing lore, gained often through the ups and downs of a wandering life, are sufficient to ensure his engagement by hospital heads—for the supply is always inadequate. But the chasm between his quality of nursing ser-

vice and that of the trained female nurse is wide and deep.

It is rather an unusual situation, that the modern hospital, with its insistent demand that qualified officers in every department that relates to the patient—superintendent, internes, visiting staff, nurses—should be the products of long and especial training, yet permits the orderly, to whom is relegated service to patients often involving technical skill, not only to lack such training, but to be frequently of low grade mentality.

There are many invalided men, and many families who carry the responsibility of adequately caring for aged relatives, who would welcome the advent of the trained male nurse. In the hospital such a one would receive full recognition, and become a valuable factor in the work of the institution.

To establish a hospital training school inclusive of both sexes should not present insuperable difficulties to the hospital authorities, and should considerably facilitate the work of the institution.

A WISE PRECAUTION

There are enough and to spare of ably written medical books and ably conducted medical journals on both sides of the ocean. There is no excuse for "brain-rusting"—to employ an Oslerism—even for the man far from medical centres, with so many professional journals within reach. But these are writ-

ten in technical language, intelligible to the trained medical mind only. They are distinctly not intended as vehicles of communication with the public.

Perhaps one of the problems worth serious consideration by the profession is to discover the wisest method of communicating medical knowledge to the public, in such manner that it is both reliable and accurate.

The amount of quasi-medical lore that is thrust before the public, at the present day, through books, magazines and newspapers is appalling. That excellent modern slogan—education in preventive medicine—is partly responsible for this vast output. It has become fashionable, and incidentally profitable, to writers and publishers, to "popularize" medical knowledge, and an enterprising public press is not slow to take advantage of the fact, with results not always conducive to professional standing or to the public welfare.

The profession in Baltimore—that stronghold of medical research—has evidently suffered in this respect, and has recently made a most tactful and judicious effort to improve matters, one that is worthy of being passed on to other cities. The Medical Society of that city has entered into an agreement with the city daily press providing that the various medical organizations co-operate with the newspapers in communicating to the latter accurate medical news.

"The Society urges that wherever possible the physicians give reliable information concerning important discoveries, the condition of patients of prominence, and on other medical subjects in which the public is interested and which will tend to public welfare."

The agreement also provides that the names of no medical men are to be used by the newspapers unless written permission is given by the men who are concerned, and, of course, nothing is to be published that will be prejudicial to the interests of the patient, where a patient is the subject matter of the news item.

In return, the newspaper men have agreed to seek their information from the proper sources so that the copy they secure may be accurate.

Committees have been appointed by the various medical organizations that flourish in Baltimore, from which the pressmen may obtain, or at least seek, information.

The Baltimore medical men recognize the fact that the public press is entitled to such information, and have, in this arrangement, very wisely endeavored to safeguard the quality and reliability of the same.

FIXING THE RESPONSIBILITY

A THREATENED law-suit by an aggrieved patient may or may not advance beyond initiatory stages; but the possibility the threat contains has power to increase in marked degree the current burden of care carried by the hospital administrator. For whether the wouldbe plaintiff has cause sufficient or not—whether the injury be real or imagined—the suit, if once brought into court, makes for the hospital an unpleasant publicity, and usually an unjust implication that is damaging to the interests of the institution.

Every hospital head has interval-recurring experiences of this nature; an eager interne undertakes a post-mortem by stealth; a physician fails to obtain the consent of the patient or his friends before operating; a nurse exposes a patient to a draught, gives the wrong medicine or otherwise injures him; an abusive patient is roughly handled by an orderly; a patient contracts an infectious disease while in the hospital—these are a few of the causes for threatened proceedings. By the exercise of tact and diplomacy, frankly expressed regret or explanation, the superintendent—unless the offence is an aggravated one—is usually able to pacify the aggrieved parties and keep the matter out of Court.

But in the event of the suit being pushed against the institution, it is worth noting a recent decision of the New York Court of Appeal, in the case of an operation performed in the New York Hospital, against which institution the patient brought suit, averring that she having agreed to an examination only under ether, was operated on while still under the influence of the drug, against her intention and will. The Court dismissed the case, stating that the wrong was not that of the hospital, but that of the surgeon operating, and who was not to be considered a servant of the hospital.

The Court, however, made a new departure in applying the same principle to a second claim made by the same plaintiff involving her nurse, whom she alleged she had informed that she did not consent to an operation. The Court stated that nurses, as well as physicians, in treating a hospital patient, were not acting as servants of the hospital. "The superintendent is a servant of the hospital, the assistant superintendent and other members of the administrative staff are servants of the hospital; but nurses are employed to carry out the orders of the physicians. The hospital undertakes to procure for the patient the services of a nurse. It does not undertake through the agency of the nurses to render those services itself."

There is no doubt that such decisions as the one above made by the New York Court of Appeal are a great relief to the hospital administrators. But it is doubtful whether such decision will commend itself to the public mind as bearing the white light of common sense.

When a patient trusts himself to a hospital for treatment he and his friends assume—and it is a natural assumption—that the institution becomes responsible for his welfare, takes no advantage of his helplessness, and governs the relationship between them according to the well understood principles of hospital ethics. Any other assumption would be intolerable. And while the degree of a hospital's liability in such and kindred instances should be limited, hospital physicians in a degree, and hospital nurses in entirety, must be viewed as integral parts of the hospital organization, for whose good conduct the institution is both morally and legally responsible.

In contradistinction to the above case is a recent decision of the Court of Appeal of Maryland in a suit instituted against a surgeon for negligence after operation at a hospital.

The original judgment was given for the plaintiffpatient, who alleged that tuberculosis resulted from gauze and rubberized silk left in the wound.

The Court concluded that the operating surgeon could not be held responsible for the negligence, if proven, of hospital internes and nurses, in dressing the wound after operation, if he did not know of such negligence and it was not discoverable by him in the exercise of ordinary care.

A second trial has been granted the defendant, and it will be of interest to know where the liability is finally placed—with the surgeon or the hospital.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATOR

A NEWLY appointed hospital superintendent steps into a hard place when he assumes office.

This is the case where the institution is new, and the staff, gathered from various sources, has not yet learned to swing together or been moulded into a whole. It is even more true where the institution is an old established one, with a staff which has learned the idiosyncrasies, the strong and weak points, of the former superintendent, and has accommodated itself to them. If the latter was an excellent administrator, then the newly-appointed man suffers by the constant comparison, silent or spoken, of the staff, the patients and the public. He feels continually the necessity to "make good" and to justify his appointment as a worthy successor. This often leads to stultification of his own beliefs and originality of methods.

But if the ex-superintendent has been more or less unequal to his task; if discipline is lax, methods poor, and a general "pulling up" process is required, the new superintendent feels that the opportunity to make good, if easier in one respect, is more difficult in another. No superintendent in such an instance can avoid making radical changes; and the entire working staff are on the alert to resent the same. The heads of departments are, perhaps, appointees of some years' standing, and the effort to bring their various departments up to date, or at least in harmony with the new man's ideas, causes resentment, if not open rebellion.

This condition is not unusual in all institutions where a large staff is employed. In business places it results usually in dropping the objecting sub-head. In the hospital, however, the situation is complicated by a board, who too often listen to complaints and criticisms of the new chief from the medical, the nursing, or the serving staff. The doctors have their favorite nurses—often relatives; the trustees have their favorite doctors—often family physicians; and the criticisms or grievances of any one of these is allowed to carry undue weight—too often an interference that, if it does not veto the superintendent's changes, at least makes the strain of his position doubly hard.

It would be well if all members of hospital boards would take the attitude of one president when, a month after the appointment of a new superintendent, he was informed that the internes had mutinied and the superintendent of nurses resigned. "Good," he said, "it shows there is something doing."

The new superintendent should be supported by the board and medical staff, and given a chance to make good for a year at least—unless he prove utterly incompetent, which, if the appointment has been carefully made, is not likely.

As to the new executive himself, it would be well if he were to practise a little indifference to praise or blame; be as silent, as inconspicuous, and as tactful as possible in the institution of reform, and let the results of these reforms be peak their own commendation.

A hospital administration is under fire at any time, but its achievements are not the less appreciated in the end.

THE POINT AT ISSUE

The many serious abuses revealed by the recent official inquiry into the conduct of Bellevue and allied hospitals, as published in the reports of both the Committee of Inquiry, and the more recent report of the new Commissioner of Charities, has aroused a justifiable and indignant protest from the New York press and public. Graft, inefficiency, overcrowding, neglect, are some of the factors that enter into what Commissioner Kingsbury terms "the appalling treatment" suffered by the patients in these institutions.

The hospitals in question are city hospitals, under the control of the Department of Charities. This means, unfortunately, that municipal politics has entered into the conduct of them. "A very low grade of minor employees," says the report—probably ward-heelers or their friends. "Rotten food"—likely supplied by rake-off firms attached to the City Hall. "Very lax administration, grafting, and gross inefficiency." Numerous "unpaid helpers" placed in one institution by Tammany leaders, whom the night superintendent stated did practically no work.

It does not make pleasant reading, but under such method of control, is it much wonder that the above conditions exist and flourish? What can the ablest and purest administrator do in any hospital or group of hospitals where ward politicians have influence that controls purchase of supplies and appointment of employees.

The absence of full internal control by the superintendent is evidenced in the report of the Committee of Inquiry, section IX, in connection with Bellevue hospital.

"The nursing in Bellevue is conducted and supervised by the Training School for Nurses, an independent organization, with which the Trustees contract for the service rendered. It is not responsible to the Superintendent of the hospital, and makes no reports to him. The social service work of the hospital is conducted by a voluntary committee, in whose service there are officers who are paid by the hospital. These officers, or the Committee, make no periodic reports to the Superintendent about the work performed, and are practically as independent of his supervision as is the Training School for Nurses. At the present time no periodic report is made by the Supervising Engineer to the Superintendent of the institution."

The report goes on to state various other departments of the hospital service that are not reporting to the superintendent. It says that Bellevue was selected to make an examination of the various internal activities, not because it was assumed to be less efficient than the other institutions, "in fact, it seems to be operated with as great efficiency as any of the city's institutions, and much more ably than some of

them," which, under such handicaps as the above, coupled with an admittedly undermanned administration staff, means much.

"It is impossible for the superintendent of an institution the size of Bellevue to personally supervise daily all the activities of the institution," continues the report. And this applies to all large hospitals. "Their direction must be left to subordinate heads." and of these heads there are so many that if the superintendent should endeavor to confer with each at frequent intervals, his time would be almost entirely occupied by conferences. For the proper conduct of the institution it is necessary to have reports come to his desk setting forth what each activity has accomplished within a stated period, and setting it forth in such a manner that the report will clearly show whether it is being properly conducted. Even with the best of control reports in operation it would be necessary for the directing head to have periodic conferences with the heads of the various departments for the purpose of keeping more closely in touch with the work, and also for the purpose of giving directions."

The Commission of Inquiry publishes many excellent report forms, for use in the various departments, and hopes they will serve as a basis for all the city hospitals. But the crux of the lamentable situation lies not in the lack of adequate forms, but in the measure of control that can enforce their use and be able to take action upon the information they afford. But if, as in Bellevue, there exists an independent nursing

staff, an independent social service bureau, and various other independent agents—to the extent of "unpaid helpers" appointed by outside influence—what possible control can the chief superintendent have, and what measure of discipline, efficiency and purity of service is to be expected?

THE CANADIAN HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION

THE next annual meeting of the Canadian Hospital Association will be held in the King Edward Hotel, Toronto, on October 20th, 21st and 22nd next. The management of the hotel have assured the officers that everything possible will be done for the convenience and comfort of the members during the Through the kindly interest of the Hon. W. J. Hanna, the Provincial Secretary, a generous grant has been placed in the estimates for the benefit of the Association, and it is anticipated that the attendance at the meeting will be the largest in its history. Arrangements are now being made for a programme covering a wide range of subjects relating to hospital administration, a definite announcement of which will be made later. It is expected that a large number of new members from the extreme western and eastern Provinces will attend the convention.

Original Contributions

LIVING OUT OF DOORS

By W. B. Kendall, M.D., Physician in Charge Institutions of National Sanatorium Association.

LIVING out of doors is an experience which some people follow of necessity, while many others, and their number is steadily increasing, do so out of choice. The genuine pleasure and healthfulness experienced from outdoor living cannot be appreciated until one indulges in it to the full extent, and endeavors to work, rest and play out of doors.

For the past eight years I have been interested in the former class, for whom necessity makes the choice. I refer to patients suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, who are making a sojourn in a sanatorium. The measure of greatest importance in the so-called hygienic-dietetic treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis is that of education. The teaching of patients how to live in the open air is but one of the lessons taught in such institutions. A sanatorium is not merely a building or collection of structures in which to accommodate patients, but rather an institution combining all the essential features whereby a patient may be taught how to live hygienically under medical supervision, and schooled in such a way that he may be able to continue such type of living outside of an institution without supervision. Patients suffering from consumption are, unfortunately, too numerous, and sanatoria too few, to enable but a limited number to avail themselves of such training. We find that the average stay of patients in most sanatoria is but three months, a period much too limited to give marked practical results from treatment per se. This period, however, should be sufficient to enable patients to become thoroughly familiar with the disease they are suffering from, of the gravity of their plight, of the hopefulness in reference to results of treatment if persisted in, as well as some idea as to what measures must be followed in order that treatment may be continued along sanatorium lines after a patient has returned to the home.

Time and space will allow me to but briefly consider some points in reference to two types of building, among others, at present in use for outdoor living in Muskoka.

Illustrations Nos. 1 and 2 picture a type of pavilion as adopted four years ago for use in the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives. This building is 113 feet 6 inches long by 14 feet wide, and constructed so as to accommodate twenty beds. In the centre is a heated dressing room, in which are built twenty clothes lockers, on the door of each being a toilet set, including mirror and drawer for toilet articles. In this room will be found basins with hot and cold running water, water being heated in a coil in the heating stove. A porcelain waste basin is also provided for use in brushing the teeth and washing sputum flasks with an antiseptic after the contents of the flask have been placed in a refill and properly wrapped ready for burning. A shower bath, together with lavatory accommodation, complete the equipment of this dressing room. In either wing are accommodated ten patients. The front of the building is made entirely of glass above a 2 feet 6 inches base. The glass is set in sash which are hung from the top, swinging in. Each window is kept open by means of rope and pulley, the former being fastened to a cleat near the head of the patient's bed. The windows are closed only on the order of a physician. This type of building, of which we now have five in number, four for men and one for women, is used for ambulatory cases only. The windows in these pavilions were closed but four times last year, on stormy days only, although we experienced weather last winter when the thermometer registered 45 degrees below zero. Cost per bed complete, including furnishings, \$108.71.

Photographs Nos. 3, 4 and 5 give views of another class of pavilion in which each patient has separate accommodation, one of these buildings being at present in use at the Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium. This structure is 182 feet 6 inches long by 26 feet 6 inches wide, including a spacious verandah. The centre portion is of two storeys, the upstairs consisting of two bedrooms, a sitting room and lavatory. Below this on the ground

floor is included a solarium, bathrooms, lavatories, etc. In the sectional cut is shown a corridor running the entire length of the building, the outside exposure being of glass. From this



Open Pavilion.



Kendall Pavilion.



corridor entrance is made to the twenty dressing rooms, while in front of the latter are the open-air sleeping quarters. The dressing rooms are 4 feet 9 inches x 8 feet, furnished with a built-in wardrobe, a cheffonier and chair, while in each is in-



Interior Open Pavilion.



Bird's Eye View, Kendall Pavilion.

stalled a vitrified basin with hot and cold water. The sleeping room is 8 feet x 9 feet, with glass front made of two sash above a 3 feet 2 inches base. The windows are hinged at the top and swing in on pulleys. Below one of these windows is a swinging half door, the opening of which allows the bed to be run out on to the verandah. Screens cover all openings. The building is heated by low pressure steam, with the exception of the sleeping rooms. All rooms are lighted with electricity, including reading lamps at the head of each bed. The building faces the south and is built in the shape of a wide V, in order that protection may be had from the north, northeast and northwest winds. Cost per bed complete, including latest hospital equipment, \$397.35.

In considering the planning of buildings to be used for outdoor living we are anxious to include certain features and to avoid others. Efficiency, with comfort, must be the main object. The first point of importance is that a building be so planned that a patient may be able to spend as much of the twenty-four hours each day in the open air as possible, and be able to rest—and that in comfort. The rooms must be well lighted, ventilated, open to all the sun available, and easily kept clean. Bathing and lavatory accommodation must be ample and convenient. With separate rooms privacy and quietude are, of course, more possible, while this class of accommodation could be used for patients confined to bed.

From an economical point of view we must first consider the cost of original construction, and then give thought to heating, lighting, ventilation and cost of upkeep. This type of building is somewhat elastic, could be modified, made smaller along similar lines or added to. The single roomed pavilion could be used for advanced cases, while with slight changes one wing could be made available for women, the other for men. The second storey would make comfortable quarters for nurses, if necessary. I have often felt that a structure of this type could be built on the grounds of our county hospitals and be used for the care of advanced cases. The administration staff and buildings are at hand with nurses available. By such measures probable incurable tuberculous cases, I feel, could be made comfortable, and much-needed training for nurses as to pulmonary tuberculosis and its treatment made possible. June 1st, 1914.

Society Proceedings

SEVENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE CANADIAN HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION

(Continued.)

I have very great pleasure in seconding this vote of thanks, especially as I have watched the progress that has gone on in this nursing question. I would also say that I sat almost in amazement, but with great pleasure, yesterday, when I heard woman after woman get up here and express the human side of hospital and nursing work, which I think would delight the heart of Dr. Kavanagh.

THE PRESIDENT: Moved by Mr. Webster of the Royal Victoria Hospital, seconded by Mr. Parke of the Montreal General, that a hearty vote of thanks be tendered to Dr. Hornsby of the Modern Hospital for his excellent paper on "Team Work in the

Hospital."

(Carried unanimously.)

The next item of business is the report of the different committees.

We overlooked a paper. I see that Mr. Nicholson is now here. I am only sorry that we went away this morning without hearing Mr. Nicholson's paper on "Hospital Returns—A Few Errors which might be Avoided." Mr. Nicholson, we will be

very glad to hear that paper.

Mr. Nicholson: Mr. President, I regret that I have not prepared a paper, but I have embodied the points that I wish to impress upon those who are responsible for the monthly returns, which I, as connected with the Hospital Department of the Government, have to check over and see that their grants are properly made out, and I think that by distributing these they will be read by the members and impress upon them all that I have to say. I will just read over what I put in.

(Reads pamphlet entitled "Provincial Aid to Hospitals.") We often have a great deal of difficulty. I have a sample here. A return made by the Toronto General Hospital. My assistant in the office says that it is a waste of time to check it over. (Applause.)

THE PRESIDENT: There is one thing I should like to ask. I thought the last Hospital Bill gave us an unlimited days' stay to a patient. I did not think it was limited to 120 days.

Mr. Nicholson: That still stands.

A MEMBER: Why is it no allowance is made for infants

under one year?

Mr. Nicholson: That has been the rule ever since the department was organized. It is a time honored rule now. Of course it is not too late. I suppose it can be changed if the Government are appealed to.

A MEMBER: It has been brought to their attention more than

once, has it not?

Mr. Nicholson: Not that I am aware of.

Dr. Haywood: I would like to know in reference to No. 5 how you are going to arrange about the children if you are not going to keep them the intervening twelve months.

Mr. Nicholson: You have to keep them a year before they

are eligible.

The President: I am sure we are very thankful to Mr. Nicholson for making the work so explicit, because it has been a puzzle to some of our executors and secretaries, and I think this will elucidate the matter very much.

Now if there is no other business, no other discussion on this paper, we shall proceed with the reports of the different committees. We will take up first the committee on the time and place of the next meeting.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: Relative to this paper in connection with Provincial Aid to Hospitals. I am rather surprised to see at Clause 5 where no allowance is made for infants under one year of age. I confess I thought I knew everything, but that is something new to me. All I can say is it is an outrage that the Provincial Government should have such a tremendous surplus and who give a per capita for infants over a year, should not allow for infants under one year. I think this must be enquired into and find out exactly where we stand, because it is a serious matter in connection with the Hospital for Sick

Children. No allowance made for infants under one year of age! (Laughter). I think I will use some of the little energy which is left in me to see if I cannot have that matter changed. (Hear, hear.) While I am on this subject; I have just left a case now. (Laughter.) I was called over to the Hospital for Sick Children on a matter of business. But I want to say this to the Hospital Superintendents, I want to point out this, that the hospitals should receive an allowance from the Government for the outdoor departments. It is all very well to say as the-I am talking now of municipalities—the outdoor department is a very heavy expenditure on the part of the hospital. handled last year 25,000 cases, and if I mistake not the cost of that to the hospital was in the neighborhood of \$7,000. of course the Toronto General handles a large number-I do not know the number—a large number of outdoor cases. Why should they not receive from the city in addition to the \$1.00 per head per day-why should they not receive extra pay for the outdoor departments? "Patients admitted and discharged on the same day are not allowed for." The gentleman who drafted these regulations was of an economical frame of mind. (Laughter.) But seriously it is an important matter to you ladies and gentlemen here—not only in Toronto and London, but in other places—why should there not be payment for the outdoor work? We spent last year, if I mistake not, about \$12,000 in drugs and dressings over in the Hospital for Sick Children, and certainly a very large percentage of this was money expended for the benefit of the outdoor department. The year before last we handled about 18,400; last year it shows over 25,000, and I fancy at the rate Toronto is increasing, at the end of next year it will be 30,000, and I think it most unfair that the hospital should not be paid for the expense of the outdoor department. The Hospital for Sick Children is not an endowed hospital; it has not got the money at its disposal that the Toronto General has, not that they have any too much, but as I say it seems to me unfair. The cost last year at the Hospital for Sick Children was about \$1.90. We cannot reduce it. The Hospital is run as economically as a hospital can be run, and we cannot reduce it and I think it is the same in the Toronto General Hospital. I am sorry that Dr. Bruce Smith is not here, but I do think that a committee should be appointed.

THE PRESIDENT: We have a committee, and I think you are on it.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: Well, I will serve on it.
The President: Any further discussion on this subject?

Mr. John Ross Robertson: Perhaps Dr. MacMurchy will tell us how she feels on this subject of aid for infants under a year.

Dr. Helen MacMurchy: I feel very strongly on the subject, indeed, Mr. President, and I am sure that if Mr. Robertson and other ladies and gentlemen present would take it up the matter would be attended to.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: What do you think about the expenditure?

Dr. Helen MacMurchy: I think it is a point that should be brought to the attention of the Government, and I think the Government would be very glad to listen to any representation.

There was a point brought up yesterday by Mr. John Ross Robertson in which we were all very much interested. Mr. Robertson raised the question as to whether it was not so that some correspondence school of nursing had received a license by the Government. I enquired at once, and it is not so. They

applied for a license and it was refused them.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: All I can say is that I stand by what I said yesterday. There is a school in Toronto, and it is a correspondence school, and they have a charter from the Provincial Government. I will not mention the name, but I am perfectly satisfied. I know that the Government have refused charters, and I know this too, that I was in a Government building when a medical man of the city of Toronto—one of some repute too—wanted to establish a nursing home or a private hospital with a correspondence school nurse as Superintendent. I was present and I heard Dr. Bruce Smith most positively decline to give any such permission, but I am perfectly satisfied, and I will communicate with Dr. MacMurchy on the quiet as to this. I have had some interviews with two or three of the nurses, and there is, as I say, one school in Toronto, one correspondence school, that has authority from the Government.

Dr. Helen MacMurchy: I will take every advantage of Mr. Robertson's kind offer, and with your permission I would like to say that Dr. Bruce Smith and others responsible under

instructions from the Government would like to have information as to every private hospital and nursing home in the Province. We are most anxious to do everything that can be done at once. We will welcome communications from anyone that will assist us in doing that. Perhaps you have already explained Dr. Bruce Smith's absence; this is the only hospital meeting that he has missed.

THE PRESIDENT: He was called, I think, out of town on some trial case, where he had to give evidence. Therefore, he is un-

avoidably absent.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: In my opinion Clause 6 refers, of course, to the outdoor department, and it would be covered by the payment of whatever the municipality would pay towards

the expense of the outdoor department.

Dr. Clarke: I think I might give Mr. John Ross Robertson a point as to that. Our custom as to many of these children that come in, where we have to look after adenoids and tonsils, is to keep them for twenty-five hours only. (Laughter.) Now I expect that Clause No. 5 really affects us more than the Hospital for Sick Children. He will never take into account those children as part of our population, so no account is taken of them at all, but it seems an outrageous thing that we do not have some allowance made for them, because they take a good deal to maintain.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: I want to say in regard to the overflow from the Hospital for Sick Children, Dr. Clarke, that in these adenoid cases we speak of an immediate operation is not necessary. I know what is being done in the Hospital for Sick Children perhaps on that very subject, and perhaps it is your anxiety to get the work. (Laughter.) I made enquiries some time ago when I heard that you were doing the adenoid business, and that is the information I have from my superintendent.

Dr. Clarke: They always send them from your place to ours.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: No, they never send any from our place. However, it is all right, and we are on very good terms.

Miss Miller (Lindsay): No. 3. Unless some arrangement is made for our incurable cases—and we are obliged to keep

them sometimes six months and a year—why should we not receive a Government grant of twenty cents a day while we are maintaining them? There is no other place for them.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: We do not take incurables.

We send them to the Home for Incurables.

MISS MILLER: They have not room for them.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: We do not take them in.

Miss Green: In our report yesterday I told you that we had fourteen cases of death from cancer. All those cases had been treated in the General Hospital. They were all advanced cases; it cost more to care for them on the day of their death than on the day of admission to the hospital. We had seventeen deaths after admittance of three months. Those were all progressive cases, all increasing in cost daily. Why should we not be treated the same as the hospital?

The President: It seems to me, ladies and gentlemen, that in many of the country districts we cannot put them out in the street. We have to keep them, and why the limit should be one hundred and twenty days I cannot understand. I think this is one of the questions that should be taken up, and I think the Government would be only too glad to do anything.

THE PRESIDENT: The report of the committee on time and

place.

Dr. Young: Mr. President, the programme being so full and the session last night so long, I regret to say the committee has not had an opportunity to meet. I thought perhaps we could get together this afternoon, and when I came in Dr. Kavanagh was reading his paper. So I suggest that you allow your committee to continue and to report to the Executive Committee. I think the committee, though, would like to know the feeling of the meeting, whether we should meet in Toronto again, or whether it would be better to change. Personally. while I am very grateful for the invitation to London, I think, if it is to be in Ontario at all, the meeting in Toronto is the best thing, but I feel that if we keep it here all the time we shall have the same people coming to every meeting and the rest of the country will remain out of it. Whereas, if we switch it around a little, no doubt some of us here would not be able to attend, but we could remain loyal to the Association and we could keep in touch and at the same time be gaining in numbers and strength that way. I would like to have an idea of

the feeling of the meeting.

Mr. Webster: Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen, I am very strongly opposed to coming to Toronto next year again, because, just as the last speaker says, if you do not switch around you won't get additional members. Now we would be very glad to have you in Montreal next year. The first meeting of this Association was called in Toronto, and I received a long-distance message from Dr. Brown, and I was the only outsider that came here. If we do not get down to Montreal or to the different cities, we won't get members. We are all very grateful to Dr. Clarke for doing so nobly by us, but we must get around, and we want to get more members by going to some other place. I do not want to hurt anybody's feelings by saying "Go to Montreal." We can go to Quebec, if you like. I think we should go to one city and another. The time is coming when we will have to go to Winnipeg, as soon as we can afford it.

Dr. Haywood: I think if lack of attendance from the West is any indication that we are holding the meeting far enough east, I do not think we should go any further, and if Montreal is so enthusiastic about this Association, why have they only two representatives here? I will admit though the two they did send are very able representatives, but they surely could have done better than this by the Association. It strikes me that the Canadian Hospital Association is no child's play now. It means that we have sooner or later to take our stand in regard to hospitals. This is my first meeting. I do not know—the enthusiasm has been pretty fair here—but it seems to me we could have got a little more fire and energy into the whole thing. We have got to get the members here in the first place, and then we can find out where the meetings are to be held.

A MEMBER: The hotel accommodation in London is disgraceful. There is not a decent hotel in London, and I think we should stay away from there. As far as I am concerned, I should like to see it here in Toronto.

Mr. Nicholson: In the Conference of Charities and Correction we went out of the Province a year ago to Montreal, and this year to Winnipeg, and we had the most enthusiastic and best attended meeting we had anywhere, and as you say, to call an institution Canadian it ought to be Canadian more than in name. We had a very strong invitation to go to Calgary, but we out-voted them and brought them back to Toronto.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: What proportion had you from the east?

Mr. Nicholson: We had a very good attendance.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: How many?

Mr. Nicholson: About thirty.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: When we were at Montreal

what representation had you?

Mr. Nicholson: I think our representation from Ontario was the largest of any, but we were overshadowed by that other welfare convention down there, so we did not succeed so well as we ought to have done.

THE PRESIDENT: If I may be permitted to say a word, ladies and gentlemen, while I feel that we should go to the different places, London, if you please, Montreal, Winnipeg, Toronto, or whatever place, it seems to me that until our Association is settled and until we have created sufficient enthusiasm to get the people out, I do not think that any amount of going to Vancouver or any other place will get the people out; I think that each and every one of us must feel responsible in bringing somebody with us, in circularizing it and putting before them the merits of the Association and so forth. We are only a few hospitals anyway, seventy-nine if I remember rightly in Ontario, and in Quebec you have a number of them, and in the West you have a number, but still the representation has been fairly good. We cannot expect to do much better with even the full attendance of all the superintendents in Canada. However, I am willing to do whatever the others do. But I think, personally, that we should remain in Toronto another year. am sure that we receive splendid treatment from the Toronto General and from all our associates in Toronto, and we can but circulate these things to the other hospitals. It is a central place, it is half way in a sense between the Atlantic and par-

ticularly a certain part of the West, and I do not see any reason for changing just at present. Now we have changed once or twice, and while the meeting at Montreal was a success, I think at other places it was not just the success that we had anticipated, and I think that we should be very careful about moving just at present to a different place.

Dr. Dobbie: Perhaps some information as to the number of hospitals in the different provinces would help us. In British Columbia, 15; in Manitoba, 14; in Alberta there are 13, and in Saskatchewan, 8. That gives you an idea of the number of representatives you can get from the West. I have not the

figures for the other provinces.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: The Association is a sort of dead wire for three parts of the year, and it is a live wire for the remaining three months of the year. No exertion was made until a few weeks ago to get it into operation and the papers The American Association is kept alive all the year prepared. round. We could not get men like Dr. Clarke and Dr. Kavanagh to travel to Winnipeg or to Calgary. This Association should be kept alive all the year round. It is a pity that there is not a paid official, a secretary or somebody, to keep it alive all the year round. Now the people only know about three weeks before a meeting is held.

Dr. Parke: I believe the percentage of representatives at this meeting is as good or better than the percentage at the

American Hospital Association.

Dr. KAVANAGH: What did you say?

Dr. Parke: I believe that the hospitals of Canada are as well or better represented in this Association than the hospitals are represented in the International Association. I was not at the last meeting that was held, but at the one before that I was present. We counted noses there and we had a greater percentage of representatives from Canada attending the International meeting than they had over there, right on their own ground. You remember that, Miss Aikens, we went around and found out everybody that waved the Union Jack.

Mr. Webster: If Dr. Boyce thinks it is best to have it in Toronto next year, I am perfectly willing. I personally will

withdraw mine.

The President: It is only a suggestion on my part.

Dr. Dobbie: We had considerable difficulty this year to decide the best time to meet, and when we did decide on Thanksgiving Day we had considerable difficulty to find out when Thanksgiving was to be. If they think another season of the year, the spring of the year, would be better, let it be understood, and then we will have something definite to go on.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: I think September would be

a good month.

THE PRESIDENT: The American Hospital Association—perhaps I am giving out information I should not—meets next year in the last of August, and it seems to me that many of us like to go to the American Hospital Association, and it would come immediately before the Canadian, and you know the Boards of Trustees do not like their superintendents to be away two succeeding months.

Mr. John Robertson: Why not in May?

THE PRESIDENT: We had it at Easter time once or twice. It seems to me this is the best time in the year if we knew when Thanksgiving was to be.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: What has Thanksgiving got

to do with it?

THE PRESIDENT: Cheap rates. I think if we do not have it on Thanksgiving, we would have the best attendance at Easter time. The Nurses' Association met in May this year, and of course that prevented us holding this Association on May 24th. They meet every year, as I understand it, in May, so it does not do to clash with the Nurses' Association. I think the best time would be Easter.

MR. JOHN ROSS ROBERTSON: Why not hold them both at

the same time; they won't mix? (Laughter.)

THE PRESIDENT: It seems to me the best time is perhaps Easter. We know, then, it is practically settled. I asked the member when Thanksgiving was to come, and he did not know, and we could not tell. We knew this about a month beforehand, so I think in that case Easter time would be the best.

Dr. Young: Here you have lots of people who come from a distance, that do not come to Toronto for the meeting only, and here we have been busy ever since Monday and right up

until to-night, and everybody who wants to have a little time to look around the city will have to get their ticket extended and pay the other third anyway. I think I would disregard the cheap rates altogether.

THE PRESIDENT: That is to leave it with the Executive to

decide the time?

Dr. Young: Yes, to leave it with the Executive.

THE PRESIDENT: Why not have a motion as to the best time? I think there are sufficient here. It is better for a dozen to decide than for two or three.

Dr. Parke: I did not rise when Montreal was mentioned, and I do not want to say that you won't be welcome to Montreal and to the "greatest hospital in the world," but it must be remembered that all the members and superintendents of the Montreal General Hospital are members of this Association; all the members, all the superintendents, that is of the Protestant hospitals. Now I am perfectly satisfied that you are going to gain membership by moving round, and that is one of the ways the American Hospital Association has increased. We have not as many great centres, or as well arranged hospitals. Therefore, I move that the meeting be held about Easter time of next year in Toronto, and that your scheme of circularizing be carried out to see what effect it has next year.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: When does Easter fall next

year?

THE PRESIDENT: I think it is in April.

Mr. Nicholson: I think the Eastern Passenger Association have enjoyed cheap fare rates—to Winnipeg, single fare for the round trip.

Mr. John Ross Robertson: I think there is a new rule in operation. I was told the other day that there was. I second

that motion.

The President: Moved by Dr. Parke and seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the next meeting of this Association be held in Toronto about Easter time next year.

(Carried unanimously.)

Next, the auditors' report. It seems that some of the members of this committee were not present, or at least they had gone away at the time.

(Reads report.)

I move that it be adopted. Seconded by Dr. Young. (Carried.)

The next report is that of the Nominating Committee. (Reads report.)

Moved by Mr. Webster, seconded by Dr. Haywood, that these be the officers for the ensuing year.

(Carried.)

I have much pleasure in asking you, sir, to take the chair (addressing Dr. Young).

(Applause.)

I am sure that we are delighted to have you take charge of

the proceedings for next year.

Dr. Young: Ladies and gentlemen, I am so surprised that I really do not know what to say or how to thank you. When I started to take an interest in the American and Canadian Hospital Associations four or five years ago, I had no idea that I would ever be elected to an honor of this kind. It is particularly gratifying to me, and I am sure that it will be gratifying to my confreres in the Hospital for Insane to think that one of their number has been elected to the place of honor in an Association which is really a General Hospital Association, and I think that it will perhaps stimulate them, and I hope that some of them will soon be taking an interest along with myself in this Association, because there is no problem that you have to meet that they are not up against as well. could only attend the meetings I am sure that they would derive great assistance from the discussions and papers. I heartily thank you, I assure you, for the honor you have done me.

Before the meeting adjourns I think we should extend a vote of thanks to Dr. Boyce. (Applause.) Probably it is not known to more than one or two that this meeting came very near not taking place. The interest for some reason or other appeared to be lax, and one difficulty after another showed up, and Dr. Boyce, singlehanded almost, has pulled the thing

through, and I hope it is off for a fresh start. I am sure that we all appreciate what sacrifices Dr. Boyce has made for this Association, not only this year, but in previous years.

(Applause.)

Mr. Webster: I hate to be getting up all the time, but I cannot allow this meeting to close without moving a resolution to Dr. Dobbie, who has done so much for this Association, and has taken it on again this year. I think it means a lot to this Association.

I would also like to couple with that a vote of thanks to be extended to the Toronto General Hospital for their kindness in giving us this room and all the privileges they have given us. I would like, with your permission, to add Miss Gunn and Dr. Clarke and the Trustees.

The President-Elect: It has been moved and seconded that a vote of thanks be extended Dr. Dobbie for the efficient way he has discharged the duties of secretary. I knew him a long time ago, and I know that he has peculiar qualities that make him a most energetic and efficient secretary, and he certainly does a good work in keeping the Association in shape. A vote of thanks has also been tendered to the Trustees of the General Hospital, Dr. Clarke and Miss Gunn for their kindness in giving us the use of this splendid room. (Applause.)

Dr. Dobbie: Mr. President, I just rise to say that it is really wonderful what little one can do and at the same time reap such a large share of credit which should be distributed to others more energetic and more worthy. I wish to take the opportunity in accepting the vote of thanks to set myself right by stating to you that the major part of the work that I should

have done was done by your President, Dr. Boyce.

Dr. Clarke: On behalf of the Trustees, Miss Gunn and myself, I thank you. The pleasure has been altogether ours. It has been an advantage to have you here and profit by availing ourselves of the criticism that has been offered.

THE PRESIDENT-ELECT: If there is no further business the

meeting is adjourned.

THE AMERICAN HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION

Readers of The Hospital World will please note the following corrections in the preliminary program:

Page 3—10.00 a.m. change to 9.30 a.m. 10.30 a.m. change to 10 a.m.

Page 6-Dr. Wm. B. Walsh, Chief Resident Physician, Philadelphia General Hospital. Change to Dr. Wm. H. Walsh. Superintendent Philadelphia Hospital for Contagious Diseases, Philadelphia, Pa.

Page 7—Mr. Frederic B. Morlock, Superintendent Flower Hospital, New York City. Change to Memorial Hospital Richmond, Va.

Page 8-10.30 a.m. Change to 10 a.m.

Page 10-Miss Mabel McCalmont's address should read 52 Wall Street, New York City.

Page 14-10.30. Change to 10 a.m.

Page 17-Dr. S. S. Coldwater should be Dr. S. S. Cold, Commissioner of Health, New York, N.Y.

Page 18-Dr. S. S. Coldwater should be Dr. S. S. Cold, Commissioner of Health, New York, N.Y.

4. Report of Committee to Consider the Grading and Classification of Nurses. Miss Charlotte A. Aikens, Chairman, Detroit, Mich.

General Discussion.

Page 15-

1. California and the Eight-Hour Law. Miss A. A. Williamson, Supt. California Hospital, Los Angeles, California.

2. Report of Committee to Memorialize Congress to Place Hospital Instruments on the Free List. Rev. Geo. F. Glover, D.D., Chairman, Supt. St. Luke's Hospital, New York City.

3. Report of Special Committee on Bureau of Hospital Information. Dr. W. H. Smith, Chairman, Supt. Johns

Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md.

4. Report of Committee on Legislation. Dr. Wayne Smith, Chairman, Supt. Harper Hospital, Detroit, Mich.

5. Other Committee Reports.

6. Report of Committee on Time and Place of 17th Annual Conference.

7. Report of Nominations Committee.

8. Election of Officers.

9. Introduction of President-Elect.
Adjournment.

There will be a non-commercial exhibit at the St. Paul meeting of the American Hospital Association. Articles invented, designed, improved or arranged by hospital workers—articles not ordinarily found in catalogues are solicited. There will be an exhibit from all clases of hospitals—children's, orthopedic, tuberculosis, eye and ear, infants'; also a training school exhibit. Hospitals having anything to send should forward the same to Miss Lydia H. Keller, Supt., Cobb Hospital, St. Paul, Minn.

The enthusiastic and friendly secretary has written as fol-

lows:

"Fellow Members,—Now is the time to prepare for the great hospital convention at St. Paul, Aug. 25, 26, 27, 28.

"Mr. Bacon has made arrangements for the members who go by way of Chicago to spend a profitable day visiting the large institutions there.

"Over 400 have applied for conveyance on the Association's special trains leaving Chicago midnight August 23rd. This train will convey the members along the beautiful valley of the Mississippi.

"At the Boston conference the American Hospital Association passed a vote to make hospital physicians, surgeons, pathologists and superintendents of nurses eligible to membership

in the Association.

"It was felt, as these people represent a most important side of the hospital's activities, they should be represented in the Association. There is no doubt, if they will attend the meetings and participate in the discussions, that it will greatly advance the interests of the Association and tend to the development of

co-operation and harmony.

"As the St. Paul convention is nearing, I am naturally anxious to secure a large number of applications for membership, and I am writing this letter to ask your continued and valued assistance. I know that a word from you to the members of your attending staff and superintendent of nurses will carry more weight with them than a dozen letters from me. This is my excuse for troubling you instead of writing direct to them.

"The annual dues for associate members are \$2. I am taking the liberty of enclosing a few application blanks for your use."

Hospital Intelligence

CANADIAN

Certain additions to the Dorchester St. East Hospital, Montreal, are under consideration. Ed. & W. S. Maxwell, 6 Beaver Hall Sq., are the architects.

The new Summerland Hospital, B.C., is expected to be completed before August, tenders having now been issued.

A new hospital is proposed for Gananoque—the doctors, the King's Daughters and the fraternal societies are interested.

Work has recommenced on the Saskatchewan Sanitarium, at Fort Qu'Appelle. The site comprises 230 acres. A part of the first floor of the main building is completed. The Government has promised \$100,000, contingent on the Saskatchewan Antituberculosis League raising a similar amount. In 17 Saskatchewan hospitals 260 tuberculosis cases were treated in 1913; and this represented only a portion of the sufferers. The new sanitarium will be fireproof. The architect is J. H. Puntin. It will cost \$225,000.

The Herbert Board of Trade (Sask.) have recommended a hospital for the municipalities in that vicinity. The Vermillion Hills municipality is willing to co-operate. Ten acres have been set aside in Herbert for the institution. The cost will be about \$25,000.

Chatham, Ontario, will have a new isolation hospital. Dr. W. R. Hall, M.O.H., has visited various isolation hospitals for pointers.

The Children's Hospital in Hamilton is completed. Its chief benefactor is Mrs. Jeanette Lewis. Work on the new Provincial Jubilee Hospital has begun. Only Britishers are allowed to work on the job.

The St. John (N.B.) *Times* says that the accommodations for tuberculous patients in its environs are sadly lacking, and a "disgrace to any so-called Christian community." A tuberculosis hospital is badly needed. Eighty thousand dollars has been voted for such an institution, which will be erected on the east side of St. John. F. Neil Brodie is the architect.

The Royal Columbian Hospital, New Westminster, B.C., is completed.

A handsome new wing has been added to St. Luke's Hospital, Ottawa. This brings St. Luke's quite up to date, with its new operating rooms, new dispensary, new kitchen, indirect lighting, modern heating and ventilating. Dr. W. E. Caven is Superintendent.

The new wing of the Regina General Hospital is completed. Miss Turner, Superintendent, has taken on 30 new nurses. A pathologist and two internes have been appointed.

A new isolation hospital is to be built in Fredericton, N.B. J. F. McMurray is on the building committee.

A Catholic hospital is talked of for Brantford, Ont. Very Rev. Dean Brady is looking out for a site. It will be under the care of the Sisters of St. Joseph.

Sydney, N.S., is to have a fine new hospital. The old Brooklands Hospital there was recently destroyed by fire.

G. A. Henderson, Esq., has been elected again president of the Vernon Jubilee Hospital.

A new hospital has been opened in the Gulf Islands, B.C. It was opened in May by Hon. Dr Young. The Superintendent is

Miss Colquhoun, of London and Dublin. Corporal Newens., late R. A. M. C., has been appointed male attendant.

A site has been selected for a tuberculosis hospital at Calgary.

Tenders for the new hospital at Walkerville, Ont., were found to be too high. Contractors have been asked to revise their figures.

An \$80,000 hospital is to be built in North Winnipeg, for 50 patients.

St. Joseph Hospital, London, Ont., is making a \$100,000 addition.

Brantford is providing a smallpox hospital.

A new hospital is to be built at Kelowna, B.C. It will be ready this fall.

AMERICAN

A \$35,000 Italian hospital is to be built in Paterson, N.J.

Four additional buildings are being erected in connection with Mount Sinai Hospital, N.Y.

The Long Island State hospitals have been undergoing special inspection as a result of charges of bad conditions by the Federal inspectors.

A \$30,000 addition is being made to the Hospital for Women and Children, Newark, N.J.

The new tuberculosis ward building of the City and County Hospital, St. Paul, Minn., has been completed, costing \$125,000.

Dr. George Conderman, of Hornell, N.Y., has given a site for a hospital.

\$20,000 will be spent in improving the City Hospital, Binghampton, N.Y.

\$150,000 were raised for St. John's Long Island City Hospital in early June.

Central Islip Hospital was investigated on the charge of using ancient eggs and decomposed meat.

A tuberculosis hospital is to be built in Watertown, N.Y.

The corner stone of the new Emergency Hospital, Washington, D.C., was laid by Senator Gallinger.

A new \$250,000 hospital is to be built in Kalamazoo, Mich.

St. Anthony's Hospital, Woodhaven, N.Y., is to be used for the housing of tuberculosis patients.

The College of Physicians, Philadelphia, was addressed by Dr. Richard Cabot, on social service. Dr. David L. Edsall spoke in "The Relations of the Medical Staff to the Administration," and Dr. William S. Thayer discussed "The Responsibilities of the Medical Staff."

A new hospital is to be built at Sellwood, Ore., costing \$15,000.

Owing to disgraceful conditions discovered in Comberland Street Hospital, New York, the resignations of the Superintendent, the head of the training school, and the matron, have been called for. Men with fractured legs in casts were found lying on the floor on mattresses which had been condemned several years, and through which in numerous spots the floor could be sounded.

A new men's ward is to be erected at the State Hospital at Providence, R.I.

The New Lebanon Hospital in Philadelphia has been remodelled and equipped at a cost of \$25,000.

The German Hospital in Greenville, N.J., is completed.

The Sisters of Providence, at Holyoke, Mass., are building a new hospital.

A \$2,000,000 State hospital will be ready by January 1st next for Ohio. It is located near Lima, Ohio.

The New York Hospital and the Presbyterian came in for large shares of the estate of Miss Elizabeth Thompson. The deceased left \$3,000,000, all told.

A large county hospital is recommended for Milwaukee. Of 6,400 persons incapacitated through sickness or accident, 1,444 were financially unable to take care of themselves. There is one bed for every 347 inhabitants.

A \$250,000 addition is to be made to the Willard Parker Hospital, New York City.

A social service department has been added to the Boston City Hospital.

A new Catholic Hospital is planned for Mason City, Ia.

Two baby hospitals have been erected on street piers in Philadelphia.

The People's \$90,000 Hospital, Peru, Ill., is completed.

A new isolation hospital is proposed for La Salle, Ill.

The Robert W. Long \$250,000 Hospital, Minneapolis, is completed. It will be associated with the University of Indiana Medical School. It is the gift of Mrs. and Mr. Robert Long.

Dr. T. B. O'Keefe, Grand Rapids, Mich., is building a sanitarium, to cost \$20,000.

There is a new tuberculosis hospital at Ancora, N.J.

It is reported that the Beth Israel Association of New York City has purchased a site for a million dollar hospital.

Dr. S. S. Goldwater opposes the expansion of hospitals as health centres. He holds that this work belongs to the Department of Health. A large Board of Trustees, a smaller board, or a single commissioner might satisfactorily administer the city hospitals. The project to put all hospitals of the city under a new department of hospitals is being favorably considered by those who have recently made an investigation of the city hospital for the Mayor.

A sanitarium for tuberculosis is to be opened at Tahlegach, Okla.

The Sisters of Charity at McAlester, Okla., will build a hospital.

A new Indian hospital is to be built at Lawton, Okla., to cost \$40,000.

The operating room of the Homeopathic and Surgical Hospital at Reading, Pa., has had to be moved to another part of the building, as a result of a law suit brought by some of the nearby residents of the hospital.

A new city and county isolation hospital is to be built at Superior, Wis.

A new emergency hospital is asked for by the Medical Society of Milwaukee, for that city.

Montreal is to have a floating hospital for sick children.

The Foresters are establishing a sanitarium near San Fernando, Cal.

Millville, N.J., is to have a \$20,000 municipal hospital.

3,000 patients in the Hudson River State Hospital have been vaccinated.

A \$200,000 dispensary is being built in New York City.

Through the co-operation of the General Memorial Hospital and Cornell University Medical College, New York is to have the largest and best equipped cancer hospital in the world. More than \$1,000,000, exclusive of the value of the hospital buildings, is already at hand to form the basis of the institution, which will also have a large supply of radium at its command, and the results of years of research to draw on. Ninety beds will be devoted to cancer patients.

St. Anthony's Hospital, at Woodhaven, near Brooklyn, was blessed early in May. It will accommodate 700 patients.

The New York Saturday and Sunday Association recently apportioned \$110,000 among the forty-seven New York Hospitals.

An effort is being put forward to raise \$25,000 for an addition to St. Mary's Hospital, Jamaica, N.Y.

The new Utrecht Dispensary, New York, is to develop into a hospital. A lot on 36th St. has been purchased for the purpose.

It is proposed to enlarge the Macon City Hospital, Georgia, by expending \$100,000 on an addition. Rev. R. E. Douglas is President of the Board.

The Delaney investigators charge gross mismanagement of the State Hospitals of New York State. Of eight million dollars, one-half goes for wages—11,000 persons being employed to care for 30,000. Many patients admitted to increase institutions' population, on which salary additions are based, it is alleged.

A special campaign was conducted in May for Mercy Hospital, Baltimore. Some \$300,000 were raised.

The Jewish Maternity Hospital in Philadelphia is completed. Cost, \$75,000.

The Illinois Central Railroad has purchased a tract of land in Chicago for an employees' hospital. It will cost \$400,000.

\$100,000 have been recently raised for the Passaic General Hospital.

Miss M. M. Taylor has bought the Physicians' and Surgeons' Hospital, of San Antonio, Texas, for \$75,000. She has operated the hospital for three years.

A special campaign in aid of Alexandria Hospital, Alexandria, Va., has recently been carried on, some \$30,000 being realized.

Mr. James E. Deering has given the Wesley Hospital \$1,000,000 as an endowment fund. He stipulates that Wesley shall be a teaching hospital of high standard. A free dispensary is to be maintained, as well as a clinical laboratory.

It is proposed to erect a new quarantine hospital in Niagara Falls, N.Y., in a more central location.

A special campaign has been completed on behalf of the North Hudson Hosiptal, and \$60,000 realized.

George W. Elkins has erected the Abington Memorial Hospital in memory of his wife. It cost \$100,000, and was opened on May 15, 16 and 17.

UNITED HOSPITAL, PORT CHESTER, N.Y.

The United Hospital, at Port Chester, New York, completed a twelve-day campaign for endowment on June 17th. This hospital serves Port Chester, Rye and Harrison. The buildings are new and are free from debt. The object of the campaign was to secure an additional endowment fund. It was stated that \$10,000 of the amount raised would be used for current expenses. The objective of the campaign was \$100,000 or more. The sum subscribed slightly exceeded \$112,000. Mr. W. A. Bowen, of Waterville, Maine, was the leader of the campaign. Perhaps one very large gain to the hospital, as a result of this campaign consists in the large interest that was awakened throughout the entire community in the hospital, as a community institution. In the past there have been a limited number of contributors. Fully 3,000 people subscribed toward the campaign fund.

GRADUATION EXERCISES, TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES, HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, HAMILTON

A BRILLIANT success was the fourth graduation exercises of the Training School for Nurses of the Hospital for the Insane, Hamilton, on June 17th. A large number of people turned out, gaily gowned, and almost every shade was seen against the fresh verdure of the trees and shrubs. Excellently well situated for such a function are the beautiful grounds, with their winding drives, shady trees and profusion of flowers.

On one of the east lawns an improvised platform was erected, beautifully decorated with palms and huge bowls of marguerites and roses. On the platform were His Lordship the Bishop of Niagara, Dr. English, Dr. McNaughton, and Mr. Rogers and Mr. W. W. Dunlop, inspectors of hospitals, from Toronto.

Miss O'Donnell and as many of her nurses as could be spared from the wards, with the graduating class, were seated, in their uniforms, in the front rows of chairs just below the platform. Dr. English presided, and in his opening remarks gave a very warm welcome to all present, and said that after a period of three years' training and most thorough examinations, the nurses received their diplomas, and that the Government of the Province was determined to make these training schools the very best in the land.

Dr. McNaughton then administered the Florence Nightingale

pledge to the graduation class.

Dr. English called upon His Lordship Bishop Clark to address the class and to present the diplomas to Misses Annie Wallace, Sarah T. Weir, Annie T. Mooney, Mabel Partridge, Florence Petten and Louise O'Keefe. Mrs. English presented the graduation pins. Mr. W. W. Dunlop, at the request of Dr. English, presented Miss Annie Wallace with a silver mounted thermometer for being first in the graduation class.

The hospital orchestra, under the leadership of John Glebe, furnished many excellent selections, and brought the exercises

to a close by playing the National Anthem.

Refreshments were then served from a marquee centered in a circle of pine trees, beautifully decorated with ropes of daisies brought from the centre of the ceiling and down each post, with huge bowers of flowers in between. The long table was centered with a silk maltese cloth and prettily arranged with syringa and pink carnations in large flower bowls.

Mrs. McNaughton and Mrs. Webster poured tea and coffee; Mrs. Robertson, assisted by Miss O'Donnell, was in charge of

the ice cream and strawberries.

The annual dance, which brought to a close the graduation exercises, was the most delightful ever held in the institution. The hall and platform were beautifully decorated with palms and quantities of flowers. The floor was in perfect condition for the dance, and every detail of the evening contributed to the comfort and enjoyment of the two hundred or more present. The orchestra of the institution supplied a programme of unusually delightful numbers. Much of the success of the evening was due to the energetic superintendent and Mrs. English and the staff of officers. A dainty buffet supper was served from prettily decorated tables. The bright faces and uniforms of the nurses and the gaily colored gowns of the guests made a scene not soon to be forgotten.

Book Reviews

Diseases of Women. By Florence E. Willey, M.D., M.S., B.Sc., London. The Scientific Press, Limited, 28 and 29 Southampton St., Strand. (Two shillings net.)

In her preface the author, who is a physician for the diseases of women, a teacher and an examiner in obstetrics, states that her aim is to show a good reason to the nurse why she is asked to carry out certain methods. Much bad nursing, she contends, is the result of nurses working without understanding the reason why they are asked to carry out certain methods. They are working in the dark.

There are nineteen concisely written chapters in the little work, dealing with the anatomy of the female genitals, the examination of the patient, instruments and accessories, tamponage, use of the catheter and douches. Then follow chapters on menstruation and its disorders, inflammation, displacements of the uterus, diseases of the adnexae, and the nursing of venereal diseases. Chapters ensue on the preparation for the various gynecological operations, dilatation and curettement. The aftercare of abdominal cases, complications following abdominal operations, and a chapter on gynecological emergencies complete the volume. We should like to see such a practical little volume widely read on this side of the water. Send fifty cents for it.

Hospitals Sisters and Their Duties. By Eva C. E. Luckes, Matron of the London Hospital. The Scientific Press, Limited. (Two shillings and sixpence net.)

As the title indicates, this is a nursing manual dealing largely with the ethics of the profession in the relations of the head nurse, or sister, as she is termed in English hospitals, toward her staff nurses and probationers, and toward her patients, with chapters also on ward management. That the book is in its fourth edition is evidence of its popularity among the members of the profession across the water.

A Continental Holiday. By Grace Vallois. The Scientific Press, London, Eng. Price, one shilling.

The author of this pleasant little volume writes, she avers, for nurses, and incidentally for "all fellow-travellers with slender purses," which ensures a wide circle of readers. Her informative talk takes London as the starting point, and from it she sends her slender-pursed travellers on one week, ten day, and fortnight holiday trips which, she states, can be made at the cost of from five to seven pounds. She devotes some first pages to useful hints concerning clothes, luggage and railway methods, and in succeeding chapters describes in chatty fashion little journeys to the Ardennes, St. Malo, Amsterdam, Bruges, at the above cost; while a fortnight at Lucerne and Florence are outlined at eleven and thirteen pounds respectively.

The book is readable and illuminative—valuable not alone to nurses, but to all women travellers who seek a charming yet

inexpensive holiday.

Burdett's Hospitals and Charities, 1914. Being the Year Book of Philanthropy and the Hospital Annual; Containing a Review of the Position and Requirements, and Chapters on the Management, Revenue and Cost of the Charities. An Exhaustive Record of Hospital Work. It will be found to be the most useful and reliable guide to British, American and Colonial Hospitals and Asylums, Medical Schools and Colleges, Nursing and Convalescent Institutions, Consumption Sanitaria, Religious and Benevolent Institutions and Dispensaries. By Henry Burdett, K.C.B., K.C.V.O. Twenty-fifth year. London: The Scientific Press, Limited, 28 and 29 Southampton St., Strand, W.C.

We make no apology for quoting in full this quaint, pregnant title page, as it presents to our readers an epitome of the contents of the volume. With a degree of pardonable pride, the versatile, energetic and many-sided author, in his preface, calls especial attention to the immense amount of accurate and useful information contained in this number. He mentions with particular pleasure the splendid gift of Sir Julius Wernher, amounting to £500,000, to the King's Fund, which Fund Sir Henry had so much influence in inaugurating through his strong per-

sonal friendship with the late King Edward and with the other original contributors to the Fund. Canadians will remember that Lord Strathcona and Lord Mountstephen placed the Fund on its first firm basis by their magnificent gifts toward it.

The Annual is both a compendium of hospital information and a hospital directory. It would be as easy to review a dictionary as so extensive a work as this. It is the greatest and most collective volume of its kind in the world, and should be within reach of every hospital worker of whatever nationality and whatever phase of the work.

A Quiz Book of Nursing. By Amy Elizabeth Pope and Thirza A. Pope, together with chapters on visiting nursing by Margaret A. Bewley, R.N.; on hospital planning, construction and equipment, by Bertrand E. Taylor, A.A.I.A.; and on hospital bookkeeping and statistics, by Frederic B. Morlok. With diagrams. G. P. Putnam's Sons: New York and London. The Knickerbocker Press.

This is a quiz book containing 1,000 questions with answers. These questions relate to the care of the ward; routine care of patients; significance of the more common symptoms; methods of giving medicines; principles of surgical nursing, obstetrics, pediatrics, first aid; duties of a head nurse, of private nurses, and methods of teaching nursing. There are some 50 questions on hygiene, 50 on bacteriology, 350 on anatomy and physiology, 250 on dietetics, and 150 on materia medica.

It reads like a dictionary. For students before examinations it affords one method of review. Taylor's chapter on hospital construction is pithy and good and Morlok's chapter on hospital bookkeeping useful to those in charge of the larger hospitals.

Immunity. Methods of Diagnosis and Therapy and Their Practical Application. By Dr. Julius Citron. Translated from the German and edited by A. L. Garbat, M.D. Second Edition. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston's Son & Co. 1914.

This little book of Citron serves a certain purpose in presenting in concise form material otherwise only available in laboratories possessing the large systems dealing with the subjects of bacteriology and immunity. So much work has been done, particularly in immunity, that even the more pretentious German "Handbuchs" on the subject are often remiss in their treatment of the most recent contributions. Some of these books however, especially those of German and French origin, have the more serious and annoying habit of quite ignoring the English and American literature. Citron has emulated some of his colleagues in this particular and an otherwise admirable book leaves itself open to strong criticism.

A concrete instance of the point complained of occurs in the section devoted to the work on chemotherapy, where Wolferstan Thomas's work with atoxyl is completely ignored. This is perhaps of less moment than a statement on page 71, which reads: "Koch's differentiation between bovine and human tuberculosis led to attempts," etc. This is a typical example of the methods of a certain type of German laboratory worker. Theobald Smith, who is absolutely entitled to the credit for this work, is not even mentioned, and Koch is given the credit.

One cannot, therefore, fairly say that the book has any pretence to consideration other than that of a small laboratory guide in immunity, presenting many methods, some of them of value, others worthless (e.g., Much-Holzmann test), but all of them, according to the author, made in Germany and for German consumption. The English edition, one would expect, would supplement and include these omissions; this has not been done however.

It is the opinion of the writer that those who are guided by this book will have a very biased and one-sided knowledge of immunological methods and not one that will qualify them to do the best work in the field of immunity.

It is unfortunate, but it is true, that this manual cannot be recommended as a substitute for either Kolle and Wassermann or Kraus and Levaditi; and this seems to have been the author's aim in compiling the book.

J. G. F.

CLARIFY YOUR MILK



No milk, whether certified, inspected, guaranteed, or however produced, is so pure but that it will be rendered more wholesome by the De Laval Process of Clarification.

The need of cleansing milk, not only of the foreign matter it is invariably found to contain, but, as well, of the inflammatory discharges with which the milk of nearly all cows, at one time or another, is infected, has come to be recognized by the chief health authorities, the more enlightened and progressive dealers, and also by the consumer.

WRITE FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS AND PRICES

DE LAVAL DAIRY SUPPLY COMPANY, LTD. Peterboro, Ont.

MONTREAL

OUEBEC

TORONTO

WINNIPEG

VANCOUVER



PARIPAN

The English lacquer Enamel, that is washable and durable (on some hospitals for 15 to 20 years) for plaster walls or woodwork in glossy or flat.

USING IT MEANS

Efficiency of Upkeep Reduction of Upkeep

Write for Free Booklet and Color Card to—Sturgeons, Limited, Toronto

NEW HOSPITAL APPLIANCES, PHARMACEUTI-CAL PREPARATIONS, ETC.*

Beauty and Utility in Doors

When utility can be combined with beauty for special purposes the result should surely be most gratifying. The aesthetic is apt to be crowded to one side in hospital construction and outfitting, where utility must, of course, be the primary consideration. Occasion frequently arises, however, where the two can be combined to advantage. Sometimes, for instance, one sees hospital doors where the consideration of appearance has been left largely alone, with anything but pleasing result. The Boake, Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Toronto, make a specialty in their doors and interior woodwork of combining the two features, provision for sanitation and beauty, in such a way as to give the utmost of utility and at the same time satisfy the most rigorous demands of the lover of the aesthetic. They have supplied a number of the largest institutions in Ontario and the other provinces, and are prepared to furnish estimates on any sized contract of this nature, with a guarantee of the utmost satisfaction.

An Individual Towel

The Individual Towel is a necessity which has come to stay. Certainly in this the twentieth century, no reasonable person will share a towel with all and sundry, or compel an employee to run the risk of germ infection, when at the same cost, or perhaps for less, a clean towel can be provided for each individual. In hospitals or sick rooms, where cleanliness is imperative and where doctors and nurses have so frequently to wash their hands, these towels are handy and essential.

The E. B. Eddy Company's Tissue Paper Towels are to be particularly recommended, being made under perfect sanitary conditions, and guaranteed chemically pure. They are put up in rolls of 150, 250 or 500 towels, well perforated, so that each towel may be readily detached. Each towel is about the size of a large serviette, absorbent, and quite soft to the touch.

^{*} Publishers' Department.

CHINA, PURE NICKEL, AND GLASS FOR HOSPITAL USE

Now Offered by

The BRODEUR CO., Ltd.

The Largest Supply House in the Dominion.

Our equipment for Import being specialized, is unequalled for the following reasons: Our Salesmen are experienced for the Hotel, Railway, and Hospital supplies, and do not cater to the retail merchants. We sell the Hospitals

At WHOLESALE or IMPORT PRICE.

Special Designs, Special Shapes, Special Sizes, Crested or Badged to Order

OUR AGENCIES.

Krupp's Pure Nickel Kitchen Cooking Utensils

also Nickel Vessels for sterilizing the doctor's instruments. The most hygienic metal for cooking in existence, guaranteed to stand any test—as hard as steel.

Private Ward Outfits for 4, 6, or 12 persons supplied with oak shelves, in stock in Montreal, or can be supplied from works in 90 days.

Haviland China.—Highest grade of Limoges China made. Special thickness for Hospital use. Special designs made to order. Badged in Gold or in same color and design can be supplied in 90 days.

Glassware—Leerdam, Portieux, Belgian, Holland and English glassware carried in stock; Plain or etched. Special designs and Crests to order can be supplied in five months.

FROM STOCK—English White and Gold China, Ridgway's Earthenware Plain white, Red Band or Green Band. Austrian Cut Glass Flower Vases from \$2.40 dozen to \$9.60 dozen. China Invalid Cups, Flower Pots, Jardinieres and Decorative Pieces.

Cutlery and Silverware.

Pressed Glassware—Heisey's, and other high-class makes.
Rosenthal Hotel China—Speciality, Underglaze Decorations.

GET ESTIMATES FROM HEADQUARTERS

Established 1892



Established 1892

84-86 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL

A. N. BRODEUR

A. E. KEATES

T. K. CLARKE

President and General Manager

Vice-Pres. and Sales Manager.

Treasurer and Office Manager.

Safety First, Last and all the Time demands that you guard your health by using these towels. Eddy's towels are sold with neat, attractive fixture complete, all ready to affix to the walls.

Hospital Refrigeration

The attention of hospital superintendents is called to the announcement, appearing on page 51 of this issue, of Keiths', Limited, Toronto. This well-known firm, whose new address is 297 Campbell Avenue, makes a specialty of Mechanical Refrigeration and are experts in installing plants in Hospitals, Sanatoria and Asylums, large and small. Nothing can be more important, especially at this season of the year, than the preservation of foods, especially milk, for use by the sick, and the Firm named will at any time submit plans and prices for this kind of work and can be depended upon in every particular.

Purity in Food Supply A Sine Qua Non

Is there anything that can be of greater importance in hospital management than the subject of food supplies. Some people have been inclined to criticize institutions for an alleged lack of care in this respect, claiming that the quality of the foods is sometimes not what it should be. In this connection, the attention of hospital purchasing agents is called to one firm, who refuse to supply anything but the best in quality. The firm referred to is Wagstaffe, Limited, Hamilton, Ontario. They have the most up-to-date fruit preserving plant in Canada, make a selection of only the richest and most luscious fruit obtainable, and every jar and tin is absolutely guaranteed as to quality—Mr. Hospital Superintendent—nuf sed.

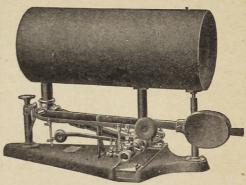
McClary's Hospital Kitchen Equipment

The attention of Hospital World readers is called to the page announcement of McClary's, London, Ont., manufacturers of a full line of hospital kitchen equipment. This firm have for years been in a position to supply the largest institutions with anything in this line, one of their specialties being hospital ward

Morehead Back to Boiler SYSTEM

Keeps the entire Steam System Active-Returns the Condensation direct to Boilers

CONDENSATION is taken direct from the steam lines and returned to the boiler with practically no drop in temperature and without the use of Pump or Injector. You thus feed your Boilers with pure HOT water at 320° and above.



Every engineer and manager of a steam plant honestly desiring to improve the steam system under his care will profit by writing us for further information concerning the Morehead System. Information and helpful suggestions are cheerfully given without obligation on your part.

Canadian Morehead Manufacturing Co., Limited WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO

Canadian Representatives:—Geo. W. Cole, Woodstock, Ontario; Robert S. Bickle, Winnipeg, Manitoba; H. E. Kirkham, Montreal, Quebec; Robert Hamilton, Vancouver, B.C.

Iron Stairs, Fire Escapes Elevator Enclosures Steel Wardrobe Lockers Steel Shelving

And Specialties for Hospital Use

0 0

Manufactured by

The Geo. B. Meadows, Toronto

WIRE, IRON AND BRASS WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED

479 West Wellington Street TORONTO, CANADA

diet tables. As their advertisement will show, this equipment has a service table with neat platter and roll covers, vegetable and soup crocks made of vitrified china, guaranteed to be non-crazing and non-porous. This diet table has also a plate warmer cabinet with sliding doors, a gas attachment on end with gas hot-plate and oven. Such an installation is ideal for hospital use and will meet with the approval of any hospital expert.

Should be Equipped to Every Hospital Door

Can anything be more annoying to a patient in bed than a noisy, creaking door? We venture to say that there are few things so detrimental to the convalescence of a naturally nervous patient as a door or doors in an institution that are constantly being opened or closed on a hinge that creaks. To avoid this hospital superintendents should look into the merits of the Soss Invisible Hinge as manufactured by The Otto Higel Co., Ltd., Toronto. It has merits peculiarly applicable to use in hospitals and sanatoria.

A Sick Room Beverage

When the Hospital House Physician is looking for an ideal sick-room beverage, let his mind turn to Baker's Cocoa. This product has but few equals. Why? Because of its high quality and absolute purity. These two points command for it a prominent place in the list of hospital niceties. Private ward patients will appreciate it. It is made of the best selected cocoa beans scientifically blended, and contains no foreign elements whatever. Hereafter you might specify Baker's Cocoa whenever a nutritious, slightly stimulating sick-room beverage is required.

Cork Tiling for Hospital Floors

This Tiling is made of pure granulated cork and cork shavings. The cork is highly compressed in a steel mould and then enters an oven heated by electricity. This heating liberates a natural gum in the cork, which acts as a binder, thus doing away with the necessity of using a foreign substance for this purpose.

United Brass and Lead, Limited

TORONTO

HIGH-GRADE PLUMBING FIXTURES



N 6007

NIEDECKEN MIXER, ELBOW TYPE

For Doctors, Clinic Lavatories and Hospital Fixtures.

VITREOUS CHINA LAVATORY

Slab, 18×25 in. Bowl, $12\frac{1}{2} \times 20$ in.

PRICE, COMPLETE, AS SHOWN - \$40.00

We have no hesitation in saying that cork tiling is an ideal floor for hospital work. Cork being a non-conductor, a floor of this kind maintains an equable temperature all the year round. It is quite odorless, and is not slippery. It is almost noiseless and, although extremely durable, is very easy on the feet, as the cork still retains a certain amount of resiliency. Above all, a floor of this kind is sanitary. The floor is laid in blocks of various sizes, the joints being made with a special waterproof cement under pressure. The surface of the floor is, therefore, absolutely smooth, and contains no crevices which might harbor dust, and the floor is easily washed with cold water. This flooring is obtainable from Robinson Bros. Cork Co., Limited, Lumsden Building, Toronto

The Simplex Method for Hospital Floors

An old floor is a hot-bed for disease-spreading germs.

In hospitals and sanatoria, where sanitation is one of the principal problems, every crack in a floor is a lair for a mass of death-dealing microbes, and the constant sweeping fills every crevice with an accumulation of dust, dirt and germs.

Such floors treated with the Simplex method become not only as good as new, but much better than they ever were. This process gives a soft wood floor a surface as smooth and hard as polished oak, fills every crack and crevice and leaves the floor impenetrable and perfectly sanitary. For particulars write the Simplex Floor Finishing Appliance Co., Limited, Montreal, Que

The Canadian Steam Boiler

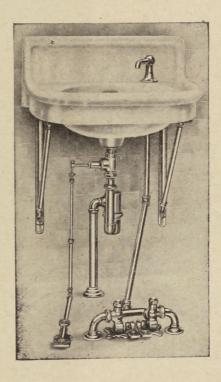
The Canadian Steam Boiler is made of cast iron. It might be made of sheet metal, but then water has a chemical action on steel, causing it to corrode and building a heavy layer of shale upon it that will, in time, seriously diminish the heat-producing capacity of the sheet steel boiler.

The Canadian Steam Boiler is made up of a series of small boilers, joined at the top by a "header," which equalizes the pressure from each section. There is safety and economy in the design—and lasting satisfaction; because if, by any accident, a

The James Robertson Co.

LIMITED

Originators, Designers and Manufacturers of High-grade Sanitary Fixtures :: ::



WE SOLICIT YOUR ENQUIRIES

Offices and Works:

MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG ST. JOHN

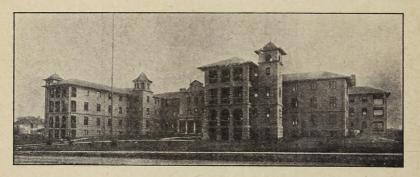
Sanitary Exhibition Rooms:

MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG

Canadian Boiler should be injured in one of its sections, that section may be taken out and replaced without disturbing the boiler as a whole.

For many reasons the boiler is eminently suited for installation in hospitals and large institutions, and in these days, when so much money is being spent in hospital equipment, hospital superintendents should bear in mind The Canadian Steam Boiler as not only one of the most economical, but one that gives the best heating results.

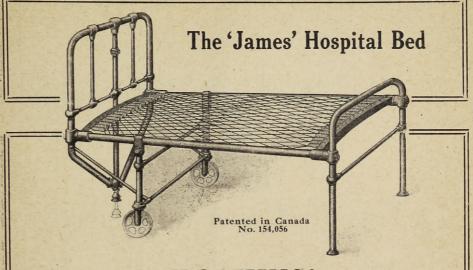
The Canadian Steam Boiler is made by Taylor-Forbes Company, Limited, Guelph.



Vancouver, June 9th, 1914.

Messrs. Northern Aluminum Co., Ltd., Toronto:

Gentlemen,—You recently supplied us with three fortygallon aluminum steam kettles, and it gives me very great pleasure in saying that the same are giving the very best of satisfaction. They are not only of neat appearance and easy to keep clean, but the repairs on the same are practically nil.



HOSKINS' HOSPITAL BEDSTEADS

Recommended by the Medical Profession

AN experience of more than 60 years has enabled the makers of Hoskins' Beds to attain as near perfection as possible. They are the *only* bedsteads which possess *every* requirement necessary in the ideal hospital beds. They are recommended by doctors and are in use in hospitals and institutions in every country in the world. The strength and accuracy of construction enables Hoskins' Beds to withstand the effect of *any* climate.

¶ In every instance, Hoskins' Beds are perfectly hygienic in construction. All castings are smooth and clean and all corners rounded to prevent the accumulation of dirt.

¶ The 'James' Hospital Bed (as illustrated above) is a good example of Hoskins' workmanship. Neat in design yet strong in construction it is the ideal bedstead for general hospital use.

¶ Let us send you the new illustrated catalogue of Hoskins' Beds and Fittings. It gives full descriptions and specifications of every bed. A post card will bring it to you FREE.

HOSKINS & SEWELL, LTD.

BORDESLEY, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

AGENTS IN CANADA:

Messrs. F. G. Soper Co., Laughton Avenue, TORONTO Messrs. H. F. Moulden & Son, Travellers' Buildings, WINNIPEG Messrs. Morris Bros., VANCOUVER, B.C.

Mr. Hospital Superintendent!

For the sake of the many patients under your care, don't you think that it will pay you to examine into the merits of

The Kellaric Mattress

This mattress is particularly well adapted for use by the sick

BECAUSE:

- A. It is Built on Scientific Principles.
- B. Of its unusual Resiliency.
- C. It does not become Lumpy.

The KELLARIC Mattress is made up of clean, elastic sheets of cotton, built layer after layer to a height of TWO AND A HALF FEET, and afterwards compressed to a thickness of FIVE INCHES.

Every KELLARIC Mattress has a laced opening at the end, proving that the manufacturers are not ashamed of the character or quality of the material used inside.

We also manufacture a special mattress that is IDEAL FOR USE IN HOSPITALS, SANITORIA, ASY-LUMS, ETC. It has handles down either side, so that in case of any emergency the patient can at once be lifted from the bed to a place of safety. We would call special attention to this mattress for large institutions.

Write Us for Ouotations

THE McKELLAR BEDDING CO., LIMITED FORT WILLIAM, ONT.

THE BERLIN BEDDING CO., LIMITED
31-33 Front Street E., TORONTO, ONT.

"An Ounce of Prevention is Worth a Pound of Cure"

But with every care

ACCIDENTS AND SICKNESS

will occur.

Doctor, why take chances of loss of income by reason of accident and sickness, when you can be amply protected.

A GOOD PRESCRIPTION

is

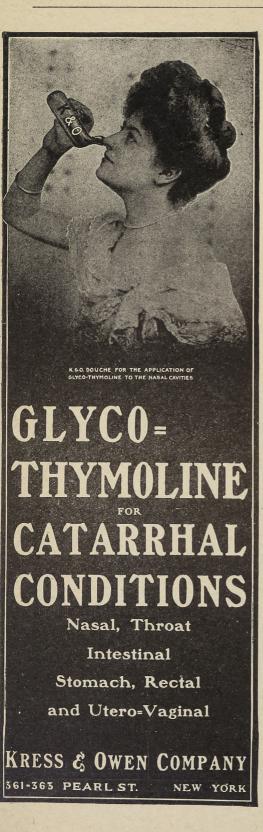
AN INSURANCE POLICY

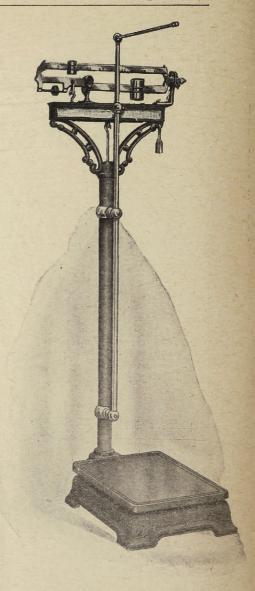
in

THE GENERAL ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office-Continental Life Building, Toronto

Peleg Howland, Esq., President D. R. Wilkie, Esq., Vice-President Jno. J. Durance, Manager





Physician's Scale.

Designed especially for use in Hospitals, in offices of physicians. Something that is essential in connection, with every private bathroom.

Scale is ordinarily finished black, with bronze ornamentation, but is also furnished in light colors, elaborately ornamented, with nickel-plated beam. Scale is furnished with or without measuring rod, as desired. Write for prices.

GURNEY SCALE CO. HAMILTON, ONT.



A Hospital or Private Home

Should be a model of cleanliness. In order to bring this about, the attention of Hospital Superintendents, Physicians, and Nurses is called to

THE VACUNA

The Little Vacuum Cleaner that Cleans

The Vacuna sweeps, dusts silently, thoroughly, quickly. It collects dust, scraps, clippings and all manner of litter. There is no vibration—it attaches to an ordinary lighting socket, and costs less than one cent an hour to operate! The parts are few, there is nothing to get out of order and it doesn't even need lubrication for months!

** It weighs **only thirty-two pounds!** And the dust can, which detaches from it, is **only nine pounds!** The base with the motor is only twenty-three pounds!

Nothing could be more suitable for an Institution. Investigation wited.

For fuller details call at or communicate with

E. C. CLARKE, 359 Yonge St., TORONTO

If it's an Electric Device of Merit, we have it.

"Everything in Real Estate"

is not a catchword with us, but represents the facts. We can serve you, whether you wish to buy or sell, whether in the business district, residence sections, or vacant land in and around Toronto. The value of

The Robins Service

can be appreciated thoroughly only after you have personally proved its merits by using it. We hope to have an early opportunity of demonstrating to YOU its efficiency.

ROBINS LIMITED

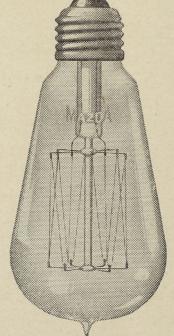
TORONTO

The Robins Building Victoria and Richmond Sts.

Adel. 3200 (Branch Exchange connecting all departments)

SUNBEAM MAZDA

DRAWN WIRE TUNGSTEN LAMPS EQUAL THE SUN



Brilliant Lamp in its and Color

The most and Sunlike Intensity

MANUFACTURED BY

Canadian Sunbeam Lamp Co., Limited

TORONTO

MONTREAL

WINNIPEG

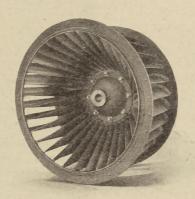
CALGARY

VANCOUVER

KEITH FANS

SPECIALLY DISTINGUISHED FOR

Heating and Ventilating



THERE is absolutely no other Fan on the market can give the same service and efficiency as our "Keith Fan." After the most severe and trying tests this Fan has been selected over all others by the leading Navies of the World.

All the leading concerns in Canada are now adopting "Keith." Architects and Contractors admit it to be the most modern and approved production in the Fan World.

SHELDONS LIMITED

ONTARIO GALT

TORONTO OFFICE: 609 KENT BUILDING

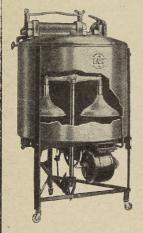
AGENTS-

MESSRS, ROSS & GREIG, 412 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL, QUE.

MESSRS. WALKER'S LTD., 259 STANLEY ST, WINNIPEG, MAN.
MESSRS. GORMAN, CLANCEY & GRINDLEY, LTD., CALGARY & EDMONTON, ALTA,

MESSRS, ROBT, HAMILTON & CO., LTD., BANK OF OTTAWA BLDG., VANCOUVER, B.C.

THE EASY ELECTRIC WASHER



Meets the demand in smaller hospitals, sanitaria and private homes, where a power laundry is not possible.

The Easy Vacuum Washer washes and wrings, thoroughly, quickly and easily, every description of bed and personal linen.

All metal construction, simple, durable and sanitary. The tub is solid copper, easily sterilized. Motor is attached to any lighting socket, operates for $\frac{3}{4}$ ct. per hour. Machine occupies little space. The wringer is reversible and controlled by levers Moderate price. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address

EASY WASHER CO.

14 Clinton Place, Toronto, Ont.

Specify "Bush's"

when requiring

PURE

ESSENTIAL OILS B.P.

CHLOROFORM FOR ANESTHESIA, ETC.

W. J. BUSH & CO.

490-492 St. Paul St. MONTREAL

(CANADA) LIMITED

WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER TORONTO

Distilleries and Laboratories also at London, New York, Messina, Grasse, Moscow, Melbourne and Sydney

Hygienic Solution

of the Residence

Heating Question

For years "Gas Fires" have been regarded as experiments. Later experiments in Chemical Laboratories by scientists, however, have brought "Gas Fires" out of this stage and placed them on the market as practical gas appliances, as a means of domestic heating. The design of the burners has received special attention, until now it is possible to obtain "Gas Fires" that give perfect combustion. The new grates are very attractive in appearance, 55 per cent. of the total B.T. U's is given off as Radiant Heat. 25 per cent. of the remaining B.T.U's is given off as convected heat. The balance is used in creating a draught in the flue, removing the products of combustion, and thus also assisting in proper ventilation of the apartment.

Full Testimony on Request

The Consumers' Gas Company of Toronto

12-14 Adelaide St. W. Phone M. 1933

PHYSICIANS PREFER

GLOSS

Patinette

WHITE ENAMEL

SANITARY

WASHABLE-

——DUSTPROOF

ARTISTIC

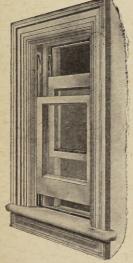
Will Not Turn Yellow

Elastica The Perfect Floor Finish = Send for Sample Paper



TORONTO

ONTARIO



Peace Weatherstrip

For windows and doors.

Made in Zinc, Brass or Bronze.

Keeps out draughts, dust and wet.

Stops rattling.

Lasts a lifetime

WILLIAM PEACE CO., Ltd.

Bank of Hamilton Building HAMILTON, ONT.

Phone 286 Toronto Manager:

JAMES EVERETT, 140 Beaconsfield Avenue Phone Parkdale 2148 TORONTO

SO SILENT THAT IT WILL NOT DISTURB THE PATIENT



The attention of Hospital Superintendents, Physicians and Nurses is called to the

Original Sweeper Type Vacuum Cleaner.

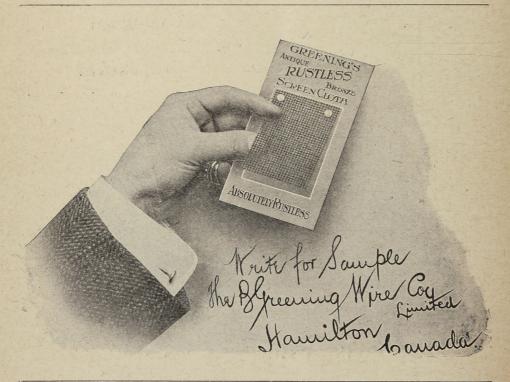
It operates so quietly that it can be used in the sick room without disturbance. The SWEEPER TYPE VACUUM CLEANER

> is sanitary in the highest sense of the word.

DOMESTIC VACUUM CLEANER COMPANY OF CANADA

260 Yonge Street Phone Main 2583 TORONTO







THE man who is full of ideas and has never found out how to unload them instantly, is bound to find himself congested half the time, which means that half his most valuable work never gets done at all.

His most precious capital is his initiative force—his creative energy and every smallest mechanical act which retards the transcription of his rough memos into permanent form is chains and slavery to him.

Wouldn't it be a relief for you to just say the words that cover the idea—and then forget the whole thing, until you later find that spoken letter neatly typewritten, lying on your desk, ready to be signed.





There you have the story of the economy and utility of the DICTAPHONE as it fits the man of ideas. It has equal advantages for the man who must wade through a mass of details—who must carry on correspondence of any sort—who sometimes must do his dictating out of hours—in short, for everyone whose time is valuable.

THE DICTAPHONE

(REGISTERED)

52 ADELAIDE STREET WEST, TORONTO

Columbia Graphophone Company, Sole Distributors

Exclusive Selling Rights Granted Where We are Not Actively Represented Positions are open in several of the large cities for high-grade office specialty salesmen

All convalescents can build up their systems, after sickness, by the use of

Kuntz's Old German Lager

brewed from the best Canadian Barley and choicest Bavarian Hops, by the Old German Style.

Bottled only at the Brewery.

THE
KUNTZ BREWERY, LIMITED
WATERLOO. ONT.

ELECTRIC CENTRIFUGES

of the

International Instrument Company

Are used in the Laboratories of the Leading Hospitals of Canada and the United States

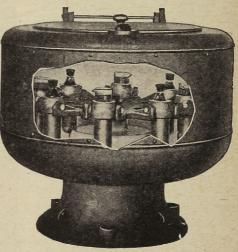
21 Church St.

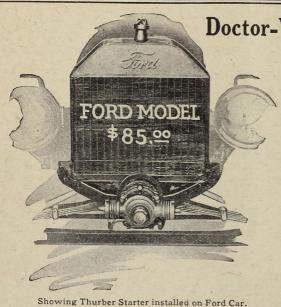
Cambridge, Mass.

Kjeldahl

Bottle Shakers Minot P Rotary M

Paraffin Microtomes





Doctor-What Ails You?

Lame back from cranking your car, or sore muscles from pumping air into the tires?

Get a Thurber

it takes but a few hours time to install, and means comfort in driving for years.

Simply press a button and

Away You Go.

Spins the motor at the rate of 250 revolutions a minute.

9ft. of hose and a gauge for inflating tires is part of the Thurber System—Guaranteed for 6 months.

The cost of upkeep is nil The Fuel is air.

Canadian Thurber Rotary Co., - Ingersoll

The only PERFECT FLOOR for Hospitals is

CORK TILING

Our Cork Tiling contains absolutely no other substance than pure cork highly compressed and baked by electricity

It is Noiseless, Resilient, Odourless, Non-slippery, Durable and Absolutely

SANITARY

BLESSING TO NURSES AND PATIENTS.

WRITE TO US FOR PARTICULARS.

Robinson Bros. Cork Co., Limited

TORONTO 803 Lumsden Building,

The "Venus" Bath Spray

The special attention of Hospitals and Physicians is called to this device, for use in the treatment of patients. Can be attached to any bathroom faucet in a second. The "Venus" Bath Spray will be found a most valuable addendum to a nurse's armamentarium. Trial solicited. Sole agent,

A. E. SMITH

31 Queen St. West - Toronto

Circular sent free. Phone Main 4993

ALL FEATHERS SHOULD BE RENOVATED

Our medicated system has been inspected and recommended by the medical profession

We renovate:-

Pillows, Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds. Recover: Down Comforters, and make Sanitary Feather Mattresses from your own feather beds.

Sanitary Feather Mattress Works

270 Dundas St.

Phone - College 3677 Evenings-Park. 2157



Dust pollutes the air we breathe, the food we eat, the liquids we drink and the houses in which we live.

Eliminate the dust and you have taken an important step toward reducing the spreading of disease.

Special price to Physicians and Hospitals. Write to-day to

THE DOMINION MFG. CO.

1431 Queen St. West, Toronto, Ont.
Phone Parkdale 1749.

n Hospital Practice



Doctor, when ordering your patient a mild stimulant, just bear in mind the name "O'KEEFE."



It stands for everything that is best in Malt Goods, and in purity Cannot be Excelled.



DOCTOR:

You have frequently had patients consult you who complain of tired aching feet, with a tendency to their ankles turning under them. On examination, you find that common condition of flat foot, where the arch is breaking down or perhaps here have already down so. haps has already done so. In such cases, permit us to suggest that you prescribe the use of

SCHOLL'S FOOT-EASER

a scientific appliance that firmly supports the arch of the foot and at once removes all ligamen-tous strain by distributing the weight of the body equally

Scholl's Foot-Easer is made of stout



The Scholl Manufacturing Co., Limited 214 King St., East Toronto



STAMMERING OR STUTTER

positively and permanently overcome. Our natural methods permanently restore natural speech, Successful pupils everywhere. Write for literature.

The Arnott Institute, Berlin, Ont

Hubbard Portable Steel Baking Ovens

IMITATED, BUT UNEQUALLED

PATENTED 1888, 1892, 1910.



This oven has been manufactured in Canada for the last twenty-three years and has given the greatest satisfaction. It is constructed entirely of heavy Galvanized Iron and is most sanitary. It is already installed in many Public Institutions throughout Canada where it has proved its worth.

Write for information as to sizes and prices.

SOLE MAKERS IN CANADA

THE WARREN MFG. CO., LIMITED

782-4 King Street West

TORONTO

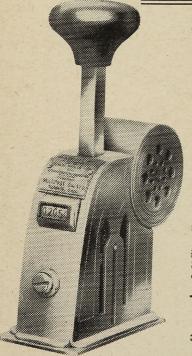
SANITARY WASHABLE

Perfect Flat Finish for Plaster White Enamel for Woodwork Indestructo Floor Varnish

OTTAWA PAINT WORKS

Makers of Good Paint

OTTAWA - - - - CANADA



A GREAT LABOR-SAVER IN A HOSPITAL

In these days when all institutions must of necessity study the economic side of the question, hospital accountants will welcome a device that saves both time and labor. That device is

The Multipost Stamp Affixer and Accountant

This is now in daily use in 12,000 offices. It pays for itself immediately, and will last for a lifetime. It affixes stamps to any size or form of mail instantly and securely. Simply insert coiled stamps (obtainable at the Post Office), fill water chamber and it is ready for 500 stampings, then simply press the plunger.

Mr. Hospital Superintendent! What could be more suitable for your institution?

The Multipost Stamp Affixer and Accountant is ideal also for physicians. A copy of our book, "How Stamps Are Lost," free for the asking. This book explains our free trial offer. Send for copy at once.

The Canadian Multipost Co. Limited

32 CHURCH ST.

TORONTO

Our Physician's and Surgeon's Policy

Pays Double Benefits for Disability Caused by ACCIDENTAL SEPTIC INFECTION, or for Accidents which occur in connection with Private Vehicles, Common Carriers, Burning Buildings, Boiler Explosions, or Stroke of Lightning.

Weekly Indemnity Increases 10 per Cent. Each
Year for Five Years.

GENERAL ACCIDENT, FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED.

C. Norie-Miller, U. S. Manager,

55 JOHN STREET.

NEW YORK.

We beg to call the attention of

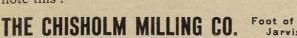
Hospital
Superintendents,
Physicians and Nurses

to two of our products which we would like to introduce into every Hospital in Canada. They are

Canuck Rolled Oats and Health Flour

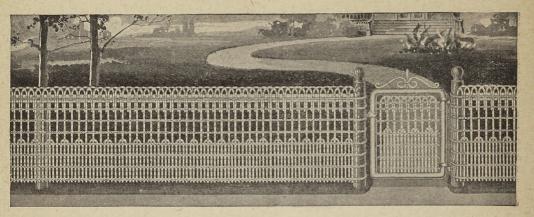
(Whole Wheat)

These products are absolutely, pure and peculiarly suitable for Hospitals, Asylums and Sanatoria—will Hospital Purchasing Agents note this?





Foot of Jarvis Street Toronto



WHAT could beautify more your Hospital Grounds than an attractive fence? Look at the above illustration and decide that you cannot do better than place an order.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN ARTISTIC FENCING

The Banwell Hoxie Wire Fence Co., Hamilton, Can.



INVALID STOUT For Weak Folks

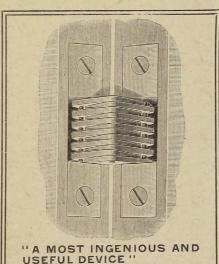
BOOOR TRENGTHENING and nourishing qualities, combined with a really acceptable flavor, make Dominion Brewery's Invalid Stout the ideal beverage for convalescents and bilious people. It is digestible and non-gassy.

Order at any of the dealers

Dominion Brewery Co.,

LIMITED TORONTO





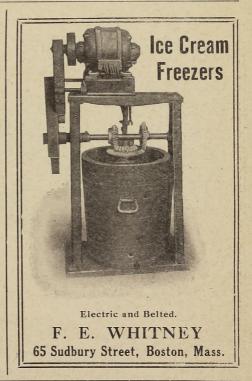
USEFUL DEVICE -Furnishing World

Invaluable to-

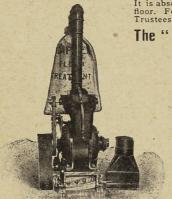
Piano Manufacturers, Furniture Manufacturers, Case Goods Manufacturers, Architects and Builders Neat and Strong Write for Booklet

SOSS INVISIBLE HINGE CO., LTD.

104 Bathurst St. TORONTO



PARTICULARLY SUITABLE HOSPITALS



It is absolutely essential that a Hospital have a satisfactory floor. For that reason, the particular attention of Hospital Trustees and Superintendents is called to

The "Simplex" Brand of Fire Proof Flooring

This is just what should (and will eventually) be used in all Public Institutions. It is far superior to anything else in the same line The "SIMPLEX" Floor can be laid without in any way interfering with the plasterers or other trades while at work in the building. When the mechanics are through, we do the scraping and polishing with our patented machines (as here illustrated), leaving an ideal floor, attractive to the eye and ready for the heaviest traffic for many years to come.

We are the manufacturers also of

The End-Block Flooring

a floor for Institutions second to none in the world. This can be laid complete for \$1.00 a square foot. Each block is boiled in a preparation which makes the flooring damp-proof and fire-proof, is sunk and locked in concrete and finished, leaving floor infinitely superior to any other make.

Simplex Floor Finishing Appliance Co.,

Montreal

LIMITED Toronto

Ottawa





SIMCOE HALL SANITARIUM, BARRIE, ONT., CANADA

A thoroughly equipped modern institution, for the treatment of Functional and Organic Nervous Disorders (especially all forms of Neurasthenia), and other Constitutional Diseases. 1,000 feet above sea level, 62 miles north of Toronto. Beautiful location on the height over-looking Lake Simcoe. Extensive ornamental grounds, complete Hydriatic and Electrical Departments, all rooms single, or en suite; Water from Flowing Artesian Wells.

For Information address: DR. W. C. BARBER, Medical Director, Allandale, Ont., Box 114.

The Underwood for Physicians

I N addition to a standard "medical keyboard" the interchangeable and instantly removable typebars make it possible to provide for any other special characters which may be required. This feature is peculiar to the Underwood.

United Typewriter Co., Ltd.

7 Adelaide Street E., TORONTO



JENNINGS & ROSS, LIMITED

Engineers and Contractors

ROOM 24, ROYAL BANK BUILDING

KING STREET AND SPADINA AVENUE, TORONTO

Fireproof Building Construction

RELIABLE INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

We shall be glad at all times to answer any enquiries regarding either listed or unlisted Securities dealt in on any Exchange.

We issue a semi-monthly Market Letter, copies of which can be had on application.

DYMENT, CASSELS & CO.

MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE
BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA BLDG. - TORONTO

Meinecken "Simplex Sanitary" Paper Sputum Cup and Holders



Automatically Closing Cover Wide Opening No Unsanitary Flanges

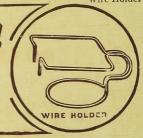
Patented October 29, 1907.



Cup with Wire Holder







The Most Practical Cup, either for Tuberculosis Sanatoriums or General Hospital Use

Seven Reasons Why

1.—It is already folded into shape for immediate use.

2.—Each Cup has a cardboard Cover, attached with a paper hinge, and both

Cup and Cover are burned after being in use a day.

3.—The Cover is easily and quickly raised, and closes automatically. This automatically closing cover prevents flies and other insects from coming in contact with the germ-infected sputum.

4.—The wide opening and absence of flanges allow free entrance of sputum.

5-It is made of heavy manila, waterproof paper, which, being light in color,

facilitates ready examination of the sputum.

6.—It can be used either with the Wire Holder or the White Enameled Holder. Both these Holders are neat, easily cleansed, and very practical. The White Enameled Holder, being much heavier, is particularly useful on the porches and verandas of Sanatoriums and Hospitals, as it cannot be blown over by the wind.
7.—It is the only Cup that can be used without a holder.

Flat Knocked-Down or

For the convenience of Tuberculosis Sanatoriums and Hospitals using large quantities of Sputum Cups, we are prepared to furnish

"Simplex Sanitary" Paper Cup Flat with Folding Creases

so that they can readily be put together by Assistants or Patients.

When furnished Flat, these Cups are put up 100 in a Box, and 2,000 in a Case, and in this way they take up very little space in the Store-Room.

"Simplex Sanitary"

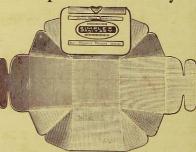


Illustration of Knocked-Down "Simplex Sanitary" Cup with Cover Attached

Free Samples Sent on Request to Sanatoriums and Hospitals