# REVIEW OFTHE STATE OFTHE BRITISH NATION.

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Vol. VIII.

### Churibay, June 7. 1711.

H E loss this Nation, as well as its Neighbours, feels every Day by the raging of an unhappy Diffemper among us, I mean the Varoles, or Small Pox, which for almost two Year has been a kind of Plague, has frequently inclin'd me o fay fomething, which perhaps if noticed and observed, might be useful to fach Families as are afflicted with it.

I make no queftion but there are Conflitutions more particularly inclin'd than others, to this Diffemper, and to whom it is more fatal, when it happens, than to cthers—————I will not either deny, but even this Particular in Perfons may be fometimes Hereditary to Families, or as our common People express it not improperly, It runs in the Blood : To fome Families we fee the Small Pox always favourable, to fome always fatal-Of a whole Race you thall fee all have it, and of another, none ever have it. Of fome Families, when they have it, none ever dye; of others, none ever live with it-The Reafons, or natural Caufes, of this variety are not very difficult to account for, the Temperature and Complexion of Bodies, as they are Hot or Cold, Flegmatic or Sanguine, affording Particulars more than Sufficient, to explain it by. Therefore this is no part of my prefent Enquiry.

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The Cafe I am upon, is an Enquiry, whether there is not a Defeat in the common Applications to the Cure of this Diftemper? And whether the Management of the Patient is not the most hazardous part of the Diftemper?

I am no Unbeliever in the Doarine of Medicine ; I am fully fatisfy'd, that Heaven having plac'd Medicinal healing Vertue, in the Plants, Drugs, and other Produce of the Earth, is a full and authentick Teffimony of his Will, in cafe of Diftemper (viz.) that we fould apply to the proper use of those Medicines-Nor am I a Doctor-bater, tho' I have it to be thankful for, that I have had occasion to use them but little-I doubt not, but the Skill of rightly applying proper Medicines to every Evil, and of rightly judging of the Difease, is obtain'd by Study, Application and Experience. I will not accuse the Learned of learning their Knowledge and Art, at the Expence of the Lives of their Patients, whom they fend to Heaven very often for their (the Doctor's) Information; yet I muit own, that when a Patient dyes after fuch and fuch Application, he is but a mean Student in Phyfick that gathers no Experience from it, or takes no inftructive Obfervations to himfelf by it; and tho' fome may dye of the Doctor, let him be never fo careful, and fometimes meerly by his being over careful; yet the Error may not be wilful or ignorant, but the mysterious working of Nature under Difeafe, is not fo just and fo equal, that the best Physician can always find out, and trace a Confederacy between Diftemper, Conflicution and Humour: All which often attack Nature together.

But as the Small Pox is a Diffemper, which when once it has feiz'd the Blood, is obfinate, and will have its Courfe, and that when it is come to a certain Length, the only fafety of the Patient is to have them come freely out. I will our People would determine, whether the great Art of preferving the Patient, does not confift in giving Nature only due affiftance, to expel the invading Enemy, by its ordinary and natural Courfe, rather than by driving her on fafter, to waft her Strength, or by bleeding to exhauft the Spirits : Either of which, throw the Patients generally into Convultions, and they are the Handmaids to the Grave ; in flort, whether the Nurfe is not the more proper Perfon than the Doctor?

I ftart this Queffion, not from Experience only, but from the Opinion and Pra-Rice of many Eminent Phyticians, who when they find the Diffemper coming on, always rather encourage it to come on than relift it, or flop it in its Course, and commit the Patient to the Nucle, with Inftructions to keep them warm, but not too hot ; to give them fuch and fuch Food, Cordials, Sc. and leave it to Nature fo affifted ---- and I have obferved, that but few Patients milcarry under fuch a Management. But when Violences are ufed upon Nature, and frong Applications, how fatal do we find it ? And such People may indeed be faid to dye of the Doctor-A Fate that is too much the Difafter of our People of Quality; and therefore I believe it is, that generally and in proportion to. their Numbers, the Small Pox kills more of the Rich than it does of the Poor.

I remember a Story to the Purpole, very much, which happen'd to the fimcus Tonfor of Epfom, a known Man amongst the Frequenters of that Summer Retreat, where he made himfelf very valuable to the Citizens by his conftant Study, to divert them, and was the general Favourite of the Place-It happen'd that poor Tonfor fell very Sick, and as every Body was concern'd for fear of the loss of Tonfor; all the Phyficians in Town were fpoken to by one Friend or another, to go and affift him : But it was all to no purpole, Tonfor would hear all they faid, but would take nothing they prefcrib'd, nor could any Intreaties prevail on him-Ac length the famous D. Rateliff coming to Town, his Friends renew'd their Importunities to Tonfor ; they told him the King's Phyfician, Dr. Ratcliff, was come to Epfom, and they did not doubt but they could

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prevail upon him to come and fee what he could do for him, and begg'd he would but let the Doctor fee him, affuring him the Doctor would take no Fees from him, and it fhould coft him nothing. Toufor heard them patiently, but for a good while gave no Answer; but being importun'd, he fhrunk up his Shoulders, NO, fays he, I had rather dye a natural Death.

I have been told the poor Man did at laft fubmit to take the Affiftance, whether of Dr. Rateliff, or fome other Phylician, and that he did not dye fo much of a natural Death as he defir'd. But that is not to the Purpose.

I cannot be perfwaded to think, that the greateft part of our Nobility and Gentry, who dye now of the Small Pox, dye a natural Death; I rather think they dye violent Deaths. They dye for want of giving, as we may fay, Nature, and the Defeafe, fair Play, would they leave them more to the Ladies, and let them only have common Infructions to be careful and watchful of them; the very Diffemper it felf tends naturally to fpend and waff it felf, and keep Nature fupported, and cherifhed in a moderate Degree, it works off of courfe.

I have the concurring Opinion of fo many Phyficians in this; I have feen the Practife fo conflantly attended with Succefs, as well in my own Family, as in other Families of my Acquaintaiace; and I have feen the contrary fo fatal, that I cannot but recommend it to the Families of our Gentry, who are yet in Danger, and entreat them to let their Friends have leave to dye a natural Death, or at leaft not kill them a la Medicin. I am perfwaded, with fubmifion to the Doctrine of Fate, and Irrelifible Decree, which I fball not meddle with here; had this Courfe been taken, we had not feen fo many of

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prevail upon him to come and fee the Coaches of our Gentry cover'd with what he could do for him, and begg'd he Black, and the Illustrious Families of our would but let the Doctor fee him, affuring Nobility in Tears for the nearest of their him the Doctor would take no Fees from Relations.

> There is a great Unhappinels attends Men of Quality and Honour, they are fo link'd to the World, that they kill themfelves for fear of Death — if a Diffemper feizes them, they worry their Phylician for the utmost they can think of; they prefs them with Fees and Importunities. Good Sir! omit nothing you can do. Lord! Sir, Can you think of nothing elfe? Pray fpare for nothing; and the honet Man is bound to prefcribe them, when he has nothing to write to fatisfy the impatient Relations.

A Phylician of my Acquaintance, complain'd to me the other Day, fays he, They give me Fees twice a Day, and if I am not always preferibing fomething or other, they think I do know nothing; I am fore'd to write to the Apothecary for fomethingevery Day, and then I am oblig'd to go to the Apothecary, and bid him fead nothing but fome little Cordial, or fomething that fignifies nothing; for if I fhould give him things, as they would have me, I fhall murther him; if they will let the Man alone, he will live and do well enough.

Wretched is the Condition of Men bury'd thus in the Wealth and Affection of their Friends, who think, that throwing away two Guineas a day to a Doctor, will make him do more for the Patient than he can do without it, and that judge of the Doctor's Care, by the number of *Phialls* and Pots upon the Side-board, till the Apothecary's Shop feems to be transplanted to the Chamber of the Patient, and the fmell of the Drugs and Medicine is enough to give Nature as much diffurbance as the Difeafe.

A D.

## [ 132] ADVERTISEMENTS.

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