## Vol. VIII.



## V



OFTHE


# OFTHE <br> British Nation. 



THE lors this Nation, as well as its Neigbbours, feels every Day by the raging of an unhappy Diftemper among us, I mean the Varoles, or Small Pox, which for almoft two Year has been a kind of Plague, has frequentiy inclin'd me, o day fomerhing, which perhaps if noticed and obferved, might be ufefulto fuch Families as are afflicted with it.

I make no queftion but there are Confitutions more particularly inclin'd than others, to this Diftemper, and to whom is is more fatal, when it happens, than to c thers $\qquad$ I will not either deny, but even this Particular in Perfons may be fometimes Hexeditary to Families, or 38
our common People exprefs it not improperly, It rums in the Blood: To fome Families we fee the small Pox always favourable, to fome always fatal_Of a whole Race you thall fee all have it, and of another, none ever have it. Of fome Families, when they have it, none ever dye ; of others, none ever live with itThe Reafons, or matural Caufes, of this variety are not very difficult to account for, the Temperature and Complexion of Bodies, as they are Hot or Cold, Flegmatic or Sanguite, affording Particulars mere than Sufficient, to explain it by. Therefore this is no part of my prefens En-

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The Cafe I am upon, is an Enquiry, whether there is not a Defea in the common Applications to the Cure of this Diftemper? And whether the Management of the Patient is not the moft hazardous part of the Diftemper?

I am no Unbeliever in the Dogrine of Medicine ; I am fully fatisfy'd, that Heaven having plac'd Medicinal healing Vertue, in the Plants, Drugs, and other Produce of the Earth, is a full and authentick Teftimony of his Will, in cafe of Diftemper (vir.) that we fhould apply to the proper ufe of thore Medicine:-NoramIa Dotor-bater, tho 11 have it to be thanktul for, that I have had eccafion to ule them but litcle _I I donbe not, but the Skill of rightly applying proper Medicines to every Evil, and of rightly judging of the Difeare, is obtain'd by Study, Application and Experience. I will not accufe the Iearned of learning their Knowledge and Art, at the Expence of the Lives of their P1tients, whom they fend to Heaven very often for their (the Doctor's) Information; yet I mutiown, that when a Patient dyes after fuch and fuch Application, he is but a mean Student in Phyfick that gathers no Experience from it, or takes no inftrugive Obfervations to hinifelf by it; and tho fome may dye of the Doilor, let him be never fo careful, and fometimes meerly by his being over careful; yet the Error may not be wifful or ignorant, but the myfterious working of Nature nuder Difeafe, is not To juft and foequal, that the beft Phyfician cail always find out, and trace a Confederacy between Diftemper, Conftitution and Humour: All which offen attack Nature together.
But as the Smail Pox is a Diftemper, which when once it has feiz'd the Blood, is obftinate, and will have its Courfe, and that when it is come to a certain Length, the only Fafety of the Patient is to have them come freely out. I wifh our People would determine, whether the great Art of preferving the Patient, does not confift is giving Nature only due affiftance, to ezpel the invading Enemy, by its ordinary
and natural Courfe, rather than by driving her on fafter, to waft her Streagth, or by bleeding to exhauft the Spirits : Ej ther of which, throw the Patients generally into Convulions, and they are the Handmaids to the Grave; in Short, whether the Nurfe is not the more proper Perfon than the Docor?
I flart this Queftion, not from Experience only, but from the Opinion and Praaice of many Emineat Phylicians, who whea they find the Diftemper coming on, always rather encourage it to come on tian refift it, or fop it in its Coutfe, and commit the Patient to the Nulie, with Inftructions to keep them warm, but not too hot ; to give thenr fuch and fuch Food, Cordials, EC. and leave is to Nature fo affifted -and I have obferved, that but few Patients mifcarry under fuch a Management. But when Violences are uftd upon Nature, and Arong Applications, how fatal do we find it? And iuch People may indeed be feid to dye of tbe DoclorA Fate that is too much the Difafter of our People of Quality; and therefore I believe it is, that generally and ia proportion to their Number, the Small Pox kills more of the Rich than it does of the Poor.
I remember a Story to the Purpofe, very mucho which happen'd to the fimeus Tonfor of Epfom, a known Man amongtt the Frequenters of that Summer Retreat, where he made himfelf very valuable to the Citizens by his conflant Study, to divert them, and was the general Favourite of the Place-It happen'd that poor Tonfor fell very Sick, and as every Body was concern'd for fear of the lofs of Tonfor; all the Phyficians in Town were fpoken to by one Friend or another, to go and affift him: But it was all to no purpofe, Tonfor would hear all they fiid, but would take nothing they prefribed, nor could any Increaties prevail on him-Ar length the famous D : Reatsliff coming to Town, his Friends renew'd their Importunities to Tonfor ; they told him the King's Phyfician, Dro Ratcliff, was come to Epfom, and they did not doubs but they could

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prevail upon him to come and fee what he could do for him, and begg'd he would but let the Dofor fee bim, affaring him the Doftor would take no Fees from him, and it thould coft him nothing. Tonfor heard them patiently, but for a good while gave no Anfwer; but being importun'd, he Phrunk up his Shoulders, NO, fays he, 1 bad ratber dye a satural Deatb.

I have been told the poor Man did at Iaft fubmit to take the Affiffance, whether of Dr. Ratcliff, or \{ome other Phyfician, and that he did not dye fo much of a natural Death as he defir'd. But that is not to the Purpole.

I cannot be periwaded to think, that the greaceft part of our Nobility and Gentry, who dye now of the Small Pox, dye a natural Death; I rather think they dye violent Deaths. They dye for want of giving, as we may fay, Nature, and the Defeafe, fair Play, would they leave them more to the Ladies, and let them only have common Infrubions to be careful and watchful of them; the very Diftemper it felf tends naturally to fpend and waft it felf, and keep Nature fupported, and cherimed in a moderate Degree, it works off of courfe.
I have the concurring Opinion of to many Phyficians in this; I have feen the Practife to conflandly actended with Succefs, as well in my own Family, as in other Families of my Acquaintaioce; and I have feen the contrary fo fatal, that I carnot but recommend it to the Families of our Gertry, who are yet in Danger, and entreat them to let their Friends have leave to dye a natural Death, or at leaft not kill them a la Medicin. I am perfíaded, with fubmiffion to the Doatrine of Fate, and Irreliftible Decree, which i fhall not meddle with here ; had this Courfe been taken, we had nos feen fo many of
the Coaches of our Gentry cover'd with Black, and the Illuftrious Families of our Nobility in Tears for the neareft of their Relations.

There is a great Unhappinefs attends Men of Quality and Honour, they are fo link'd to the World, that they kill themKelves for fear of Death - if a Diftemper feizes them, they worry their Phyfician for the utmof they can think of ; thes prefs them with Fees and Importunities Good Sir! omit nothing you can dos Lord! Sir, Can you think of nothing elfe? Pray 〔pare for nothing; and the honeff Man is bound to prefcribe them, when he has nothing to write to fatisfy the impitient Relations.

A Phyfician of my Acquaintance, complain'd to me the other Day, lays he, They give me Fees twice a Day, and if I am not always prefcribing fomething or other, they think I do know nothing; I am forc'd to write to the Apothecary for fometbing every Day, and then I an oblig'd to go to the Apothecary, and bid him fead nothing but fome little Cordial, or fomething that fignifies notbing ; for if I flould give hite things, as they would have me, I ball murther him; if they will let the Man a. lone, he will live and do well enough.
Wretched is the Condition of Men byry'd thus in the Wealth and Affection of their Friends, who think, that throwing away two Guineas a day to a Doador, will make him do more for the Patient than he can do without it, and that judge of the Dotor's Care, by the number of Pbialls and Pots upon the Side-board, till the Apothecary's Shop feems to be tranfplanted to the Chamber of the Patient, and the fmell of the Drugs and Medicise is enough to give Nature as much difturbance as the Difeafe.

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