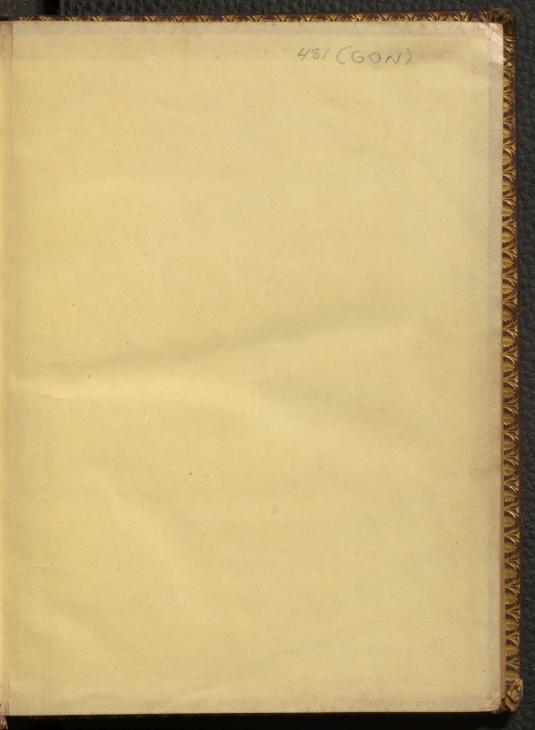
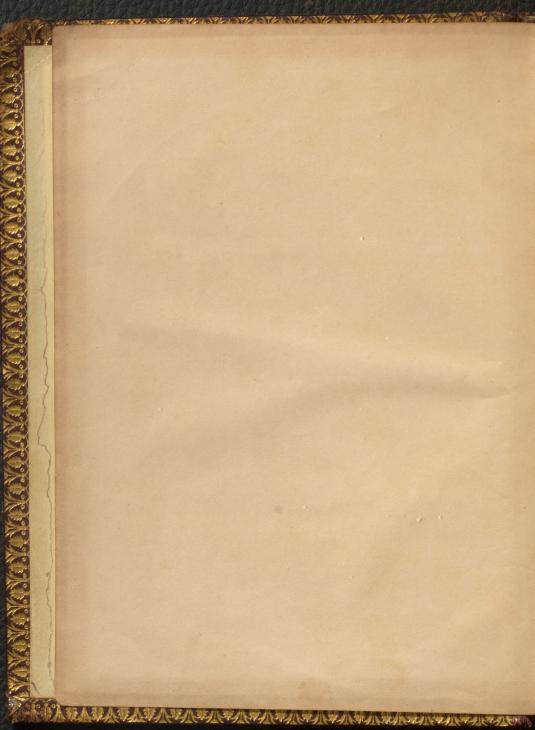
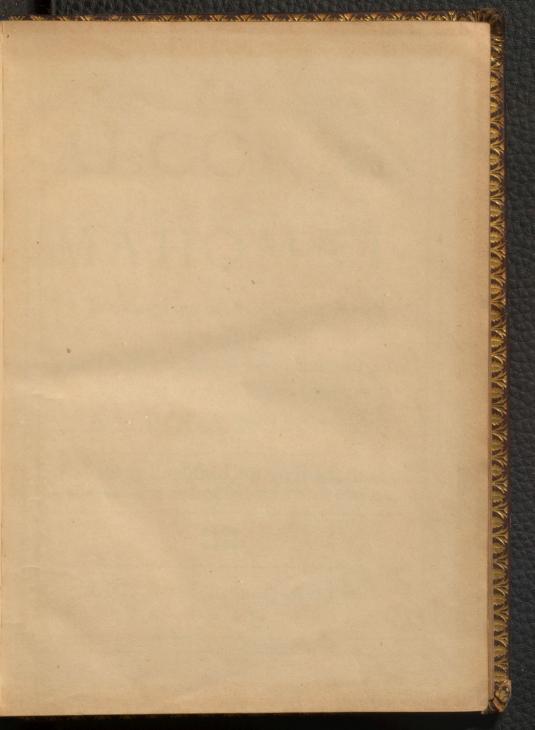
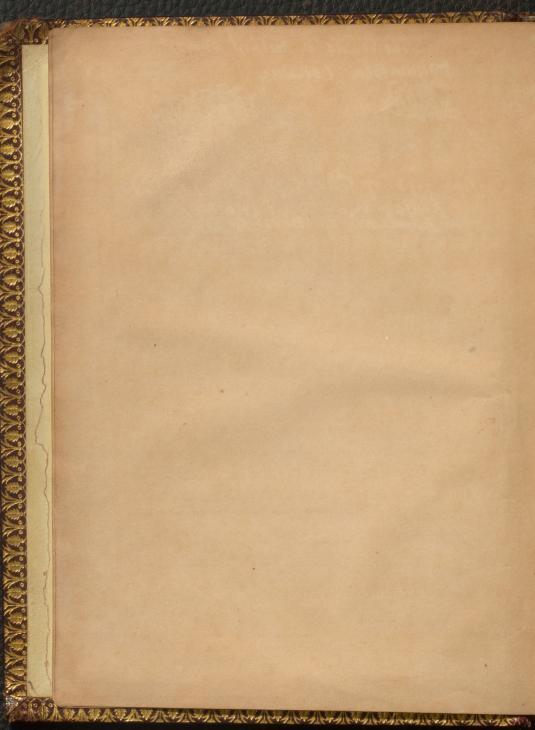


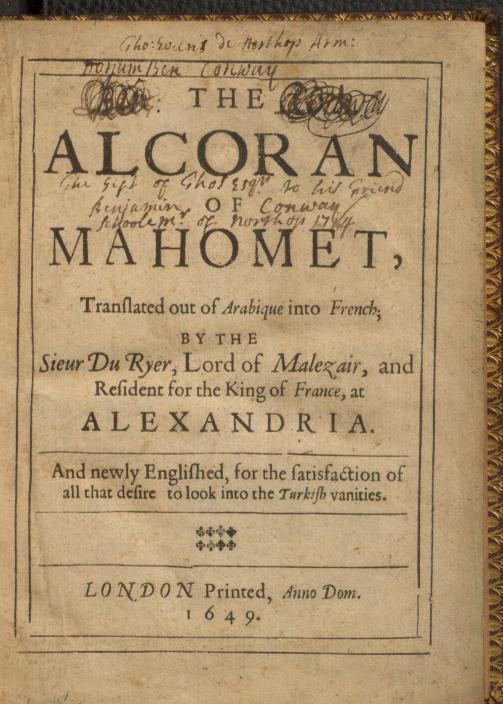
McGILL UNIVER-SITY LIBRARY

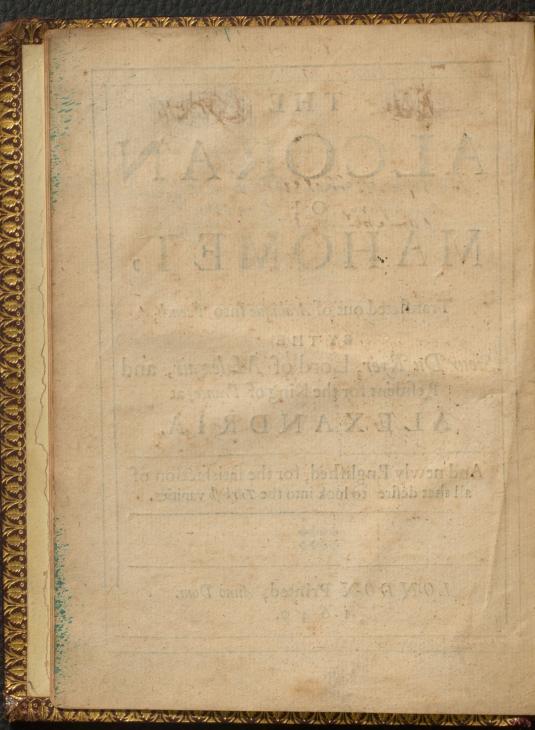












THE TRANSLATOR TO THE CHRISTIAN READER.



Here being fo many Sects and Herefies banded together against the Truth, finding that of Mahomet wanting to the Muster, I thought good to bring it to their Colours,

that so viewing thine enemies in their full body, thou mays the better prepare to encounter, and I hope overcome them. It may happily startle thee, to finde him so to speak English, as if he had made some Conquest on the Nation, but thou wilk soon reject that fear, if thou consider that this his Alcoran, (the Ground-work of the Turkish A 2 Religion)

To the Christian Reader.

Failfailfailfailfailfailteilteilteilteilteilteilte

Non Went of a Went of a W

Religion) hath been already translated into almost all Languages in Christendome, (at least, the most generall, as the Latin, Italian, French, G.) yet never gained any Profelyte, where the Sword, its most forcible, and strongest argument hath not prevailed: And indeed the greatest Doctors of their Religion have never alledged any thing for the truth thereof; but the success of their wars, and greatness of their Empire, then which nothing is more fallacious: for that which both in former, and these latter Ages hath been common to the bad with the good, cannot be a certain evidence of the juftice of a Cause, or the truth of Religion.

Thou shalt finde it of so rude, and incongruous a compositive, so farced with contradictions, blasphemies, obscene speeches, and ridiculous fables, that some modest, and more rationall *Mahometans* have thus excused it; that their Prophet wrote an hundred and twenty thousand savings, whereof three thousand only are good, the residue (as the impossibility of the Moones falling into his sleeve, the Conversion and Salvation of the

wind wind wind wind here wind the

To the Christian Reader.

the Devils, and the like), are falle and ridiculous. Yet is the whole effeemed fo, facred, that upon the Cover thereof is infcribed--Let none touch it but he who is clean. Nor. are the vulgar permitted to read it, but live and die in an implicite faith of what their. Priests deliver; which indeed (as faith the learned Grotius) is a manifest argument of Grotius de its iniquity : For that merchandise may christ. justly be suspected, which will not be fold, unless unseen : and though all men are not alike perspicacious in the knowledg, and discerning of things, some by arrogancy, and vain conceit of themselves, others by affection; Some by custome, being drawn into; error : yet should we believe that the way. to eternall life cannot be understood by them, who without any respect of profit or preferment, seek it, submitting themselves, withall they have, to God, imploring his assistance, we should sin against his infinite goodnels. Therefore (Christian Reader) though some, conscious of their own instability in Religion, and of theirs (too like Turks A z

To the Christian Raeder.

ALGAN FANTAN VIAN VIAN

a that the there are

Turks in this) whole prosperity and opinions they follow, were unwilling this should see the Press, yet am I confident, if thou hast been so true a votary to orthodox Religion, as to keep thy selfe untainted of their follies, this shall not hurt thee ? And as for those of that Eatch, having once abandoned the Sun of the Gospel, I believe they will wander as farre into utter darknefs, by following strange lights, as by this Ignis Fatuus of the Acoran. Such as it is, I prefent to thee, having taken the pains only to translate it ott of French, not doubting, though it hath been a poylon, that hath infected a very greit, but most unsound part of the universe, it may prove an Antidote, to confirm in thee the health of Christ them, who wishout any respect ftianity. preferinent, feels it, fulsaitting themfelves,

wehalt they have, to God, imploring his adsitunce, wethousd in again this infinite goodnels., Therefore (*Chylicus Meader*) though forme, confeiour of their, own in-

NY NY NY

Chapter.

Folio.

T He Chapter of the Preface, somaining seven Verses, written at Mecca.
2. The Chapter of the Cow, containing Two hundred fourfcore
ana jeven V or jes, written at Meca, 2
3. The Chapter of the Lineage of Joachim, containing Two
hundred Verjes, Written at Medica. 30
4. The Chapter of Women, containing One hundred and seventy
Verses, written at Medina. 46
5. The Chapter of the Table, continuing One hundred and twen- ty Verles written at Medina
and a state of the
6. The Chapter of Gratifications, containing One hundred fixty and fifteen Verses, written at Medna. 76
7. The Chapter of Prisons, containing One hundred and fix
Verses, mritten at Mecca. 91
8. The Chapter of the Spoyl, containing Seventy and five
Verses, written at Medina.
9. The Chapter of Conversion, eastaining One hundred twenty
ana Jeven Verses, written at Medina. 113
10. The Chapter of Jonas, containing One hundered and nine.
Verses written at Mecca. 125
11. The Chapter of Hod, containing One hundred twenty and three Verses, written at Mecca. 134
three Verjes, written at Mecca.
12. The Chapter of Joseph combining One hundred and thir- teen Ver/es, written at Mecca. 143
13. The Chapter of Thunder, containing Fonery and shree
Verses, Written at Mecca.
14. The Chapter of Abraham containing Fifty Martin Written
Mecca. Mecca. Synthesis as Mecca. Synthesis as States as Mecca. Synthesis as Mecca. Synthesis as
Mecca, Mritten at Mecca, 33, 1750

THE ATEAN THAT IS AN THAT THAT THAT THE ATEAN THAT THE ATEAN THAT THE

V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V. V.

 Chapter. Folio. 15. The [hapter of Hegir, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 159 16. The Chapter of the Bee, containing One hundred and eight Verfes, written at Mecca. 170 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One bundred and ten Verfes, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One bundred and ten Verfes, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One bundred and ten Verfes, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourfcore and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 203 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 203 25. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 204 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 205 25. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 205 26. The Chapter of Poits, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Hole Pilgrims, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of Hole Pilgrims, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 28. The Chapter of the Pilfory, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 29. Thic Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 29. Thic Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 29. Thic Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 	
 15. The line of Hegis, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 159 16. The Chapter of the Bee, containing One hundred and eight Verles, written at Mecca. 163 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One hundred and eleven Verles, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and eleven Verles, written at Mecca. 178 19 The Chapter of Maty, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verles, written at Mecca. 18. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verles, written at Mecca. 197 20. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelver of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of Figrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Fight, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Fight, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Fight, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Poets, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and eight and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and mine Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Gre	
 Written at Mecca. 16. The Chapter of the Bee, containing One hundred and eight Ver(es, Written at Mecca. 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One hundred and eleves Ver(es, written at Mecca. 190. 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Ver(es, written at Mecca. 191. 19. The Chapter of Maty, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Ver(es, written at Mecca. 195. 19. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundrel and thirty Ver(es, written at Mecca. 197. 20. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVer(es, written at Mecca. 197. 21. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVer(es, written at Mecca. 203. 23. The Chapter of Filgrimage, containing One hundred and eighteu Ver(es, written at Mecca. 209. 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Ver(es, written at Mecca. 209. 24. The Chapter of Light, containing One hundred and eighteu Ver(es, written at Mecca. 209. 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Ver(es, written at Mecca. 210. 220. 23. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Ver(es, written at Mecca. 24. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVer(es, Written at Mecca. 220. 26. The Chapter of the Pilfory, containing Fourfcore and thirten Ver(es, Written at Mecca. 231. 24. The Chapter of the Pilfory, containing Fourfcore and eight ver(e, Written at Mecca. 237. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Ver(es, writtm at Mecca. 237. 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Ver(es, writtm at Mecca. 244. 30. The Chapter of the Corcan, containing Thirty and four Ver(es, writtm at Mecca. 248. 31. The Chapter of the Crecians, conta	15. The Chapter of Hegir, containing Seventy and seven Verses,
 16. The Chapter of the Bee, containing One hundred and eight Ver(es, Written at Mecca. 163 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One hundred and eleves Ver(es, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Ver(es, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of Maty, containing Fourfore and eighteen Ver(es, written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatistede, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Ver(es, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of Beatistede, containing One hundred and twelveVer(es, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVer(es, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Ver(es, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Ver(es, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Light, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVer(es, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfoore and three Ver(es, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfoore and fevenVer(es, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfoore and fevenVer(es, written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfoore and three Ver(es, written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfoore and three Ver(es, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sizty and nine Ver(es, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sizty Ver(es, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Corcan, containing Thirty and four Ver(es, written at Mecca. 	Written at Mecca.
 Verles, Written at Mecca. 103 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One hundred and eleven Verles, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Verles, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verles written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verles, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True-believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Pott, containing One hundred rwenty and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 213 26. The Chapter of Helffory, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of Helffory, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Sixty and nine Verles, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verles, written at Mecca. 217 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verles, written at Mecca. 227 	16. The Chapter of the Bee, containing One hundred and eight
 17. The Chapter of the Voyage by night, containing One hundred and eleven Verfes, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Verfes, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verfes written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of Beatitude, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of Filgrimage, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 200 24. The Chapter of Foets, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 200 24. The Chapter of Poets, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred reducted twenty and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Seventy and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 29. Thic Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 217 29. Thic Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 243 31. Thic Chapter of the Corcans, vestaining Thirty and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 	Verles, written at Mecca. 163.
 and eleven Verles, written at Mecca. 170 18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Verles, written at Mecca. 178 19. The Chapter of Maty, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verles, written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verles, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerles, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of Fligrimage, containing One hundred and eighteen Verles, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred rwenty and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 24. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred rwenty and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 227 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Seventy and mine Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Seventy and feven Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verles, written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of Hiffory, containing Sixty and mine Verles, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verles, written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of the Cortan, vestaining Thirty and four Verles, written at Mecca. 248 	17. The Chapter of the Voy age by night, containing One hundred
 The Shapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verfes written at Mecca. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 	and eleven Verses, written at Mecca. 170
 Verfes, written at Mecca. 175 19 The Chapter of Maty, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verfes, written at Mecca. 185 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. 191 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing One hundred and eighteen Verfes, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighteen Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 220 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Helfory, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verfes, written at Mecca. 220 26. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verfes, written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, written at Mecca. 237 29 The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 244 31. Thic Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 248 31. Thic Chapter of the Cortan, costaining Thirty and four Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 	18. The Chapter of the Cave, containing One hundred and ten
 The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourfcore and eighteen Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eightein Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eightein Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and feven verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and eight therefes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Hilfory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, mrittm as Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, writtm at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Thirty and four Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 	Verles, written at Mecca. 178
 Verfes written at Mecca. 185 D. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundrel and thirty Verfes, written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and eight written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 237 29 Thichapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 244 31. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 248 31. Thichapter of the Corean, costaining Thirty and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 	10 The Chapter of Mary, containing Fourscore and eighteen
 20. The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing One hundred and thirty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes Written at Mecca. 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. 214 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 220 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Hell Poimire, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verfes, Written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verfes, Written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verfes, Written at Mecca. 26. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 27 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, Writtm at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verfes, writtm at Mecca. 	Verses mritten at Mecca. 185
 hundred and thirty Verses, Written at Mecca. 197 21. The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerses, written at Mecca. 197 22. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and seven Verses, Written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verses, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verses, written at Medina. 214 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and seven Verses, Written at Mecca. 209 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred reven Verses, Written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourfcore and fevenVerses, Written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourfcore and thirtern Verses, Written at Mecca. 214 29. The Chapter of History, containing Fourfcore and eight Verse, Written at Mecca. 214 29. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourfcore and eight of the Pismire, containing Sixty and nine Verses, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verses, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verses, mritten at Mecca. 	
 The Chapter of the Prophets, containing One hundred and twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes. Written at Mecca. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes. Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, written at Mecca. 	
 twelveVerfes, written at Mecca. 197 23. The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eighten Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. 214 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 214 25. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 214 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 231 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, ventaining Thirty and four Verfes, mritten at Mecca. 	
 The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing Seventy and feven Verfes. Written at Mecca. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eightein Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and mine Verfes, written as Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 	
 Verfes, Written at Mecca. 203 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and eightein Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. 214 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 29 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 231 29. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 244 31. The Chapter of Locman, ventaining Thirty and four Verfes, minima at Mecca. 	
 23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One bundred and eightein Verfes, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. 314 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 220 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, ventaining Thirty and four Verfes, minime at Mecca. 248 	Verses Written at Mecca. 203
 eightein Verses, written at Mecca. 209 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verses, written at Medina. 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and seventy and seven Verses, written at Mecca. 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and sevenVerses, written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourscore and thirten Verses, written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of History, containing. Fourscore and eight Verse, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verses, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 237. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 244. 30. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verses, written at Mecca. 	23. The Chapter of True believers, containing One hundred and
 24. The Chapter of Light, containing Seventy and four Verfes, written at Medina. 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 24. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 24. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 24. The Chapter of Locman, ventaining Thirty and four Verfes, mitima at Mecca. 	eightein Verses, written at Mecca. 209
 mrittes at Medina. 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, Wristen at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, mritten at Mecca. 	
 25. The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing Seventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca. 20. 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, Wristen at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, mritten as Mecca. 	mritten at Medina.
 Verfes, Written at Mecca. 220 26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and fevenVerfes, Written at Mecca. 214 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirten Verfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Wristen at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, meinwe at Mecca. 	
 SevenVerses, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourscore and thirteen Verses, written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of History, containing. Fourscore and eight Verse, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verses, mritten as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verses, mritten at Mecca. 	
 SevenVerses, Written at Mecca. 27. The Chapter of the Pismire, containing Fourscore and thirteen Verses, written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of History, containing. Fourscore and eight Verse, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verses, mritten as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verses, written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verses, mritten at Mecca. 	26. The Chapter of Poets, containing One hundred twenty and
 27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and thirteen Verfes, written at Mecca. 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, written at Mecca. 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, mritten as Mecca. 244. 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, written at Mecca. 248. 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, mritten at Mecca. 	JevenVerses, Written at Mecca. 224
 thirten V erfes, Written at Mecca. 231 28. The Chapter of Hiftory, containing. Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. 237 29. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. 244 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verfes, means at Mecca. 	27. The Chapter of the Pifmire, containing Fourfcore and
 The Chapter of Hiftory, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfe, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. The Chapter of the Greeians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verfes, meaning at Mecca. 	
Verle, Written at Mecca. 29 The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verles, written as Mecca. 30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verles, Written at Mecca. 31. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verles, written at Mecca.	
 The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes, written as Mecca. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Written at Mecca. The Chapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes, 	a distant a barrier of barrier and a same and a same sharrow and and
30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Writtin at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verfes, minute at Mecca	29 The Chapter of the Spider, containing Sixty and nine Verfes.
30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verfes, Writtin at Mecca. 248 31. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verfes,	mrittin as Mecca.
31. The Chapter of Locman, centaining Thirty and four Verses,	30. The Chapter of the Grecians, containing Sixty Verles.
31. I bill hapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verfes,	writtin at viecca.
	31. I bill hapter of Locman, containing Thirty and four Verles.
	written as Miccoa.
32. I bi Chapter of Worship, containing One hundred and theres	32. I bi Chapter of Worship, containing One hundred and theres
Verle, Written at Mecca. 235	
33. The	

34

Key Sept Section Section

1

Chapter. Folio.
33. The Chapter of Bands, and Troups of Souldiers, ontaining
Fourscore and seven Verses, written at Medina. 257
34. The Chapter of Saba, containing Fifty and four Verses,
written at Mecca. 262
35. The Chapter of the Creator, containing Fourt) and five Ver/es, Written at Mecca.
Verses, Written at Mecca. 267
36. The Chapter intituled. O man, containing Fourthand and
Verses, Written at Mecca. 267 36. The Chapter intituled, O man, containing Foursfore and eight Verses, Written at Mecca. 271
eight Verses, Written at Mecca. 271 37. The Chapter of Orders, containing Fourscore Verse, writ- ten at Mecca. 275
ten at Mecca.
38. The Chapter of Truth, containing Fourfcore and eight Verles, written at Mecca
Verses, written at Mecca.
220
39. The Chapter of Troups, containing Seventy and five Verses, written at Mecca. 284
40 The Chapter of the True helingene in 1984
40. The Chapter of the True believers, containing Eighty
2x0
41. The Chapter of Exposition, containing Fifty and four Verses,
ninch al Biccia. 205
42. The Chapter of Counfel, containing Fifty and three Verfes,
43 The Chapter of Ornament, containing Eighty and nine Verles, written at Mecca.
44. The Chapter of Smoke, containing Fifty and nine Verses,
WILLICHAL MICLEA.
45. The Chapter of Genuflexion, or Knee boming, containing
Tijly and nine verjes, written at Mecca.
46. The Chapter of Heccaf, containing Thirty and five Verfes,
47. The Chapter of the Combat, containing Fourfcore and eight Verfes Written at Messa
Verses Written at Mecca. 316
48. The Chapter of Conquest, containing Twenty and nine Verses, Written at Mecca.
Verses, Written at Mecca. 319
49. The Chapter of Inclosures, containing Eighteen Terles.
322
50. The Chapter of the Thing Judged, containing Fourty and
five Verses, written at Mecca
a 2

THE WAY A VENTRY AVAILAND VENTRY AVAILAND VANDAN AVAILAND VANDAN AVAILAND VANDAN AVAILAND

NYCONTRONT ON THE WANTERN THE NEW YOR

0	The second s	1:2
		olio.
	S1. The Chapter of the Things disperfed, containing S	ixty
	Voulee mritten at MICCC2.	320
	52. The Chapter of the Monntain, containing Thirty and	mme
	Verfes, written at Mecca.	328
	53. The Chapter of the Star, containing Sixty Verfes, wr	uren
	At Mecca	420
	54. The Chapter of the Moon, containing Fifty and five Ve	riesg
	written at MCCCa.	330
	55. The Chapter of the Merciful, containing Eighteen Ve	rjes,
	written at Medina.	334
	56. The Chapter of Indgment, containing Fourfcore and nine	ereem
	Verles, written at Mcalla.	330
	57. The Chapter of Iron, containing Twenty and nine Ve	rjesz
	Written at Mcaina.	330
	58. The Chapter of the Dispute, containing Twenty and	tewo
	Verles, Written at Wicuma.	341
	59. The Chapter of Exile, containing Twenty and four Ve	rjes,
	written at Mculla.	344
	60. The Chapter of Tryal, containing Eighteen Verses, wr	itten
	AF MICCCa.	340
	61. The Chapter of Array, containing Fourteen Verles, wr	siten .
	at Micila.	240
	62. The Chapter of the Affembly, containing Eleven Ve	rjes,
	witten at micuina.	349
	63. The Chapter of the Wicked, containing Twelve Ve written at Medina.	rjes,
		350
	64. The Chapter of Deceipt, containing Eighteen Verses, V ten at Niecca.	vrise
	65 The Chapter of Digiorce containing Einham Ver Con	351
	65. The Chapter of Divorce, containing Eighteen Verfes, V ten at Mecca.	vr15-
	66. The Chapter of Prohibition containing Timeles V.	353
	66. The Chapter of Prohibition, containing Twelve Ve Written at Medina.	rjes
	67. The Chapter of Empire, containing Thirty Verses, wri at Mecca.	a.L
		316
	68. The Chapter of the Pen, containing Fifty and two Ve. written at Mecca.	7053
		330
	09.	\$ 175

MANSEAN STANSANS

A	T	A	B	L	E.	
COLUMN IN	1000					

Chapter. Fo	oliò.
69. The Chapter of Verification, containing Fifty and two Ver	rfes,
written at Micila.	400
70. The Chapter of the Afcent, sontaining Fourty and ;	four
Verles, Written at NICCC2.	201
71 The Chapter of Noah, containing Twenty and eight Ver	ses,
SAL BELEIN WE TARCER.	7~ 3
72. The Chapter of Divels, containing Twenty and eight Ver	rjeso
THTITPH AT WICH A	A . 640
73. The Chapter of the Fearful, containing Twenty Ver	1833
WILLER AL MICCA.	500
74. The Chapter of the Wrapped, containing Fifty and se	1675
Verfes, Written at Mecca.	367
75. The Chapter of the Refurrection, containing Fourty Ver	1635
Written at Mecca.	168
76. The Chapter of Man, containing Thirty Verses, write at Mecca.	369
77. The Chapter of them that are fent, containing Fifty Ver	·les.
written at Mecca.	371
78. The Chapter of News, containing Fourty Verses, write	ten
at Mecca.	72
79. The Chapter of them that take away, containing Fourty	and
IEX VETTELA WINCLETCH OCH MILLEA	Sugar -
80. The Chapter of the Blinde, containing Fourty and Verfee written at Mecca.	two
1 6/ 165, PP 0000 PP 0000000	11
81. The Chapter of Roundness, containing Twenty and n	ine
Verses, written at Mecca.	170 -
82. The Chapter of the opening of Heaven, containing Sevent	een
	77
83. The Chapter of them that weigh with falfe weights, conta	un-
	ld.
84. The Chapter of the Cleft, containing Twenty and five Ver	1003
	78 ntv
85. The Chapter of the Signe Gelestial, containing Twe	79
Verses, written at Mecca. 36. The Chapter of Star, or of the North Star, contain	
Seventeen Verfes, Written at Mecca.	180
2.3. \$7. 5	

Folio. Chapter. 87. The Chapter of the High and Mighty, containing Seventeen Verses, written at Mecca. 281 88. The Chapter of the Covering, containing Twenty and fix Verles, Written at Mecca. ibid. 89. The Chapter of the Morning, containing Thirty Verles. 282 Written at Mecca. 90. The Chapter of the City, containing Twenty Ver (es, written 282 at Mecca. QI. The Chapter of the Sun, containing Fifteen Verles, written 284 at Mecca. 92. The Chapter of Night, containing Twenty Verses, written ibid. at Meeca. 93. The Chapter of the Sun rising, containing Ten Verses, Written at Mecca. 385 94. The Chapter of Joy, containing Eight Verses, written at ibid. Mecca. 95. The Chapter of the Fig, containing Eight Verses, written at 386 Mecca. 96. The Chapter of Blood congealed, containing Seventeen Verses, Written at Mecca. ibid. 97. The Chapter of Glory or Power, containing Five Verles, written at Mecca. 387 08. The Chapter of Instruction, containing Eight Verses, written at Medina. ibid. 99. The Chapter of the Earthquake, containing Eight Verles, written at Medina. 288 100. The Chapter of Horfes, containing Eleven Verfes, Written at Mecca and Medina. 389 101. The Chapter of Affliction, containing Eleven Verles. written at Mecca. ibid. 102. The Chapter of Abundance, containing Eight Verfes, written at Mecca. 290 103. The Chapter of the Evening. ibid. 104. The Chapter of Persecution, containing Seven Verses, Writren at Mecca. ibid. 105. The

A CTA CTA CUA CUA

Chapter. Folio. 105. The Chapter of Elephants, containing Five Verses, written at Mecca. 391 106. The Chapter of Coreis, containing Four Verses, written at Mecca. ibid. 107. The Chapter of the Law, containing Seven Verses, Written at Mecca. ibid. 108. The Chapter of Affluence, containing Three Verses, Written at Mecca. 392 109. The Chapter of Infidels, containing Six Verses, written ibid. at Mecca. 110. The Chapter of Protection, containing four Verses, written at Mecca. ibid. 111. The Chapter of the Cord of Palm, containing Eleven Verles, Written at Mecca. 393 112. The Chapter of Salvation, containing Four Verses, writibid. ten at Mecca. 113. The Chapter of Separation, containing Five Verses, written at Mecca. ibid. 114. The Chapter of the People, containing Six Verses, Written at Mecca. 394 The Life and Death of Mahomet. 395 A needful Caveat or Admonition to the Reader.

THE

FANTANTA STAANTANTA 100 5 1 10. The Constant Protection, containing for Verley, printer 111 The Chapter of the Good of Pakin, containing Eleven 113. The Chapter of Sepanation, containing Five Verfes, pric-114 The Christer of the People, containing Six Verles, Write-THE NOT NOT MAR

FRENCHEPSTLE TO THE READER.

of and the sets little of their und ription

Tothe Reader.

THE



He Book is a long conference of God, the Angels, and Maromet, which that falle Prophet very grofly inwented; sometimes be introduceth God, who Speaketh to him, and

teacheth him his Law, then an Angel, anon the Prophets, and frequently maketh God o speak in the plurall, in a stile that is not ordinary He declaimeth against fuch as worship Idols, particularly against the Inhabitants of the City of Mecca, and against the * Coreis, who were enemies to hi designe. He * The coveis intituled this book the Alcoran, as me would fay, erfull family the Collection of Precepts: He likevise termed it in Arabia, in Mahomets El Forcan, that is, that diftinguisteth good from time. e-vill: He di-vided it into many Chapters, to which he gave what inscription he thought good : he most commonly intituleth them with words that are in their first line, without regard to the matter they treat

were a pow-

MANNAN ANANANANANANANANA

To the Reader.

A GRANNEN P

treat of, and speaketh little of their Inscription; He divided into many fignes, or Verses, that con= tain his ordinances and fables, without observation either of the consequence, or connexion of the discourse, which is the cause that thou shalt finde in this Book, a multitude of incongruous pieces, and divers repetitions of the same things. It hath been expounded by many Mahometan Doctors, their exposition being as vidiculous as the Text : They affirm the originall of the Alcoran to be written upon a Table, kept in Heaven, that the Angel Gabriel brought this Copie to Mahomet, who could neither write nor reade, and stile him Prophet, or Apostle, in honor. Thou shalt finde at beginning of some Chapters letters of the Arabique Alphabet, which some men will not expound; They fear to utter things that may difflease their false Prophet : Most of their Doctors affirm those Letters to be the first letters of the Names of God. Thou shalt finde the exposition in this version; Thou wilt wonder that fuch abfurdities have infected the best part of the world, and wilt avouch, that the knowledg of what is contained in this Book, will render that Law contemptible. A

A Summary of the Religion of The Turks.



He Turks believe one fole God, in one fole Perfon, Creator of heaven and earth, the rewarder of the good, and punisher of the wicked, who hath created Paradife for the recompense of of the righteous, and Hell for the laft punifhment of crimes. They believe that Mahomet was a very great Prophet, whom God fent into the world to teach men the way of falvation, and call themfelves Musulmans, that is to fay, recommended to God, or faved.

They believe the Decalogue of Moses, and are obliged to observe it; they celebrate Friday as the Christians Sunday, that day they assemble in Temples at noon, to pray.

They are obliged to pray five times a day, viz. in the morning, at noon, at the evening, when the Sun fetteth, and an hour within night.

They fast the moneth, or moon, which they call Ramazan; during this moneth, they neither drink nor eat all the day, until the Sun be fet, but in the night drink and eat, according to their appetites, flesh and fish, except the flesh of swine, and wine, that is at all times forbidden them; after this fast they have the feast of great Bairan, as the Christians Easter after

Lent.

Lent. They are great founders of Temples, and Hofpitals, and are obliged to give to the poor the first day of the year, the tithe of what they have gained during the preceding year.

A FANTANTANTANTAN

They believe, that after being well washt, faying fome prayer appropriate to that Ceremony, they have also the foul purified from all filthines and fin, which is the cause that they wash and bathe often, especially before they pray.

They have no Sacrament, but Circumcifion; they caufe their children to be circumcifed at the age of feven or eight years; and when they can pronounce thefe words, La ilha illa allha Mehemet rafoul allha, that is, There is but one God, Mahomet is his Prophet and Apoffle; this is their profeffion of faith; neverthelefs there is no mention of Circumcifion in all the Alcoran; they fay they obferve it in imitation of Abraham, whofe Law is recommended to them by Mahomet: they believe that the Alcoran was brought to him at feverall times by the Angel Gabriel, in the City of Mecca, and that of Medina, becaufe the Jews and Chriftians had altered the holy Scriptures, and the Law of God.

They are permitted to have four wives, married at the fame time, and as many Concubines as they are able to maintain.

They can put away their wives when they think fit, paying them what they promifed them in contract of marriage, and mary again at their pleafure, but the women are bound to tarry until they are affured that they are not with childe before they marry again, & their husbands are obliged to keep, and take the care

1 Vry Vry C. M.

of the children. The children which they have by their flaves are indifferently eftemed with those of their wives, and are all held as legitimate.

They have Temples, Colleges, and Hofpitalls well revenued ; they have covents of Religious, that live exemplarily; obey their Superiours without contradiction, and dance after the found of Flures and other inftruments when they make their prayers. as soon

They have moreover another fort of Religious Vagabonds through the world, clothed like fools of that Country; they often go naked, and cut their skin in many places, are held to be holy perfons, and live by alms, which are never refused them; both the one and the other fort of Religious are called Dervis, they are known by their habit, and can retire and marry when they pleafe.

They deny Jefus Chrift to be God, or the Son of God; neither believe they in the holy Trinity : they fay that Jesus Christ was a great Prophet, born of the Virgin Mary, a Virgin both before and after her delivery ; that he was conceived by divine inspiration, or by a divine breath, without a father, as Adam was created without a mother ; that hewas not crucified, that God took him into heaven, and that he shall come again on earth at the end of the world to confirm the Law of Mahomet ; they likewife affirm that the Jews thinking to crucifie Jefus Chrift, crucified a man among them that refembled him.

They pray to God for the Dead, they invoke their Saints, of whom they have a large Legend, neverthelefs they believe not Purgatory; and many among A great quethem imagine that the foul and body remain toge- flion among ther

ther in the grave until the day of Judgment.

Gar Gar VI a VII

They have Mecca and Medina, that are two Cities of Arabia, in great veneration, becaufe Mahomet was born at Mecca, and buried at Medina: they make thither great pilgrimages, and believe that Land to be Holy: They bear likewife fingular respect to the City of ferusalem, for that it hath been the Birthplace, and habitation of many Prophets.

They use no Clocks; at the hour of their prayers their Priest assess the highest part of a Tower, that is in a corner of the Temple, and with a loud voyce call the people to prayer, finging prayers, composed for that purpose.

et denveliges Church in second de methe Son of

on, or bit a divine breath, without a v

We said on cathacthe and of the way

firm the Law of CAN aborate, they like with any

1 1 VI CVA CONTRACT

E the Confuls, Governors, Protectors, and Defenders of the Priviledges, Freedoms, and Liberties of the City of Marseillis, do certifie, and attest to all to whom it shall appertain, that Mr. Andrew du Ryer, Lord of Malezair, Gentleman in Ordinary of the Kings Chamber, and heretofore Conful to his Majesty in Ægypt, hath executed the charge for the faid Confulship like a man of honesty and honour; no complaint baving been made at any time, or his administration, or deportment during the time of his abode there, and that he exercised that office; Neither was any complaint ever made of the faid Mr. du Ryer during the time he fojourned at Constantinople for the service of his Majesty; but all the Captains and Officers of Merchant Veffels, and of others that negotiated in the same parts, received of him all favour, as in matters that concerned them, as in affairs that did relate to the fervice of his Majesty, and the advantage of his Subjects traffique : in testimony of which, We have drawn and signed these presents, and have put and affixed to them, the seal, and accustomed Arms of this City.

At Marfeillis the 12. day of Feb. 1633.

> De Bourgongne, Conful. 1. Savornin, Conful. Meinardet, Conful.

By the faid Confuls Boet.

To Mr. Du RYER, Lord of Malezair, Gentleman in Ordinary of the Kings Chamber at Constantinople.

SIR, and has reduced a set of the range

NEAN FAIL THAN FAIL TO AN T



Aving heard by the report of many Mer-Chants of this City, the good offices that you have daily performed towards them of our Nation, and particularly our fellow. Citizens, who all unanimoufly much

commend your affection, and fingular care to protect and defend them . We thought our duty to return you by these lines, a thousand thanks, and that the more affection, for that your curtefie, and not their merits, carried you to all those good offices, of which they and we shall ever keep a perpetual memory, to render you any acknowledgment when occasion shall be offered, and give you a testimony by our fervices, that you have not caft your feed upon barren ground: In the mean time, Sir, we befeech you, be pleafed to continue to us the honour of your friendship, and effects of your favour, as we shall defire in all emengent occafion to teftifie t hat we are really, to you

> Sir, Your most affectionate Servants, the Confuls, Governors of the City of rear feillis.

Monthoutian, Francis Nappollon, Du Pont. From Mar feillis this 24. of August. 1632.

and and and the second and

A Translation of the Command of the grand Seignior, concerning Mr. Malezair.

Llustrious and Excellent Commanders, refuge of the great Triumphant, Eminent, Glorious, and Honorable Lords, endued with the speciall graces of God, Bashaws, or Vice-Roys, Beyes, or Governors, that are upon the roads of our most August Port to the the Realm of France, God perpetuate your glory, just Judges of the Musulmans; Minerals of Vertue and Knowledg, that are upon the road of our most August Portro the Realmy A of France, God increase your vertues, Honorable and trusty Governors, Gaptains of From tires and Caffles, Captains and Patrons of Galleys and Veffels, Cuitomers that are upon the road of our most August Port to the Realm of France, God augments your Plonours and glory, When this most August command fliall come to you, know, that the Lord of Ryer, a Gentleman of France, is sent from us into France for many n impor-

important affairs; when he shall arrive, going and comming to the places of your command, by sea, or by land in our Ports, our Cities under our Castles, and in any other place whatfoever, I command you to receive with all affection, and good reception, and suffer no displeasure to be done to him, directly, or indirectly. You shall cause to be given to him whatloever shall be necessary for him in paying, and shall facilitate with your whole power his passage, with his two servants, his coffers, and baggage; and when he shall have performed in France what hath been commanded him, and shall return to our most August Port, you shall do in like manner, and shall be careful not to violate this our High command, or capitulations; Thus know him, and having seen these my most August command, you shal leave it in his hands, and shal give ful and intire credit to this my most illustrious mark. man bod. man

STEAN AND AND

Given at Conftantinople the last day of the moneth of Diel Heget, 1041. Sealed above with the Mark, or the Seal of the grand Seignior, Amurat Sultan, and Signed at Base-Hussein.

The states and the

Chap. 1.



THE ALCORAN OF MAHOMET.

CHAP. I.

The Chapter of the Preface, containing seven Verses, written at Mecca.



N the Name of God, gracious and merciful; Praised be God, gracious and merciful : King of the Day of Judgment. It is thee whom weadore ; it is from thee we require help. Guide us in the right way, in the way of them that thou hast gratified ; against whom thou haft not been displeased, and we shall not be mif led.

CHAP.

B

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

CHAP. II.

The Chapter of the Cow, containing Two hundred fourfcore und Seven Verses, Written at Mecca.

mus his

2

See the Explication of Gelaldin.

> See Gelaldin.

See Erpen- IN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. I am the most Lwife God. There is no Error in this Book; it guideth into Grammer. the right way ; those that are righteous, who believe what they fee not, who make their Prayers with affection, and dispence in Alms, a part of the Goods that we have given them. Such as believe the things that are infpired into thee, in those that have been Preached before thee, and at the end of the world are not ignorant they are guided by their Lord, and shall be bleffed. Misery is upon unbelievers, Whether thou reprove them, or do not reprove them, they will not be converted, God hath thut up their heart, their ears and eyes, and they shall fuffer great torments. Many men fay, we believe in God, and the Day of Judgment, and do not believe ; they think to deceive God, and them that believe in God ; certainly they deceive themfelves, and know it not. God will augment the infirmity which they have in their heart, and they shall undergo the rigors of an infinite pain, by reason of their lying. When it was faid to them, Pollute not the earth, they faid, We are true observers of the Law of God : notwithstanding, they were they that polluted the earth, but they knew it not. When it was faid to them, Believe ve as the world believeth? They faid, Shall we believe as fools believe? they themfelves are fools, and know it not. When they met with fuch as believe in God, they faid, We believe as you do: And when they returned towards the devils, their companions, they faid, We believe as you, and mock at those men : Certainly God mocketh them, and continueth them in their Errors, to their confusion. They that have purchased Error, for the right way, have gained nothing in their commerce, and are not well directed; they are like to fuch as kindled fire, and when it hath enlightened what is about them, God hath deprived them of light, and left them in darknefs, deaf, dumb, blinde, and they fhall

CTAL TO A CTAL CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

fhall never be converted ; or as a cloud of Heaven, full of darknefs thunder, and lightning, they ftop their ears with their fingers, by reason of the noise, and for fear of death ; but God feeth the unbelievers, he caufed lightning to approach, that ravished from them their fight ; they have followed what appeared to them, and are detained in darknefs: But if God had pleased, he had deprived them, both of hearing, and fight; for he is omnipotent. O People ! worfhip your Lord, who created you, and all that were before you ; it may be, That you will fear him that hath extended the Earth , that raifed the Heaven, and caufed Rain to descend ; that caufed the production of Fruits to enrich you. Say not, that God hath a companion equal to him, becaufe you know the contrary. If you doubt that I have fent my fervant, come, and bring fome Chapters like to the Alcoran, and call to witnefs the Idols that you adore ; if you are good men, if you have not done it. or cannot perform it, Fear the fire of Hell prepared for Infidels, and Idolaters; and declare to true believers, who do good works, That they shall enjoy the immenfe pleafures of Paradife, wherein flow many Rivers ; they shall there finde all forts of fair and favory Fruits, which God hath prepared for them ; they shall confider, if they be like to fuch as they had before in the world : They shall there have wives, fair, and delicate, and shall dwell in eternal felicity. God is not ashamed to compare a little * Puny to an extream Great- * The nefs: Now, fo it is, that true believers know, that it proceedeth Puny is a from their Lord. The wicked demand, what God doth mean by Worm that comparison ? He by this means mil-leadeth, and directeth frequently many men ; but mif-leadeth none, but the difobedient. Such as growing in pervert his Testament, and his Promises ; fuch as retrench his Beds in hot Commandments, and defile the Earth, are damned. Why will you be impious, feeing that God hath given you life after death? He will caufe you to dye, he will raife you again, and you shall all return before him to be judged. He it is, that created whatever is upon Earth, and afcending to Heaven, hath ordained feven Heavens, knowing all things. Remember to instruct men, that See Kitab thy Lord faid to his Angels, I would create a Vicar upon Earth; el tenoir. and when they answered, Wilt thou there place him that shall de-

Countries.

3

file

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

file it, and thed blood, while we exalt thy Glory, and fanctifie thee? I know faid he, what you know not. He taught Adam the names of all things, who discovered them to the Angels, to whom God faid. Declare to me the names of all things that I have created, if you know them; they replyed, Praise is due to thy Divine Majefty, we know nothing but what thou haft taught us, thou alone art knowing and wife. He faid to Adam, Declare to them the names of all things that I have created. After he had taught them, God faid, Did I not tell you, that I knew what is not, neither in Earth, nor Heaven ; and that I understand whatever you make manifest, and whatever you keep most fecret? Remember thou, that we fiid to the Angels, Humble your felves before Adam; they all humbled themselves, except the Devil: He was already proud, and in the number of the wicked. We faid unto Adam, Dwell thou and thy wife in Paradife, and eat there what thou likeft, but approach not that Tree, leaft thou be in the number of the unjuft. The Devil made them to fin, and depart from the Grace in which they were ; then we faid to them, Descend you enemies one to another, you shall have a dwelling upon Earth, and goods wherewith to live for a time. Adam begged pardon for his fault of his Lord, he pardoned him, because he is gracious and merciful, and faid, Descend, and go all of you out of Paradife; there shall hereafter come to you, a guide from me. Such as shall follow him, shall be delivered from fear and affliction (at the day of Judgment;) fuch as shall be impious, and conceal my Commandments, fhall burn eternally The Alco- in the fire of Hell. O children of Ifrael, remember the Grace ran in the I have done you, I will fatisfie my Promifes, perform yours, fear me, and believe in what I have fent from Heaven, confirming new Tefta- what was before taught you ; be not the first impious, and forfake not my Law at any rate; fear me, and cover not the Truth with a lye, neither willingly conceal it : Make your prayers at the time appointed, pay Tithes, and worship your Lord with them that adore him. Will you command people that have no care of their fouls, to do good ? Will you meditate upon Scripture, without observing it? Entreat for succor with patience, and with prayers they abound not, but in them that are obedient, that

Story Carlow Carlow

old and

APPANTER THE STA

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

that believe they shall one day behold their Lord, and shall return before him to be judged. O children of Ifrael, call to minde my favors. I have preferred you to all the world ; fear the day, wherein one Soul shall not be chastifed for another ; when prayer shall not be heard, neither ransom, fuccors nor protection be found for the wicked. Remember, that we delivered you from the hands of Pharaoh, who afflicted you through the violence of torments, who murthered your children, abused your wives; and that your Lord encreased your miferies, because of the enormity of your crimes. Remember, that we divided the Seas to fave you, and that we drowned Pharaohs men in your view ; neverthelefs, you worfhipped the Calf, when we detained Moles with us fourty nights, in which you were extreamly too blame; after this, we pardoned you, it may be that you will give me thanks. We gave unto Mofes the Book, that distinguisheth good from evil; perhaps you will be converted. Remember, that Moses faid to his people, You were too blame Gelaldin for having adored the Calf; repent, and be converted to your faith, the Creator : Slay one another, that will be a thing acceptable to flay the God ; he will pardon your crime , he is gracious and merciful. wicked. You faid, O Moles, we will not believe thee, for that we fee not God : then you were fmitten with thunder, you faw your milery with your own eyes : neverthelefs, we we have raifed you after your death ; perhaps you will give me thanks. pardoned We covered you with the shadow of clouds, we caused Manna you : see and Quails to fall upon you, and faid, Eat the good things we Gelaldin. have given you. They did us no harm, when they murmured; they afflicted themselves. We faid, Enter into that City, and Gelaldin eat therein what shall content you; enter in at the gate, with faith, it is humility, and fay, Remove our fins from us. I will pardon your Jerufalem. offences, and encrease the Graces of those that are righteous : See Kitab then the wicked altered their words that were taught them; but I fent my indignation from Heaven upon them, according to their demerits. When Moles demanded drink for his people, we faid, Smite the Rock with thy Rod, incontinently there fprung forth twelve Fountains, and every man knew his place, where to drink : Eat, and drink the good things of God, and defile

5

and a control and a control of the c

el tenoir.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

The State State Strate Strate Strate Strate

defile not the Earth any more. You faid unto Moses, we are not fatisfied with one fort of meat; entreat thy Lord that he give us what the Earth produceth, Beets, Cucumbers, Garlick, Lentils, and Onions; he faid, Defire you to change good for evill? Goe downe into Ægypt, you will there finde what you require. They were beaten with difgrace, and poverty, and returned into the wrath of God, for that they disobeyed his Commandements, and unjuftly flew his Prophets, for which they were greatly to blame. All those that shall believe Christians, Jewes or Samaritans, fuch as shall believe in God at the day of Judgement, and doe good workes, shall be recompensed by See Gelal- their Lord, and be free from feare, and affliction, at the day of the Refurrection. When we received your promife, to beleeve in the Old Teftament, we raifed a mountaine over you, to overfhadow you, and faid, Comprehend with affection, what wee teach you, and remember ; perhaps you will feare the fire of Hell, and difobedience ; nevertheleffe, you have gone aftray, without the mercy of your Lord you shall be in the number of the damned. You know what befell those that observed not the Sabboth; we faid unto them, Be ye abhorred, and despised as Apes; We left this punishment, as an advertisement to their temporaries and posteritie, and particularly, to be for an example to the true beleevers. Remember thou, that Moles faid unto the people, God commandeth you to facrifice a Cow. They answered, doeft thou mocke us ? He replied, God defend me from being in the number of the ignorant ; they faid, Call upon thy Lord, that he inftruct us what Cow that ought to be; he faid, it must be a Cow of a middle age, neither young, nor old, and doe what is commanded you; They faid, pray unto thy Lord, that he fhew us of what colour it ought to be. It must, faid he, be of a bright, yellow colour, that it may delight the eyes of the beholders. They faid, Invoke thy Lord, that he inftruct us, what it ought to refemble, and we shall (if it please him) be obedient to his Commander ments ; He faid, God answereth you, that it must be a Cow, that never bare the voke, to till the earth, neither water the fields, round, and that hath never laboured, neither hath spot upon her body. They faid, thou haft now spoken truths they then facrificed her.

congering car congering and

din.

6

See Kitab el tenoir.

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

her, and it wanted not much, but they had not done it : When you have flaine any one, you are then full of wrath, and become proud; God bringeth to light whatever you conceale ; We faid, smite that dead body with a piece of that Cow : so God raiseth againe the dead *, and manifesteth to you his Miracles; it * The may be you will comprehend them, yet your hearts are hardned, Turks bemore obdurate then Rocks; for Rivers flow from Rocks, when leeve that they cleave and appeare, or when they fall, and overturne by the rife again, permiffion of his divine Majefty. God is not ignorant of your being actions. Do you defire the Jewes should beleeve you, because smitten many among them write the word of God, and alter it at plea- with the fure, after they have comprized it ? When they meet with tongue of true beleevers they for much close of code and being that Cow. true beleevers, they fay, we beleeve in God, and being affem- See Bedagio bled, they fay among themfelves, have you entertained those true beleevers, for that God hath instructed you, that they may finde no excufe against you at the day of Judgement, before his divine Majestie ? Understand you not that they would excufe dive themfelves upon what you have faid to them ? Know they not that God knoweth whatever they conceale, and what they bring to light? There be fome that know neither to reade nor write, that understand nothing of Scripture, but what they have learned from the lies of their Doctors, yet they thinke to be knowing men. Miferie is upon them that conceale the Scripture in their hands, that alter it, and fay, that what they reade proceedeth from God to profit any thing thereby. Miferie is upon them, because of what their hands have written; milerie is upon them, and upon what they have gained, in blafpheming against God. They have faid, we shall continue in Fire but a certaine number of dayes : Say unto them, have you capitulated with God ? He will not act against his promises : Will you speak of God what you know not? Such as have gained ought, and were entangled in the finne of their gaine, fhall for ever remaine in the flames of Hell ; and they that have faith in God, and doe good workes, thall eternally enjoy the delights of Paradife. Remember thou, that we taught the Commandements of the Law, and how we faid to the children of Ifrael, worfhip one only God, doe good unto your father and mother, to your allies. **B**4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

TAN TANKA STA

8

allies, orphans, and the poore : speake mildely unto the people, make your prayer at the time appointed, and pay your Tithes; nevertheleff: they were difobedient, except fome very few among them. When we received the Commandements of God, and that we faid shed not your bloud, neither forfake vour houses, vou approvid it, your selves are witnelles; Nevertheleffe you flew many, and conftrained a great number to defert their habitation, you affifted each other in injustice, and impiety. If flaves have recourfe to you, you shall redeeme them, their deliverance isappointed you : Doe you beleeve one part of the Scripture to abjure the other ? The reward of any of you that shall do this thing, is ignominie in this world, and to be precipitated into the most grievous torments of Hell at the day of Judgement. God is not ignorant of your actions. Such as purchase the life of the world, to quit Paradife, shall not be cafed in their miseries, and be utterly deprived of fuccours. Certainly, we gave the law to Mofes, and after him fent many Prophets; We infpired knowledge into Jefus the fonne of Mary, and strengthned hm by the Holy Ghost, but you arole against the Prophets, that came contrary to your affections, you belyed one part, and flew another. The unbeleevers faid, our heart is hardened; It is God that hath curfed them, by reason of their impietie, and few of them will beleeve the Commandements of his divine Majeftie. When God hath fent them any Booke, confirming the Scriptures, which they before approved (viz. the Old Tiftament, and the Gofpel) they demanded fuccours when they met with the wicked, and being fuccoured, they either underfood it not, or would not receive it. The curfe of God is upor Infidels, especially upon them that have fold their foules, and through envie difobeyed his Commandements : He bestowith his grace on whom he pleafeth, they are returned in the dipleafure of his Divine Majestie, who hath prepared for them grievous torments, because of the enormitie of their crimes. When it was faid to them, Beleeve in the Commandments of God ; they faid, Do we not believe in what hath been commandel us? Nevertheleffe, they have no faith in the truth which God hath fent, confirming the Prophecies,

「シノートアート」

See Kitab cl tenoir.

and

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of Маномет.

and the precepts that they before apprived; Say unto them, had you heretofore flaine the Prophets, if you had beileved in his Law ? Moles certainly had cauled youto fee Miracles; but yee adored the Calfe after his departure, vherefore you were greatly too blame. We received your promif, to obferve the Commandements of the Law, and raifed a * Nountaine over you; Un- * The derftand with affection what we teach 'ou, and hearken to what Turks beis commanded you ; they answered, we have heard, and difo- leeve that beyed, and inclined their heart to the adoration of the Calfe, God raifbecause of their impietie. Say to then, doth your faith com- Mounmand you to doe it, if you believe in God, and life eternall? taine over Thinke upon death, if you be righteous; They regard not their the Ifraepaft errours, but God knoweth the unjult : Thou thalt finde them lites, to owith diligence, and defire to live a long time; The wicked hope vershadow them, to live a thousand yeares; but they stall be exempt from the punishment to live long; God beholdeth all their actions. Say to them, who is an enemie to Gabriel? He by the permiffion of God hath inspired into * thee the Alcoran, that con- * Mabafirmeth the ancient Scriptures, and guideth the good in the way of their Salvation, and declaret to them the joyes of Paradife. He that is an enemie to God the Angels, his Prophet. to Gabrael and Michael, shall be rightoufly chastifed, God is an enemie to Infidels. We have fent hee precepts, cleare, and intelligible, none will abjure them lut the wicked : Some of them have acted against their owne pomises, and the greatest part is incredulous; Many of them that have knowledge in the written Law, have forfaken it, even vhen God fent them any Prophet to confirme the Scriptures, that they had before received. and approved : They cast the book of God behinde their backs, as if they knew it not, and adiered to what the Devils taught in the raigne of Solomon, (yet Slomon finned not, but the Devils only, that inftructed the people in Magick) and what was Arot and taught by the two Angels, Arot and Marot in Babylon, Before Marot they taught the people, they faid, We are not fedition, neither Magicibe you impious. The people learned ofthem, what concerneth the ans. feparation of the man and the womn, and what breedeth hatred betwixt them. They did not hame to any by their Magick; but

0

Chap.2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

A AYEL STE

but, through the permiffion of God, the people learned of them what might hurt, and not be profitable to them ; they inftructed in Magick them that fold their part in Paradife, at the lofs of their fouls, although they knew their error, that they had before beleeved in God, and feared his divine Majeftie. Repentance infpired by God is exceeding profitable, if they underftood to know it. O you that feare God, fay not, honour us; fay, regard us, and hearken to what is commanded you. To Infidels are prepared dolorous torments; the Jews and Chriftians defired not that God should fend you good, but God very liberrall, gratifieth with his mercy whom he pleafeth : he will not alter his Commandments, neither forget them ; he will moreover teach others more profitable, or of the like nature; know you not that God is omnipotent ? understand you not that to God appertains the Kingdom of heaven, and of earth; who except God will be your protector ? Will you queftion your Prophet, as Mofes was heretofore questioned ? He that shall change faith into impiety, shall The Jews forfake the good way. Many that have knowledge in the Scripand Chri- ture, endeavoured to mislead you through impiety and envie, Rians who notwithstanding they are not ignorant of the Truth; forgive them, and beware of them, untill God hath (otherwife) disposed, he is Omnipotent. Make your prayers at the time appointed, and pay your Tithes, you shall finde before God the good that you do for your fouls; he beholdeth all your actions. They have faid, that none but the Jews and Christians shal enter into Paradife it is their falfe invention ; fay unto them, if you be good men, bring your Reasons on the contrary, he that refigneth himself to God, and is a just man, shall be recompensed by his divine Majestie, there needeth not be any feare for him, he shall not be tormented in the fire of hell. The Jews fay, the Christians are void of reason; and the Christians affirm the Jews to be without reason; nevertheless they fludy the Scripture, fo speake the ignorant, God will determine their difference at the day of the Refurrection. Who is more unjust, then he that hindred, that God be remembred in Temples, and that fludieth nought but their deftruction ? fuch men cannot enter therein, but with fear and terrour; they shall have on earth fhame upon the forehead, and, in the other world, fhall

フトー・フィー・アノマ・フノマ・シー

written Law: See Gelaidin.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 2.

shall suffer exceeding great torments. The East and VVest are Gods, whitherfoever men turn themfelves, the face of God doth there meete them, his Divinity extendeth through the whole carth. They faid, beleeve you that God hath a Son? Praifed be God on the contrary; whatever is either in earth or heaven, appertaineth to his Divine Majeftie, and all things obey him; he hath created heaven and earth, and when he willeth any thing, he faith. Be thou, and it is. The unbeleevers faid, if God fpeak not tous, or if thou performent no miracles, we will not beleeve thee; their predeceffors have faid as much, and their words have been like unto their hearts; we have caufed miracles to appear to the righteous, and have fent thee to preach and inftruct the people; inquire not why those that shal descend into hell will not believe thee: the Jews and Chriftians will not be fatisfied of thee, untill thou follow their opinion; fay unto them, there is no better guide in the world then God : take heede left thou follow their appetites, after that thou haft comprehended the knowledge which we infpired into thee; who, except God, will be thy defendor ? They whom we have taught the Scripture, that ftudy and read it with truth, beleeve the contents of it; and they that do not beleeve, are damned. O children of Israel, call to minde the favour that I did you ; I preferred you before all the world, feare the day wherein one foul shall not be able to affilt another, when a ranfome shall not be accepted, neither excuse ; and when the wicked shall not be protested. Remember thou, that Abraham requested of the Lord an accomplishment of his VVord ; he faid to him, I will establish thee among the people, to teach them the mysteries of my Law : and he faid, what shall become of my Linage? He answered, Paradife shall not be open to the unjust. VVe have established the Temple of Mecca for a fure refuge of the people, in repentance; he made his Oratorie at Abrahams * place; and we have commanded Abraham and * Abrahams Ifmael to keep clean my house for them that shall repair thither place is an in proceffion, with humility and adoration. VVhen Abraham Oratory in the received this command, he faid. Lord fortifie this City, and enrich Temple its people with all good things, and all the inhabitants thereof, of Mecca. that shal believe in thy divine Majestie, and the day of judgement. God

EN LA ANTALANA ANALANA ANALANA

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.2.

God faid. I will for a time enrich the Infidels alfo, and precipitate them into the fire of hell, where they shall remain to all eternity, VVhen Abraham and Ismael raifed the foundations of the Temple of Mecca, Abraham faid, Lord accept our vows; thou understandest all, and knowest all things : Lord give us the grace to be obedient to thy Commandments, and let a people iffue from our loyns that may observe thy Law : Shew us the way we ought to follow, and have mercy upon us; thou art gracious and merciful: Lord fend to this thy people a Prophet of their nation, to preach to them thy Commandments, to inftruct them in Scripture and knowledg, and to purifie them, thou art omnipotent and wife. No man shall abandon the Law of Abraham, but to his own damage, I have chosen him in this world, and he is in the other. in the number of the just. Remember thou, that his Lord faid to him, Be thou obedient to thy Lord, and truft thou in him; he faid, I refign my felf to God, Lord of the Universe : He commanded Faceb and his children, to follow the Law of God. My children, God hath taught you his Law, truft you in him, be obedient to him, even unto death. Were you prefent when Facob was near unto death ? and when he faid to his fons. Whom will ye adore after me? They answered, We will worthip thy God, the God of our Fathers Abraham, Ifmael, and Ifaac, one fole God ; we refign our felves to his pleafure. The good that those men gained, remained to them, and the evil that you shall commit, shall be against you; enquire not after what they did. They have faid, Be ye either Jew, or Christian, you shall follow the right way. Say unto them, contrariwife, The law of Abraham is most just, he was not of the number of them that believed in many Gods. Say ye, We believe in God, in what he inspired into Abraham, Ismael, Isaac, Facob, and the Tribes, in what was taught Mofes, fefus, and all the Prophets, we rely upon God. If they believe as you do, they shall not erre ; if they abandon your faith, they will have a controverfie with you, but God shall protect you; he understandeth whatever they fay, and what they do; he hath purified his Law, and what better purification is there, then that of his Divine Majelty ? Say unto them, Will you difpute with us concerning God, who is your, and

12

to a Stran Stran Stran Stran Stran Stran Stran Stran

2 Craller Craller

(hap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

and our Lord ? We will answer with our actions, and you shall answer with yours ; all our confidence is in his Divine pleasure. Will you fay, that Abraham, Isaac, Facob, and the Tribes, were Tews or Chriftians? Are you more knowing then God? Who is more unjust, then he that concealeth the miracles that he hath feen to proceed from God ? He is not ignorant of all your actions. The good that those men have done, remain to them; and the evil that they shall commit, shall be against you : enquire not after what they did. Some ignorant among the people will fay, Their Prophet doth not appoint them to turn the face to that fide, to which they turned heretofore, when they made their Orifons. Say unto them, The East and West belong unto God; he directeth in the right way whom he pleafeth. As we have conducted you into the right way; we have likewife commanded you to do that which is just; that you be witneffes against the people at the day of judgment, and the Prophet witness against See Gelalyou. I have not ordained, that you turn your face as heretofore, din. when you made your Orifons, to the end, they may be known that follow the Prophet, from them that return to their impiety. It will be irkfome to the people to turn to that fide, except to fuch as God hath guided into the right way. God will not make vain your belief; he is gracious and merciful to hispeople. I fee that thou liftest up thy face to Heaven, turn which way shall please thee ; but turn thou towards Mecca, wherefoever thou They, to whom heretofore the knowledg of Scripture Thefe are art : was given, knew that the Truth proceeded from their Lord ; what the Jews they do is not concealed from God, when thou fhalt meet them; and Chri-and that they will not turn themfelves as thou in melia their flians that and that they will not turn themfelves, as thou, in making their follow the prayers ; do not thou likewife turn, as they, they turn not all the written fame way, follow not their appetites, having comprehended the Law. knowledg that hath been inspired into thee, least thou fall into the number of the unjuft. Many, to whom we have given the knowledg of the written Law, understand it perfectly, as also do their children; neverthelefs, they conceal the Truth, and are not ignorant that it proceedeth from thy Lord : Be not thou of the number of them that doubt. Turn thy felf always towards Mecca. Do good wherefoever thou art, God will be with

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

Gartha March March March Par Vision

with thee ; he is omnipotent. From what place foever thou goeft forth, turn thy face towards Mecca : This is reasonable, and or: dained by thy Lord. Whatfoever you do, is not hid from God; wherefoever you are, turn towards Mecca, that none may finde wherewith to reprove your actions, but the unjust; fear not them, but fear me. I will accomplifh my Grace upon you, and you shall be guided through the right way. We have fent unto you a Prophet of your Nation, that thall teach you my Commandments, and purifie you. He shall inftruct you in the Scripture. in knowledg, and in what you understand not. Remember me, I will remember you; praife me, and be not in the number of the wicked. Oye that are * I'me believers ! implore fuccor with Turks stile patience and prayers. Certainly, God is with such as are patient : themselves Say not, that those that are flain for the defence of their Law, are dead, contrariwife they are alive, but you know it not. I will try you, and afflict you, through the loss of your goods, and difease of your perfons : Paradife shall be for them that shall be patient, and shall fay in their affliction, V Ve are given up anto God, and fhall return before him to be judged ; his Grace shall * safa and be upon them, and they shall not erre. * Safa and Meroa are Meroa are tokens of his power : He that fhall go on Pilgrimage to Merca, mountains shall not do amis to visit those two places; he that obeyeth, shall neer Mecca. do well. God rewardeth them that do good works, and knoweth all things. I will lay my curfe upon fuch as conceal my Commandments, they thall be accurfed above whatever is in this world ; except them that shall be converted, that shall do good works, and bring to light what they concealed, I will give them my Grace; I am gracious and merciful The wicked that died in their impiety, shall be eternally accurled of God, of Angels, and of all the VVorid, they shall never be eased in their corments, and shall be, without end, deprived of protection. Your God, is one fole God ; there is none other God, but God gracious and merciful. The Creation of the Heavens, and the Earth, the difference of the day and the night, the Ship that failech on the Sea for the advantage of commerce, the Rain that falleth from Heaven, to give life to the Earth after its death, the diverfity of VVinds, and the Clouds that move between Heaven and Earth,

and the second second

* So the

14

are

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

are fignes of the unity of God, to those that can understand it. There be, that adore Idols, and love them ; the True-believers love but one fole God. VVhen thou fhalt fee the wicked, know, they shall one day fee the punishment of other crimes. All strength and vertue proceedeth from God, most severe in his chaftifements. VVhen that a part of them that had embraced the true Law, feparated themfelves from the company of True believers, and that any mifchief befel them, they could not reunite themfelves : Then they faid, in their affliction, If we another time meet our companions, we will feparate our felves from them, as they have feparated themfelves from us : Thus See Kitab shall God give them to understand their error, with exceeding el tenoir. forrow, and they shall be eternally confined in the fire of Hell. O ye people ! cat what is good and favory in the Earth, and follow not the fleps of the Divel ; he is your open enemy, he will command you that which is evil, and filthy; and to fpeak of God what you know not. VVhen it was faid to the Infidels, obey the Commandments of God, they faid, VVe will follow the fteps of our Fathers ; we will observe, what they observed : forely their Pathers were unwife, and mif-led ; they are like to him that cryeth, and understandeth nothing of what is spoken, but the voyce ; they are deaf, dumb, blinde, and without judgment. O ve, that believe in God, cat the good things that he hath given you, and give him thanks, if it be him that you worthip. He forbiddeth you to eat Carrion, Blood, Swines fleth, and whatever is not killed, in pronouncing the name of his Divine Majefty, except it be in extream neceffity ; and in this cafe, it fhall not be reputed disobedience, nor fin ; God is benigne, and merciful: what they eat, that conceal the VV ord of God, for any profit or advantage, shall be nothing but matter of fire in their bowels. God shall not speak to them at the day of judgment, but with fury; he will not purifie them, and they shall fuffer rigorous torments. They that have purchased error for the right way, and punishment for pardon, shall burn in the fire of Hell; for that God hath fent the most true Book that containeth his Commandments; they that impugne what is contained in that Book, are in an exceeding great error, far from the truth.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.2.

truth. It is not justification to turn the face, making your prayers towards the East or West ; he shall be justified, that shall believe in God, the day of judgment, the Angels, the Scriptures. and the Prophets; and that in charity shall impart fome part of his goods to his parents, to orphans, to the poor, to pilgrims and to flaves. Such as believe in God, and have his fear before their eves, perfevere in their prayers, pay Tithes; they fatisfie their promises, and are patient in their adversities. Ove that believe! the Talio is commanded you in murther, the free for the free, the flave for the flave, the woman for the woman. But if any one pardon the blood of his brother, he shall profecute the malefactor, according to what he shall see most advantagious, through damages and interefts : It is a facility which God hath given you, through his mercy. He that shall do injury to the malefactor, having received fatisfaction of him, fhall fuffer grievous torments; at the day of judgment you shall finde life in the The Talio Talio. O you that are wife ! it may be you will fear God : He commandeth you to make your Teftament, when you approach the offence unto death; give legacies of your fubstance to your Father, and Mother, your neer Kinred, and bestow Alms on the poor. If any man alter your Testament, the fin shall be upon him, and upon all them that shall alter it : God understandeth, and knoweth all things. If any one feareth that there is an error in the Testament, that opposeth Reason, he shall do well to reconcile the parties with affection, God is gracious and bountiful. Oye that believe! Fasting is commanded you, as it was them that were before you ; you shall fear God, and Fast, particularly, a certain number of days; but if any one among you is fick, or in travel, at the time of Fasting, he shall count the days that he fasted not; and shall fulfil them at another time. Such as are not * Ramazan of Arength to Faft, shall fatisfie for Fasting, through Alms; he that shall obey, shall do well : If you Fast, you shall do well. Fast the moneth of * Ramazan, in which the Alcoran descended from Heaven, to guide men into the right way; it containeth precepts of Divine Right, and diftinguisheth good from evil, all those that live to this month, ought to Fast. He that is fick, or which, they in a voyage, shall accomplish the days that he fasted not another time,

is a pain equal to

16

Far That The State State

is their Faster, which continueth 20 days: during

C+7/1-7/1-17/1-17/1-1/1

Chap.2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

time, at his conveniencie : God willeth that his Law fhould be light unto you, and not a burthen ; his will is, that you obferve the dayes of fasting, and that you return him thanks, for that he hath guided you in the right way, perhaps you will give him thanks; I will be near unto my fervants, when they Ihall enquire of thee concerning the mysteries of my Law; I will hear their Supplications when they invoke me, that they may perfevere in obedience to my Commandments; peradventure they will follow the right way. It is lawfull for you to know your wives the night of falting, they are neceffarie to you, as your cloathes, and you are to them as neceffarie as their garments: God knoweth, that otherwife you should have betrayed your foules; he is bountifull to you, and hath pardoned you, know them, and performe what God hath appointed you. Eate and drinke, untill you may diftinguish a white thread from a black by the light of the morning, then begin to fast untill night; Know not your wives when you are in the Temple: Such are the limits prescribed of God, transgreffe them not : So God manifesteth his Commandment to the people, perhaps they will have the feare of his divine Majestie before their eyes. Dispend not your goods unprofitable, and with vanitie, and corrupt not the Judges with gifts, and prefents, to eate maliciously the substance of another, they will queftion you concerning the new Moone; fay yee, That it is the figne of the time appointed for pilgrimages ; It is not reasonable that you should enter the house of another a back way, he that feares God, doth well to enter through the gate. Feare God, and you shall be happie ; Fight for his Law against them that affault you, and doe wrong to no man, he loveth not them that are unjust; flie Infidels wherefoever you finde them, and expell them out of the place, from which they shall have driven you ; Sedition is worse then murther ; fight not against them at Mecca, untill they affault you; if they there fight you, kill them, fuch is the punifhment of Infidels: if they fet a period to their infidelitie, God will be to them gracious and mercifull . Fight against them to avoid fedition : Faith proceedeth from God : If they defift from their impietie,

See Gelaldin.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

impietie, you shall exercise no hostilitie against them, but only against the wicked : If they fight you in the moneth of Mharam , you shall fight them also in that same moneth, and observe a reciprocation in honours. Offend them that shall offend you in that moneth, in the same manner that they shall have offended you. Feare God, and know that he is with them that fear him, difpend for his glorie, and throw not your felves into your owne destruction ; doe good, he loveth those that doe good, accomplish the Pilgrimage appointed, if you be not hindred by your enemies, or have not conveniencie to performe it; Shave not your heads, untill you arrive at the place appointed for Sacrifices; if any of you be difeafed, or fick in the head, he shall there give fatisfaction by fasting, almes, and facrifices, when you fhall be in a place of fafety, and fecure from your enemies. Such as shall be hindred to accomplish Pilgrimage, and fuch as have not meanes to fatisfie for the facrifices ordained, shall fast three dayes, during the time of Pilgrimage, and feven dayes at their returne, which is in all ten dayes, if they be not inhabitants at Mecca, with plication of their wives and Families. Fear God, and know, that he is fevere in his punishments; Pilgrimage ought to be performed in a certaine moneth, they that shall defire to performe it, at the time prescribed, shall not know their wives, they shall be humble, and thall have no quarrel in that yoyage; God knoweth all your good actions, he shall augment your faculties, he is a great rewarder. Oh you that are wife, feare me, you finne not in demanding good from your Lord, and making merchandize in that voyage. When you shall depart from the Mountaine of Arefat, remember God in that of Mouchar, re-Bedaci faith, member how he hath guided you, and how you were before out of the way ; paffe through the place, through which that people were wont to passe, and implore pardon of God, he is gracious and mercifull. Having finished your Orifons, remember God with affection, as your Fathers remembred you; There be among the people, that fay, Lord give us good in this world, and have no part in the other. Others there be, that fay, Lord befow on us the good of this world, Paradife 112

Chalai.

paffe where Adam and Abraham paffed.

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

in the other, and deliver us from the fire of Hell; They shall all finde the good and the evill that they have done, God is exact to keep account ; He that shall advance his voyage two daves, shall not finne, neither he that shall retard it, if he feare God ; Feare God, and know, that you shall all one day appeare before his Divine Majeftie to be judged. There be men whole speech will be pleasing to thee in this world, they will call God to witneffe what is in their hearts, nevertheleffe they are very pernicious, when removed from thee, and travelling upon the earth, they there commit filthineffe, and ruine both Village and fruits. God loveth not diforders; When it was faid to them, fear God, pride, with fin, poffeffed them, but Hell shall be their habitation. Some there be among the people, that fell their owne perfons, out of a great defire to pleafe God, furely he is gracious to them that ferve him. Oh vee that believe in God ! be obedient to his Commandments, and pursue not the steps of the Devill, he is your open enemie; if you finne against God, having once learned his Commandments, know, that he is omnipotent to chaftife you, and prudent in all his workes. Will the wicked expect that God should appeare to them in the obscuritie of a Cloud ? Or elfe the Angels with Command to extirpate them, they shall be assembled before his Divine Majestie to be judged. Demand of the Children of Ifrael, how many Miracles were made appeare to them ? He that altereth the grace he shall have received of God, shall be feverely punished. The wicked esteeme the life of the world, and scorne those that believe in God; but fuch as believe God, shall be above them at the day of Judgement; he enricheth with innumerable good things whom he pleafeth. The world was all of one Re- See Kitab el ligion, before impietie tooke place : God fent his Prophets tenoir. to instruct the people, to shew them their errour, and declare to them the joyes of Paradife ; he fent with them, the booke of truth, to judge the differences among men, no * The lews man contradicted the Contents of it, but * fuch as had know- and Ch iffiledge of the Scripture, and this caufed the envie that is rifen ans. among them; God guided them that observed his Command- See Gelaldin.

an that and the the set of t

19

C 2

ments,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

ments, and fuch, as with his permiffion, obeyed his will, he directeth in the right way whom it pleafeth him. Doe vee believe to enter Paradife, unleffe that happen to you, that befell your Predeceffors? They were touched with miferies, and difeafes, and trembled, untill that very inftant that the Prophet faid to the true believers that were with him : When shall divine fuccour come? notwithstanding Divine fuccour was not farre off; They shall question thee concerning what they ought to expend; Say unto them, you shall affift with your goods, your father and mother, your allies, Orphans, the poore, and pilgrims. God will understand all the good you shall do ; Fighting is enjoyned you, although it be against your will; it may chance that you will thunne that which is profitable to you, and likewife love what is pernicious to you, God knoweth what you know not. They shall aske of thee, if they shall fight in the moneth of Mharam; fay unto them, great battels shall happen in this moneth, that shall shut up to the people the way of the Law of God; and impieties, that shall hinder the multitude to goe to Mecca. To drive the people from Mecca is an exceeding great finne : Sedition is worfe then murther ; The wicked shall not cease to fight you, untill they have, if they can accomplish it, mislead you from your Religion. His good works among you, that thall quit his Law, and die an Infidell shall be vaine in this world, and himfelfe be confined in the fire of Hell; Such as believe in God, that separate themselves from the impious that abandon their houses for the service of his Divine Majeftie, and that fight for the Faith, hope for his mercie, he is gracious and mercifull. They will enquire of thee concerning wine, and games of hazard : fay unto them, that it is in them a very great fin, and yet of utility to men; but the evill that they caule, is much greater then the profit they reape. They will demand what they ought to expend in good works; fay, unto them, what shall remain to you, your own affairs being done. So God teacheth you his Commandments, peradventure you will call to minde the things of earth and of heaven. They will enquire concerning Orphans; fay unto them. if their fubstance

20

FRATER SPEN

Chap.2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fubstance be intermingled with your own, do them no wrong, they are your brethren in God, he knoweth them that do good, and those that do evill : if it had pleased him, he had detained much more from you, for he is Omnipotent and juft. Marry not women that believe in many gods, untill they believe in one fole God ; a Slave that is a true believer, is of more value then a free Infidel, notwithstanding she is beautifull. Infidels shall be summoned to hell fire, and God calleth men to Paradife, and to his mercy, through his meer good pleafure, and declareth to them his Commandments, perhaps they will remember them. They will enquire of thee concerning the monethly terms of women ; answer, that they are unclean ; feparate your felves from your wives when they are menstrous, and come not nigh them untill they be purified; when they shall be clean, approach them, according to what God hath commanded : he loveth them that repent of their errors, that are clean and purified ; your wives are your tillage, go to your tillage at your pleafure, and do good for your fouls; you shall one day finde it, fear God and preach his Commandments to the true believers. Your Religion doth not permit you to fweare by God in vaine, and oftentimes to justifie your felves: God understandeth and knoweth all things, he will not regard what you shall speake at randome, that shall not be hurtfull to any, but he will fee what it shall be in your heart. He will be gracious and mercifull to fuch as shall fwear, not to touch their wives the space of foure moneths, if they returne to them; he is gracious and mercifull; but if they defire to repudiate them, he understandeth, and knoweth all things. Women divorced, shall tarry untill their Termes be past foure times, before they marry againe, it is not permitted them to conceale what God hath created in their wombe, if they believe in his divine Majefty, and the Day of Judgement; if they flie from their husbands. they shall be brought againe to them, which is a thing reasonable. They ought to honour them, and their husbands likewife ought to honour them, but the husbands have a degree of advantage above them, God is Omnipotent, and most wife in what he ordaineth. Divorce the first and fecond time, ought

C 3

1

to

21

電力得力也介绍力的力量力却力的力化力但力增力的力能力也不能力的力量力能力的力能力的力量力能力的力量力能力加

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.2.

YEANTHANK A THANKANKANKANKANKANKANKANKANKANKA

to be performed with mildness, courtefie, and good deeds, it is not lawfull for you to take any thing from your wives, of what you have given them, if you both feare a difabilitie of not fatisfying the Commandments of God; but if you both feare to tranfgress the bounds prescribed by God, you shall doe well to accord together, fuch are the commandments of his divine Majefty, transgreffe them not, fuch as transgreffe them are exceedingly too blame. He that shall have repudiated his wife thrice, shall not refume her, untill she hath been marryed to another that hath divorced her : then they may returne to each other, and marry againe without Sinne, if they thinke themfelves able to continue within the limits prefcribed by God, which he manifesteth to the wife and prudent. When you shall repudiate your wives, appoint them the time they must tarry, before they againe marry, take them with civilitie and modeftie, and in the like manner difmiffe them, give them prefents according to your abilities, and take them not, to abufe nor torment them; they that doe this, offend their owne Souls. Mocke not at the Commandments of God : Remember his favours, and how he hath taught you Scripture, knowledge, and the mysteries of his law; Feare God, and know that he understandeth all your actions. When you repudiate your wives, appoint them the time they ought to tarry, before they marry againe, and hinder them not to marry according to the Commandments of God. These things are preached to them among you that believe in God, and in the Day of Judgement, it is requilite to to make use of them. God knoweth what you know not. The woman shall give fuck to their children two years entire; if they defire to accomplifh the time appointed to fuckle them, the father shal nourish and cloathe the wife; and his children, according to his faculties ; expend not, but according to the measure of your goods : the father and mother shall not necessitate themselves for their children : the heire shall perform what is above ordained, (he shall entertain his See Gelaldin, father and mother according to his abilities ;) if the parents defire to weane their children before two years be expired, they may do it without offending God, if they both agree to

22

11.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 2.

it. If you cause your children to be nursed by other women then your own wives, God will not be offended, in giving them their fallary, according to reafon and honefty : fear God. and know that he feeth what everyou do. VViddows shall tarry four moneths and ten nights after the death of their husbands, before they marry again ; this time being accomplifhed, they shall do what shall feem good to them, according to reason and honefty, God knoweth all your actions. You will not offend God in speaking a word in fecret to women that you refearch in marriage, although you conceale in your minde your defign to efpouse them, he understandeth what ever you think of them ; know them not secretly, untill you have pronounced the words appointed by the Law; and enter not the bonds of marriage, untill the time fet down in writing be accomplished, God knoweth whatever is in your hearts : take heed unto your felves, he is gentle and gracious to them that fear him. It is no fin to repudiate your wives, before you have touched them; you shall give them fome prefents, and do good unto them, according to the proportion of your wealth, or poverty ; and civilly intreat them, as is the cuftome of honeft men. If you repudiate them before you have touched them, and have beftowed on them any prefents of garments, movables, and other things, they shall have the moity, if they release it not to you, or if the husband, remitting with his own hand the tie of marriage, doth not leave to them the whole, of courtefie : it is requifite to gratifie them, and to forget nothing of the benefits between you, God beholdeth all your actions : ftand upon your gaurd, when you make your prayers, especially, that at noone, and be obedient unto God. If you fear your enemies, and cannot place your felves on your knees, neither perform the Ceremonies that are appointed you ; omit not to fay your prayers on foot, or on horieback, and being freed from fear, remember God, and how he hath taught you, what you know not. Such as die, shall be good to their wives by their Testament; they thall beftow on them wherewith to live during the time they must tarry before they marry again; drive them not from your houses : If they willingly depart, the fin of what they 22

C A

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

STEAN WALL STAN TO ANY

24

they shall do in their own persons, shall not be upon you. God is omnipotent, and just ; you thall likewife do good to your wives that you have divorced, according to your power, it is a thing reasonable among such as fear God : Thus God teacheth vou his Commandments, perhaps you will learn them. See you not them that departed their houses for the fear they had of death ? they are thousands in number ; God hath faid to them, die : after this, he raifed them again : God is the Benefactor of the people, but the greatest part return him no thanks for his favours. Fight for his Law, and know, that he understandeth and knoweth all things. Who is he that will afford him a good turn? He will augment him with multiplicity of increase ; he giveth good, and taketh it away from whom it pleafeth him; you shall all return before him to be judged. Knowest thou not, that a company of the children of Ifrael, after the death of Moles, faid to their Prophet, lend us a King, we with him will fight for the Law of God ? He answereth them, have you difobeyed the Commandments of God ? If they enjoyn you to fight, you will not do it : They faid, we have no greater defire, then to fight for the glory of his divine Majestie ; we for this Caufe have abandoned our houses, and those of our parents : neverthelefs, when they were commanded to fight, they all, except fome few of them, retired; but God knoweth them that fin against him. Their Prophet said to them, God hath sent Saul to be your King ; they answered, why shall he be our King? we rather deserve the royalty then he, he is not rich enough; he replied, God hath chosen him to command you; he hath encrealed his knowledg, and stature, he giveth royalty to whom he lifteth, he is liberall and prudent in all his actions. Their Prophet faid to them, the fign of his reign shall be, that the Ark (hall appear to you from God, to confirm your hearts; wherein shall be contained the remainder of what the people of Moses and Aaron left, and it shall be borne by Angels ; this shall be to you the fign of his reign, if you believe in God. When Saul went forth with his troops to fight his enemies, he faid, God shall trie you by a river ; he that shall drink of that river, thall not be mine, unlefs he drink with his hand; they

all

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

all, except fome few of them drank at their pleafure ; and having pift that river with the true believers, they faid, we have not this day ftrength sufficient to refift Goliah and his troops ; but fuch as believed in God, and feared his divine Majefty, faid, how often, through the permission of God, hath a small troop defeated a great armie? He is with them that are patient : when they faw Goliab with his troops appear ; they faid, Lord, give us patience, confirm our fleps, and give us victory over the Infidels. They, through the permiffion of God, vanquished their enemies ; David flew Goliab, and God gave him the Roy- See Gelaldia. alty, and knowledge of future things. Had not God raifed the people one against the other, the whole earth had been full of diforders; fuch are the miracles of God as I declare to thee with truth; thou art indeed one of the Prophets of his divine Majefty. We have conferredour graces on the Prophets, on fome more then on others; many have spoken to their Lord, and fome have been more elevated then others. We gave knowledge to Jefus the Son of Mary, and fortified him through the holy Spirit. Had it pleafed God, the Prophets that came heretofore, had not been flain, after they had taught his Commandments. Men were of different opinions ; fome believed in God, others were impious; had it pleafed God, they had not been flain, but he doth what pleaseth him. O ye that are true believers! dispense in alms some part of your wealth that we have given you, before the day arrive, wherein you shall finde no ranfom, alms. protection, nor prayers that can fuccour you. Certainly Infidels are greatly tooblame.God! There is but one only God, living, and eternall; think not that he flumbreth or fleepeth ; what ever is in heaven or in earth is his; who shall intercede for thee with his divine Majeftie, unless by his permission ? He knoweth all the actions of men, and whatever they have done; they know nothing, but what it hath pleafed him to teach them. The largeness of his Throne containeth heaven and earth, and the confervation of both is not troublefome to him, he is Omnipotent & glorious. The Law ought not to be abjured, it manifesteth the difference of faith and impiety : He that believeth not in Tagot, or the devill, and hath faith in God, layeth

25

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

That is Nebrot.

eth hold on the ftrongest knot, that cannot be diffolved broken. or cut afunder. God understandeth and knoweth all things : he aideth and affisteth them that believe in his unitie; he will caufe them to come out of darknefs, and will guide them into light : the wicked shall have Tagot, and the devill for their protector ; he shall cause them to forfake the light, and shall lead them into darkness : fuch men shall remain eternally in the fire of hell. Confider you not his action, to whom God had given the royalty ? When he disputed concerning God with Abraham ; Abraham faid to him ; My Lord is he that giveth See Gelaldin. life, and death : He faid, I, even I, give life and death to my fubject, when I fee good : Abraham anfwered, God caufeth the Sun to rife in the East, make thou it to arife in the VVest; then the Infidell was confuted, God is not a guide to unjust persons. Halt thou confidered the action of him that came into a Village defolate and ruined, and faid, How is it that God can be able to give life unto this Village after its death, and re-establish it after fo great a ruine? Then God caused him to die, after the space of an hundred years raised him again, and faid to him. How long halt thou continued here? he anfwered ; I have fojourned here a day and a halfe ; On the contrary, thou haft been here an hundred years; confider thy meat and drinke, that they are not altered through length of time : and behold, thine Affe is death, fee his bones, that are white ; thou shalt become an example to all the world, and to posteritie; fee the bones of thine Affe; I will recollect and reveft them with flefh : Seeing this miracle, he faid, I affirme that God is omnipotent ; Remember thou, that Abraham faid, Lord shew me how thou revivest the dead; God faid, Doeft thou not believe my omnipotencie? He answered, yea Lord, but heare my prayer for the repose of my heart : God faid : Take foure birds, cut them altogether in pieces, and carry the pieces upon those mountains; this done, call them, they shall fpeedily return to thee; God knoweth all things, & is most prudentin all his works. Theaction of them that diffend their goods for his glory, is like unto a grain of Corne that produceth leven eares, and every eare an hundred graines : God multiplieth the

Chap.2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the wealth of whom it pleafeth him, he is liberall and omnifcient : Such as difpend their fubstance for his glory, without repining, and reproach, shall be recompensed by his Divine Majeftie, and be delivered from feare and affliction at the day of Judgement. Good words and pardon are preferred to almes, followed with repentance: God is most rich and mercifull. Oh ye that believe in God ! render not your almes unprofitable through repining and reproach, as doe those, that give almes with oftentation and hypocrifie ; they believe, neither in God, nor the day of Judgement, their good works are like to a Rocke, whereon was little earth, there fell great raine that carried it away, and left nothing thereon : their labour shall be in vaine, and they reap no merit, for God loveth neither the hypocrites nor the impious. The action of fuch as do good, to please God, or to fave their soules, is like to a grain fown upon an high place, whereon fell great and imall raine, that caused its fruit to multiplie : God beholdeth all your actions. Is there any one among you that defireth to have a garden enriched with palmes, and grapes, wherein flow many fountains, and rivolets, and that is filled with all manner of fruits. that old age should overtake him with young and infirme children, and that an hot winde come, and burne up his garden? God fo teacheth you his mysteries; peradventure you will beare them in minde. Oh yee that believe ! dispend in pious works, and give almes of the wealth you have acquired, and of the fruits of the earth that God hath given you ; defire not wealth ill gotten, or wherewith to give almes ; fuch are not received but to your shame ; And know, that God is most rich, and worthie of praise. The Devill will caufe you to feare povertie, and will command you filthinefs, and God promiseth to you his grace and mercie ; he is munificent, and omniscient, he giveth knowledge to whom it pleaseth him, and to whom knowledge is given, on him is bestowed an exceeding great Treasure, which none but the wife do value; God beholdeth your almes, and vows, and the wicked shall be deprived of protection at the day of Judgement. If you fuffer your almes to appeare, it shall not be amisse ; if you conceale 27

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.2.

NYEAN YEAN THAT THAN TO BE VER VER VER VER VER VER

ceale them, you shall do well, that will cover many of your fins : God knoweth all your actions. You re not obliged to lead men into the right way, God guideth whom he lifterh. the good and the almes that you performe, hall be for your foules; give not almes but for the love of God, you shall be rewarded for the good works that you thall do, and no injuflice shall be done against you; Be benefactors to the poore, that are not accommodated for the fervice of God, and that cannot labour. The ignorant believe them to be rich, by reafon of their probitie and goodness, you shall know them by their Phyliognomie, and in that they demaid nothing with importunitic; God will know the good you hall do towards them; They that give almes, by day or by night, fecretly or publiquely, shall be rewarded of God ; there needeth be no feare for them, they shall be exempt from affiction at the day of Judgment ; Usurers shall rife again, like to men posseffed with Devils, because they have faid, that traffique is like unto usurie : God permitteth traffique, and prohibiteth usurie : he to whom the word of God commeth, and wto hat h abandoned usurie, what is past, is to himselfe, God will pardon his fault : but he that shall return to exercise usure , having once abandoned it, shall be punished in the fire of Hell; God abhorreth usurie, he loveth them that are almes-givers, and hateth Infidels: Such as believe in God, that do good works, and that make their prayers at the time appointed, and pay their tithes, thall be rewarded by his Divine Majety, they thall be delivered from feare and affliction at the day of Judgment. O ye that believe in God ! have the feare of him before your eyes, and forfake Usurie, if you will obey his Commandments; if you do not this, God and his Prophet will make warre upon you ; if you be converted, your principal remaines unto you; Do injustice to no man, it shall not be done unto you. If your debtors be unable to pay you, and are in want, you shall do well to flay their conveniency; if you give them almes, you shall do well ; feare the day when you shall returne before God, and that every one shall be payed, without injustice, of what he shall have gained. Oye that believe in God!

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

God, when you stall charge your felves with any debt, caufe an act to be drawie : the Notarie shall write the Contract between you, conformable to Juffice, and thall not refuse to write it, as God hath intructed him, but the debtor shall entirely fatisfie what he shall owe, and shall have the feare of his Lord before his eyes; I'he that is a debtor is a foole, or ficke, and is unable of himfefe to discharge it, his guardian, or he that shall oversee his afaires, shall give satisfaction for him. Call with you two wineffes, if you cannot finde two men, one, with two women hall fuffice, whole testimonie you shall accept; if the one be vanting to her duty, the other shall cause her to remember : thet witneffes shall not refuse their testimony. notwithstanding they be called in a greater number. Make no difficultie to writeyour testimonie, whether it concerne little or much, and limit the time wherein payment ought to be made ; fuch writings are just before God, give more efficacie to testimonic, and an requisite to avoide your complaints one of another; If your merchandize be prefent, you shall rake it between you at thefame time, then shall you not sinne in not drawing a writing, or contract. Call witheffes when you fell or buy; neither the witneffes, nor the Notary shall receive any dammage ; If you shall do that which is forbidden, you shall do very ill : Fear God, he will teach you his Commandments, he knoweth all things. If you are in a journey, and cannot fin de a Notarie, you shal give earnest; If one trusteth in the other, he that shall be truted in, shall satisfie his promise, and fear God his Lord; noman shall conceale his testimonie, he that shall conceale, shal sinne in his heart; God knoweth all your actions. Whatfoerer is in Heaven, or in Earth, belonging unto God, whether you conceale, or reveale what is in your mindes, he shall require an account of you, he pardoneth, and chastifeth whom it sleafeth him , he is omnipotent. The Prophet believed in all that God fent to him, as likewife all the true believers : Such as believe in God, the Angels, and Scriptures, and generaly all the Prophers, without exception, fay, We have heard and obeyed; Pardon us oh Lord ! Thou art our refuge ; God require th of no man more then he is able to performe;

29

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 3.

Farthan Stranger That That That Stranger and the

30

See Kitab cl

tenoir.

performe; the good that a man shall do, shall be for himself, and the evill that he doth shall be likewise against him. Lord excuse us, if we have forgotten thee, or finned; Lord charge us not with any heavie burthen, as thou didft charge them that were before us; charge us not with that which we are not able to support, blot out our sinnes, and give us thy mercie; Thou art our Lord, give us victorie against the Insidels.

CHAP. III.

The Chapter of the Lineage of Joachim, containing two hundred verses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull; I am the most wife God. God! There is but one only God, living, and oternall : He hath fent to thee the Book that containeth truth. and confirmeth the Scriptures, that were fent before it. He fent the Old Testament, and the Gospel, that were heretofore guides to the people; He hath fent the Alcoran, that diftinguifheth good from evill; they that believe not in the Law of God, shall be severely chastised. He is omnipotent and revengefull: Nothing is hid from him in Heaven, or in Earth: It is he that formed you in the wombes of your mothers, as it pleased him, there is no God, but the omnipotent, and wife God. He it is that fent to thee the Booke, whole precepts are neceffary, they are the originall, and foundation of the Law, like in puritie one to the other, and without contradiction. Such as in their heart incline to depart from the truth, do often follow their inclination, defirous of fedition, and to understand the explication of the Alcoran; but none understand its explication, but God, and fuch as are profound in learning; they fay, we believe in God, all things proceed from his divine wildome, nevertheleffe none remember, but the wife. Lord caule not our hearts to erre, after thou haft guided us into the right way, give us thy mercy, thou art most bountifull towards thy creatures. Lord thou art he that shalt affemble the world at the

Chap. 3. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the day of Judgement, at which day nothing shall be found doubtfull, when thou wilt not goe against thy promises, and when wealth and children shall not ferve to the wicked, but to kindle the fire of Hell. The Infidell lineage of Pharoah, and those that preceded him, blasphemed and abjured the Law of God, but he furprized them in their finne ; he is grievous in his chastifements. Say to the Infidels, they shall be vanquished, and shall be gathered together into the fire of Hell, that is prepared for them. You have an example in the two Troops that fought for the glorie of God, they beheld with their eyes, Infidels become true believers, like unto themfelves ; God. ftrengthneth with his aide, whom it pleafeth him; this shall be for example to fuch as shall cleerly fee. The love and defire of women, of children, of riches, abundance of gold, and of filver, of horfes, cattell, and of tillage, are pleafing to men; fuch are the riches of the life of this world, but the most affured refuge is in God. Say unto them; I will declare unto you things much better for them, that thal have the fear of God before their eyes: they that dwel eternally in Paradife, where flow many rivers, with women beautifull, and leane, and all manner of content. God beholdeth them that adore him, and that fay, Lord we believe in thy Law, pardon our finnes, and deliver us from the torments of fire. The patient, the perfevering, true believers, the obedient, the good men, fuch as beg pardon of God in the morning; the Angels, the Learned, that love Juflice, tellifie that there is but one only God. The Law of falvation, is a Law pleafing to his divine Majeftie; no man contra- * The Jews dicteth this truth, among * fuch as know the written Law, but and Chrithrough envie. He that shall not obey the Commandments of Rians. God, shall finde his divine Majestie very exact to call him to See Gelaldia. an accompt. If the impious diffute with thee; fay to them, The Jews I am wholy refigned to the will of God, with all fuch as have and Chriftifollowed me. Aske of fuch as know the written Law, and them ans. that know it not, if they refigne themfelves to God ; if they The Arabido, they will follow the right way; if they goe altray, thou ans. haft none other obligation, but to preach to them; God behold- See Kitab et eth them that adore him. Declare grievous torments to those tenior. that

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 2.

Strange The The The Strange Strange

that conceale his Commandments, that kill the Prophets, and injure them that inftruct the people in Juffice ; the good works that they do, shall be unprofitable to them on earth, and they shall be in the other world deprived of protection. Seeft thou not a partie of them that know the written Law, how they were called to a Lecture of the Book of God, to the end they might judge with equitie the differences that are among them ? but many are returned to their finne : they contemned the Scripture, in that they faid, the fire shall not touch us, but for a certaine number of dayes; They are deceived in their blasphemies, what will become of them, when we shall affemble them at the day of Judgement, when nothing shall be doubtfull, and every one shall be recompensed, as he shall have merited ? No injustice shall be done unto them. Say, Lord thou possessent the Kingdoms of the world, thou givest Royaltie to whom thou feelt good ; from thy hand, oh Lord , proceedeth all good, thou art Omnipotent, thou caufest day to enter the night, and night the day; thou caufeft life to come out of death, and death out of life; thou enricheft without measure whom thou feeft good. The believers shal not obey the unbelievers to the exclusion of true believers ; he that doth this thing, observeth not the Law of God ; but if you feare your enemies, God willeth that you feare him also, he is the affured refuge of the righteous; fay to them whether you conceale what is in your heart, or whether you manifest it. God knoweth all things; he knoweth all that is either in Heaven or Earth, he is Omnipotent ; Think on the day wherein every one shall finde the good and the evill that he hath done, then shall you defire to be cleanfed from your finnes, and that the See Gelaldin. number of your good works exceed that of your evill. God willeth that you feare him, he is gracious to them, that worthip him. Say to them, If you love God, follow me, God shall give you life, and pardon your finnes, he is gracious and mercifull. Say to them, obey God and his Prophet; If they returne in their finne, God will very feverely punish them, he loveth not Infidels. God elected Adam, and Noah , the lineage of Abraham, and the lineage of Joachim, the one proceedeth

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

eth from the other, God knoweth and understandeth all things. Remember thou, how the wife of Joachim faid, Lord I vow unto thee the fruit that is in my wombe, free, See Kitab el and exempt from all affaires, to ferve thee in thy Temple : Ac- tenior. cept him from me, who offer him to thee with affection : thou understandest and knowest all things : When she was delivered, the faid, Lord I am delivered of a Daughter, thou knoweft thou haft given her to me; I have named her Mary, I will preferve through thine affiftance, her and her posterity from the malice of the Devill; accept her Lord, with a pleafing acceptation, and cause her to produce good fruits. Zachary had the care of the education of this daughter, and whenfoever he went into his Oratorie, he there found a thousand forts of different fruits of divers seafons. He faid one day, oh Mary ! whence do these good things proceed? The answered, they proceed from God, who enricheth without measure whom he pleaseth. Then Zachary prayed to the Lord, and said, Lord give me a progenie that may be pleafing to thee, and that may observe thy Commandments; Lord hear my prayers. The Angels called him, and faid to him; I declare to thee from God, that thou shalt have a sonne, called John , he shall affirme See Gelaldin. the Meffias to be the word of God, that he shall be a great person, chaste, a Prophet, and one of the just : Lord, answered Zachary, how shall I have a sonne, I am old, and my wife is barren? The Angel faid to him, fo God doth as pleafeth him : Lord, faid Zachary, give me fome figne of the conception of my wife: The figne that I will give thee, anfwered the Angel, shall be, that thou shalt not speak in three dayes, but by fignes ; Remember thou thy Lord often, prayle him evening and morning. Remember thou, how the Angels faid, Oh Mary, God hath chofen and purified thee above all women of the world; oh Mary, obey thy Lord, prayle him, and Oh Maho. worthip him with them that worthip him. I relate to thee how met. the matter paft : thou wert not with the Ministers of the Temple, when they cast in their pens to draw lots, and to fee which of them should have the care of the education of Mary, neither when they entred upon this difficulty. Remember thou

33

NBARAA DAARAA MAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA WAARAA

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 3.

thou how the Angels faid, oh Mary, God declareth unto thee a word, from which shall proceed the Meffias, named Jefus, the fonne of Mary, full of honour in this world, and that shall be in the other, of the number of Interceffors with his divine Majeftie : he hall speak in the cradle, as a man betwix thirty and fifty years, and shall be in the number of the just : She faid Lord, how thall I have a childe, without the touch of a man? he answered, to God doth as pleaseth him; when he createth any thing , he faith, be thou, and it is. I will teach him the Scriptures, the Myfteries of the Law, the Old Teftamentiand the Gospel, and he shall be a Prophet sent to the children of bira. el. Jesus faid to the children of brael, I come to you with evident figns of my miffion from your Lord, I will make unto you of the flime of the earth, the figure of a Bird, I wil blow upon it, incontinently it shal be a Bird, and by the permission of God. Ibalflie; I wil heal them that are borne blinde, and the leprous, I wil raife again the dead, I wil teach you what you fhal eat, and what you ought not to cate; this shall ferve you for instruction, if you believe in God; I am come to confirm the old Teftament, and what hath been taught you heretofore. Certainly it is lawfull for you to eat things that have been heretofore forbidden. I am come to you with figns of my miffion, that teltifie that I am truly feat from your Lord ; fear God, and obey me, God is my Lord, and your Lord, worship him, this is the right way. VVhen Jefus knew their impiety, he faid, who Chall fultaine the Law of God in my absence? The Apostles answered him, we will suftain the Law of God, we believ in his unity ; be thou a witness before God, that we refign our felves wholly to the pleasure of his divine Majestie. Lord we believe in what thou haft commanded, and we have followed the Prophet, thy Apofile, write us in the number of them that profes thy Law. The Jews confpired against Jefus, and God cauled their conspiracie to turn against them, he knoweth the designs of Conspirators. Remember thou, how the Lord faid, O Jesus, I will caufe thee to die, I will elevate thee to my felf, and remove thee farre from Infidels, and preferre those that have obeyed thee, to Infidels, at the day of Judgement. That day

Chap. 2. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

day shall assemble you all before me ; I will judge the differences between you, and will punish the impious, in this world, and in the other; none among them shall be of power to protect them, I will reward them that fhall have believed in my Law, and have done good works; God loveth not the unjust. I relate to thee these mysteries, and teach thee the Alcoran ; Jefus is with God, as is Adam, God created him of the Earth : he faid, be thou, and he was : this truth proceederh from thy Lord, be not thou of the number of them that doubt: If any one difpute with thee concerning thy Doctrine, fay to them, Come, call together your children and ours, your wives and ours, let us allemble and addresse our prayers to God : I will lay the curfe of his divine Majeftie upon lyars. This discourse is most true, there is no God, but God alone, the omnipotent, and wife. If they depart from his Commandments, he shall well observe the unbelievers; fay to them, * Oh ye that know Scripture 1 come with words alike true be- * The Jews tween you and us : Doe I worthip other then God? I do not and Chriftiaffociate him with any one, and acknowledge none other ans. Lord but him ; but if they turn afide from the way of faith ; God knoweth them that shall pollute the Earth; Say to them, be ve witnesses that we believe in God. Oh ye that understand Scripture, dispute not the Law of Abraham, to wit, if he observed the Old Testament, or the Gospel, they were taught after him, perhaps you will acknowledge your errour. Oh yee that have disputed what you knew not ! Abraham was no Jew, nor Chriftian, he professed the unity of God, he was a true believer, and not of the number of Infidels. The people, and particularly those that followed him, of his time, as alfo the Prophet Mahomet, and all true believers have known the truth of his Law. Part of them, to whom heretofore was given the knowledge of Scripture defired, feduced you from the right way, but they themfelves erred, and they knew it not. Oh ye that know the Scripture ! do not malicioufly conceale the Commandments of God, cover not the Truth with a lye, neither willingly hide it. Many of them that know the written Law, faid, from the break of day, believe in what hath

35

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 3.

STERNER TERM TEANTERNE TERM

hath been taught them, that believe in the Law of God : Nevertheless, at evening, they were themselves of the number of Infidels, peradventure they will be converted. Believe not, but fuch as follow your own Law : Say to them. The true guide, is the guide of God. The knowledg that was given to you, was not given to any other, but to you : If the Infidels shall dispute against you, before your Lord, at the day of judgment ; fay to them, Grace proceedeth from the hand of God : He is bountiful, and omniscient ; he pardoneth whom he pleafeth, and is altogether merciful. If thou intrufteft thy wealth to the hands of many of them that know the written Law, they will faithfully reftore it to thee : There be also many of them that will not reftore it, if thou take not heed ; because they have faid. They have no belief in the Arabians, they blaspheme against God, and know their blasphemies. He that shall fatisfie what he hath promised, and Thall fear God, Thall be beloved of God; he loveth fuch as have fear of him before their eyes; fuch as pervert his Commandments for any profit, shall have no part in Paradife; he will not protect them, neither regard, or pardon them at the day of judgment; and they shall be rigoroufly punished. There be of them, that alter the Scripture in reading it, and will make believe that what they read, is in the Scripture, although it be not ; they blafpheme, and know it well. God gave not to man the Scripture, knowledg, and prophecies, to Tay to the people, Worship me insteed of God; but indeed, to fay, Obferve exactly what you have learned in Scripture, and what you reade. God doth not command you to adore Angels, nor Prophets : Will he command you impiety, having instructed you in his Law? Remember that he received the promise of the Prophets, to preach his Commandments without fear, and that he hath taught you Scripture, and knowledg; and that after this, came a Prophet, that confirmed the Doctrine that was taught you, that you might believe his words. Have you not approved it ? Have you not received what was promised unto you? We have received it; be therefore witneffes against your felves, and against them that have followed

See Kitab el tenoir.

Chap.3. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

followed you, and I will be a witness against you, and against them. Such as go aftray from the right way, shall be wicked ; Defire they to observe any other Law, then that of God? Whatever is in Heaven, or Earth, obeyeth him; either willingly, or by force : And you shall all one day appear before him, to be judged : Say to them, We beleeve in God, in what he hath infpired into us, in what he infpired into Abraham, Ismael, Isaac, Jacob, and the Tribes, in what was ordained by Moles, by Jelus, and generally all the Prophets from God ; and we are wholly religned to his pleafure. The Sacrifices of them that defire to follow other Law, then the Law of Salvation, shall not be accepted; they shall be in the other world, in the number of the damned. God guided not those that followed impiety, after they had profeffed his Law; and having feen, and teftified that the Prophet is true, by fignes, clear and evident, that appeared to them. God guideth not the unjust, they shall be for ever curfed of his Divine Majesty, of Angels, and of all the world ; they shall finde no relaxation of their torments, and at the day of judgment be deprived of protection ; except fuch as shall be converted, and do good works, God fhall be to them gracious and merciful. Such as shall be see Kitch el impious towards Jelus, having believed the Books of Mofes, tenoir. and shall augment their impiety against Mahomet, shall never be converted, they shall erre eternally. All the treasures of the Earth shall not be able to fave the wicked that die in their impiety, great punishments are prepared for them, and none of them shall be able to protect them. You shall not be justified, until you have dispensed in pious works, part of the goods you posses. God will take notice of the alms you beflow. All meats were permitted the children of Ifrael, except what Israel forbad to himfelf, before the old Testament ; Say to them. Come, and bring the old Testament, and confider it, it will appear if you speak the Truth. These that shall afterwards blaspheme against God, shall be exceedingly too blame. Say, God hath spoken Truth, follow ye the Law of Abraham, that is pleafing to him : He profefied the unity of his Divine Majefty; he was not of them that believed in many

D 3

Gods.

.37

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.2.

See Kitab el tenour. * Abrahams place (fay the Turks) is a of Mecca, upon which, Abraham ascended. fed the foundations of the Temple his feet are upon the Stone to this day.

28

STEAN THIN THAT I ANT

Gods. The Temple of Mecca is the first that God established on Farth, to be therein adored ; he bleffed it, and men shall there finde the inftructions of the right way, with clear and evident fignes of his omnipotency : to wit.* Abrahams place : He that shall enter into this Temple, shall be in a place of fafety and priviledg God hath commanded that Pilgrimages Stone kepr in be made thither, by fuch as shall be able. He that is impious, the Oratory must know that God hath not to do with him. Oye that have knowledg of the written Law, do not willingly conceal the Commandments of God, he knoweth all your actions ; Say to them, O ye that have the knowledg of Scriptures, divert when he rai- not from the way of Salvation them that believe in the Law of God ; you desire to alter, and pervert it, but God is not ignorant of what you do. O ye that believe, if you obey of that City: many of them that have the knowledg of the written Law, the marks of they will mil-lead you into the number of the wicked. How can you be of the impious, fince you are taught the Commandments of God, and that his Prophet, and his Apostle is among you? He that refigneth himfelf to God, is in the right way. Oye that fear God, die in the profession of his Unity, imbrace his Law, and remember the favor he hath shewed you: you were all enemies of each other ; he hath united your hearts, and through his special Grace you continued united to each other as good brethren : you were upon the brink of a pit of fire, from which he withdrew you. Thus God manifesteth to you his mercies, perhaps you will follow the right way. Some there be among you, that exhort the people to do good ; they command to do that which is honeft, and abftain from what is unreasonable ; these men shall be happy : Be not like them that have abandoned the Truth, and followed lies : notwitstanding the Truth was known to them, they shall suffer great torment in the day wherein the visage of the good shall be white, and that of the wicked shall be black. It shall be faid to them that have black visages ; Have you followed impiety, after you made profession of the Faith? Tafte this day the torment due to your fin. Such as shall have white vifages, shall be in the favor of God ; in which they Chall

Chap.z. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Ihall eternally continue. See there the Mysteries of the Law of God, which instructeth thee with Truth. God willeth that no injustice be done to his people : whatever is in Heaven, or in Earth, appertaineth to him, he disposeth all things. There hath appeared no Nation on the Earth that hath followed a better way then you; forbid ye to do that which is not reasonable, and believe in one onely God ; If those that here- The Jews. tofore had knowledg of the written Law, had believed in God, they had done very well; there be among them that believe what is veritable, but the greatest part are impious. They shall not hurt you, but with their tongue, and shall finde no protection against you; if they fight you, they shall turn their backs; they were beaten with fhame and ignominy, where they made a ftand, except, when they embraced the Law of God, and observed the precepts that were taught the faithful: When they returned in the wrath of God, they were beaten with poverty; because they believed not the word of his Divine Majefty, but flew his Prophets without reason, and difobeyed his Commandments. They that heretofore had knowledg of the written Law, are not all alike: there be among them that perfevered in obedience, and in the night meditate on the miracles of God, worthip him, and believe in his Divine Majefty, and the day of judgment; preach honefty, prohibite to do things difhoneft, and apply themfelves to good works; certainly, they are good men. Hide not the good works which you perform, God knoweth fuch as have his fear before their eves. Riches and children shall be unprofitable to Infidels with God, they shall eternally dwell in the fire of Hell: The Alms that they give in this world, are like to a wind exceedingly hot, or extreamly cold, that fell upon the tillage of them that did injury to their own fouls, and wholly deftroyed it. God did no injustice to them, they were mischievous to themselves through their fins. Oye that believe in God, efteem no man to be elected of God, that is not of your Religion : The wicked endevored to bring you into their diforders, malice appeared in their mouth, and that which their heart cherisheth, is yet greater : We have taught D 4

39

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 3.

FANTANY AND THE THAT FANTANY

Benou Selimeth. Benou Artteth.

40

Beder is a place beand Medina. where Mahu_ battle.

taught you the Commandments of God ; if you obferve them, you shall protect your felves from the malice of Infidels. O ye I you love them, and they love not you ; you believe generally in the Scriptures, and they believe not what voubelieve: When they met you, they faid, We believe in God: and when they were gone from you, they bit for anger their fingers ends : Say to them, Die with your choller, God knoweth what is in your hearts. If good happen to you, they are difpleafed; and when evil befalleth you, they rejoyce : If you have patience, and fear God, their malice shall not hure you; God knoweth all their actions. Remember the morning, when fome of thy people deferted the True-believers in the field of battle; and when two of thy Companions forfooke the fight, God was their protector : All True-believers ought to truft in him. He protected you at Beder, where you were a few men ill armed, perhaps you will fear him, and give tween Mecca him thanks for that favor. Say to the True-believers, Sufficieth it not, that God fuccoreth you with three thouland of his Anmet gained a gels: Iruly, if you have patience, and fear God, he will come to fuccor you at need, and your Lord will affift you with five thousand of his Angels sent from Heaven; he will not send you this affiftance. but to declare to you his protection, and to confirm your hearts. Victory proceedeth from his Divine Majefty : He is omnipotent, and prudent in all his works ; he will extirpate in this world one part of the wicked, or will fo tharply reprehend them, that they thall become desperate. Thou hast nothing to do, whether he shall pardon, or chastife them, because they are wicked : Whatever is in the Earth, and in Heaven, is his, he pardoneth as he feeth good; he is gracious and merciful to the righteous. Oye that believe I be not usurers, and fear God; peradventure you will obey his Commandments; Fear the fire of Hell prepared for Infidels. Obey God, and the Prophets, his Apoltles, your fins shall be forgiven you; beg pardon speedily of your Lord. The extent of Paradife containeth Heaven and Earth ; it is prepared for the good. God loveth them that give Alms in joy, and in affliction ; that fubdue their passion, and forgive fuch as offend. them :

Chap. 3. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

them : he loveth them that do good, and that after the commiffion of any fin, remember his divine Majesty, and implore Who but God forgiveth fins? Such as perfift not his pardon. in their errors, and acknowledg their fins, fhall be recompenfed with the mercy of God, and enjoy his favor in Paradife. There were heretofore Laws and Means to conduct men into the right way; but confider what hath been the end of Infidels. The Alcoran was fent to inftruct the world, to guide men in the right way, and to preach to the good. Difhearten not, neither afflict your felves in fighting ; you shall be victorious, if you believe in God ; if you have been wounded, the like hurts have befaln the impious. God fo diverlifieth days among men, to the end he may know them that are truly zealous in his Law ; and that among you, witneffes be taken against the malice of Infidels. God loveth not the unjuft, he forgiveth fins to those that believe, and extirpate Infidels. Do you believe to enter Paradife, and that God knoweth not them that fought gallantly ? He knoweth them that were patient in adverfity, and perfevered in obedience to his Commandments. You expected death before you met it ; you faw it with your At the barrle eyes, and were victorious. Certainly Mahomet is the Prophet, of Beder. and Apoftle of God ; there were many Prophets before him ; when they died, or were flain, you returned upon your steps to impiety : They that return upon their fteps, do no harm to God; he will reward onely fuch as acknowledg his favors; and men cannot die without his permission, and that in a time prefcribed and predeftinate. I will give the good things of this world to whom it pleafeth me, and will abundantly recompence them that praife me. How many Prophets, and men with them, that were not dejected through their afflictions that befel them, in fighting for the Law of God? They were not weakned, neither humbled to the Infidels. God affecteth them that are patient in their adversities, and such as perfevere in his Law. They faid in their afflictions, Lord pardon our fins, confirm our steps, and protectus against the Infidels. God giveth them the Riches of the Earth, and the Treasures of Heaven; he loveth them that do good. O ye that believe in God,

41

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 2.

God, if you obey the wicked, they will cause you to returne up. on your fteps, you shall returne to the number of the damned: truly God is your Lord, he is the best protector; I will put fear into the hearts of Infidels, because they have withour reason adored many Gods, and the fire of Hell shall be their habitation. God hath made the truth of his promifes to appear to you, when by his permiffion you flew the Infidels, untill you were weary of fighting; neverthelefs you contradicted what the Prophet ordained, you difobeyed him, after he had caufed you to fee what you defired with affection. There be among you that covet the goods of this world, and others that love the good things of heaven; God hath withdrawne you from the Infidels, to trie you, he hath pardoned your finnes, he is bountifull to them that observe his Commandments. When you retreated from the Combat, and yeilded without reafon. the Prophet recalled you, and gave you to know your errour. with a thousand paines; afflict not your felves with the loffe of the spoyle that escaped you at the day of victory, neither with the mifchief that befell you when you were vanquilhed, God knoweth all your actions. After your labour, he fent you great repose, part of you slept in all fafety, and the relidue fuffered themselves to be carried away at their pleasures, they had thoughts of God contrary to the truth. Think on the ignorant, that fay, Have we feen any of the fuccour that God hath promifed? Say to them, all things proceed from God. They conceale in their fouls what they publish not, and fay, had we been free of our own wills, we had not been flain; fay to them, although you had flayed in your houses, and in vour beds, death would have taken away them that were arrived at the houre of their destinie ; God approveth what is in your hearts, and knoweth what you have in your foules : Certainly the Devill feduced them that fled, when the two Armies were in battell, and that, because of some sinne they had committed ; nevertheleffe God pardoned them, he is gracious and mercifull to his people. Oh yee that believe ! be not like the Infidels, that faid, speaking of their brethren that were flain in the Armie; that had they continued in their houles,

42

STANG STAR THAN FANT AND

houses, they had not dyed; God putteth this forrow in their heart, because of their impietie; he giveth life and death, and beholdeth all your actions ; if you be flain for his Law, or die in his favour, it shall be more advantagious to you then all the treasures of the world; and if you dye, or be flain, fighting for the Faith, you shall appeare before his divine Majestie to be rewarded : Through the grace of God thou haft rendred them docile; although thou be fevere to them, they will not depart from thee, pardon them, pray for them. Take See Gelaldin. their advise in occasions offered, and being resolved to do any ... thing, truft thou in God; he loveth them that truft in him, he protecterh you; none shall obtaine victory over you; if he abandon you, who shall protect you? All the faithfull ought to refign themselves to the will of his divine Majestie. It is not lawful for the Prophet to deceive ; he that shall be a deceiver. shall appeare at the day of Judgement with his deceipt, to be judged ; then shall men be payed with what they have gained, no injustice shall be done to them that shall have loved God, and Hell shall be the habitation of them, that through deceit shall returne in the displeasure of his divine Majeftie ; They shall not be all equally entreated, God shall appoint them their ranke and place, he beholdeth all their actions, he affuredly rewarded the true believers, when he fent them a Prophet of their own Nation to preach to them his Commandments, and instruct them in the Alcoran ; they before his coming were in a manifest errour: When any mischief befell you, it also befell the Infidels; you have demanded, when doth this mischief come? it proceedeth from your selves, certainly God is Omnipotent. What befell you when the two Camps encountred, hapned through the permission of God, to diftinguish the true believers, that dispense their goods with affection for the glory of his divine Majeftie, from them that abandoned the fight; when it was faid to them, Come, fight for the Faith, and answered, had we thought of fighting, we had not followed you; then were they nearer to impietie, then to the Faith; nevertheleis, they had not all of them that in their heart, that was in their mouth, God knoweth what they keep secret :

ficret : There be of them that faid to their brethren ; Stay. and go not to the Combat ; your Companions had not been fain, had they obeyed us; fay to them, Deliver your felves fom death, if you can avoid it, continuing in your houses Ielieve not that those that were flain for the Faith are dead: on tic contrary, they are alive with God; they rejoyce, for that fich as ran to hinder them to fight, did not meet them; fear tot for them, they shall rejoyce eternally in the favour of God. he will abundantly reward them that fight for his Law. Those that obeyed God and the Prophet, after being overcome, that cid good works, and feared his divine Majefty, shall receive areat rewards. When it was told them, the people have conbired against you, take heed to your felves ; this difcourse inreafed their faith ; and they faid, it fufficeth that God is our protector, they were filled with the grace of God, no more will befell them, and they observed the Commandments of his civine Majefty. He is gracious to them that obey him. The devill will cause in you a fear of the Infidels, fear them not; but if you be good men, fear me. Afflict not your felves to fee the vicked run to impiety, they hurt not God, he will not give them reft in the other world, where they shall be feverely chatifed. I increase the wealth of Infidels to augment their pain, they shall in the end feele grievious torments. God will not leave the faithfull in the state that you are in ; he will one day parate the good from the evill; he doth not teach you what is to come; he, for that effect chufeth among the Prophets whom le feeth good. Believe therfore in God, and his Prophets; if you believe in God, fear to offend him, you shall be rewarded. Believe that fuch as are too sparing, and avaritious of the wealth hat God hath given them, do well ; on the contrary, they do very ill, what they spare without reason, shall strangle them it the day of Judgement. The inheritance of heaven and arth is Gods, he knoweth all things. Certainly God heard he speech of them that said, God is poor, and we are rich; he aath faid, I will write what they have spoken, and keep an exict account of the murther they have unjuftly committed on he perfons of the Prophets; I will fay to them at the day of Judgement,

44

harthan That That The

Chap. 3. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Judgement, tafte of the torments of hell fire, which you have deferved. God doth not lead into darkness them that worship him. There be that fay, God hath commanded us not to believe the Prophets, untill their facrifice be confumed by fire : fay to them, there came to you Prophets heretofore with miracles that you demanded, you had not flain them, had you been righteous; if they bely thee, know, they belyed the Prophets that were before thee, that came with miracles, the Pfalter, and the book of light. Every man shall tafte of death, and your reward shall be payed at the day of Judgement; he that shall depart from the fire of hell, and enter into Paradife, shall be happy. The wealth of this world is but matter of pride, that you may be tried in your riches and perfons. Hearken not to the Jews and Christians, that have known the written Law before you, neither to them that believe in many gods, they offend God through their blafphemies; if you have patience, and fear God, you shal make a very good resolution. God hath accepted the speech of them that know his written Law, when they promifed him to preach to the people his Commandments, and not conceale them ; neverthelefs they have contemned them, and changed them for profit of little value, and have gained nothing but mifery ; think not that fuch as rejoyce of the evill they have done, and affect to be commended for what they have not done, have escaped the punishment of their crimes, they shall certainly suffer great torments. The kingdom of heaven and of the earth is Gods, he is omnipotent; the creation of heaven and earth, the difference of day & night are evident figns of his Omnipotencie, to fuch as have judgement. Such as have, remember God, standing, sitting, or lying down and confidered the creation of heaven & earth have faid, Lord, thou hast not created these things in vain ; bleffed be thy Name, deliver us from the torments of hell fire, thou wilt render miserable him that thou shalt thither precipitate, & the wicked shall be deprived of protection at the day of Judgement. Lord, we have heard them that fay, believe in your Lord, we believe in thy unity, pardon our faults, blot out our fins, and give us grace to die in the number of the just; beftow on us what thou haf 45

国家人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人称人称人的人的人称人称人称人称人称人称人称<u>人</u>能不知道

haft promifed by the Prophets, and fuffer us not to be miferable at the day of Judgement; thou doft not contradic what thou doft promife. The Lord heard them, and faid to them, I will not fuffer your works to be loft, as well of men as of women. I will blot out the fins of them that went out of Mecca, to fenarate themselvs from the wicked I will cover the offences of them that forfook their houfes, that affembled to fight for the Faith. and were flain; I will open to them the gate of Paradife, wherein flow many rivers, to recompence their good works. There is with God great reward : envie not the Infidels, whom thou shalt fee posses a little wealth in the earth, hell is prepared to be their habitation ; and fuch as fear God shall dwell eternally in gardens, wherein run many rivers, with all manner of content. God is a great rewarder of the just. Among them that know the written Law, there be, that believe in God, in what was afore time taught you, and in what was preached to them, furely they obey God, and forfake not his Law : They shall receive a great reward from God, he is exact in his account. O vee that are true believers, be patient in your adversities, persevere to do well, fight for the Faith, fear God, and you shall be happy.

CHAP. IV.

The Chapter of Women, containing one bundred and seventy Verses, written at Medina.

Kitab el tenoir.

46

* The ancifwore by the name of God, and the wives, because they feared their fterility.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. O ye people, I fear your Lord that created you of one fole perfon, and created his wife of his rib, of whom iffued many men and ent Arabians women. Fear God, by whom you fwear, and fay, the belly * of your wives, God exactly observeth your actions. Give unto orphans what appertaineth to them, and render not evill for belly of their good ; devoure not their fubftance, it is a very great fin. If you fear to do injurie to Orphans, fear also to do wrong to women ; marry those that please you, two, three, or four : if you apprehend you shall not be able to entertain them equally, marry

marry but one, or the flaves that you fhall have acquired; this is most necessary, to the end you offend not God. Give to women their dowry with a good will; if they give to you any thing that is pleafing to you, receive it with affection, and civility. Beftow not on fools the wealth that God hath given you for subfistance ; affist Orphans, give to them the garments that fhall be neceffary for them, and entertain them honeftly ; inftruct them untill they have attained to years of diferention, and are capable of marriage; if you believe they demean themfelves wifely, reftore to them their faculties, and devour them not unjustly before they be of age. He that shall be tich, shall abftain from their goods, and he that is poor, fhall take with honefty, according to the pains he shall undergo for them : when you make to them reflitution of their goods, take witness of your action, God loveth good accounts. The children shall have a good part of what their father, and mother, and parents left after their decease, of little or of much, there appertaineth to them a portion prefixed & limitted. When they divide their goods, the kindred shall have care of the poor and Orphans; do good to them, and honeftly entertain them. Such as fear to leave after them a weak progeny of little children, ought to fear to wrong Orphans, they must fear God, and courteously entertain them. Those that unjustly devour their fubstance. fwallow fire into their bowels, and thall burne in a great fire. God recommendeth to you your children, the fon shall have as much as two daughters; if there be more then two daughters, they shall have two thirds of the succession of the dead ; if there be but one, the shall have the moity, and her kindred a See Bedaci. fixth part of what shall be left by the dead ! if there be no children, and the kindred be heires, the mother of the dead fhall have a third ; if there be brethren, the mother shall have a fixth, after latisfaction of the legacies contained in the Teftament, and of debts. You understand not to whom it is most requifite to do good, to your children, or to your father and mother, give them their portion ordained of God. The moity of what their wives shall leave belongeth to you, if they have no children; if they have, you shall have the fourth part of what runies, they

BARDARAAN WAARAAN WAARAAN WAARAAN WAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARAAN MAARA

they shall leave, after payment of the legacies ad debts; they shall have the fourth of your succession, if you have no children; if you have, they hall have the eighth portion. If a man or woman be the heires of each other, and have neither father nor mother, nor children, and have a brother or fifter, each of them thall have a fixth part of the fucceffion; if they be more. they shall share the third, after payment of legacies and debts. without fraud, following what God hath ordained, he knoweth all your actions, and is prudent in what he ordaineth, it is fo ordained by hisdivine Majeftie. He that shall obey him, and his Prophet. Ihallenter into Paradife, where many riversflow. and shall dwell in eternall felicity; he that shall disobey God and his Prophet, Ihall be caft headlong into the fire of hell. where he shall suffer ignominious torments. If your wives commit adultery, take four witneffes of their fault, that be of your Religion; if they bear witnefs, keep them prifoners in vour houses untill death, or untill God shall otherwise ordain: punifh'whoremongers, concubines, and adulterers ; if they repent of their fault, do them no harm, God is gracious and mercifull to them that repent. Conversion dependeth on God, he is mercifull to them that commit fin ignorantly, and speedily repent, he is Omniscient, and most wife. Pardon is not for them that do wickedly to the very hour of their death, we have prepared great torments for them that shall die impious. O ye that believe in God I it is not lawfull for you to inherit what is your wivesby force, take not violently away what you have given them, unless they be furprized in manifelt adultery; fee them with civility, if you have an avertion from them, it may chance that you hate a thing, wherein God hath placed much good; but if you defire to repudiate your wives, to take others, and that you have given them any thing, take not any thing that appertuineth to them. VVill you take their wealth with a lie, and a minifest fin ? How shall you take it, fince you have approached each other, and that you have promifed to use them civilly ? Marry not the wives of your fathers ; what is paft was inceft, abcmination, and a wicked way. Your Mothers are forbidden you, your Daughters, Sifters, Aunts, Neices, your Nurles.

Nurfes, and your foster-fifters, the mothers of your wives, the daughters that your wives have had by other husbands, of whom you shall have a particular care : The daughters of women that you shall have known, are also forbidden you : if you have not known them, it will be no in : the wives of your fons are likewife prohibited, and two fifters; for what is paft, God is gracious and merciful: Married wives are likewife forbidden you, except the women flaves, that you shall have acquired. God hath fo commanded you, except what is above forbidden, it is lawful for you to marry at your pleasure. If you defire women for money, and neither commit concubinage, nor adultery, give them their falary for which you shall agree, fo you shall not offend God, he is omnissient, and most wife. He that shall not be able to espouse women of free-condition, shall marry such women or maids, that areslaves, as shall please him. God knoweth the faith of the one, and other. Marry your wives with the permission of their parents, and give them their dowry with honefty : If women of free-condition, that have committed neither concubinage, nor adultery, fecretly nor publikely, flie into fecond nuptials, and come to commit adultery, they shall be doubly punished, more then the daughters of Love. The marriage of flaves is for them that See Gelaldin. fear whoredom : If you abstain from marrying them, you shall not do amis. God is gracious and nerciful ; he is wiling to teach you his Law, and direct youin the way of them that preceded you; he is gracious and merciful to his people. Such as follow the appetite of the wicked, decline extreamly from the Truth. God willeth that his Law be Light unto you, for that man was created weak. O you that believe in God, devour not your substance among you with usury; but if you traffique, be peaceable in your affairs ; flay not one another, God is merciful to them that obey him : He that difobeyeth, through malice and injustice, shall burn in the fire of Hell; it is an easie thing to God to punish them. If you depart from mortal fins, I will cover your faults, and caufe you to enter into Paradife : covet not through envy, what God hath given to your neighbor ; men and women shall have the wealth they have gained ; beg Grace of God, he knoweth all things.

Give

Give to your affociates what appertaineth to them. We have ordained a portion, prefixt to the one and the other, in the fucceffion of your Father, Mother, and Kindred, God feeth all. The men shall have authority over the women ; they shall have them in their keeping; they shall have in their power the wealth that God shall give them ; and shall have care of what shall be convenient to be expended for them. Discreet and obedient wives observe, in the absence of their husbands. the Commandments of God, make remonstrances to them that shall be disobedient, and remove them from your Bed. chastife them. If they obey you, feek not occasion to abuse them unjustly. God is most high, and most mighty. If you fear there may happen fome difference between a man and his wife, fend to them fome of their Kindred, to put an end to their quarrel, and reconcile them. God will give his peace to them, he is omniscient. Worship God, and fay not that he hath a companion equal to him; do good to your Father, and Mother, your Kindred, Orphans, the Poor, your Neighbors, Pilgrims, your Friends, and your Slaves. God loveth not the proud. We have prepared rigorous torments for them that are avaricious, that recommend avarice to the people, that conceal the Graces that God hath bestowed on them, and that are impious. Such as difpend their wealth with hypocrifie, believe neither in God, nor the day of judgment; and those that shall have the Devil for their companion, will be in exceeding bad company ; he shall not approach them, if they believe in God, and the day of judgment, and give in Alms fome part of the riches God hath given them. God knoweth them, and doth no injustice to any one, of the weight of a small Ant. If the righteous do good of the quantity of a Pifmire, God shall multiply it, and give them a great reward. In what condition will Infidels be at the day of judgment; for that we have witneffes of all Nations against their impiety; and that we will call thee for a witness against them of their deportments? That day, the Infidels that have disobeyed the Propher, shall defire to be confumed, like to the Earth; and not to have concealed or altered, through their discourse, the Commandments of God. O you that believe, make

ALMAN WALK

Chap.4. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

make not your prayers, being drunk, until you know what you speak ; neither likewife being polluted, unles in passing on the way, until you be cleansed ; if you be in a journey, or fick, or go to difcharge your belly, or have known your wives, and finde no water to wash you, you shall lay hand upon the fand, and wipe your face and hands. God is gracious and merciful to his Creatures. Seeft thou not how those that know the written Law, purchase Error? how they defire to mif lead you through their riches, and divert you from the right way ? God knoweth your enemies, it is enough that he is your defender and protector. Such as Judaize, alter the word of God, and fay to the Prophet, wee have heard, and difobeyed thee, they heard without hearing ; they fay, preferve us, have care of us ; neverthelesse do they pervert the word of God, in reading it, and alter his Commandments, they should doe better to fay, Lord wee have heard, and obeyed; hearken onely to us, and regard us : But God hath curfed them , and few of them will believe in his Divine Majefty. O you that have knowledg of the Scriptures ! believe in the Alcoran, that He speaketh confirmeth the old and new Testament, before that I deface to the Jews your vifages, and caufe them to turn behinde your backs. I and will curfe Infidels, as I have curfed them of the Sabbath; the Commandment of God is incontinently executed ; he pardoneth not them that affociate him with companions equal to him, except this, he forgiveth fins to whom it pleafeth him: He that faith God hath companions, blafphemeth, and mortally finneth. Confider not fuch as affirm themfelves to be good men; contrariwise, God maketh those good men that please him; no injustice shall befall them at the day of judgment. Confider how they blaspheme, it is sufficient that God manifeftly beholdeth their fin. Seeft thou not them that have knowledg of the written Law, that believe in Habot and Tagot, Idols ; that fay to the Infidels, Behold the way of them that believe in God ? Certainly, God hath curfed them; he, whom he curseth, shall finde none to protect him. Shall they alone have part in the Kingdom of Heaven, without giving Alms? They will envy their Neighbor, for the favors Gad

51

God hath conferred on sim. Certainly, we gave to the posterity of Abraham, the lnowledg of the Scriptures, and prophecies; we beftowed on them great abundance of wealth. There were of them that believed in the Scripture, and others that contemned it ; bit they shall be punished in the fire of Hell. I will caufe then to burn, and change their burned skin into a new skin, that they may fuffer the more. God is omnipotent, and prudent in what he ordaineth. I will caufe those that have believed in Gid, and have performed good works. to enter into Gardens wherein flow many Rivers, where they shall dwell eternally with most beautiful women. I will give them to enter the hade of Paradife : God recommendeth to you, Fidelity anong your felves, to render faithfully what hath been intrused to you ; and when you shall judg differences that thall lappen among the people, judg with equity. It is a good work that he commandeth you; he beholdeth, and knoweth all things. O ye that believe! obey God, and the Prophets and fuch as command over you; if you be in controversie oncerning any point, refer it to God, and his Prophet, to uncerstand the Exposition; if you believe in God, and the day of judgment, you shall do well: this will be the best interpretation that you can attain to. Seeft thou not, that they who think to believe in what hath been infpired into thee, and what hath been infpired into thy predeceffors, incline to difpite before Tagot ? Neverthelefs, they have commanded not to believe in that Idol; the Devil laboreth to feduce, and withdraw them from the Truth. When it was faid to them, Ober the Commandment of God, and his Prophet, they departed from thee : What will they do, when there shall happen to them any punishment of their past fins? They will return to the, and fwear by the name of God, That they desire Peace, and D do good Works; but God knoweth what is in their heart, and hath abandoned them. Cease not to preach to them, and to declare to them the VVord of God ; the Prophets, and Apostles were not fent, but to preach, and to be heard through the permiffion of his Divine goodnefs. If, when they have hurt their fouls, they come to thee, and demand pardon of God, thoushalt beg pardon for them, thev

they shall finde God gracious and merciful : They will not believe in his divine Majefty, until they have difputed the difference with thee, that is among them; and when they shall no more doubt of what thou shalt have done, they will without contradiction obey thee. VVe have ordained them to kill each other, and to forfake their houfes; they have not done it, except very few of them : and although they did it, they did it not, to obey what fhould have been to them a great benefit, and exceeding merit; we had given them a very great reward, and guided them to the right way. He that shall obey God, and his Prophet, shall be with them whom God hath endued with his Grace : He that knoweth it, refigneth himfelf to his divine Majesty. O you that are True-believers ! be upon your guard, affembled to fight ftoutly for the Law of God. There be among you that be cowardly, when any difcomfiture hath befaln you; they have faid, God protected me, that I was not with them : And when God gave you victory, they fpake as if there had been no understanding between them and you. VVould to God I had been with them, I should have acquired exceeding great merit. Fight for the glory of God, against them that prefer the life of this world, to that of Heaven: I will give an exceeding great reward to fuch as shall fight, that shall be victorious, and to them that shall be flain, fighting for the Faith. VVherefore fight you not for the Law of God? for the liberty of women and children, weak and afflicted, that cry, Lord deliver us out of this place ; the This place is people thereof are unjust, give us a protector, give us an affured Mecca. refuge. They that believe in God fight for his Law, and Infidels fight for the Divel. Fight aganst them that serve the Devil, his policies are weak. Confider those to whom it was faid, Ceafe to imbrew your hands in the blood of Infidels, perfevere in your prayers, and pay tithes. VVhen they were commanded to fight, part of them were afraid of the multitude, as of God, yea, more afraid of the multitude then of God, and faid, Lord thou haft not enjoyned us to fight, unles thou hast differed us to a near end. Say to them, The wealth of the carth is but a fmall thing, there be great riches in the other

53

E 2

other world, for him that shall have the fear of God before his eves. No injustice shall be done to you ; wherefoever you are death will meet you, not with ftanding you may be in ftrons Citadels. If good happen to the Infidels, they fay it proceed. eth from God; if evil befal them, they fay, that cometh from thee. Say to them, All proceedeth from God, what then is the will of those men? they cannot comprehend this difcourfe: The good that happeneth to you, cometh from God, and the evil that befalleth you, is of your felves. VVe have fent thee to the people, to teach them the mysteries of my Law ; it is sufficient that I am witness. He that obeyeth the Prophet, the Apoltle of God, obeyeth God; if they be difobedient, thou art not fent to be their tutor. They fay, They will obey thee, and when they are gone from thee, many of them ponder in their heart other things then they have spoken, but God shall write their thoughts, and abandon them. Refigne thy felf to God, and be content that he is thy protector. Will they not meditate on the Alcoran? VVere it fent from any but from God, there would be therein many contradiclions. VVhen they had any affurance of victory, or feared to be overcome, they published it, although they had referred all to the Prophet, to the most knowing among them, and to them that obeyed the Prophet, who knew what ought to be published, and what to be kept fecret. If the grace of God had not bin with you, and his mercy, you had followed the Devill. Fight for the Law of God, employ but thy perfon, and be not troubled, if the true believers be without armes, the milerie of the wicked shal never end, God shall augment their calamitie, and encrease the punishment of their crimes; he that doth wel, shall finde well, and who doth evil, fhal finde evil, God regardeth all. When you are faluted, return the falute with honor & affection, God putteth all in accompt. God I there is but one only God, he shall affemble you all at the day of Judgment, of that there is no doubt. Who is more true in his words then God ? What have you to do with those wicked ones, divided into two Troops? God ruined and destroyed them, because of their fins ; will you direct into the right way him, whom God hath made

See Ritab el tenoir.

54

This is the battell of Bidge 3 the enemies of Mahomet made two barrells.

Chap.4. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

made to erre? He, whom he shall cause to erre, shall not See Kitab el finde the right way. They defire that you may be Infidels, as tenoir. they are, obey them not, unleffe they shall return to the Law See Gelaldin, of God ; if they forlake it, kill them where you finde them, contract no friendship with them, except with such as shall come to enter league with you, with forrow for what is paft ; to fight against Infidels with you. Had it pleased God, he had given them advantage over you, and they had beaten you, if they depart from you, and follow your Religion, God permitteth not you to do them injurie. You shall finde some that shall incline to believe you, and their companions, they will turn all to confusion, and fall into it themselves : if they feparate themfelves from you, if they defire not peace of you, and defift not to do you mischief, take and kill them, where you finde them, we have given you absolute power over them. One true believer ought not to flay another true believer, unleffe it be through ignorance ; He that shall flay a true believer through ignorance, shall redeeme from flavery a true believer, or shall pay damages and interests to the kindred and Heirs of the dead, if they through curtefie discharge him not of them: If he be of your enemies, and a true believer, he shall ransome from captivitie a true believer ; If he be of your confederates, he shall pay damages and interests to the kindred, and heires of the dead, and redeeme from captivitie a true believer; If he shall be destitute of means to performe this, he shall fast two moneths together for a penance appointed of God; God knoweth all things, and is prudent in what he commandeth. He that shall kill a true believer of deliberate purpose, shall be chastifed in the fire of Hell, the wrath of God, and his curfe shall be upon him eternally. Oh ye! who are true believers, when you fight against Infidels for the Law of God, caufe your felves to be known, and fay not to them that falute you, thou art not a true believer; If you defire the good things of the world, God poffeffeth riches innumerable, you were before like to them, but God hath given you grace, and feeth all your actions. The faithfull that continue in their houses without fickmeffe, are not equall in merits to fuch as employ their E 4

55

376 1 376

56

their perfons and faculties for the Law of God ; he preferreth by many degrees, them that fight for his Law, and employ their wealth and perfons for his fervice ; to those that remaine idle in their houses, he is their protector, and hath prepared for them a fure refuge in Paradife : he gratifieth by many degrees of favour, them that fight for his Law, above those that live at eale in their houses, he is gracious and mercifull. The Angel faid to the Infidels that they put to death, where were vou with your Religion ? they answered, we were weak and impotent in the Citie of Mecca; they faid, was not the Earth large enough for you to depart from the wicked ? Hell shall be their habitation, except the women and children that were weak and impotent; peradventure God will pardon them, he is gracious and mercifull; he that shall depart from the wicked, to follow his Law, shall finde many places favourable to him, affuredly he will recompense him that shall quit his house, that shall be flain for his glory, and to follow his Prophet, he is gracious and mercifull. When you shall be in a journey, you shall not offend God to abridge your prayers, that the Infidels may not furprize you, they are your declared Enemies ; when thou shalt be near them, and shalt appoint the true believers to make their prayers, keep about thee a partie of them for a guard, while the relidue make their prayers; having finished their Orifons, they shall do as the first ; take armes, and keep a guard , during the time their companions shall make their prayers : the Infidels defire that you quit your armes to furprize you; you shall not do amisse to quit them, if raise trouble you, or you be fick, but continue alwayes upon your guard, God hath prepared for Infidels ignominious torments : Having finished your prayers, Remember God, standing, sitting or lying down, and pray when you shall be in a place of fafety; prayer is commanded the faithfull in a prefixed and appointed time. Be not negligent to pursue the Infidels, if you suffer, they shall fuffer like you ; but you hope for that which they must not hope for: God knoweth all their actions, he is most prudent. in all his works. We have fent to thee the most true Book, to

the

Chap. 4. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the end, thou may ft judge the differences that are among the people, as thy Lord hath instructed thee. Contend not with Traitors, and aske pardon of God, he is gracious & merciful. Difpute not with those that betray their foules, God loveth not treacherous finners, they conceale themfelvs from the world, he is with them when they hide in their hearts such things as are displeasing to him, he knoweth all their actions : O yee I you difpute for them in this world, who shall dispute for them against God at the day of Judgement ? who shall that day be their protector ? He that shall implore pardon of God, having offended him, shall finde him gracious and merciful; who doth evill, shall finde evil, God is Omniscience, and most wife. He that committeth a Gelaldin faith veniall, or a mortall fin, and would excufe himfelf, committeth a great and evidently a mortall fin. Many of them had endeavoured to fe- little fin. duce thee, hadst thou not been directed by the grace and mercy of God. But they feduce only their own fouls, and shall do thee no harme; God hath fent to thee the Book that containeth his Commandments; he hath taught thee what thou didft not understand, and his grace is eminently upon thee: there is no good in the multiplicity of their fecrets or difcourfe, except in fuch as command alms, honefly, and peace among the people, with defire to pleafe God, they shall receive from his divine Majestie a great reward. He that shall contradict the Prophet, having had knowledge of the right way, and shall follow other pathes then that of the true believers, shall relapse into his impiety, I will cause him to burn in the fire of hell, where is the habitation of the wicked. God pardoneth not + The ancithem that fay, he hath companions, except this, he pardons ent Arabians all things as he feeth good : he that affirmeth that God hath a cut off the companion, greatly erreth, and is eftranged from the truth. If ear of any they invoke other then God, they invoke Idols, the devill, ob- gave in liftinate, and curfed of God; when he faid to him, Thou wilt not bertythrough give me power over them that worship thee, but I will feduce their country them from the right way, I will prolong their wicked life, to re- for expiarion tard their conversion, I will caule them to cut off the * ears of See Gelaidin. beafts, they shall disobey thy commandments, and they shall See Kitabel envie thy creatures. He that demandeth fuccours of the devill, tenoir.

NEW RANDON R

SPEANER STERNE TEANE

58

is in manifest perdition, he will promife to men long life, and retard their repentance, but he promifeth them but a vain glory. hell is the dwelling place of fuch men, out of which they shall finde no iffue ; Such as shall believe in God, and do good works, shall dwell eternally in Paradife, where flow manyrivers. God is most true in what he promiseth, who is more then God in his words? Your lies, and the lies of them that know the written Law.do him no harm; he that shall do ill, shall be punifhed, and shall finde no protector; he that shal do wel, and that believe in the Law of God, shall enter into Paradife, and shall have no injustice done to him ; what better law is there, then to refign thy felf to God, and to be an honeft man? Follow the Law of Abraham ; God chofe Abraham, to love him : whatfoever is in heaven and in earth, belongeth to his divine Majefty, he knoweth all things. They will queftion thee concerning women ; fay to them, God teacheth you in that, what you were taught in the Scripture touching Orphans, and women ; give to them what is appointed by the Law, and defire not to espouse them, only to posses their wealth : God teacheth you likewife to give to Orphans what appertaineth to them, and not to injure them ; he will understand your good actions. If a woman fear to be ill entreated by her husband, and that he will divorce her, they shall do well, mutually to accord, for peace is exceeding good. If you be too obstinate, and cannot agree together; if you do good to your wives in divorcing them, and fear to wrong them, God will take notice of your actions. If you believe you cannot keep equalitie, and juffice among your wives, although you apply your felves to it; Incline not altogether to your own appetites, and leave not your wife, as a thing left in toleration. If you live in a good accord, and fear to injure them, God will be mercifull to you. If they feparate themfelves conformably to the precepts of the Law, God will enrich them with his protection, he is bountifull and wife, and whatever is in Heaven, and Earth obeyeth him. We have recommended to you the fear of God, as we have heretofore, to them that had knowledge of the written Law. If you be impious, know, that whatever

Chap.4. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

what ever is in Heaven and Earth is Gods ; he hath no need of his creatures, and must be exalted, it fufficeth thee, he is thy protector. If he will, he can caule you to perifh, and put other creatures in your place, for he is Omnipotent. He that loveth the good things of the Earth, shall finde in God all the wealth of this world, and of the other, he understandeth and feeth all things. Oh you that believe ! be true in your teftimonies, notwithstanding it be against your selves, against your Father and mother, and against your kindred, and confider the rich no more then the poore, God is the protector of the one, and the other; follow not your appetites, to favour the rich more then the poore, pervert not the Truth, be not scrupulous to teftific what you know, God knoweth all your actions. Oh ye that believe in God ! and his Prophet, and the Book that was fent before him ; know, he that blasphemeth against his divine Majestie, against his Angels, the Scripture, the Prophets, and life eternall, greatly erreth, and departeth from the Truth. God pardoneth not them that have embraced his Law, and then have forfaken it, having believed in his divine Majeftie, and are returned again to their impiety ; declare to fuch men, they shall feel heavie torments. Such as obey Infidels, to be great in this world, extreamly delude themselves; greatness proceedeth from God; It is written in the Book that was fent to you, that the Infidels shall mock you, when they shall hear the word of God, and you shall obey his Commandments ; Tarry not in their company, if they change not their difcourse, otherwise you will be like to them, God will affemble into the fire of Hell all Infidels, and wicked perfons. Some of them that observe your actions, faid, they were of your partie, when any felicitie hapned to you; and when the Infidels had advantage over you, they faid, they were with them, and that they fought against you; God at the day of Judgement shall judge the difference that is between you, and will not give advantage to Infidels, over them that observe his Law. The wicked think to deceive God, but God deceiveth them, they are negligent to make their prayers, they are hypocrites before the world, and remember

59

APP and the Alf and the

member not his divine Majestie, except very few of them, uncertain whether they thould follow the faithfull, or the lafidels ; he whom God shall cause to goe aftray, shall not finde the right way. Oh ye that believe ! obey not Infidels, to the exclusion of true believers ; will you give God manifest occafion to chastife you for your finnes ? The wicked shall be in the lowest place of Hell, and shall finde no relief, except such as shall repent, that shall do good works, refigne themselves to God, and obey his Commandments, they shall be with the true believers, and receive from God a very great reward. He will not send you miserie, if you give him thanks for his favours, and obey him; he accepteth the acknowledgement of his benefits, and knoweth all things. He willeth not that what evill is committed, be published; he that publisheth the evill he doth, is very much too blame; if you manifest the good you doe, or if you conceale it, and abstain from doing evill, he will be mercifull to you, he is omnipotent. Such as blafpheme against God and his Prophets, his Apostles; fuch as would make a diftinction between the Commandments of his divine Majestie, and the precepts of his Prophets, such as affirme they believe in some of the Prophets, and believe not in all, and take a middle way between faith and impietie, are indeed impious, we have prepared for them ignominious torments; but they who believe in God, and generally in all his Prophets, and Apostles, shall be recompensed of God, gracious and mercifull. They that know the written Law, will require thee to cause to descend from Heaven a Book, and written Tables ; They demanded of Moses greater things, and faid, Caufe us to behold God with our eyes, then thunder furprized them by reason of their impietie : They adored the Calfe, after having had the knowledge of our Commandments; neverthelefs, we pardoned them, and gave to Mofes an absolute dominion over them. We raifed the Mountain over them, following our promises, and faid to them ; Enter the gate of the Temple with adoration and humility, and no longer tranfgrefs the observation of the day of Reft; We for this matter received from them a ftrong promife, but they fwarved from what

The Jews.

Chap. 4. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

what they had promifed, and we curfed them, becaufe of their impietie, by reason of the murther they committed without reason, on the persons of the Prophets, and of the words they uttered, viz. Our heart is hardned; Contrariwife, God imprinted infidelitie in their hearts, they shall never believe in his Law, except very few of them, becaufe of their malice, and the blasphemies they vomited against Mary : they faid, We have flain the Messiah, Jesus, the sonne of Mary, the Prophet and Apostle of God : Certanly they flew him not, neither crucified him, they crucified one among them that refembled him; fuch as doubt it are in a manifest error, and Ipeak not but through opinion. Certainly they flew him not; on the contrary, God took him up to himfelf, he is Omnipotent and prudent in all his actions : Such as have the knowledge of Scripture, ought to believe in Jesus before his death, he shall be a witnesse against them of their actions at the day of Judgment; We have prohibited them that Judaize, by reason of their sin, things that were permitted them; We have prepared for them great torment, because they millead the world from the right way, because they take Use that is forbidden them, and unjuftly eat the fubstance of their neighbour. Such of them as are profound in Learning, and all the faithfull, believe in the Scriptures, both ancient, and modern ; I will give great rewards to them that shall make their prayers at the time appointed, that shall pay Tithes, and believe in the day of Judgment. We have fent thee our infpirations, as we fent them to Noah, and the Prophets after him; as we heretofore fent them to Abraham, Ismael, Isaac, Facob, the Tribes, to Jefus, 706, Jonas, Aaron, and to Solomon, and gave the Pfalter to David. We have told thee who were the Prophets that preceded thee; but we have not fpoken to thee, concerning the merits of all of them. Moses spake to God, as his Propher, and Apostle; all declared his mercy, and preached the torments of Hell, to the end men might have no caufe of excufe; God is Omnipotent and prudent in all his actions : He shall be witneffe that the Alcoran was fent to thee with his Commandments, the Angels likewife shall testifie it ; but it ought to fuffice

elly

2E

10

西山

The Chrifti.

fice thee, that God is witnefs. The Infides that hindred the people to follow the Law of God, were acceedingly erroneous ; God will not pardon them, he will ead them into the path of Hell, where they shall remaine eternally, it is a thing easie to his divine Majestie. Oh people ! AProphet is come to you, who preacheth to you the Truth from the Lord, believe him, you shall do well; if you believe hin not, know, that whatever is in Earth, and in Heaven is Gols, and that God knoweth what soever you do. Oh ye that inderstand the written Law ! Obey the Commandments of God, and fpeak not of his divine Majestie but with truth; the Messiah, Jesus, the Sonne of Mary, is a Prophet, and an Ajoftle of God, his Word, and his Spirit, which he fent to Mary; believe therefore in God, and in his Prophets, and faynot there be three Gods, put an end to that difcourse, you shall do well; For there is but one God, prayfed be God, he lath no fonne; whatever is in Heaven, and in Earth obeyeth hin, it is fufficient that he is witnesse. The Messiah esteemeth it 10 dishonour to be the fervant of God, neither the Angel, for the Cherubins; He that holdeth it a diffionour to be at his ervice, is too proud; he shall assemble all the world at the lay of Judgment, and every one shall receive the recompensithat he shall have merited, he shall augment his favours upon them that shall have believed in his divine Majestie, and have done good works; he shall chaftife them that shall have held it a dishonour to be his fervants, and have been prud upon the Earth, they shall finde no fafe refuge but in his nercy. Oh people! God hath fent you a Protector, a most stong argument, and a most cleare light ; they that shall trust is God, shall enjoy his grace, and he shall guide them into the right way. They will enquire of thee concerning fucceffion ; fay to them, God teacheth you touching fucceffions, as folloveth; If a man deceafe without iffue, and hath a fifter, fhe hall have the moity of what he shall leave, and shall inhert it, if she have no children : If they be two lifters, they shal have two thirds of what the deceased left ; if they be many lrothers, and many fifters, the Sonne shall have as much as tvo daughters; God teacheth

Chap. 5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

teacheth you his Commandments, depart not from the right way, he is Omnifient.

CHAP. V.

ST

The Chapter of the Table, containing an hundred and twenty Verses, writtenat Medina.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Ove that be-Llieve in God | Satisfie what you have promifed ; it is permitted you to eat of the beafts that be in the world, except of what shall be hereafter declared. Hunting is forbidden you, during the time that you shall go on Pilgrimage to Merca. God ordaineth what he will. O ye that believe ! fay not, That it is permitted to do what God hath prohibited, perform what is commanded you, during the month of Pilgrimage ; give no impediment to fuch as carry prefents to Mecca, neither to them that affume * Collers, neither hinder * The old Pilgrims to repair thither, to demand the Grace of God, and Arabians in his mercies. It is lawful for you to hunt, when you shall have devotion, put finished your pilgrimage; beware least some persons cause the leaves you to fin, and hinder your going to Mecca; to oblige you to of Trees up punish them, repose your confidence in the justice and fear of on their God, and not in the fin and malice of your neighbor. Fear necks, like God who is fevere in his chaftifements. It is forbidden you to collers, as the eat Carrion, Blood, Swines flefh, and whatfoever is not kill-Peafants in many places ed in pronouncirg the name of God : you'are prohibited to in France do eat Animals ftrangled, choakt, knockt down, precipitated, the herbs of that are flain ftriting each other, and fuch as bealts fhall have St. John. flain; if you finde them not alive, to let out their blood, in See Kitabel pronouncing the name of God. You shall not eat of beafts facrificed to Idols: Confult not with Southfayers or Lots, it is a great fin. The dry shall come when they that have abandoned your Law, shall be desperate ; fear not them, and fear me : See Gelaldin. The day will cone, when I shall accomplish your Law, and my Grace shall be abundantly upon you : The Law of Salvation, is the Law that I defire to give you. If any one be in necessity

tenoir.

The Jews and Chriftians.

13 112 -

64

STEATER THAT THAT IS AN A THAT IS AN A THAT AND A STATE AND A STAT

neceffity, and eateth of what is prohibited, without a will to fin. God shall be to him gracious and mercifull. They will demand of thee, what is permitted them to eat ? Say to them it is lawfull to eat all forts of beafts that are not unclean, and whatever hath been taught you from God, touching beafts that have been wounded by Lions or Dogs, eat the beaft you shall take, and remember God in blooding them; fear God, he is exact to take account. This day it is lawfull that you eat what is not unclean, and the meats of them that know the written Law, their meats are lawfull for you, and yours for them. You are permitted to espouse maidens & women of free condition. that are of your Religion and maidens and women of free condition, that know the written Law, giving them their dowry with civility; commit neither Concubinage, nor Adultery with them, neither fecretly or publiquely; the good works of him that shall renounce your Law, shall be unprofitable, he shall be at the day of Judgment in the number of the Damned. Ove that believe in God, when you would make your prayers, wash your faces, your hands to the elbow, and pass your hand over your head, and over your feet to the ancles. If yoube polluted, purifie your felves; if fick, or in a journey, or about to discharge your belly, or have known women, and findeno water to walh you, lay hand on the fand, pals it over your vifage, and wipe therewith your hands. God enjoyneth you nothing irkfome, but willeth you be clean, and defireth to accomplish his grace upon you; peradventure you will give him thanks. Oyee that believe in God ! call to minde his grace, and promise he made to you, when you faid, We heard, and obeyed, fear him, he knoweth all that is in your hearts. that believe in God 1 obey his Commandments, and be true in vour Testimonies, take heed that no man move you to offend God, indiverting you from what is just; render justice to all, his fear inviteth you to it ; have it before your eyes , he knoweth all your actions; hath promised his grace, and great recompenses to the True believers, that shall do good works in this world, and hath prepared Hell to punish Infidels. O ye that believe in God ! remember his favor towards you, when

when fome perfons would have extended their hands upon corcis Ensyou, and how he delivered you from their malice; Feare mie to Mahim, all true believers ought to refigne themfelves to his will. bomet. God received the promife of the Children of Ifrael to obferve his Commandments, he eftablished among them twelve Captains, and faid to them, I will be with you when you fhall make your prayers, pay your Tithes, believe in the Prophets. defend them, and shall lend to me any almes; I will cover your finnes, and caufe you enter Paradife, wherein flow many rivers ; and he among you that Ihall be an Infidell, Ihall be entirely erroneous from the right path. When they fwarved from what they had promifed, we gave them our curfe, and hardned their heart; they have altered the words of the Scripture, and abjured what they had approved. Thou shalt not know them that shall be Traytors, except very few of them : forgive and depart from them, God loveth them that do good. We likewife received the promife of those who call themfelves Chriftians, but they have forgotten what they promifed; they have altered what was taught them, and we have caft among them enmitie and hatred, even untill the day of Judgement. That day God shall cause them to know whatever they have done for their punishment. Oh ye that know the written Law ! our * Prophet is come to bring to light ma- * Mahomet. ny things of the Scripture, which you conceale, and he likewife leaveth in filence many things, that it is not time to make manifest. God hath fent you a Book full of light, to conduct into the way of Salvation them that love him, to bring them out of darkness, and by his speciall grace, to lead them into the way of Salvation. Certainly he that faith, that the Meffiah, the Sonne of Mary, is God, is impious : Say to him, who can hinder God to exterminate the Meffiah, and his Mother, with whatfoever is in the Earth, when it shall seeme good to him? God is King of Heaven and earth, he created with them what feemed good to him, he is Omnipotent. The Jews and Chriftians have faid, we are the Children of God, his welbeloved ; Say to them, shall not God chastife you for your finnes? Certainly ye are men ; He that created you, pardon-

65

Rin

A TYP

66

eth, and punished as it pleafeth him, he is the King of all that is in Heaven or Earn, and of whatever is between them, he is the refuge of the rigiteous. Oh ye that have kcowledge in the written Law ! The Prophet, the Apostle of God is come to instruct you in a time that there is none other Prophet but he on the Earth; Will you fay that no man preached to you the torments of Hell? Certainly the word of God is this day preached to you, the torment of Hell, and the Omnipotencie of his Divine Mjeftie. Remember thou what Moles faid to his people, Oh jeople, call to minde the grace of God towards you, he han chosen from among you Prophets. and Kings, hath conferred on you what he hath given to none in the world : Enter into the holy Land, as God hath commanded, turne not vour backs to your enemies, left you be in the number of Repiobates : They answered, oh Mofes! there are Gyants and Ty:ants in the Holy Land, we will not enter into it, untill they be gone out of it, if they forfake it, we will enter into it. Tien two men of them that were in the grace of God, faid 10 them, enter at the gate, and fight against them, you shall be victorious, trust in God, if you believe in his Law: They hid, oh Molos! we will not enter, to long as those Tyrantsdwell therein, goe and fight against them with thy Lord, we will here attend. Then faid Mofes, Lord, I dispose but of mine owne, and my brothers person ; feparate us from this wicked people ; the Lord faid to him, the entrance into the Holy land is prohibited to this people, they shall wander forty years upon the Earth, in confusion and amazement, afflict not try felfe with the deportments of the wicked ; teach them the Hiftorie of the Sonnes of Adam, how they offered facrifices, how the facrifice of the one was accepted, that of the other was not : he through envie menaced his brother, to murther him; hs brother faid to him, God receiveth the facrifices, and holoausts of fuch as have his feare before their eyes : affuredly if thou extendest thine hand to flay me, I will not stretch forth nine to hurt thee; I fear the Lord of the Universe; If thou dargest thy felfe with the murther of my perfon, with thy pat finnes, thou fhalt goe to hell, where the

Chap.5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

67

the unjust shall be punished . The muther of his brother seemed cafie and advantageous for him, he lew him, and is in the number of the Damned. God sent a Raven that made a pit in the Earth, and shewed him the manner to bury the body of his brother : Then faid he, would to God had been weak and impotent, that I were like to this Raven? I must bury the body of my brother, and he was penitent for his offence ; by reafon of this murther, we ordained to the chldren of Ifrael, that he who shall flay a person innocent, shall bepunished, as if he had slain the whole world, and he that shall give him his life, shall be recompenfed, as if he had given life to the whole world. My Prophets came to the Children of Ifræl, taught them my Commandments, and caufed them to fee Miracles, nevertheleffe many of them were difobedient : the pinishment of them that oppose the will of God, that of his Prophet, and that endeavour to pollute the earth, is to be flain, hanged, to have the right foot, and the left hand, or right hand, and the left foot cut off, and to be extirpated from the earth; they shall have in this world shame on the forehead, and shall fede in the other, great torments, except fuch as shall be converted before their death, and shall know, that God is gracious and mercifull. Oh ye that believe ! fear God, fight for his Law, you perhaps shall be happy. All the Treasures of the world shall not be able to redeeme Infidels at the day of Judgment, they shall endure exceeding great tormints, they shall defire to goe out of the fire of Hell, but shall dwell there eternally. Cut off the hands of those men and women that steale, they contract upon themselves the wrathof the world, and the punifhment that God hath prepared for the wicked : He that shall turne, and do good works, shall be pardoned, God is gracious and mercifull to the penitont. Knowest thou not that the Kingdome of Heaven, and of Earth is Gods ? that he chaftiseth and pardoneth whom it pleafeth him ? and that he is Omnipotent? Oh Prophet ! affliel not thy felfe, to behold them running to impletic; that fay with the mouth, we believe, and have no faith in their hearts; neither for them that Judaize, and hearken to the lies of their Doctors, to relate them F 2

them to others; they pervert the language of the Old Teftament, and fay; If you be instructed in those precepts, you ought to observe them, if they instruct you not in them, take heed to your felves. Such as make use of the name of God. to move the people to fedition, are without faith, God will not purifie their hearts, they shall have in this world shame upon the forehead, and feel in the other extream torments. They liften to blasphemies, and eat what is prohibited ; If they repaire to thee, and fubmit themfelves to thy judgement, judge their controversie with equity, converse not with them; if thou depart from their company, they shall not hurt thee, if thou givest judgement between them, Judge with equitie, God loveth the Just: How shall they submit to thy judgement, feeing they have the Old Teftament, which containeth the Commandments of God? They will not execute thy Judgment, neither believe in the Old Teftament, wherein is the guide of the right way, and a light to the Prophets, to judge the differences ariling among true believers, among Jews; their Doctors, and their Priefts, who ftudy the Scripture, and are witneffes that it containeth the truth, fear not the world, but dread me; fell not, neither exchange my Commandments for any price. Such as judge not conformably to the Law of God, are Infidels; We have ordained the Talio, man for man, an eye for an eye, a nole for a nole, an eare for an eare, a tooth for a tooth, a wound for a wound ; he that shall observe it, shall do well, and such as shall not judge conformably to the Law of God are unjust. We fent after many Prophets, Jefus the Sonne of Mary, who confirmed the ancient Scriptures, to him we gave the Gospel, full of light, to conduct the people to the right way, with a confirmation of the Old Teftament, a guide and intruction for the righteous. They that follow the Gospel, ought to judge as it is commanded in the Gofpel; fuch as judge not conformably to what God hath taught them, are difobedient to his divine Majesty. To thee have we fent the Book that containeth the truth, and confirmeth the ancient Scriptures, determine the differences that shall arife among the people,

68

P Ala

ATE A TO A TO A TO A TO ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY

Chap.5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

people, as I have infpired thee, and follow not the appetite of men that will abjure the truth which I have taught thee. We have instructed all of you in a Law, and assured meanes to lead you into the way of Salvation ; you should all have been of one and the fame Religion, had it fo pleafed God; he hoth done this to prove you; Doe good, and know, that you all shall be affembled before him, and he shall refolve the doubts that are among you. If thou judgest the differences that are among them, judge conformably to what hath been infpired into thee, and follow not their appetites; be carefull they feduce thee not, and move thee to doubt many things that God hath taught thee ; if they disobey his Commandments, know, he will feverely punish them, becaule of the enormity of their crimes. The greatest part of the world are impious; Do they affect the Judgment of the Ignorant? What better Judge for the good, is there then God? Oh ye that believe ! obey not the Jews, nor the Christians, they mutually obey each other in their impictie, he that shall obey them, shall be like unto them, God guideth not the unjust. Thou feest such as are unstable in their Faith, flock to them, and fay, they fear a change of times, but God shall give advantage and victory to his Prophet, and they shall repent to have concealed in their mindes the Miracles of his divine Majeftie. What will they alleadge for excufe, who fwore by the name of God, exactly to observe their Religion, and to be with you? Their good works shall be unprofitable, and they in the number of the Damned. Oh ye that believe ! if you abandon your faith, God will put others in your place, that shall love him, and he them, and this to your great ignominie, and the advantage of converted Infidels, that shall fight without fear, for his Law : Thus God bestoweth his grace, as he feeth good, he is liberall, and Om- See Gelaldin. nifcient. You ought certainly to obey God, and his Prophet, his Apostle ; they who believe in God , that make their prayers at the time appointed, pay tithes, and are in the protestion of God and his Prophet, shall be beloved of his divine Majestie, and be victorious. Oh ye true believers ! obey F 3 not

60

70

not fuch as fcoffe at your Religion, who have knowledge of the written Law; obey not Infidels, and if you are good men, fear God; obey not them that deride your prayers, it is the action of those that are unwife. Oh ye that understand the written Law I will you not abhorre me, if I believe not in God, in what he hath infpired into me, and into them that preceded me? The greateft part of you are wicked. Say to them, did I instruct you to do evill, when I preached to you the effect of Gods mercy ? Those whom he curseth, against whom he is incenfed, whom he hath metamorphifed into Apes, and Swine, and who have adored Idols, shall be confined in the fire of Hell, they are in a very evill way. When they come to thee, they will fay, they believe in the Law of God, they will enter thine house with impiety, and goe forth in the like manner, but God knoweth what they conceale in their heart : Thou shalt fee many of them embrace Paganisme, follow a lye, eat what is forbidden, and this to difpleafe their Doctors, and Priefts, who have forbidden them to speak lies, and eat meats that are unclean. The Jews faid, the hand of God is thut, contrariwife, it is their hand that is thut, and they shall be accurfed by reason of their discourse : certainly the hands of God are open, and he doth good to whom he pleaseth : Many amongst them, through impietie, and disobedience, alter what is in the Scripture; but we have caft among them hatred, and horror, even to the day of Judgment, God hath extinguished the fire which they had kindled, to make war against the righteous; they endeavour to pollute the earth, but God detesteth fuch as cause diforder ; he remitteth their sinnes that know the Scripture, believe in his Law, and flie impiety, they shall enter Paradife, that is full of delights. They have read the Old Teftament, the Gospel, and all Scriptures, they enjoyed abundance of all good things; nevertheleffe many have difobeyed the Commandments of God. Oh Prophet ! preach what God hath taught thee; whether thou doft preach it, or doelt not, he will defend thee from the malice of men, he abhorrerh Infidels. Oh ye that know the written Law ! if you observe not the Old Testament, the Gospel, and Scriptures

Chap. 5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ient ief 71

亚瓜哥瓜的水哥瓜邻瓜邻瓜邻瓜的水的水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水炒水

tures which God hath fent you, you shall be without merit. Many of them through impiety and ignorance, pervert what is contained in the Scripture ; afflict not thy felfe with the actions of the impious. The Jews, Samaritans, Chriftians, all that shall have believed in God, the Refurrection of the dead, and have done good works, shall be exempt from affliction, there is nothing for them to feare at the day of Judgment. See Kitab el We received of the Children of Ifrael a promise, to believe in tensir. our Prophets, and Apoftles; Yet have they flandred many, and flain fuch as would not follow their appetites : they believed there was no punishment for their crimes, and became deafe, and blinde; After this, God pardoned them, nevertheleffe, they returned in their finne, and are again become deaf, and blinde; God beholdeth all their deportments. Certainly, they who affirme the Meffiah, the Son of Mary, to be God, are impious ; the Meffiah commanded the Children of Ifrael to worship God, his and their Lord; the entrance into Paradife is forbidden to him that shall fay, God hath a companion equall to him, Hell shall be his habitation, and the unjust shall finde none to protect them at the day of judgment. Such as affirm there are three Gods, are impious: there is but one God ; if they defift not from fuch difcourfe, they shall burn in the fire of Hell; if they turn, and implore pardon of God, he will be to them gracious and merciful. The Meffiah, the Son of Mary, is a Prophet, and Apostle of God, like to the Prophets that came before him ; his Mother is holy, and both of them did eat and drink. Confider how I manifest my unite to Infidels; how they blaspheme, and depart from the Truth ; fay to them, Will you worship instead of God, what can neither benefit, nor hurt you? God understandeth and knoweth all things. O ye that have knowledg of the written Law! speak of your Religion with reverence, and follow not the appetites of fuch as go aftray, and walk in an evil way. The Infidels were accurfed by the tongue of David, and of Meffiah, the Son of Mary, becaufe of their difobedience; they abitain not from things that are not approved; they do them, and through obstinacy will continue them. Thou

72

Thou shalt fee many of the Inhabitants of Mecca adhere to them, by reason of the fin they conceal in their hearts. God affuredly will be incenfed against them, and they shall be confined eternally in the torments of Hell. If they had believed in God, in his Prophet, and the Scriptures, they had not obeyed Infidels, but many of them are impious. Thou shalt finde the Jews, and Inhabitants of Mecca, who believe in many Gods, to be very great enemies to the faithful, and the Chrifians to have a great inclination, and amity towards the Truebelievers ; for that they have Priefts, and Religious, that are humble, who have eyes full of tears, when they hear mention of the Doctrine which God hath inspired into thee, because of their knowledg of the Truth, and fay, Lord, We believe in thy Law, write us in the number of them that profess thy Unity, who hindreth us to believe in God, and the Truth wherein we have been inftructed ? We defire with paffion, O Lord, to be in the number of the just. God shall hearken to their prayer, and pardon them ; he shall open to them the gate of Paradife, wherein is the reward of the righteous, and the Infidels shal inhabit the aby is of Hell. Oh ye who are Truebelievers ! inhibit not the eating of what God hath permited, offend not God, he abhorreth them that offend him, eat of the meats that are lawfull for you, and have his fear before your eyes, he will not chastife you for what you have fpoken at randome, contrary to your faith, without delign of offending him, but he shall punish you for your oaths, if vou observe them not ; the satisfaction of an oath not accomplished, is to give food to ten poore of your Religion, and to cloath them, or to enfranchise a flave that is a True believer; he that is deflitute of means to perform this, shall fast three dayes immediately fucceeding, such is the fatisfaction of a not accomplified oath; keep exactly your faith, fo doth God teach you his Commandments, you will, peradventure, give him thanks. Oh ye that believe in God 1 Wine, Games of hazard, Idols, Lots, and divinations are abominations, and filthie practifes of the Devill, depart from him, perhaps you will be righteous. The Devill defireth to fow among you diffention.

Chap. 5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

[2]]

U

NII

288 | th!

e Tr

pen

im, fen

OIL

nathi

L accil

01,1

is,L

isfall

, fods

VERIL

fames

ns, a

aps J. VOUL fention, and horrour, through wine, and games of hazard, to choak your remembrance of God, and of praying to him; abandon wine, and games of hazard, be obedient to God, and the Prophet, his Apostle, and take heed to your felves; If you difobey God, know, that the Prophet is obliged only to preach publiquely the word of his divine Majefty; the Truebelievers, and the righteous have not provoked God in drinking wine, and playing at games of hazard, before they were prohibited, they will abstaine for the future, and performe good works, God loveth the that do good. Oh ye that believe ! God proveth you by one thing, to wit, by hunting, whether you take the game with your hands, or courfing on horfe-back, to difcerne them among you that fear him, and believe in his Law; whofoever shall offend him, shall be feverely punished. Oh ye that believe ! kill not your game, during the time of your pilgrimage to Mecca; wholoever shall kill of deliberate purpose, shall be judged, as if he had flain his Neighbours. beast, he shall be judged by one among you, and be condemned to offer a present at the Temple of Mecca, or to give food to the poor, or to fast, or performe somewhat of like nature, for the expiation of his errour; if he have repentance in his minde, God will pardon what is past ; if he return in his fin, God will be avenged on him, he is omnipotent, and avengfull. It is permitted that you fish, and eat of fish during your Pilgrimage, but hunting by land is abfolutely forbidden in this voyage; fear God, you shall all one day be assembled before him to be judged, he hath appointed the moneth of Pilgrimage, he hath established the Temple of Mecca for the devotion of the people, and hath forbidden to give impedi- * The anciment to fuch as bring thither oblations, and those that af- ent Arabiars fume * Collers, to the end, you may learne to understand put upon that he knoweth all things both in Heaven, and Earth, and their necks that he is Omnipotent. Know ye, that he is grievous in his the leaves of chastifements, and gracious and mercifull : The Prophet is votion, when obliged but to preach his Commandments, he knoweth all they arrived that you conceale in your hearts, and whatever you make ma- at Mecca. nifest : Evill must not be equal to good, notwithstanding it See Kitabel

The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

(hap.5.

nies of the ancient Aranounceth. See Kitab el tenoir.

74

be pleafing to you : Oh ye that are wife ! have the fear of God before your eyes, peradventure you shall be happy. Oh ve believers ! defire not the knowledge of all things, you will afflict your felves; be not curious to know at what time the Alcoran was fent from Heaven, God pardoneth your former curiofity; your Predeceffours were alike curious, and in the number of unbelievers. God hath commanded nothing * These are touching * the she Camell, whose car is slit, neither that the Ceremo- which is at liberty in the field, neither concerning the Ewe that hath brought forth feven Lambs, neither the Camell, bians, which of whom have isfued ten Camels, but the wicked invent Mahomet re- blasphemies against his divine Majestie, and are unwise ; When it was faid to them come, and observe what God hath taught his Prophet, they replyed, it fufficed them to follow what their fathers had observed, notwithstanding their fathers were ignorant and erroneous. Oh ye believers ! be careful of your felves, fuch as be in errour shall not hurt you ; if you follow the right way, all of you shall one day be affembled before God, who shall discover all your works, and reward you according to your merits. Oh ye believers ! make your Testament, when your death approacheth, and take two witneffes of your own Religion, that are honeft men; If you are in a journey, and fickneffe furprize you, you shall take two witnesses, fuch as you shall meet with, to serve your testament, and having prayed, shall deliver to them your will. If you doubt their integrity, caufe them fweare to be faithfull in their testimonies, and not give themselves to be corrupted by your kindred. Conceale not your testimony, lest you be in the number of finners. If you difcover those two witnesses to have erred in their testimonie, substitute two other in their place, although they partake in your fucceffion, and take oath of them to be more veritable in their dispositions, then the two others, otherwife they will offend God, and be numbred with the unjust. It is better to speak Truth, then to be in fear, lest your falshood be detected ; fear God, and hearken to his Commandments, he guideth not them that difobey him. He shall one day assemble his Prophets and Apostles, and

Chap. 5. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

and fay unto them, what did you answer, being questioned concerning my unity? they shall reply, Lord, we are ignorant, thou alone knoweft all things. He shall fay to Jefus. Oh Jefus, Sonne of Mary, remember thou my grace towards thee. and thy mother, I ftrengthned thee with the Holy Ghoft: Thou spakest in thy Cradle, as a man of forty or fifty yeares, thee did I instruct in Scripture and knowledge, the Old Teftament, and the Gospel; Thou didst forme of earth the figure of a Bird, didft breath upon it, and it did flie, thou didft cure the borne-blinde, and the leprous, didft revive the dead, I delivered thee from the Jewes, when thou didft preach to them my Commandments, and wroughteft- miracles, which the wicked affirmed to be magick, and inchantment. Remember, how thou didft command thy Apoftles to believe in me, and obey my Prophet, and how they faid, we believe in one fole God, be thou witneffe that we entirely refign our felves to the will of God. Remember * thou, * O Mathat the Apoltles faid, Oh Jefus, Sonne of Mary, can thy Lord homet. fend us from Heaven a Table covered with meats to fatisfie us? Jesus answered them, Fear God, if you believe in his Law; they faid, we have an appetite, and defire to eat of the food of Heaven, for the repose of our hearts, and to know if thou speakest the truth, of which we shall be witnesses. Then faid he, Oh God my Lord, caufe to defcend upon us from Heaven a Table covered with meat, this day shall be celebrated by us and them that shall succeed, this shall be a sign of thy omnipotency; enrich us with thy grace, thou posseffelt all treasure. God faid to him, I will cause to descend from Heaven the food which thou defireft, and whofoever shall be impious, shall be punished with torments, that no man vet hath fuffered. He shall say at the day of Judgment, oh Jefus, Sonne of Mary! didft thou enjoyne the people to worthip thee, and thy mother, as two Gods ? Jefus thall answer, prayfed be thy name; I will take heed of fpeaking what is not, thou knowest if I have faid it, thou art omniscient, thou knoweft what is in my foul, and I have no knowledge of what is in thee; I delivered nothing but what thou didft command me

TATAL TALEN TA

75

to

to fpeak : to wit, Worship God your Lord, and mine, I am witneffe from the time that I was in the world, untill thoudidft cause me to dye; thou didft observe the deportments of the people, thou feeft all; if thou chastifest men, they are thy Creatures ; if thou doft pardon them , thou art omnipotent and wife. Then thall God fay, this day thall good works be profitable to the righteous, they shall enter into Paradife, wherein flow many rivers, there shall they dwell eternally, with my grace, in exceeding great felicitie; the Kingdome of Heaven, of Earth is Gods, he is Omnipotent.

CHAP. VI.

The Chapter of Gratifications, containing an bundred sixtie and fifteen verses, Written at Medina.

Gelaldin justifieth this Chapmals.

76

See Gelaldin.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull : Prayle be I to God the Creator of Heaven, of Earth, of darkneffe, ter of Ani- and of light; fuch as believe not in their Lord are in errour. He it is that created you of the dust of the Earth, and ap-See Gelaldin, pointed a prefixed time for your death, and resurrection; neverthelesse you doubt, he is God in Heaven and in Earth, he understandeth the fecrets of your hearts, and whatfoever you make manifest; he knoweth the good and evill that you commit, that his Commandments have been taught the Inhabitants of Mecca, and that they have abjured them ; they opposed the revealed Truth, but shall be chastifed for their contempt. They confider not how much people we have deftroyed, in past ages; we gave them places to dwell in, more ftrong and spacious then those which you inhabit, fent them about of raine, caufed fountaines to flow in the places of their habitation ; after this did we extirpate them, by realon of their finnes, and established in their place a new people. We have fent to thee the Scripture, written in Vellam, the unbelievers have handled it with their hands, yet fay, it is evident forcerie and inchantment, that they will not believe therein,

Chap. 6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

77

therein, unless they fee an Angel descend to confirm it. Should we have fent an Angel, they had perifhed by his prefence unlefs we had fent him under the Figure of a man, like unto them, and cloathed as they are. They derided the Prophets, and Apoftles, thy Predeceffors; derifion is fallen upon fuch as contemned them. Say to them, go through the world, and confider the end of them that abjure the Law of God; fay to them, to whom appertaineth whatfoever is in heaven and earth? it is Gods. He will imploy his mercy to fave you ; doubtlefs he will affemble all of you at the day of Judgement. Neverthelefs Infidels believe not in his Unity; they confider not, that what foever moveth by night, and by day, and whatfoever is in the world, belongeth to his Divine Majefty, who understandeth and knoweth all things. Say to them, require you other protection then that of God the Omnipotent, Creator of heaven and earth, who nourifheth all things, is nourifhed by none? Say to them, I have received a command to embrace the Law of Salvation. Be not ye in number of unbelievers ; I fear to difob ey my Lord, and fear the torments prepared for the wicked at the day of Judgement; he that shall deliver himself, shall enjoy the grace of God, which is fupream felicity : If God wil punish you, none shal deliver you from his punishment; if his Will is to do good to you, he is Omnipotent, always victorious, and hath all power over his Creatures; he is most wife and Omniscient. Say to them, What better teftimony is there in the world then that of God? Say to them, He shall testifie between you and me, to whom he hath infpired the Alcoran to inftruct you : VVill any among you that shall learn it, fay there is any other God, but God; I will not fay fo; there is but one God, and I am innocent from the fin you commit, in affociating him with a companion equal to him; many of them that understand the written Law, have knowledge of the truth of the Alcoran ; their children alfo know it, but fuch as forfake their own fouls, will not believe in God. VVho more unjuft, then he that blafphemeth against God and his Commandments? Certainly the wicked shall be miserable; I will assemble all of them, and fay, where are the gods which you did affociate with God? They shall have

have none other excuse, but to fay, by God, Lod, we were of the number of Idolaters. Confider how they wll lie, and difavow their blasphemies : some there be among them that hearken to thee, we have hardened their heart, they will not learn the Alcoran, because their ears are stopped. When they shall hear related all the miracles of the world, and shall fee them with their eyes, they will not believe intill they have disputed against thee. The wicked fay the Alcoan is but alie. and Fable of Antiquity; they forbid the people to believe it, and contemne it; certainly they deftroy their fouls, and know it not; thou shalt fee when they shall be detained in the fire of hell, they will fay, would to God I mght return into the world, I would obey the Commandments of his divine Ma. jestie, and be in the number of true believers. They knew the truth, but concealed it ; should they returne nto the world. they would return to their impiety, they are lists. They affirm, there is none other life then that of the world, neither any refurrection ; when they shall be before God, they shall acknowledge their errors, he shall cause them to feel the chastisements due to their blasphemies. Such as believe not in the refurrection, are wretched men, they shall be afflicted for their fins at the hour when ever death shall surprize them; they shall bear on their back the burthen of their crimes, and avouch the life of this world to be but deceit and vanity, and the life of the other to be full of felicity for the righteous; severtheless the O Mahomet, wicked are not converted. I know thou wilt be incenfed againft fuch as shall fay, they defire to obey the, and shall renounce thy Doctrin; they that contemn the Commandments of God are impious, they have belied the Prothets thy Predeceffors; the Prophets endured their lies, and vere patient, untill we destroyed them; God declineth not what he hath promised. Thou knowest what the Prophets foreold : if men abandon thee, canst thou covet to continue on earth (toinftruct them) and to be in heaven at the fam time, to caule prodigies appear (testimonies of thy mission,' Had it fo plea-See Gelaldin. fed God, he had brought them all into the right way, nor had they been in the number of the ignorant. Certanly he heareth

Chap. 6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the prayers of the righteous, that hearken to his word ; he will give refurrection to the dead, and affemble them to receive recompence according to their merits. They have faid, we believe not in the Prophet, if he fhew not to us fome miracle from his Lord fay unto them, God hath fhewed you many miracles, but most of you do not understand them; the beasts that walk upon the Earth, and the birds that flie in the Aire, are in the number of his creatures: VV e have not omitted to write any thing that is written in the Book kept in heaven ; all men shall one day appear before God, fuch as shall not have believed in his Law, shall be deaf and dumb, and inhabit darknes: God milleadeth whom it pleafeth him, and guideth in the right way whom he feeth good. Say unto them, have you felt the punishment of God? Have you had knowledge of the day of Judgement? VVill you invoke any but God, if you be good men? If you implore him, he will deliver you from the evils that you fear ;and if it please him, you shall abandon the Idols, which with unbelievers you adore. We fent our Prophets to them that were before you, when they contemned them, we fent afflictionsto procure their conversion, which had not been done without the miferies that we brought upon them. Neverthelefs their heart is hardned, the devill caufed them to finde difobedience more advantageous, and they forgat what was taught them. When we opened the gate of happinefs, they exceedingly rejoyced, and were ingratefull; but, when they thought leaft of it, they were chaftifed, became desperate, and were extirpated for the great glory of God ; Lord of the Universs, say unto them, if God rendred you deaf, blinde, and ignorant, what other god then God shall reftore your fight, hearing, and knowledg? Confider how I manifest my Unity; nevertheless they will not believe it : fay unto them, have you had a fense of the scourge of God secretly and publikely ? Hath God condemned any but the wicked? He fent not the Prophets and Apostles, but to proclaim the felicity of Paradife, and preach the torments of hell : He that shall believe, and do good works, shal be exempt from fear at the day of Judgment, and unbelievers shal be punished, because of their disobedience. Say

O Mahomet.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.6,

The poor.

374 4 ST4 4 ST4

80

See Gelaldin.

13 115

Say unto them, I told you not that I had in my power all the treasures of God, neither that I had knowledge of the future. and paft ; nor do affirm, that I am an Angel, I only act what hath been infpired into me; is the blinde like to him that feeth clearly? Confider what I fay. I preach not the day of Judge. ment but to fuch as apprehend it, they shall finde none other then God to protect them; peradventure they will fear his divine Majefty. Moleft not them that pray unto God evening and morning, and that defire to fee his face, thou shalt not be accomptable for their actions, neither shall they give accompt of what thou doft ; if thou difturbest them, thou shalt bein the number of the unjust. VVe have proved men by one another : they have faid among them with derifion, behold those among us, to whom God hath given his graces: doth God not know them that acknowledg his benefits? Salute with affection true believers, when they come to visite thee ; God loveth dvility, clemency, and humanity, and will pardon him among you, that shall offend him through ignorance, that shall repent of his error, and do good works, he is benigne and mercifull. Thus do I recount the graces of God, and difcover the way of finners; Say unto them, I am forbidden to worthip what you adore, left I should go aftray from the right way. I have received from God a light, which yee have contemned ; Godis Judge of all things, judgeth with truth, and is most just in his Judgements. I cannot forthwith give you a fight of the torments of hell, neither of the chastifement of God, which you with so much instance require ; this dependeth on his divine Majesty; had I this power, our difference would be soon at a period. God knoweth the unjust, in his power are the keyes of the future, none knoweth but he ; he knoweth whatfoever is in the earth, and the fea, the number of the leaves that fall from the trees, and of the atomes that are in the darkness of the earth. There is nothing dry or green in the earth, that is not written in the Book of Light. He it is that caufeth you to die in the night, and knoweth the good and evill that you have committed by day; he shall cause you to rife again at the day nominated ; you all shall appear before him, he shall give you know-

Chap. 6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

knowledge of your fins, and shall chaftife you after your demerits; he is alwayes victorious and omnipotent. He shall fend to obferve your actions ; and when you shall arrive at the hour of death, he shall difpatch his messengers, who shall not faile to execute his commands; the people shall repair to him, as to their Lord, he is extreamly exact to keep account. Say unto them, he shall deliver you from the darkness of the fea. and of the earth ; when you shall in fecret, or publikely invoke him; if he deliver me, I will return him thanks for his grace : Say unto them, God can deliver you from darkness, and all other afflictions ; yet fay you, he hath a companion affociate with him ; Say unto them, we can fend punifhments from above, and from below; he is able to difunite, and caufe you to taft a thousand miseries, which you shall bring upon each other. Confider how I shew them the effects of my Omnipotencie; they will peradventure comprehend my fayings : Those of thy Nations have rejected them, notwithstanding they are most true : fay unto them, I am not your Tutor ; every thing hath its time, you shall hereafter understand the truth. Depart from them that fpeak of our Law with contempt, untill he fpeak otherwife; the devill would induce thee to forget my Commandments, and caufe thee to fit down with the unjust : the true believers shall not regard their discourse, neither cease to admonish them, peradventure they will be converted. Depart thou from fuch as fport and mock at their Religion, the wealth of this world rendreth them haughty; declare, they shall be feverely punished ; none is able to protect or hear them but God, no ranfom is able to deliver them; they shall finde the good and evill that they have committed, shall drink a liquor extreamly cold, and endure grievous torments, because of their impiety; fay unto them, shall we worship instead of God, what can neither benefit nor hurt us ? Shall we return on our Reps to our fins, having been guided by his divine Majefty, like unto him whom the devill hath feduced ? He left him difmaid, and aftonished in the midst of his voyage, having forfaken his companions, that thewed him the right way. God guideth men to the way of falvation. I will wholly refign my felf to the pleasure

81

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.6.

is Abrahams furname, and that his father was called Terec Azer.

10 an

pleasure of his divine Majefty : Make your prayers at the time appointed, and pay tithes, you all shall appear before God at the day of Judgment, to give account of your actions. Heit is that created heaven and earth. Remember thou the day wherein he faid, Be thou, and every thing was : he shall reign, and at that day command an Angel to found the Trumpet, to call to univerfall Judgment, the living and the dead. He knowerh the future, prefent, and paft; is most wife, and nothing is hidden from him. Remember thou that Abraham faid to his fa-* The Arabi- ther * Azer, wherefore do you worthip Idols inftead of God? ans lay, Ager I perceive your family to be in manifest error ; God shewed to Abraham the Kingdom of heaven, and of earth, and he was in the number of the bleffed. Abraham feeing by night a most clear Star, asked in himfelf, if it were his God ; no, replyed he to himfelf, my God doth not rife and fet ; feeing the Moone to arife, he demanded if that were his God ; no, faid he to himfelf, certainly God will not guide me to be of them that are erronious: when he beheld the Sun rifing, he likewife asked, if that were his God; and when he faw it fet, he faid to his people, I am innocent of the fin which you commit, in adoring many gods, I wholly commend my felf to his Will, who created heaven and earth, and profess his Unity : His people would difpute against him; he faid to them, will you difpute against me concerning the Unity of God, who hath instructed me in the right way ? I fear not your Idols, my God doth what pleafeth him, and knoweth all things, will you not confider it? How shall I fear your Idols, since you are not afraid to affirm, that God hash companions equall to him, which you have no reason to adore? If you understand the truth, who is more true, you, or I? Such as believe in God, and thall not cover the truth with a lie, shall be delivered from the torments of hell, and conducted into the way of falvation. We instructed Abraham with reasons to dispute against his people ; I give knowledge to whom I fee good, and exalt whom I pleafe. Thy Lord, O Abraham, feeth and knoweth all things ; we gave to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob his fons; we before instructed Noah and his lineage in the right way ; we taught it David, Salomon, 706,

82

Stor a Sta

Chap.6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

tob, toleph, Moles, Aaron, Zachary, St. John, Jefus the Son of Mary, Eliab, Ifmael, Josbuah, Jonas, & Lot: we gratified them above the refidue of the world ; we elected their Fathers, Brothers, and Progenie, and guided them in the right way : Thus God guideth whom he feeth good : Men before adored Idols, and believed there were many gods, neverthelefs he blotted out their paft errors, when they were converted. If they flander them that have knowledge of the Scriptures, and of Prophefies, will give power over their perfons to men that shall miflead them with the Infidels : Those whom God guideth, believe in the Unity of his divine Majefty. Say unto them, I require no reward for having preached to you the Alcoran, he teacheth to all the world the Commandments of God. The Jews have not honoured him as was their duty; they underftood not his graces, when they faid, he hath inftructed the people in nothing that is profitable. Say unto them, who gave the Tables unto Mofes? who inftructed him in the Scripture, which they have written in Vellam, to guide and illuminate the people? They have published what pleased them, and have concealed much; they shall learn in the Alcoran what they know not, and what their fathers understood not : Say to them, God after that left them obstinate, and amazed in their errors. VVe have fent from heaven that Book full of bleffednefs, it confirmeth the Scriptures that were fent before it, to the end thou maist instruct the people of Mecca, them that inhabit about that City, and the reft of the world. Such as shall believe in the day of Judgment, believe in what is written in this Book, and fhall pray to God to deliver them from the torments of hell : VVho is more unjust, then he that blasphemeth against God? that faith, God hath inspired into him what he uttereth, notwithstanding he hath received no inspiration from his Divine Majeftie. VVho more unjuft, then he that faith, he will caufe to difcend from heaven, things like to those which God inspired into his Prophets? VVhen thou thalt fee the wicked at the point of death, and the Angels ftretching forth their hands to take their fouls : fay unto them, This day the torments of hell shall be the punishment of the blasphemies that yee have G 2 vomited

83

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 6.

vomited against God, and your disobedience to his Commandments. God shall fay to them, you are come before us without riches, and children, naked as you were created, and have caft behind your backs the inftructions which we gave you ; I fee not with you the Idols you adored; you are feparated from each other, and have forfaken them, that you effemed on earth, fhould have been your protectors; God feparateth the good from the wicked, as the corn from the car, and the ftone from the Date : He caufeth the living to fpring from the dead, and the dead from the living : behold the works of God; why will you depart from his Law? He divideth the morning from darknefs, hath established night for the repose of men, and the Sun and Moone to compute ages, years, moneths, and feafons; fuch are the effects of Gods power, he is Omnipotent, and knoweth all things. He it is that created the Stars to give you light, and guide you in the obfcurity of the earth and fea: he gratifieth with his grace, fuch as learn his Commandments. He it is that created you of one fole perfon, that gave you the earth to inhabit, and preferveth you in the world, he hath conferred his grace on fuch as have obeyed his Commandments, hath made raine to defcend from heaven, and caufed the earth to produce divers forts of herbs, green things, and corn ; he hath cauled the Date to fpring forth, and the Palme tree, with gardens enriched with Grapes, Olives, Pomgranets, and many fruits alike, and different. Confider how fruits encrease and multiply ; this ferveth for inftruction of Gods Unity, to them that have his fear before their eyes : the Infidels have adored the devill, with God, who created them, and faid, that God hath fons and daughters, fuch is their ignorance; praifed be God, he created heaven and earth ; how shall he have a fon, who hath no wives ? He created and knoweth all things, he is your God, and your Lord, there is none other God but he; worthip him, he conferveth all things, he is feen of no man, and beholdeth all things, he is benigne, and nothing is concealed from him. O people, there is come to you a light from your Lord to conduct you, he that feeth clearly fhall receive advantage ; and he that shall be blinde, shall continue his mifery ;

84

10 Alx

GANGANY AND IVANY

Chap. 6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

85

I am your Tutor, neither observe I what you do ; Thus do I declare the mysteries of my Law, the wicked shall in the end confesse that thou hast taught my Commandments to fuch as inclined to learne them. Act what thy Lord hath infpired into thee, there is no God but he; feparate thy felfe from the fociety of unbelievers; Had it pleafed God, they had not difobeyed his Commandments, thou art not their Tutor, injure not them that worfhip Idols, they injure God through malice and ignorance, every man effeemeth what he hath done, and pleafeth himfelfe in his opinion. Certainly they shall all be affembled at the day of Judgment, and be chastifed after their demerits. They have fworne by the name of God to fight for the faith, if fome miracle appeare to inftruct them ; miracles proceed from God, they know not the time wherein he will make them to appear; although they should see miracles, they will not be converted. I will overturne their hearts, blinde their fight, and they shall never be converted, I will leave them in their errors, and difobedience, with contempt and confusion. If we should fend to them Angels, fhould the dead come and speak to them, and should we bring about them all the witneffes of the world, they shall not believe if it fo pleafe God, most of them are ignorant; we have allotted an enemy to each Prophet; as the Devill is an enemy to men, he tempteth them with the ornament of his discourses, to render them proud. If it had pleased thy Lord, they had wanted that power; depart thou from unbelievers, and their blasphemies, and incline not to their will they shall finde no advantage in their impiety. Doe you defire another Tudge then God, who hath fent to you the Book that diftinguisheth good from evill? Such as know the Scripture are not ignorant that this Book was fent from God, and containeth the Truth; Be not thou in the number of them that doubt, the word of God exactly cometh to paffe, no man can hinder its effects, God understandeth and knoweth all things. If thou incline to the will of most men, they will feduce thee, they believe but their own opinions, and are lyars. Thy Lord knoweth them that erre, and fuch as follow the

G 3

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.6.

STAR THATTANTANTANTA

the right way. Eat what shall be flain in pronouncing the name of God; they taught you what was forbidden, eate not, unleffe conftrained through neceffity : Many erre from the right way, and purfue their own appetites, and ignorance, God beholdeth them that offend him ; flie publique and fecret finne, finners shall be feverely chastifed; eat not of what is not let-bloud in pronouncing the name of God. left you difobey his Commandments. The Devils will tempt them that ferve them, they will perfwade unbelievers to difpute against you; if you incline to them, you shall be Infidels as they are. I raifed again many of them that were dead through their finnes, I converted them, and gave them a light to illuminate them, in the darkneffe, wherein Infidels shall dwell for ever, because they delight in their disobedience : Thus will I place in every City, leaders, that shall seduce the wicked, and themfelves, but shall not understand it : When they beheld any fign (of the truth of the Prophet) appeare; they faid, they will not believe in him, upleffe he were accompanied with the vertues, and merits of other Prophets; God maketh choyce of them on whom he conferreth the grace of prophecie, he shall chastife such as discourse in that manner, with ignominie in this world, and they shall feel in the other great torments, by reason of their impietie. God rejoyceth the hearts of them that he inclineth to lead into the way of Salvation, and punisheth them that digreffe from the right path; his wrath fell upon the Infidels fo foon as he afcended into Heaven. The way thou followest is the right way ; we have recompensed such as have understanding to profit, they shall be happy, God shall be their protector, because of their good works. Remember thou the day wherein we shall affemble the people, and when it shall be faid to the Devils, Oh ye bands of Devils ! wherefore are you rifen against men ? The chiefe of those men that shall have obeyed them, shall anfwer, Lord, fuffer us to be revenged on each other, and let See Gelaldin. each command in his turne ; Oh Lord , teach us the prefixed time that thou haft appointed to our miferies : The Angels shall answer, Hell shall be your habitation, you shall there remaine

13 117

86

Car Str

Chap.6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

87

maine eternally, and fo long as it shall pleafe God : Your Lord is most wife, and omniscient; the wicked shall obey the wicked, because of their finnes. Oh ye Bands of men and Devils ! have you not feen my Prophets, and Apoftles of your owne Nation, who have given you to fee Miracles ? who have preached my Commandments, and the day of Judgment ? They shall answer, they have seen the Prophets, and Apostles, but that the life of the world rendred them proud, and shall confesse themselves to have been wicked. God shall not deftroy Mecca for the injustice therein committed, untill he hath fent an Apostle to the Inhabitants, to teach them his Commandments; every one shall be punished according to his works, thy Lord knoweth whatfoever is done in the world. He hath no need of his people, he is altogether mercifull, he can destroy you if it please him, and establish in your place another people, as he hath established you in the place of your predeceffors. If you be not converted, you Thall not escape the torments of Hell; Say unto them, do as you understand him, I will comport my felfe, as I shall apprehend him ; you shall in the end understand who shall have the good part in the other world. None shall give fuccour to Idolaters, they offer to their Idols of the fruits that God hath created, and fay, (following their thoughts) behold our God ! Such facrifices afcend not to God, their Idolatrie hath induced many of them to facrifice their own Children to their falle Gods, they have destroyed them, and were enfnared in their Religion ; which they had not done, had it fo pleafed God ; Separate thy felfe from them and their blafphemies, they have faid, that the fruits of the earth, and the benefits of God were uncleane, and would not eat of them. God giveth food but to those whom he is pleased to gratifie. They have prohibited to ride on fome beafts that God gave them, and flew them for food, without pronouncing the name of his divine Majeftie, which is a great finne, but they shall be punished according to their demerits. They have faid it is lawfull for men to eat what is in the bellies of beafts, and that it is unlawfull for their wives, and when they had flain them,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.6.

them, they did eat for company; but God shall chastife them for their discourse, he is most wife, and Omniscient. Such as flay their Children are wretched men, fooles and ignorant. they have forbidden to eat the good things that God hath given them, to blafpheme and are gone aftray from the right way. It is God who created the gardens full of fruits, and hearbs of divers colours, with Olives, Pomegranets, and other fruits alike, and different : Eat of the fruits of the Earth : Pay the dues appointed when you reap, and difpenfe not your substance lightly; God abhorreth prodigals : Of clean beafts, fome there be that have borne the burden, and others that are young, and have not borne it ; Eat what God hath given you, and follow not the foot steps of the Devill, he is your open enemie. Say unto them, behold eight paire of beafts, viz. two paire of Weathers, two of Ewes, two of Camels, and two paire of Cowes, of which is it permitted, or forbidden you to eat? Is it lawfull for you to eat the males, or females? Which are those that God hath forbidden you? Who is more wicked then he that blafphemeth, to feduce from the right way the people that are ignorant ? God guideth not the unjust; Say unto them, In all that God hath infpired into me, I finde not that it is prohibited to eat of those beasts, except they die of some disease, and if they be flain without pronouncing the name of God. The flesh of Swine is forbidden you ; if you eat of it, you incurre the wrath of God; If any one be in necessity, and eateth without defigne to provoke God , he shall finde God gracious and mercifull. We forbad the Jews to eat of beafts whole feet were cloven, and of the fat of bealts, except of fuch as is interlarded in the flefh, the entrails and the bones. We enjoyned this prohibition by reafon of their finne, and we are veritable in our words, and exact in our promises : If they sander thee, Say unto them, the mercy of God is great, and the wicked shall not avoid the punishment of their crimes. The Infidels have faid, had it pleased God, we had not been unbelievers, neither our fathers also, and nothing had been prohibited. Their predeceffors spake as they, untill they felt the

See Kitab el tenoir.

119 115

Chap. 6. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the punishment of their fins. Say unto them, Are you asfured that God is content with your proceeding ? Tell us, whence arifeth this affurance? You, in this, follow but your opinion, you are but lyers, Gods providence is great ; he had guided all of you in the right way, had it fo pleased him. Cause them come before us, who faid, It is unlawful to eat of clean Beafts ; were they present when God made the Prohibition? If they fay they were prefent, fay not as they, Neither follow the appetites of blaiphemous Infidels, who believe not in the end of the word, and worship many Gods. Sav unto them, Come, I will instruct you what is by God forbidden to be eaten ; there is but one fole God, fay not, he hath companions equal to him; do good to your Father and Mother, and flay not your children, in fear of dying with famine, God shall beftow on you and them also, what shall be neceffary ; commit not whoredom, either privately or publikely ; kill no man, if juffice do not command it : God requireth you to observe what is above (ordained) perhapsyou will confider. it. Take not the goods of Orphans, but to fuccor them, until they be of age, of difcretion, measure, and weight, with good weight, and just measure. I enjoyn no man any thing, but what is in his power to perform. Judg with equity, although it be against you parents and allies ; fatisfie what is above (ordained) God commandeth it, peradventure you will confider it; it is the right way, which you ought to purfue : go not alide, God commandeth it, perhaps you will fear his divine Majefty. We taught Moses our Commandments ; it is a peculiar grace to inftruct the righteous, and guide the people in the right way'; it may be you will believe in the Refurrection. O ye Inhabitants of Mecca!We have fent to you the Alcoran, fullof benediction, perform what is ordained, flie impiety, your fins shall be forgiven you ; say not, That God hath sent his Law to the two Nations that preceded you ; and that it is hid from The Jews you. Will you fay, That had God taught you the Scripture, and Chrifti. you had been more obedient then they ? Certainly he hath taught you his Commandments, it is a special grace to guide you into the right way : Who is more unjust, then he that blafphemeth

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.6.

NEAR THAT THAT IS A THAT I

90

phemeth against his divine Majesty, and departeth from his Commandments? Such men shall be rigorously chastifed in the fire of Hell. Will they expect that the Angels came to visit them ? That God should punish, and declare to them his miracles? Will they look for the day of judgment, wherein repentance and conversion shall be unprofitable? Such as believe in one part of the Law, and reject the other, have no foundation in their belief. God shall make them to know their errors, and shall punish them after the enormity of their crimes : He that shall do a good work, shall have a reward tenfold. Whofoever acteth any wickednefs, fhall be punished in like maner: neither shall he receive injustice. Say unto them, God hath guided me in the way of his Law ; fuch as profeis the Law of Abraham, profeis the unity of God : Abraham was not in the number of unbelievers : my pravers, my vows. my life, my death shall be confectated to God; he hath no companion, I wholly commend my felf to his divine pleasure. Say unto them, Do I defire to worship other God, then the Lord of the Universe? The good that a man doth, is for himfelf, and the evil that he committeth is against him; you all fhall one day appear in the prefence of God, he shall refolve your difputes. He it is that prolongeth your posterity, and exalteth fome above others, to prove you; your Lord is exact to chaftife the wicked, and gracious and merciful to the righteous.

CHAP.

Chap.7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. VII.

The Chapter of Prisons, containing an bundred and fix Verses, written at Mecca.

Reader, Mahomet entituled this Chapter, the Chapter of Aaraf, which is a place between Paradise and Hell, where men suffer no punishment. See Mokari, Bedaoi, and Kitab el tenoir.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful : I am God, the I most wife, the most true. This Book was fent to thee, to preach to the True-believers ; doubt not the Contents of it. Say unto them, Believe in what was fent to you from your Lord, and worthip none other God but him ; few there be among you that confider it. How many Cities have we deftroyed ? How often have we inflicted our punifhment on their Inhabitants by day, and by night, when they repofed? Neverthelefs, they faid nothing, but that they were greatly We will examine the people to whom we have afflicted. fent our Prophets, and require account of what they have learned, and of what they have done. VVe will examine our Prophets, and demand an account of fuch as have followed, and obeyed them. I will caufe them to remember what they have done worthy of reward. We forlook not our Prophets when they preached to them the Truth ; their actions shall be weighed in the ballance of equity; the ballance of the bleffed shall be ponderous with good works ; and they whose ballance shall be light of good works, shall be damned, for having contemned our Commandments. VVe gave you your habitation on the Earth, and there bestowed on you what was necessary for your nourishment; but few of you are grateful to me. VVe created and formed you, and commanded the Angels to worthip

The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

(hap.7.

worthip Adam, which they performed, except the devill, to whom we faid, what hindred thee to worfhip Adam, when we commanded thee ? He answered, I am better then he, thou haft created me of fire, and haft created man of the mire of the earth ; then faid we to him, depart out of Paradife, it is not the habitation of the proud, thou shalt be in the number of them that shall be laden with ignominy; the devill answered, let me alone untill the day of the Refurrection of the dead ; wherefore haft thou tempted me ? I will feduce men from the right way, I will hinder them on the right hand, and on the left, and on all fides, to believe in thy Law, and the greatest part of them shall be ungratefull : we faid to him, be gone out of Paradife. thou shalt be abhorred of all the world, and deprived of my mercy : I will fill hell with fuch as shall follow thee. O Adam! dwell with thy wife in Paradife, and there eat of whatfoever shall pleafe thee, but approach not that Tree, left thou with thy wife be in the number of the unjust. The devill tempted them, and dispoyled their bodies of their vestments of grace: he faid to them, God hath forbidden you to eat of the fruit of that Tree, that you may not be Angels, or eternall ; he fwore that he fpake the truth, and filled them with ignominy, becaufe of their pride. They knew their nakedness, having eaten of that fruit, and to cover themfelves, took leaves of Paradife; their Lord called them, and faid, Did I not forbid you to approach that Tree? I told both of you, that the devill was your open enemy; they faid, Lord, we have offended thee, and injured our fouls, if thou doth not compassionate us, we shall be in the number of the damned : he said, Depart out of Paradise, ye enemies of each other, you shall inhabit the earth, untill the time appointed; you shall there live and die, and go from the earth to the day of Judgment. O ye children of Adam! we bestowed on you vestment of graces, signes of our Omnipotency, paradventure you will bear it in minde. O ye children of Adam! beware lest the devill seduce you, as he did your Father and Mother, when he cauled their departure out of Paradife; he dispoyled them of their garments, and made them know their deformity; he shall appear to you, with such as follow

92

119 915

STER STE

Chap. 7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

follow them, and you shall fee him, when you least think thereon; he protecteth the Infidels : when they commit any fault, they fay, we follow the Law of our Fathers, God hath fo commanded us. Say unto them, Doth God command you to offend him? Will you speak of God what you know not? he hath appointed you to do Justice, to worthip him and embrace his Law. Many thall rife again, as you have feen them ; fome fhall be in the right way, others fhall be damned, because they have obeyed the devill, and believed they were in the right way. O children of Adam, cloath your felves decently, when you shall repaire to the Temples ; eat and drink what pleafeth you; be not prodigall. God abhorreth them that foend their wealth unprofitably : Say unto them, who made the prohibition of decent cloathing, when men go to the Temple to worthip God? Who hath forbidden to cat of the goods that God hath given you? This is lawfull for true believers. God shall to expound his Commandments at the day of Judgement. Say unto them, God hath forbidden you whoredome, private and publike, difobedience, injuffice, defire to adore any other god but him, and to fpeak of his divine Majefty what you know not; every one hath his predefination, and none can advance or retard it. O ye children of Adam, did not the Prophets teach you my Commandments? Such as fliall fear me, and do good works, shall be delivered from affiction at the day of Judgment; and they that difobey my Command ments, that arise against the Faith, shall dwell eternally in hell fire. Who is more unjust, then he that blasphemeth againft God and his Commandments? Such thall be punished conformably to the Scripture. When the Angels of death shall caufe them to die, they shall fay, where be the Idols that you adored in ftead of God ? they fhall answer, that those false gods have forfaken them, and fhall acknowledge their Idolatry; but God shall fay to them, enter into hell with the men and devils that are condemned ; they shall execrate the Sects that preceded them ; and being affembled , they fhall fay, Lord, judge them, they feduced us, augment their miferies in hell. God shall fay, we will add to their, and your pains, but vou 93

the runner.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

you understand it not. They shall fay among themselves, we are not the cause that you were unbelievers, you were not such to please us, suffer with us the torments that you have merited. I will not open the gate of heaven to fuch as difobey my Commandments, untill a Camell pass through the eye of a needle, fo will I chaftife finners, hell shall be their bed, fire shall be their covering ; and fuch as shall have done good works, according to their power, shall dwell eternally in Paradife. I will remove deceit far from their heart, rivers shall flowin their fields with delights ; and they shall fay, prayfed be God. who hath brought us hither, otherwife we had been in the number of the erronious: Certainly the Prophets, Gods Meffengers. taught us the truth, in faying, the observance of the Commandments of his divine Majefty thould render us heires of Paradife. Such as that be faved, that tell the damned, that they have found the grace foretold them of God, and we will demand of them. if they have not met with the punishment that his divine Ma-Aorsbelieve, jefty did denounce against them; they shall fay aloud, Yes, and that the curfe of God is upon the unjust, that milled men from his Law, and they shall be eternally in the number of the miserable. * Between the bleffed and the damned, there is a feparation, and a place called Aaraf, or Prifons, wherein are many perfons, who know the bleffed and the damned by their countenances, they call to the bleffed and falute them, yet they go not into Paradife, notwithstanding their great defire to enter. VVhen they turn their eyes towards the damned ; Lord, (fay they) involve us not in the number of the unjust. Such as are in that place, call to the damned, they know them by their vifages, and fay, to what ferved your riches? and that ye arole against the Faith, and Commandments of God? Behold the faithfull (whom ye contemned) you fwore they fhould be deprived of mercy; God hath spoken to them, and hath faid, enter into Paradife, and fear not, you shall for ever be exempt from affliction; the damned shall cry unto the bleffed, Give us of the water which you drink, and the meats that you eat; they shall answer, The drink and bread of Paradife is prohibited to Infidels, who sported with their faith, that were proud

* The Mabometan Dothat fuch as shall have done asmuch good as evill, and whole ballance shall not declin e. neither on the scale of good works, or of bad, shall dwell in the place called Aaraf, with them that have done neither good nor c. vill; and this place is between hell and Paradife.

18 11

94

NYLANYLANYLANYLANYLANYLANYL

Chap. 7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

of the wealth of the earth, and that fcoffed at the Commandments of God; he hath forgotten them, because they forgot the coming of the day of Judgment, and blasphemed against his precepts. We are come to the inhabitants of Mecca to inftruct them in the Alcoran ; we teach it unto men, to give them knowledge of the right way, and to acquire the mercy of God, if they believe in that Book : Shall they expect to believe untill they know its explication? Its explication shall appear at the day of Judgment; that day, fuch as shall have lived without faith, shall fay, Certainly the Prophets delivered the Truth; Ihall we partake of their prayers, will they intercede for us, untill we return to the world to do better then we have done, and to obey Gods Commandments? But they shall be damned, because of their blasphemies. God is your Lord, he created the heaven, and the earth in fix dayes, and fitteth on his Throne; he caufeth the night incontinently to fucceed the day ; the Sun, the Moone, and the Stars, move at his command, and all the world obeyeth him; praifed be God, Lord of the Universe : Pray to God privately and publikely, he abhorrerh the unjust : pollute not the earth, after the ordure is removed; pray to God to avoid his chastifements, and obtain his mercy, which is for the righteous. It is God that fendeth the windes to diffipate the rain, when they carry the clouds; we drive them charged with water, into places drie, dead, and ruined, and caufe the rain to fall there, that they may produce herbs and fruits; fo will we caufe the dead to arife again; perhaps men will remember the good land bringeth forth good fruits, through the permiffion of its Lord, and the bad land produceth only darnell. I teach my Commandments to fuch as are not ingratefull : Certainly we fent Nonb to inftruct men ; he faid, O ye people, worship one God alone; if you adore other then him, you shall be punished at the day of Judgment; their Rulers answered, O Noah ! thou art in a great error ; He replyed, I err not, I am a meffenger fent from God to preach his Will; I give you most wholfome advise, God hath taught me what you know not. Is it strange to you, that he hath sent you his Commandment by the tongue of a man like your felves, to declare 95

A准止却从很大的人的人的众的女孩子们的人的人的人的女孩女孩女孩女孩女孩女孩女孩女孩子的女孩子的女孩子

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

declare to you the torments of Hell ? Fear God, he will par. don your finnes ; But they belyed Noah , we faved him in the Arke, with his retinue, and drowned those that contem. ned our Law, they were altogether blinde. We fent Hodto his brother And, and to his retinue, he fad, Oh ve people! worship one God alone, whom will ye adore, or whom feare, but God? The Teachers answered, thou art in an extream ignorance ; we believe thee to be in the number of lvars : he replyed, I am not a lyar, I an a messenger fent from God, to preach his Commandments, I give good and falutary advice, wonder not that God teacheth you his precepts by the tongue of a man, like you, who declareth to you his pleasure. Remember that he left you on Earth after Noah, that he encreafed you in number, force, and power: Call to minde his grace, you shall be happy They answered. are we come to this, to worthip one God abne, and to relinquish what our fathers adored? Shew us the truth, whereof thou doft preach, if thou art true; he faid, the wrath and indignation of God shall fall upon you; will you dispute with us of the names, that you and your fathers imposed on your Idols? God did not enjoyne to worship them, neither have you reason to do it ; expect your punishment, I will expectit with perfeverance. Then did we deliver hin from their malice, and all the true believers that were with him, and deftroyed those Infidels, by reason of their inpiety. We fent Sathe to Temod, and his people; he faid to them, Oh ye people! worship but one God, he shall shew you a miracle in this

* The Turks believe that Salbe, through Gods permiffion metamotphofed a rock into a Camel.

angel.

96

arks * Camel, fuffer it to feed on the Earth, and do to it no harme, left you be chaftifed: Remember, how God left you on the Earth after Aad, he gave you to dwell in the vallies, in the plaines, and mountaines; Remember God, and pollute not the Earth any more. Their Captains who were proud, demanded of the poore, if they believed that Salhe was indeed the Meffenger of God? they anfwered, We believe in his words, and in his doctrine; Then faid thost proud men, we abjure what ye believe, we condemne him, and they flew the Camel of Salhe in derifion, difobeyed the Commandments of God.

Chap.7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

God, and faid, Oh Salhe ! Let us now fee the punifhment that thou didft preach, if thou are of the Prophets ; at the fame time, an Eathquake, with thunder furprized them, and they remained diad as carkaffes in their houfes. Salhe forfooke them, and faid, Oh ye people ! I declared to you the will of God with fidelity, but ye deteft them that affect you, and give you good counfels. Remember thou how Lot fpake to the people, faying, will you daily defile your felves with whore-.dome? and with a filthineffe that was never yet feen in the world by any your Predecessiours ? Will you love men better then women ? will you love fin rather then piety ? They faid, Let us expell Lo and his family from our Citie, for that they wil not contamirate themselves with us, but God delivered him out of their hance, and those of his house, except his wife. who continued with them that were punished : We caufed a raine to fall upor them, that destroyed all of them. Confider the end of the wicked : We fent Chaib to the Country of Madian, he aid, Oh ye people, worthip one God alone, weigh with good weights, measure with good measure, and retaine nothing tom your Neighbour : Poffeffe not the high wayes, to give terrour to the people, neither divert Truebelievers from the Law of God : Remember , that you were but a small handfull of men, and he caused you to multiply : confider the end of the wicked ; If any among you embrace the faith, and others contemne it, have patience, untill God judge your differences, there is no better Judge then he; Their Teachers aid; Oh Chaib, we will banish thee from Madian, thee atd those that are of thy faith, if thou art of our Religion ; he answered, should I not abhorre your Religion, I thould bafpheme against God, who hath delivered me, I will follov it, if it pleafe God, he knoweth all things, I recommend my felfe wholly to the will of his divine Majefty ; Lord judg: our controverfie, thou art the beft Judge of the world. Then faid their Teachers to the people, if you follow Chaib, you are damned ; not long after an Earth-quake, and Thunder furrized them, and in the morning they were found dead in their houses; such as belyed Chaib, found no fafety H

97

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

fafety in their habitations, they were wretched, he abandoned them, and faid, Oh ye people ! I have preached to you the will of God with fidelity; I will no longer afflict my felfe with the malice of the wicked. We inflicted fickneffe and poverty on them that difobeyed the Prophets, whom we fent to the Inhabitants of Madian; peradventure they will be converted. We proved them through difeases and health, and gratified them in many occurrences, yet they faid, our fathers. were afflicted with fickneffe and povertie, we shall be as they, but we chastifed them for their finne, when they least confidered it. Had the Inhabitants of Mecca had our fear before their eyes, and obeyed our Commandments, we had opened to them the bleffing of Heaven and Earth ; we will punish them, because they are impious: Some there be, that shall be, afflicted in the night, when they fleep : and others, that shall be tormented by day, when they fport, and recreate themfelves; they believed God to be a deceiver, and are damned. God guideth into the right way True-believers, and makes them Heire of the Earth, after their parents; had he fo pleafed, he might have destroyed all the world, he might have hardned the hearts of the people, and no man had harkned * To Mecca, to his word. I recount what things befell that * City, many Prophets have been fent to its Inhabitants, and wrought many miracles, yet would they not relinquish their former impietie ; thus have we hardned the hearts of Infidels ; they violated their promises, and we found most of them to be wicked and difobedient. We fent Mofes to Pharaoh, and his people, he to them shewed miracles, which through their malice they contemned, but confider the end of those wicked men; Mofes faid unto Pharaoh, I am a meffenger fent from God, the God of the Universe; when I speak of God, I deliver the Truth; I am come, through his command, to tell thee, thou must difmiffe with me the Children of Ifrael, and no longer detaine them in thy dominions. Pharaob faid, if thou comeft from God, and art true in thy fayings, let us fee fome miracles; then he cast upon the ground his staffe, which was changed into a Serpent, shewed his hand, that appeared exceeding white

98

STE ANT

Chap.7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

white to the eyes of the Spectators. The Doctors of Pharaoh Gelaldin faid, this man is a Magician, he would have us to abandon faith Moles our Country, what is your opinion ? detaine him prifoner, his hand was and his brother, and fend into your Cities, to affemble Ma- browne. gicians. The Magicians of Pharaoh appearing before him, they faid, what shall be our reward, if we shall be victorious? He replyed to them, you shall be well rewarded, and shall be of them that approach my perfon. They faid, oh Mofes ! wilt thou first cast down thy staffe on the ground, or shall we ours? Moles bad them caft down theirs, which they did, enchanting the eyes of the spectators, and terrifying them with an extraordinary enchantment; God infpired Mofes to caft down his Rod, which devoured the flaves of the other, and the Truth appeared above fallhood, and above the vanity of their actions: they were vanquished, to their confusion, for fook their magick, and proftrating themfelves on the earth, uttered thefe words : We believe in the Lord of the Universe, the Lord of Moles. and of Aaron; Pharaoh faid to them, Ye believe in the God of Moles without my permission; this is a deceit, invented by you, to drive the people out of my Dominions; but you shall foone know the punishment that I will lay upon you, I will cut off your feet and hands, and command you to be crucified. They answered, We recommend our felves wholly to the will of God, what loever is thy revenge on us, thou fhalt not hinder us to believe in the miracles that we fee, neither to obey the Commandments of his divine Majefty: Lord give us patience, and to dye in the number of True-believers. Then faid Pharaoh's Doctors, difmiffe Moles, and his people, that they may goe whither they fee good, to pollute the Earth, that they may leave thee in quiet with thy Gods; He faid, I will caufe their Children to be flain, their wives to be abused, and I will inflice upon them a thoufand torments. Moles faid to his people ; Implore fuccors of God with patience, and prayers, the whole Earth is Gods, he giveth it to inherit, to whom he feeth good : the other world is for the righteous. They faid, Oh Mofes ! We, before thy coming, defired the death of our enemies; he re-H 2 plyed,

99.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

plyed, God will not deftroy your enemies, to leave you alone upon the Earth, he fhall behold your actions. We afflicted Pharaob and his Subjects with famine, perhaps unbelievers will confider it. When any happineffe befell them, they faid. they well deferved it, and when they fell into mifery, they affirmed Moles and his people to be the caule of it ; It is God that punished them, but of this most of them were ignorant. They faid unto Moles, ceafe to fhew us thy miracles to inchant us, we will not obey thee : We fent upon them a Deluge, Grafs-hoppers, Lice, Frogs, and Bloud, one after another ; nevertheleffe they were proud, and in the number of the wicked. When our wrath fell upon them, they faid, oh Mofes ! call upon thy Lord , that he give us what to thee he promised, remove his displeasure from us, we will believe thee, and will difmiffe with thee, the Children of Ifrael; When we delivered them from affliction, they fharpned their tongues, murmured, and violated their promifes; we avenged our felves upon them, and drowned them in the Sea, for that they contemned our miracles, and we gave the West and East to the Children of Ifrael, who were humble before us; we gave them our bleffing, our word was accomplifhed upon them, because of their perseverance, and we destroyed the Armies of Pharaob. The Children of Ifrael having paft the Sea, met with men that adored Idols, and faid, oh Mofes! make unto us Gods, like to the Gods of this people; he anfwered, ye are ignorant ; these men are wretched, what they do isbut ignorance and vanity ; fhall I defire that you worfhip other Gods, then God that preferred you to all the world? We have delivered you from Pharaob's people, who cauled von to endure great torments, they murthered your children, abused your wives, and you suffered heavie afflictions for the punishment of your finnes. We detained Mofes on the Mountain thirty nights, and ten other nights, which is in all forty nights ; when he went up, he faid to his brother Aaron, be thou my Lieutenant, command this people in mine absence, and follow not the path of the wicked. When Mofes at the time appointed arrived at the top of the Mountain, and that his

100

19 90

44. 3 4 A A Y

STALL STANK

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap 7.

his Lord spake to him, he faid, Lord permit me to see thee, he faid, thou shalt not see me; behold this Mountain, if it continue firme in this place, thou shalt be able to see me; when the Lord appeared upon the Mountain with his light, it was reduced to ashes, and Moses amazed, fell on the ground, as dead. When he arose again, he said, blessed be the name of God, I defire to obey him, and believe that no man living is able to behold him. He faid to Moles, I have chofen, and preferred thee to all the world, I have made thee a Prophet, thou haft talked with me, receive the grace which I have bestowed on thee, and be not ingratefull. We gave to him the Tables, whereon was written what was necessary for the falvation of men, and we faid to him, receive with affection, what I give thee, and command thy people to obferve the contents of those Tables. I will precipitate into Hell fuch as transgreffe my Commandments ; I will deprive the proud of my graces, they will not believe in my Law, although they fee all the miracles in the world ; if they fee the right way, they will not follow it ; they fee the way of error, and purfue it ; because they have abjured my Commandments, and rejected my grace, the good works of them that difobey me, and that believe not in the Refurrection, are unprofitable, they shall be chastifed after their demerits. The people of Moses, after his departure, adored the Calfe, a bellowing God ; faw they not , that it spake not to them ? neither could conduct them into the right way ? Nevertheleffe they adored it, for which they were greatly too blame. When this Calfe fell to the ground, and they found their errour, they faid, if God have not pitie on us, we shall be miferable. When Moses returned, he faid to them, whom did yee obey after my departure ? You were too hafty to worthip that Idol; he in displeasure cast against the ground the Tables that God had given him, took his brother by the head, and dragging him to him, faid, Sonne of my mother, how haft thou governed this people? I wanted power, replyed he, and could not divert them from their evill; It wanted little but they had flain me, do me no harme ; rejoyce not my enemies with

101

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

with my mifery, and account me not with those that adored Idols : Mofes faid, Lord pardon me, and my brother, give us thy mercy; thou art the merciful of the merciful. The wrath of God, and the infamy of the world, shall fall upon them that worthiped the Calf, and blafphemed against God ; he will be pitiful to fuch as shall repent, and believe in his divine Majesty. The difpleasure of Moles being allayed, he again took the Tables, whereon was written the way of falvation, for fuch as have the fear of their Lord before their eves; he caufed to be feparated from his people, at a time appointed, threefcore and ten perfons, who were furprized with an earth-quake, and with thunder; and faid, Lord, thou couldst have destroyed them, before they adored the Calf: wilt thou deftroy us all, because of the fin of the ignorant that are amongh us? Thou haft defired to prove this people: thou guideft, and caufeft to erre whom thou pleafeft; thou art our Protector, pardon our fins; for thou art altogether merciful; give us thy grace in this world, and guide us to the day of judgment, neer to thy divine Majefty : He faid, I will punish as I fee good, my mercy embraceth the whole world; it is for such as have my fear before their eyes, that pay Tithes, obey my Commandments, follow the right way, believe in the Prophet, * who can neither write nor read, and what is written in the old Telfament, and the Gofpel; he shall command them things honeft; he shall prohibit things uncivil; he shall teach them what meats are clean, and forbid them to eat what is unclean; he shall deliver them from Ceremonies, weighty and troublesome, and from the chains that strictly binde them: Such as shall believe in him, that shall honor him, that shall defend him from his enemies, and follow the light that we shall fend him, shall be happy. Say unto the people, I am indeed a meffenger fent from God, to whom appertaineth the Kingdom of the Heavens, and of Earth ; there is but one God alone, he giveth life and death, as feemeth good to him. Believe in God, and in his Prophet, who can neither read nor write. Such as thall believe in God, in his word, and follow the Prophet, shall not erre ; they shall follow a very good way.

* This is Mahomet. See Kitab el tenoir.

The Turks believe that Mahomet could neither write nor read.

102

Chap.7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

103

way. There are some of the children of Ifrael that knew the truth, and judg with equity. We divided them into twelve Tribes, when Moles required drink for his people, we infpired him to ftrike the rock with his rod, whence flowed twelve fountains, and every one knew the place where he fhould drink ; we covered them with the fhaddow of clouds ; we caufed Manna and Quails to defcend upon them, and commanded them to eat of the good things which we gave them. They did not hurt us (when they murmured) but afflicted themselves. It was faid to them, Dwell in this City, This is the and eat therein what shall please you; enter at the gate with Holy Land. adoration, and beg pardon of your fins. I will pardon you, See Gelaldin. and will augment the graces of the righteous; neverthelefs, the wicked that were among them, altered the words that were fpoken to them, and perverted them; and we fent upon them our indignation from Heaven, because of their impiety. Ask of them concerning a village that was upon the thore of the Sea, whofe inhabitants observed not the Sabbath, and filbed on the day of reft ; they faw in that day, Serpents appear upon the water, and other days they faw none. Thus are tryed them, becaufe of their difobedience : A party of them faid, Fish not O people, it is lost labor; God shall destroy and chaftife them with grievous torments, then their Doctors faid, They shall implore pardon of the Lord, perhaps they will fear to offend him another time. When they rejected what we taught them ; we faved fuch among them as abstained from evil-doing, and grievoufly afficted the wicked, because of their difobedience ; when they gloried in their fin, we faid to them, Be ye contemned, and abhorred, as Apes; thy Lord shall fend to them at the day of Judgment, perfons to torment them ; he is exact in punishing the wicked, and merciful to the righteous. We fent upon them good and evil, to prove them, peradventure they will be converted. Their posterity left a progeny, heirs of their doctrine ; neverthelefs, they returned to their fins, and fay, the Lord shall pardon them ; they beg pardon of See Gelaidin. him, and return daily to their fin : Shall not account be required from them, of what is ordained in the Scripture ? To wit,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.7.

wit, not to speak of God, but with truth : They have read the Truth, but have not comprehended it. Paradife is onely for the righteous ; I will not deprive them of recompense. who make their prayers at the time appointed, and observe what is contained in the Scriptures. Remember thou, how we railed a mountain over them, to shelter them, and how they believed it would fall upon their heads ; we faid to them, Learn with affection what we teach you, and remember; perhaps vou will fear disobedience. Thy Lord caused to come out of Adams reins, all his posterity; and asked them, faying, Am not I your Lord ? they answered, yes, thou art our Lord, we know it well : They cannot therefore fay at the day of Judgment, That they knew not his unity ; they fhall fay for excuse, Our fathers adored many gods before us, we are their posterity : wilt thou deftroy us, because of their iniquity ? Thus do I discover my mysteries to men; it may be they will be converted. Relate to them the hiftory of him that faw our miracles ; he was difpoiled of his understanding, the Devil followed it, and he was in the number of the wretched. Had we fo pleafed, we had exalted him through the knowledg of our wonders, among the Doctors ; but he crouched to the ground, and followed his own appetite, like to a chafed dog; if thou chafe him with choller, he putteth forth his tongue; if thou leave him at reft, he will still put forth his tongue, like to the Infidels, that contemn our instructions; if thou recount to them our miracles, or do not recount, perhaps they will be converted, perhaps they will not be converted, and shall be like such as have abjured our Commandments, and injured their own fouls. He whom God guideth, is well guided ; and he whom God mif-leadeth, is in the number of the miserable. We have created Hell to punish Devils and men; they have hearts, and comprehend not the truth; they have eyes, and fee it not; ears have they, and hear it not; they are like to beafts, and worse then beasts ; they are altogether ignorant. The most beautiful names of the world appertain to God : Befeech him by the beauty of his name, and depart from them that depart from the truth, through the names that they impose on their

104

CANY !!!

Chap.7. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

their Idols ; they shall be chastifed after their demerits. Some there be that follow the truth, and judg with equity. I will by degrees punish them that shall reject our Commandments, when they shall think thereon. I will defer their punishment fome time, becaufe my wrath is violent : Remember they not, that they faid, Mahomet is poffeft of the Devil? On the contrary, he declareth the joyes of Paradife, and preacheth the torments of Hell. Confider they not the Kingdom of Heaven and of Earth, which God hath created of nothing? The fear of death shall arrive before they have acknowledged their fins; in what will they believe, if they have not faith in the Alcoran? He whom God shall mis lead, shall finde none to guide him ; he shall leave Infidels confounded in their difobedience. They shall enquire of thee concerning the hour and day of Judgment. Say unto them, No man knoweth it but God ; but the greatest part of the world believe it not. I have not power to do either good or evil of my felf, if God do not permit it; if I knew the future, I should provide wealth to preferve me from poverty : I am fent onely to declare the joyes of Paradife, and preach the torments of Hell to them that believe in God; he it is that created you of one fole perfon, and created his fpouse of his rib, to dwell with her : VVhen she doubted of being with childe, she ceased not to travel as she was wont ; but when her conception rendred her heavy, they both befought God, their Lord, and faid, Lord give an happy progeny, to the end we may be in the number of them that return thee thanks for thy favors. VVhen God gave them a fon, a righteous man, they affociated him in what he had given them; and all of them exalted the glory of his divine Majesty, above the Idols of the Infidels, that adored things which could create nothing, that are things created, and can do neither good nor harm. If you call Idolaters to the right way, they will not follow you ; if ye invoke Idols, misery shall be upon you; will you be mute, to profess the unity of God? will you worthip the Creatures, inftead of the Creator ? Go, adore your Idols, and may they hear your prayers, if you believe them to be Gods : Have they feet to walk

105

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.8.

walk, hands to touch, eyes to fee, and eares to hear ? Say unto them, if ye invoke your Idols, and confpire against me, you shall finde none to protect you, God is my protector, he hath caufed the Alcoran to descend from Heaven, he is the defendor of the righteous, what ye adore, can neither benefit nor hurr vou: If thou invokeft Idols, they shall not hear thee, they Thall look upon thee, and thall not fee thee; do what is lawfull to be done, command things honeft, and depart from the ignorant : if the Devill would feduce thee, truft in God, he heareth and knoweth all things ; fuch as fear him, remember his mercies and chaftifements when they are tempted of the Devil. Although Infidels know the Truth, the Devill ceafeth not to continue them in their fin, they alwayes follow their impiety ; If thou goest to them to instruct them, they fay, thou fingest an old fong, fay unto them, I do what my Lord inspired into me, what I teach you, is the light of faith, the right way, and the grace of God for them that believe in his divine Majeftie ; for fuch as hear the Alsoran, and fludy it, perhaps God will give you his mercy. Remember thou God in thy foul, worship in publique and private, pray unto him evening, and morning, and be not in the number of the ignorant. The Angels that are near to thy Lord, neglect not to worthip him, they prayfe and adore him with humility.

CHAP. VIII.

Mahomets men differed concerning division of the spoyle, which they took at the boattell of Beder; Mahomet divided it among them. See Gelaldin.

served The Chapter of the spoyle, containing seventy and five verses, mg written at Medina.

oyle, they a they hold the lof Belof Be-Maboivided ind of thee, to whom appertaineth the fpoyle ? Say unto them, the fpoyle appertaineth to God, and his Prophet; Fear God, live with mutuall amity, and obey his divine Majefty, and his Prophet, if you believe in his Law; Such as fear when they hear mention of God, who augment their faith, when they have heard relation of his miracles, who truft

106

SPEA SYL

Chap.8. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

truft in him, who perfevere in their prayers, and diffend in pious works fome part of their wealth, believe in the unity of his divine Majelty : they have the degree of their habitation in Paradife, fhall receive from their Lord pardon of their finnes, and exceeding great treasure. When thy Lord cauled thee to goe out of thine houle to goe against the Infidels, a party of the true believers had a great averfion to fighting, they diffuted with thee the necessity of Combats, having feen and known that their enemies led them to a certaine death ; Call to minde, that God promifed you, that a party of the Army of the Enemies should obey you. Dehre you other thing then the glory and honour of victory ? God confirmeth the Truth by his words, and deftroyeth the wicked, he ratifieth the Truth, and destroyeth falshood, although it be contrary to the will of the impious. Remember, that your Lord heard you, when you of him implored fuccors, and that he affifted you with a thousand of his Angels fent from Heaven ; God sent you this aide , only to let you know his grace, and to confirm your hearts ; victory proceedeth from God, he is omnipotent, and most prudent : Remember that God covered you with a fecure fleep, and caufed water to defeend from Heaven, to walh, purifie, and deliver you from the malice of the Devill. Plant in your heart generofity, and patience, and goe on with affurance. God hath faid to his Angels, I will be with you, confirm the fteps of the Truebelievers; I will caft feare into the heart of the wicked, firike them on the head, fmite them on the fingers, and feet, becaufe they have contradicted my will, and that of the Prophet. God feverely chastifeth fuch as difobey his Commandments, and oppose the will of his Prophet; the unbelievers have heretofore tafted of his punifhments in this world, and fhall in the end feele the paines of the fire of Hell. Oh ye who believe in God ! turne not the back to the wicked, as vanquished, when they approach to fight you, he that shall turne the back, shall returne in the wrath of God, and be throwne headlong shall returne in the wrath of God, and be throwne including See Gelaldin. into the fire of Hell. You flew not the Infidels at the fight of See Gelaldin. Beder, God himfelfe flew them. * Thou didft not caft itones * Oh Ma. againft

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.8.

against them, God did cast them to advantage the True-believers; he understandeth what foever they fay, and knoweth all their actions : certainly, he will augment the affliction of the wicked. When ye required victory, it was given you; if you relinquish your impiety, you shall do well; if you return to fight against the Prophet, know, that he will protect him against you; your men of war shall advantage you in nothing. notwithstanding they be numerous; for that God is with the True-believers. O ve that believe, obey God and his Prophet. depart not from him, fince ye have heard the Commandments of his divine Majefty, be not as those that fay. We have heard, and were deaf and dumb. The ignominy and milery that God layeth on beafts, is to be deaf and dumb, and to want the use of reason : Had God feen any good inclination in the Infidels, he had not left them in their deafnefs: but although they had heard clearly, they fhould have always departed from his Law, and have been obstinate. Ove that believe in God ! obey God and the Prophet, demand life eternall in your prayers, and know that God will feparate the Gall from the Liver; he will separate the Infidell from the True-believer, and you all shall appear before him, to be recompenfed and chastifed for your works ; fear the punishment that shall be inflicted, especially on the feditious, and ingratefull, God is severe in his chastifements ; Remember that in the territory of Mecca ye were but an handfull of weak men, and with fear of being taken, and deftroyed by the unbelievers; God faved, protected, and enriched you with all manner of good things, peradventure ye will give him thanks. Oh ye that believe ! betray not God, nor the Prophet, neither fuch as confide in you, and have entrufted their wealth in your hands, otherwife your riches, and children shall torment you in the other world. There is with God great reward for the righteous. Oye that believe ! if ye fear God, he shall remove your enemies far from you, and pardon your finnes, his goodneffe is infinite. The wicked have confpired against thee, to punish and flay thee, or drive thee from Mecca; but God hath rendred their confpiracy ineffectuall;

108

AYFANY ANY

he

Chap. 8. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

he knoweth all the defigns of conspirators. When his miracles were related to them, and his Commandments taught them, they faid, we have heard them, we had faid the like things, had we fo inclined; it is but a fong, and a fable of old men : Remember thou, how they faid, my God, if what Mahomet declareth be true, cause a shower of flint-stones to fall upon us, and rigoroufly chastife us; He shall not chastife them, when thou art with them, neither when they beg pardon of him; Who is he that is able to hinder God to punifh them ? They are not in his grace, when they hinder True-believers to enter the Temple of Mecca; he protecteth only fuch as have his fear before his eyes, but most of them understand it not. Their prayers are very light, they goe hand in hand in the Temple, but shall one day feel the punishment of God, because of their impiety. The unbelievers that expend their wealth, to turne the people from the Law of God, shall have forrow for their expence, they shall be infamous, and precipitated into the fire of Hell. God shall separate the good from the wicked, he shall caft the wicked head long into Hell fire, and they shall be in the number of the damned : if they repent, he will remit what is past, and if they return to fight against the Prophet, they shall be entreated as the first : kill them, to avoyd fedition, that there may be no law in the world, but the Law of God ; If they forfake their impiety, God shall behold their actions, if they depart from the faith, know, that God alone is your Lord, and protector. The fifth part of the fpoyle that you shall gaine from your enemies, appertaineth to God, the Prophet, his parents, orphans, the poore, and to Pilgrims that are in want; observe what is above ordained, if ye believe in God, in what we have infpired into our * Servant, and in the day, wherein the distinction of the * The day of good and the bad was known at the encounter of the * two the battell of Camps: God is omnipotent, ye were in an high place, the Beder. nearest to Medina, your enemies were afarre off, by the val- See Gelaldin. ley, and the enemies Cavalry below you; had ye promifed to give battell, ye had transgressed your promise, by reason of the great number of Infidels; but what God will, is speedily

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.8.

RTE ANTE ANTE ANTE

dily executed, he shall deftroy fuch as are wicked, having feen that battell, an evident figne of the true miffion of the Prophet, and shall give life to True believers ; he understandeth and knoweth all things, he caufed you to fee in a dream your enemies in a small number, had he made them to appear numerous, ye had feared to fight, but he delivered you from fear, he knoweth what is in the hearts of men : When he caufed you to appear in their view, he made you feem few in number, to accomplish his will, all things depend on God. Oh ye that believe ! make an Halt, when you are in view of your enemies Troops, and pray to God with affection, perhaps you shall be happy, obey God, and the Prophet, his Apoftle ; if diforder and terror furprise you, you shall loofe your reputation ; perfevere, God is with them that continue to do well. Be not like them that went out of their honfes with diflembled joy, and hypocrifie, and turn the people from the right way, God knoweth all their actions ; The Devill caufed them to finde pleasure in their doings, faying to them, none shall this day obtain victory over you, I will be with you ; and when they beheld the two Camps in battalia, he returned on his steps, fled, and faid, I am innocent of the *The Turks evill that you commit, I * fee what you fee not, I fear the believe, that omnipotent God, he is fevere in his punishments. The wicked, and fuch as were weak in their faith, speaking of the True believers, faid, Thele men glory in their Law : It was replyed to them, he that relyeth on God, shall finde him to be more powerfull then his enemies, and that he is most prudent in what foever he doth. Thou fawest the Angels that flew the Infidels, they did beat them behinde and before, and faid to them, tafte the torments of the fire which you have merited, God is not unjust to his Creatures. The people of Pharaoh were Infidels, and those that preceded them, contemned the miracles and Commandments of God, but he rigoroufly chaftifed them, he is omnipotent, and most fevere in his punishments, he shall destroy them that alter the graces he hath given to the people, untill they have altered the grace he hath conferred on themfelves. Pharaohs people were Infidels,

the Devill faw the Angels fight for Mahomet.

110

For the south of the North North No

Chap. 8. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fidels, their Predecessors disobeyed the Commandments of thy Lord ; but we destroyed them because of their finne, we See Kitab el drowned them for that they were unjust; The wicked are like tenoir. to beafts, they shall never believe in God. Such as promised not to affift the unbelievers, and violated their promife, had not the feare of God before their eyes; if thou meet them in a journey, separate thy selfe from them, their punishment pursueth them, peradventure they will confider it. If you fear that any one will betray you, and be wanting to their word, receive no promife from him, neither promife him any thing, God abhorreth Traytors : Believe not that Infidels escape the punishment of God, returne with your whole ftrength to fight against them; the halters of your horses shall terrifie the enemies of God, and of you, and of other perfons who ye know not, but God knoweth them all. Your expence for his fervice, shall be payed you, and no injustice fhall be done to you; If thine enemies incline to peace, thou shalt do ill to incline, as they, trust in God, he understandeth what they fay, and knoweth whatfoever they do; if they defire to be betray thee, God shall protect thee; and all Truebelievers endeavour to unite their hearts ; but although thou shouldst expend all the riches of the world, thou shalt not be able to unite them, God shall one day unite them, he is omnipotent, and prudent in all his works. Oh Prophet! the protection of God fufficeth thee, and the righteous that follow thee. Exhort the True believers to fight against Infidels; If ye be twenty affembled with refolution and perfeverance, ye shall vanquish two hundred Infidels ; if ye be an hundred, ye shall overthrow a thousand, the unbelievers are ignorant; but God will lighten your burden, he knoweth your weaknesse; if ye be an hundred true believers, ye shall defeat two hundred Infidels ; if ye be a thousand , you shall subdue two thousand by the permission of God, he aideth such as expect his fuccors with perfeverance. The Prophet cannot be a prifoner, he shall establish himself on earth with advantage, over unbelievers ; Ye defire the wealth of the earth, and God will give you the treasures of Heaven, he is omnipotent and wife.

111

IN THE TREAM THE TREAM THE TREAM THE TREAM

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.8.

wife. If God had not taught you his Commandments, ve should have suffered great torments; eat of clean beasts that he hath permitted you to eat, and fear God, he is gracious and mercifull to them that have his fear before their eves. Oh Prophet ! fay to them that fhall be prifoners in thy hands. God knoweth what is in your hearts, he shall reward you for what ye shall have loft, and shall pardon your sinnes; if you be converted, he is gracious and mercifull. If they betray thee, they betrayed God before thee, feparate them from the True believers, God knoweth all things, and is most prudent in what he ordaineth. Such as have believed in God. as have departed from the wicked, as have employed their wealth, and perfons to fight for the Law of God, fuch as have protected the Prophet, and defended him, are all protectors, and friends to each other ; you shall have no confideration of the alliance of the True-believers, that defert not the company of Infidels, untill they be feparated from them. If they require of you fuccors touching Religion, you are obliged to protect them, except against fuch as have confederacie with you, God feeth all your actions. The Infidels protect each other, if you obey them, great diforders shall enfue, and many feditions in the earth. Such as have believed in God, as have deferted the wicked, as have fought for the Law of God, as have established the Prophet, and defended him against his enemies, are indeed faithfull and True-believers, they shall receive from God pardon of their sinnes, and exceeding great treasures. Such as having believed in God, have depirted from the wicked, and have fought with you, are yours, they shall be the Heirs of their patents, God hath fo appointed it, he knoweth all things.

CHAP.IX.

112

ATTANY FANTANY

STEL STE

Chap.9. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. IX.

The Chapter of Conversion, containing an hundred twenty and seven Verses, written at Medina. 113

Reader, this Chapter beginneth not as the rest, with these words, In the name of God, gracious and mercifull because these are words of peace and falvation, and for that in this Chapter, Mahomet commandeth to break Truce with his enemies, and to assault them. Many Mahometan Doctors have mituled this the Chapter of punishment, or paine. See the Expisition of Gelaldin, and that of Bedaoi, and eltenoir.

Letter Patent from God, and his Prophet, to tie unbelievers, with whom ye have made truce. Travellin fafety the fpace of foure moneths, know, ye shall not render God impotent, and that he will lay shame upon your forehead. Advice for the people, at the day of great Pilgrimage, from God, and his Prophet : God approveth not the action of them that adore Idols, his Prophet is innocat from that finne; If ye repent, ye shall do well, if ye abardon the Law of God, know, ye shall not escape the punishnent of your crime ; preach to the unbelievers , that they thal fuffer grievous torments, except those with whom ye have made Truce, who fall not from what they have promifed, and that protect none against you. Observe exactly untill the prefixed time, what you have promised them, God loveth them that fear him: When the moneth of Heram shall be pat, kill them where you thall meet them, take them flaves, detaine them prifoners, and observe where they passe to lay ambush for them; if they be converted, if they pray at the tme appointed, and pay tithes, leave them in quiet, God is mercifull to them that repent. If the Infidels demand quarter of you, give them quarter, to the end they may learn the word of God ; teach them his Commandments, for they are ignorant. How

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9.

NTE ANTE ANTE ANTE

How (hould they have Truce with God and his Prophet ? If they believe neither in the one, nor the other, except them with whom you entred Truce in the Temple of Mecca? if they observe their promise to you, observe what ye promised to them, God loveth fuch as have his feare before their eyes : How shall they have truce with you ? If they have advantage over you, they will refpect neither your alliance nor confederacy; They will fpeak well of you, and contemne you in their heart, the greatest part of them are impious, they have preferred the riches of this world to the Commandments of God, and have hindered the people to follow his Law, as if they knew not what they did; they beare no respect to the True-believers, wherein they are exceedingly too blame. If they turne, and make their prayers at the time appointed, if they pay Tithes, they shall be your brethren in God. I teach the mysteries of faith to such as have understanding to comprehend them, if they break their promife, and difturb them. of your Religion, kill their Captains, as perfons without faith, they will perhaps put an end to their impiety. Slay fuch efpecially that renounce their faith, who have endeavoured to drive the Prophet from Mecca, and have begun to flay you, will you fear them ? will ve be terrified by them? It is reafonable that ye fear God ; if ye believe in his Law, fight them, God shall chastife them by your hands, he shall render them difhonourable, and protect you again them, he shall fortifie the hearts of True believers, and expell melancholy, he pardoneth whom he feeth good, knoweth all things, and is most prudent in what he ordaineth. Think ye to be forfaken of God, and that he difcerneth not them that have fought gallantly for his Law, from fuch as have adored Idols, aud difobeyed his Prophet? The True-believers abandon not their Religion another time to professe it : God knoweth all your actions, Infidels must not enter into the Temple of Mecca, knowing that they are Infidels, the good works which they shall do in this world shall be unprofitable, and they shall dwell eternally in the fire of Hell. They that believe in God, and the day of Judgment, that make their prayers at the time appointed,

114

19 19 and the store Star Star Star Star

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9.

115

appointed, pay Tithes, and worfhip one God alone, fhall vifit the Temples of his divine Majefty, and fuch as fear the creatures more then the Creator erre from the right way; We have ordained that fuch as shall bear fresh water to Pilgrims, and them that shall visit the Temple of Mecca, shall be in the number of them that believe in God, and the day of Judgment. Such as fight for the faith are not all equall in graces. and merits before God, he guideth not the unjust. Such as have believed in God, as have departed from the wicked, and employed their wealth and perfons to fight for his Law, fhall have a particular degree, and a particular place near to his divine Majeftie, they shall be the more happy. God through his goodneffe declareth to them, that they shall enter into delicious gardens, where they shall remain eternally, there is with God a very great reward. Oh ye that believe ! obey not your fathers, nor your brothers, that love rather to follow impiety, then the faith. Such as shall obey them, shall offend exceedingly; if your father, your children, your brothers, your wives, your parents, your friends, the wealth that you have gained, the fear of loofing your riches, and apprehenfion of poverty, have more of power over you then God and his Prophet, and hinder you to fight for the faith, the Commandment of God hall be executed against you, he guideth not the wicked, and hath protected you in many occasions. Remember the day of battell of Hanin, when ye rejoyced in the multitude of your men, it did not advantage you, fear made you finde the place too narrow for flight, and ye turned the back as vanquished : Remember that God, at that time, put his Prophet, and the True-believers in a place of fafety, and fent invisible Troops to chastife the Infidels, he pardometh finnes as feemeth good to him, he is gracious and mercifull. Oh ve that believe in God ! Unbelievers are unclean, permit not that they enter into the Temple of Meena sfeer this year, if ye have apprehenfion of want, God shall enrich you with his grace, if it please him, he is omniscient and most predent. Fight against them that believe not in God, nor the day of Judgment, that forbid not to act what God hath prohibited. and

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9.

and his Prophet hath forbidden, and that judge not according to the Law of truth, wherein they were instructed, who heretofore received the written Law: they chuse rather to pay Tribute, then to be converted, therefore are they contemptible. The 7ems have faid, that the Son of God is most powerfull ; the Christians, that the Meffiah is the Son of God ; their words are like to the words of the Infidels that preceded them, but God shall lay upon them his curfe. Confider how they blaspheme ; they adore their Doctors, and Priest, and the Meffiah alfo, the Son of Mary; who commanded them to worfhip one God alone, there is but one fole God : praifed be God, there is nothing equall to him; they would extinguish the light of God with their mouth, but he shall not fuffer them; he shall cause it appear, notwithstanding it be vexatious to the Infidels. He hath fent his Prophet to conduct men into the right way, to preach the Law of Truth, and to make it eminent above all other Laws of the world, against the will of Idolaters. O ve that truly believe I many of the Doctors and Priefts eate unprofitably the fubftance of the people, and divert them from the Law of God: declare to fuch as treasure up, and expend nothing in pious works, they shall fuffer great torments at the day when the fire of hell shall be kindled upon them, it shall burn their forehead, fides, and back; it shall be faid to them, behold the wealth which ye have treasured up for your fouls, taft the fruits of your treasures which ye have amaffed. When God created the heaven and the earth, he ordained the year of twelve moneths, amongst which four are priviledged. Offend not God, especially in those moneths; fight at all times against unbelievers, as they will fight against you, and know that God is with them that have his fear before their eyes. Sloath and forgetfulness abound in impiety; God misleadeth through negligence the unbelievers, that prefer one moneth to another, in imitation of what is commanded : they permit to do what God hath forbidden, and delight in the malice of their actions, but God is not the guide of the wicked. Oye that believe! wherefore have ye inclined to the earth? Why did ye prefer the wealth of this world to that of Paradife; when you were com-

116

TEANEANTA NO INTEANEANTANEANTA

Chap.g. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

commanded to go forth of your houses to fight for the Law of. God ? The riches of this world are contemptible, if you confider those of heaven; if you leave not your houses to fight with the Propher, God shall severely punish you, and put other perfons in your places; you thall not protect the Prophet, God atone is his protector; he protected him when he went out of Mecca; he, with his Companion, they being both in a cave, he faid to his Companion, afflict not thy felf, God is with us: He hath defended, and faccoured us by invisible troops; he hath debafed the word of unbelievers, and exalted that of true believers ; he is Omnipotent and wife. Fight according to your power for the Law of God, you shall do well if you have knowledge to understand it ; if you require the wealth of this world, honour, and reputation, they are not far from you. they follow you at hand, but the punifiment of crimes and miferv are as yet far remote of Infidels; they fweare by the Name of God, that they were unable to go out of Mecca with the Propher, in which they deferoy their fouls, for God knoweth them to be lyars: excule them not, that thou knowell not them that fpoke truth, and those that were lyars. True believers will not excute themfelves from fighting, or employing their wealth and perfons for the Law of God ; he knoweth fuch as fear him. They that believe not in God, neither the day of Judgment, refuie to go with thee. they doubt the mytheries of Faith, but thalf continue in their doube, to their confusion ; had they inclined to go out against the enomy, they had arms to perform it; Godconremned their going out, rendred them negligent, and cauled them to remain with the fick, the women, and children; had they gone forth with you, they had brought with them more of dilorder then affection to the fervice of his divine Majeffie : they hate you, neverthelefs you hearken to them : God knoweth them that are too blame, they hated thee heretofore, acenfed thee of all their mitchief, untill, through the permission of God, the truth appeared against their will : many of them faid, excufe us, and fcandalize us not, and they fell themfelves into Randall and impleyy but hell is the habitation of those wicked persons:

117

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9

ATE ANTE ANTE

See Gelaldin.

perfons; if good happen to you; they are difcontented; if evill befall you, they fay, they took heed to themfelves, and forfaw it, and depart from you with joy ; fay unto them, nothing befell us, but what God had ordained, he is our Lord; all true believers are refigned to the will of his divine Majeltie : fay unto them, will ve expect, that one of the two graces (either victory, or martyrdom) befall us? we will expect with vou, untill God hath chastifed you by our hands; expect, we will expect with you : fay unto them, expend through force or affection for the glory of God; your works shal not be accepted of him, because you are Infidels, your alms shall be unprofitable, for that you believe not in God, nor in his Prophet ; ye praise not God, but with negligence, and with regret for what you spend for his service. Be not then amazed at the quantity of their treasures, neither the number of their children ; God shall make use of them to punish them in this world, and shall deftroy them with their wickedness. They swear by the name of God, that they are yours, and are not, and fear to be difcovered : if they meet with any Den, Cave, or Houle, wherein to hide them, they speedily repaire thither. There be of them that fay, it is ignominious to give alms; if they give alms, it is with choler; if they gave them for the love of God and his Prophet, they would fay, God is our benefactor; he will give us through his grace, and to the Prophet, what foever shall be neceffary, our hope is in him. Alms are appointed for the poor, for them that recommend themselves to God, to redeem Slaves, for fuch as are in debt, and neceffitous, God knoweth all things, and is most prudent in what he ordaineth. There be among them, who deprave the Prophet, and fay, he fhall understand what we fay; fay unto them, should it be to you a great advantage to hear well? The Prophet believeth in God, and teacheth true believers the Truth; the mercy of God is for them that believe in his divine Majefty ; Such as detract from the Prophet, shall feel grievous torments ; they fwear by the Name of God, that they defire to content God, and his Prophet ; it is reasonable that they content them, if they be good men; know they not, that fuch as transgress the Will of God.

118

Chap.9. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

God, and that of his Prophet, Ihall be eternally damned ? The wicked fear left God should discover to the righteous the malice that they conceal in their fouls, and that they contemne them : Say unto them, ye shall be contemned, for God bringeth to light what you feare. If you question them concerning what they fay, they will answer for excuse, that they had no evill intent, and that they but jeast; fay unto them, will you jeast with God, with his Commandments, and his Prophets? There is none excule for you, ye are truly impious ; if God pardon any one of you, he shall rigoroully punish such as perfift to offend him. The wicked teach among them impiety to their pofterity, they depart from the truth ; they go hand in hand, and agree to difobey God ; they forget God, and God forgetteth them; he hath prepared hell for them, where they fhall remain eternally ; he hath curfed them, and they shall feel the torment of infinite pains. The wicked that were before you, shall undergo them like you, they were more powerfull then you, they poffeffed ftore of wealth, and had many children, they poffeffed part of their substance, and ye posses yours, as did your predeceffors ; ye were plunged in impiety, as they were plunged; but the good works that they have done in this world, shall be to them unprofitable, and at the day of Judgment, they shall be in the number of the miserable. Have they not known the Hiftory of their Predeceffors, the Hiftory of the people of Noah, of Aad, of Temod, of Abraham, and the cities that were fubverted? The Prophets preached to them the Commadments of God, who did to them no injustice; they drew affliction on themfelves, through the enormity of their crimes. The true believers mutually obey each other; they command to do what things are honeft, prohibit to act what is not approved; they make their prayers at the time appointed, diftribute tithes, obey God and his Prophet ; God shall remit to them their fins, he is Omnipotent, and hath promifed to them gardens, wherein flow many rivers, and an habitation full of content in Eden; he hath promised them his grace, which is the perfection of felicity. O Prophet I fight against the Infidels, fortifie thy felf against them, hell shall be their habi-

-

119

tation :

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9.

ATE ANTE ANTE ATE

tation : they shall fwear by the Name of God, that they have not traduced thee; neverthelefs they have detracted and mitered words full of impiety : they have denied to have been enriched through the grace of God, and of his Propher ; if they turn, they shall do well; if they abandon the Faith. God shall punifh them in this world, and in the other, with grievous torments, and on earth they thall finde no protector : there be of them, who have inclined to capitulate with God, and have faid, if God doth good to us, we will believe in him : when he did good to them, they were niggards, and avaritious : they have erred, and difobeyed his Commandments, but he chafifed them, becaufe of their impiety; he hath imprinted it in their hearts untill the day of Judgment, for that they have difobeyed him, becaufe they violated their promifes, and by reafon of their lies; know they not that God understandeth what they conceale in their hearts? and that he knoweth what is prefent, paft, and future ? There be of them, who deride the true believers, that give alms according to their power; God that deride them, and they fhall feel the rigour of eternall pains; implore pardon for them, or implore it not, when then That beg fixty and ten times pardon for them, God shall not pardon them, because they are inguatefull towards him, and his Propher, God doth not guide them that difober him; they rejoyced to be left behinde the Prophet, when he went to fight for the Service of God, they had an averlion to hghr, and employ their perfons and goods for the Service of his divine Majeftic; they faid, we will not go out of our houses with this heat ; fay to them, hell is much more hot, could you comprehead; they thalk laugh a little in this world, and thall weep much in the other, for a punishmene of their fins. If thou meet them, and they demand permiffion to go out with thee, to fight for the Faith; fay to them, you shall not go out, neither shall ye ever fight against the enemy with me, ye were flothfull and cowards the first time, remain with the unbelievers ; pray not for them after their death, and flay not at their Tombs, becaufe they believed neither in God, nor his Propher, and died in their wickedness. Be their not altoniched, neither at the abundance

120

CARE LA STA

TEANEAN CANE AND

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.g.

abundance of their wealth, nor the number of their children, God will make use of them, to chaftife them in this world, and will deftroy them in their impiety. When command was fend to them to believe in God, and fight with his Prophet, the molt powerfull among them defired thee to exerile them, and faid, leave us with them that continue in their houses, and defire to remain with she lick, the women, and little children : God hardened their hearts, and they fhall never learn the truth. The Prophet and true believers that were with them, and foughe, and employed their perfons, and goods for the Service of God, thall be bleffed ; he hath prepared for them gardens, wherein flow many rivers, with perfection of felicity. Some of the Arabians came to excuse themselves of going to the war, and fireh as renounced God and the Prophet, remained in their houles, but they shall refeent grievous torments, because of their wickedness ; the fick, the impotent, and those that want means to be prefent at the war, offend not God in abiding in their houles, provided they be faithfull to his divine Majeffie. and his Propher. The nighteous are not obliged to do but what is in their power, God shall be to them gracious and mercifull. Suchas repaired to thee to fight, and whom thou didft Benou, Madifinits for want of oceasion, did not offend God; they returned cren. to their houles with tears in their eyes, with difcontent, to have wanted means to employ in the Service of his divine Misjefty ; the war is appointed to fuch as intreat thee to exempt them that are rich, and have wealihht o fublift, they require leave to remain with their wives ant children, God hath hardned their hearts, and they know in nor; they thall come to excute themfelves, when thou hals meet them ; Say unto them, excute non your felves; I do non believe you, God hath given us to un= derftand your news, he and his Brophet likewife hath rendred your good works vaine and unproficable ; ye fhall one day appear before him that knowerh what is past, prefent, and fitture, he shall cause you to remember what oever you have done, and thall punifh you according to your demeties. They thall conjure you by the name of God; when you approach them, to depart from them; depart from them; they are full of

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.9.

of uncleanes, hell shall be their habitation, where they shall be tormented for their crimes. They shall befeech you to love them ; if you love them, know, that God abhorreth them that difober him : The Arabians, who observe not the precepts which God hath fent to his Prophet ; are ye more impious and ingratefull? God knoweth all things, and is most prudent. There be perfons among the Arabians, who account it loft money that they expend for the Service of God, and protract their departure, to retard yours, and make you to attend; the wheel of misery is upon them, God understandeth what ever they fay, and knoweth all their actions; there be among them who believe in God, and the day of Judgment ; they effeem that their expence for the Service of God draweth them nigh to his divine Majestie, and they invite the Prophet to pray for them, God shall give them his mercy, he is gracious and mercifull to them that obey him. They that first arrived at Medina, the first of them that went out of Mecca, to depart from the wicked, fuch as were at the battell of Beder, and fuch as imitated them in well doing, shall injoy the grace of God, he hath prepared for them gardens, wherein flow many rivers, with fupreme felicitie. There be Arabians about you, and in Medina, they affect impietie ; you know them not, but I know them all, I will chaftife them twice on earth, (to wit, through ignominy and death) and they shall feel in the other world exceeding great torments. Others there be, that confess their fins, and who do good and evill works; peradventure God will pardon them, he is altogether gracious and mercifull; take of their substance for almes, thou shalt render them righteous, and shalt purifie them, pray for them, thy prayers shall procure them the mercy of God, he underftandeth and knoweth all things. Know they not, that God accepteth the conversion of his Creatures, that their almes are pleafing to him, and that he is gracious and mercifull ? Say unto them, do what shall please you; God, his Propher, and the True believers shall see what you do, you shall one day appear before him, who knoweth the present, past, and future; he shall make you to know whatsoever ye have

122

STED YEAN EN YOUNG

Chap.9. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

have done, and shall chastife you after your demerits. There be others that attend the pleasure of God, either his grace, or his wrath, his punishment, or his mercy, God understandeth what is in their foules, and is most wife. They that effeemed, that the Temple built by unbelievers, to feduce the righteous, to diftinguish the wicked from the good, and to observe such as had before fought against God, and against his Prophet, is the Temple of his divine Majeftie, sweare that they defire to do well, and that their intention is most honest, but they are lyars, and God shal be witnesse of their falshood; make not thy prayers in that Temple, make thy prayers in the Temple founded on the fear of God, that is reasonable; there be persons in that Temple who defire to be purified, God loveth fuch as have a clean foul; Who is he that buildeth beft, he that foundeth his building upon the fear of God, or he who layeth the foundation of his building upon the brink of a ditch of fand, which falleth, and ruineth it felf? They who efteem the Temple built by unbelievers, to feduce the people, to be the Temple of God, shall be with that Temple, and with the Infidels that built it, burnt in the fire of Hell; God guideth not the unjust, their building shall ferve only to torment them, God knoweth their defign, and is most wife; he purchafeth of True-believers their fouls and goods, and giveth them Paradife ; if they be flain, or if they flay when they shall fight for the faith, they shall have what he hath promised to them in the Old Testament, the Gospel, and in the Alcoran : Who better fatisfieth what he hath promifed, then God? Declare to them, that they have made a good purchase, they have gained the height of felicity. Such as are firme in their faith, who pray, honour, and worship God, who obferve his Commandments, and all True-believers, thall enjoy the delights of Paradife, with all manner of content. The Prophet, and True-believers ought not to ask pardon of God for Infidels, notwithstanding they be their parents, having had knowledge that they are damned, becaufe of their infidelity. Abraham prayed not for his father, untill he had promised him to adore one God alone ; when he knew his father

123

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.g.

father to be an enemie to God, he declared himfelfe an ene. my to his finne, he cealed praying for him, although he was exceeding charitable, and patient in his affictions. God milleadeth not them that he hath put into the right way, he giveth them to understand what they ought to do, he knowerh them that deferve to be feduced, and fuch as merit to be guided through the right way. The Kingdome of Heaven and Earth is Gods, he giveth life and death to whom he feeth good ; Who except God thall protect you ? he hath given his grace to the Prophet, and to fuch as followed him in his affiction. akhough it wanted but a little, that the hearts of many of them inclined not to the party of the unbelievers, but he pardoned them; he hath been gracious and mercifull to three perfons who deferted the Prophet, and were forry for their error, they knew there was no fure refuge, but in God, Kiab bin Ma. he pardoned them, when they were converted, he is gracilik, helal bin ous and mercifull to fuch as repent. Oh ye that believe ! fear God, be righteous ; the Inhabitanes of Medina and the Arabians, that dwell about that City, ought not to contradict the will of the Prophet of God, neither diffike what he approveth, because they have endured neither thirst, nor paine, nor anguith for the fervice of his divine Majelty ; they have not been trampled under foot by their enemies, they shall irritate the Infidels, and shall receive no displeasure ; on the contrary, they thall acquire merit, and perform a good God doth not deprive them of recompense that do work. well, he shall write down their expence for his fervice, and the number of the Idols that they shall destroy, for reward of their agod works. It is not necellary that all the faithfull goe to the warre, it is fufficient, that of every lineage, and of every Nation there goe a party, while the reft fhall learn the Lawes and mysteries of faith, to instruct their Companions, when they shall return from their voyage, perhaps they will fear the chaltilement of God. Oh ye that believe in God ! fight against them that would cause you to be defined in impiety, be valiant, and know that God is with them that have his fear before their eyes. When God cauled to defeend from Heaven,

Amihe. Melrarbe bin Rabia.

124

A THANKA YA

Chap. 10. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Heaven, any Chapter of the Alcoran, fome of them faid. through difdain, that will encreafe the faith of this people. Certainly it augmenteth the faith of True-believers, it rejoyceth them, and enflameth the wrath of his divine Majefty upon Infidels, who perfift in their pollutions, and dye in their wickednefs. They know not that God tryeth the good, once, or twice a year, they will not be converted, it is loft time to preach to them. When God fent from Heaven any Chapter of the Alcoran, they beheld each others, and faid, doth any one fee us? They returned in their impiety, and God turned their heart from the right way, for that they would not learn the Truth. God hath fent you a Prophet of your own Nation, who, with paffion, defireth to deliver you from your obstinacy, and is extreamly affected to instruct you in the way of Salvation, God is milde, and pitifull towards True-believers. If they abandon the faith, fay unto them, God is my protector, there is but one fole God, I recommend my felfe to the will of his divine Majefty, he is the Lord of the Majestique Throne.

CHAP. X.

The Chapter of Jonas, containing an bundred and nine verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull; I am God the mercifull. The precepts contained in this Book proceed from the Omnipotent: Doth the people wonder that we have infpired a man to preach to the wicked the torments of Hell, and to declare to True believers, that they fhall finde true what their Lord to them hath promifed? The wicked fay, that it is but forcery and enchantment. Certainly God is your Lord, who created Heaven and Earth in fix dayes, and fitteth on his Throne, difpoling all things; no man intercedeth for his Neighbour without his permiffion, he is your God and your Lord, worthip him alone, will ye not confider it? you all fhall

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 10.

ATELATELATE

shall be one day affembled before him; he promised with truth, that he will cause men to dye, and raise them again, to recompence fuch as have believed in his Law, and done good works: The unbelievers shall drink a boyling drinke, and shall endure great torments, because of their impiety. He it is that gave light to the Sunne, and brightness to the Moone, that created the fignes to know the number of years, the account of moneths, and of whatfoever he hath created, thefe things reach with truth, the miracles of his divine Majefty, to fuch as have knowledge to underftand them; the difference of day and of night, and what God hath created in Heaven and in Earth, are marks of his unity to them that have his fear before their eves. They who believe there is no refurrection. fuch as place their content in the wealth of this world, they that truft in their riches, and that are ignorant of the commandments of God, shall be precipitated into the fire of Hell, because of their finnes, and the True-believers shall be conducted by his divine Majefty into delicious gardens, wherein flow many rivers, they shall there finde what foever they shall defire, and shall fay at the beginning of their prayers, prayfed be God ; afterwards they shall fay, Salvation be to God ; and at the end of their prayers, prayfe be to God, Lord of the Universe. Although God doth sometimes suddenly chastife men, he alwayes attendeth the time of their Deftiny. I will leave them that shall not believe in the Refurrection, in their errors, to their confusion ; When man is afflicted, he invoketh us standing, litting, lying, and in all postures, and when we have delivered him from his affliction, he perfifteth in his wickednefs. It feemeth good to the wicked to do in this manner, we deftroyed their Predeceffors when they believed not in the Prophets, neither obeyed the precepts that we fent them, and have established you on the Earth in their place after them, to fee your deportments. When thou teacheft our commandments to them that believe not in the Refurrection : they fay, that the precepts of the Alcoran are altogether contrary to what thou preacheft, and that thou haft altered them ; Say unto them, I have no will to alter them of my felfe, I do but what 15

126

The stratten that the start

Chap. 10. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

is infpired into me of God, I fear to be punished at the day of Judgment, should I difobey his divine Majefty; Say unto them, Had it pleafed God, I had neither read, nor taught you his Commandments, I fojourned a long time with you, before I taught you, will you not learn them? Who is more unjust then he that blasphemeth? God doth not aid the Infidels that worship what can neither benefit nor hurt them, and fay, their Idols shall intercede for them ; will you instruct God in any thing that he knoweth not, of what is in Heaven or in Earth? Praised be God, he hath no companion. Men were all of one Religion before Infidelity took place, and if God had not faid that he would deferre the punishment of the wicked untill the day of Judgment, he had already deftroyed them in this world, because of their impiety ; They fay, we will not believe in the Prophet, if God make not fome miracles to appear in him; Say unto them, God knoweth what shall be ; expect, I will expect with you : when we gave them to tafte of content after their affliction, they had fubrilty upon our Commandments: Say unto them, God is more subtile then you, his Meffengers shall write your subtilties; he it is that made men to travell upon the earth and fea; It is he that fendeth them a favourable winde to rejoyce them in their fhips ; when tempeft furprifeth them, they believe that the waves will overwhelm them, then they invoke God, with defire to embrace his Law, and fay, if God doth deliver us from this danger, we will believe in his Unity, and returne him thanks for this mercy; and being delivered from perill, perfift in their wickedness. O people ! you draw mischief on your felves, you require nothing but the wealth of this world, you all shall appear before us to be judged according to your works; the life of the world is like to the rain, which we cause to descend from Heaven, it causeth with mixture all forts of herbage to fpring forth, for the nourishment of men, and beafts. When the Earth is adorned with flowers, and enriched with its fruits, the Inhabitants oftentimes believe they have the power to cause their production; then fend we our chaftisements day and night upon the Earth, and render it 25

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 10.

as mown, and as if the day before it had brought no fruit. Thus do I discover mysteries to fuch as have knowledge to comprehend them. They beg their falvation of God; he faveth and putteth in the way of falvation whom it pleafeth him. He shall not cover the vifage of them that have done good works, they thall appear without thame, and dwell in Paradife, where they shall remain eternally; and such as fhall have done evill fhall be punished after their demerits they shall be covered with shame, and none shall be able to protect them, they shall be as if a great part of the obscurity of the night had covered their countenance, they shall be condemned to the fire of hell, where they shall dwell eternally. Think on the day, wherein we will affemble all the world, and will fav to the Infidels, hell shall be your habitation; where be the Idols you adored ? we have separated you from each other. Their Idols shall fay to them, you have not worshipped us. God is witnefs; was there any thing between us and you. that rendred us ignorant of your adorations ? That day shall every one fee what he hath done, and know that God is Truth it felf; their Idols shall be separated far from them, and they shall understand their blasphemies. Say unto them, who enricheth you with the wealth of heaven and earth? Who caufeth life to come out of death, and death out of life ? Who difpofeth all things in the world ? They shall answer, it is God : Say unto them, why have you not therefore his fear before your eyes? God is indeed your Lord; what is there after the Truth, but falfhood ? How will you depart from his Law? his Word shall be accomplished against Infidels. Say unto them, Have your Idols the power to caufe men to die, and to make them rife again ? God caufeth them to die, and to rife again; how fhall they be able to blafpheme after these reasons? Say unto them, Are your Idols able to conduct you into the right way? God guideth the people into the way of Salvation; who ought rather to be followed, he that guideth the people into the right way, or he that mifleadeth them? What reason have ye to follow the evill way? The greatest part of them follow but their own opinion, but their opinion is not conformable to the Truth:

128

STED YEANTIN VI

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.10.

Truth : God knoweth all their actions, there is no fallhood in the Alcoran, it confirmeth the ancient Scriptures, and perfpicuoufly explaineth them ; there is no doubt, but it proceedeth from the Lord of the Universs. They fay Mahomet hath invented this Book; fay unto them, come and bring any thing that resembleth it in Doctrine and Eloquence, and call the Idols which ye adore, we shall see if you are sincere; on the contrary, they have blafphemed, and have talked of what they underflood not, when they heard the exposition of the Alcoran : Thus did their Predeceffours; but confider what is the end of the unjust; There be among them, who will believe in this Book, and others that will not believe; Thy Lord knoweth them that defile the earth ; if they flander thee, fay unto them, I will answer with my actions, and ye shall answer with vours, ye are innocent of what I act, and I am innocent of what yee do. There be perfons among them that have inclination to heare thee, but art thou able to caufe the deafe to heare ? Should they not be deafe, they would learne nothing; Others there be, who look towards thee, but art thou able to guide the blinde ? fhould they fee clearly, they would not follow the right way; God doth no injustice to men, they do injury to themfelvs, through the enormity of their offences. I will caufe them to rife again at the day of Judgment, as if they had remained but one hour of a day in the grave ; they shall know each other, and the wicked who have not believed in the Refurrection, shall be damned : I will shew thee many of them whom I will chastife; I will cause thee to die before they be chastifed, and they all shall appear before me to be judged; God is witness of their actions, he shall punish them according to their demerits ; every Nation of the world hath had a Prophet fent from God, who hath judged with reafon, and without injustice, the differences that were among them touching Religion: They have faid, at what time thall the wrath of God appear? Say unto them, I, of my felf, can neither procure good nor evill, if God doth not permit it ; every one hath his deiliny, when the time of their deftiny arriveth, they can neither retard, or advance it one hour. Have yee confidered the

129

K

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 10.

the punifhment which God heretofore fent, by day, and by night against the wicked ? When ye felt it, ye believed it, and fell into it headlong. It shall be faid to the wicked at the day of Judgment, talt eternall torments ; shall you not be punished according to your demerits? They will aske of thee, if the pains denounced against the wicked, and if the Refurrection be matters of truth ? Say unto them, yes, my Lord is most exact in his words, and all the treasures of the world thall not be able to redeem one foul. They fhall repent of their fins, when they thall feel the punifhment of their offences, but thall be condemned without injustice ; whatfoever is in heaven and in earth appertaineth to God, he is exact in his promife, yet the greatest part of the world do not know him. He it is who caufeth to die, and giveth life, and shall assemble men at the day of Judgment. O people ! God hath fent you instructions. and remedies for your infirmities; he hath fent a guide to conduct true believers into the way of his mercy ; it shall be to them of more advantage, then the treasures that they accumulate: Have ye confidered the good things which he hath created for you? Ye have appointed one part to be eaten, and have prohibited to eate of another : Hath God permitted you to blafpheme against him? The opinion of fuch as blafpheme against God, shall be but mifery at the day of Judgment; God is full of goodnels for the people, but moft of them are ingratefull. In whatfoever place thou art, whether thou teach what is contained in the Alcoran, or whether thou labour, I am always prefent, nothing is concealed from thy Lord, of what foever is in heaven and earth; be it great or little, all is written in the intelligible Book, that explaineth all things. There needeth no fear for fuch as recommend themfelves to God, they shall be exempt from the pains of hell. The true believers who have his fear before their eyes, shall fuffer no corments in the other world; it is declared to them on earth, that they shall have all content, the word of God admits of no alteration; they shall enjoy perfection of felicity in Paradife. Afflict not thy felf for the words of the impious, vertue procedeth from God, he understandeth, and knoweth all things; what foever is in heaven and

120

in

Chap. 10. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

in earth appertaineth to him: They who worship Idols, follow but their opinion, and are lyars; God hath created the night for repose, and the day for labour; such as hear his Word, finde therein marks of his omnipotencie. They have faid, do ve believe that God hath a Son? Praifed be God, he is most rich, and hath no need of any perion, he possesfieth whatfoever is in heaven, and earth ; you have no reason in what ye alledge ; will you speak of God what ye know not? God doth not aide in this world them that blafpheme against him, he shall cause them to feel after their death great torments, becaufe of their impietie : Instruct them in the History of Noah, how he fpake to his people, and faid, O people ! if my abode with you, and the preaching of the Commandments of God be irkfom to you, know, that all my fupport is in God; affemble your Doctors, with your Idols, ard conceal not what ye do; go whither you will, ye fhall finde none to protect you ; if ye contemne my instructions, I require not of you a reward for my pains ; I defire to receive of none other then God the Omnipotent, and recommend my felf to the will of his divine Majesty. They slandered Noah, then did we fave him in the Arke, and them that were with him; we prolonged their posteritie on earth, and drowned the wicked; confider the end of fuch as heard the word of God, and contem-. nedit. We fent to them other Prophets after Noah, they made them to fee miracles, and gave them most falutary inftructions ; but they did not believe in what they had no will before to believe. Thus I harden the heart of the wicked. We after them, fent Mofes to Pharaoh, and his fubjects, with our miracles, they arofe against our Commandments, when the truth was preached to them, and faid, it was but Magick and enchantment. Mofes faid to them, will you fay that the Fruth is Sorcery ? God doth not affift Magicians and Sorcerers; they faid, Art thou, with thy brother, come to divert us from the Religion of our Fathers, and to be efteemed on earth? We will believe in thy words. Then Pharoab commanded to fummon the most skilfall of his Magicians; they being affembled, Moles faid to them, cast down what ye have a will to cast down on

STEANTERN

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 10.

ALANGANGAN

132

STELSTER

on the ground ; having caft down their cords and flaves, Moles faid to them, know ve none other thing but Magick? God fhall render it vain, and unprofitable, he abhorreth fuch as defile the earth, he confirmeth the Truth through his Word, although it be against the will of the wicked. Few men believed in Mofes, becaufe of their fear to difpleafe Haroah, and his Minifters. Pharoah was powerfull on earth and in the number of the wicked. Moles faid, O people! if ye believe in God, refign your felves to his will ; they anwered, All our confidence is in God ; Lord, do not thou alandon us to the malice of the unjust; deliver us through thy nercy from the hands of Infidels. We infpired Moles and his brother to dwell fome time in Egypt with their people, and tomake Oratories in their houses. therein to make their prayer, and preach to true believers. Lord, faid Moles, thou haft eniched Pharoah and his people in this world ; they go aftray fom the way of thy Law ; confound their riches, and hardenyour hearts, they will not believe untill they fee thy judgements, and feel the effect of thy wrath ; he faid, I have heard the prayers of you both ; be faithfull in your Embaffie, and follow not the way of the ignorant. We gave passage through the fa to the children of Ifrael; Pharoah purfued them with hatredand envy, untill his people were drowned. Then faid Pharaoh, Delieve there is none other God, but the God of the children of Ifrael, and I wholly recommend my felf to his Will. Thou doft tow believe in God, O Pharaoh! and wert before disobedien to his Commandements, filling the earth with thy enormities, I have delivered thee from this perill, that thou mailt be an example to posterity; for many among the people areignorant of my omnipotency. We gave the Children of Ifrail to dwell in places full of delights, and enriched them wih the good things of the Earth; they knew the differences that arole among them touching Religion, thy Lord shall judge them at the day of Judgment. If thou doubtest what we have taught thee, repair to them that have read the Scripture before thee; what thy Lord hath taught thee is most true ; be jot thou of them that doubt, neither of fuch as derogate from the Commandments of God,

thom

Chap.10. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

thou shalt be in the number of the wretched. Those whom God will chaftife, shall not believe in his divine Majesty. should they behold all the mirades of the world, untill they fee the torments of Hell. The faith is exceeding profitable to the Cities that have received it; when the Inhabitants of the City of Jonas embraceed it, we delivered them from our punifhment, we delivered them from ignominy, and enriched them, untill the time appointed; if it pleafed thy Lord, all the world fhould believe in him; wilt thou abhorre the people untill they believe in God? No man can embrace the faith without his permission, he fendeth his indignation against them that disobey his Commandments : Say unto them, Confider all that is in Heaven and Earth, miracles and preaching are of no use to fuch as will not believe ; fhall they expect what their Predecefforsexpected ? Say unto them, expect, I will expect with you. I will deliver my Prophets, and the True-believers, from the torments of Hell, it is reasonable that I deliver them that obey my Commandments. Oh people ! who caufeth you to doubt of the Law which I teach you? I will not worship the Idols that you adore, I worship one God alone, who shall cause you all to dye; I will embrace his Law, it commandeth to profes his Unity, I am not of them that fay, he hath a companion equal to him. Adore not what can neither benefit nor hurt thee, if thou do it, thou shalt be in the number of the unjuft. If God will afflict thee, none can deliver thee from affliction ; if God will do good to thee, none can deprive thee of his grace, he hath given it to whom feemeth good to himfelfe, he is gracious and mercifull. Oh people ! God teacheth you the truth ; whofoever shall follow the right way, shall fave his foule, and whofoever shall goe aftray, shall deftroy it. I am not your Tutor, I do but what is infpired into me; I have patience in my perfeverance, I will expect the Judgment of God, there is no better Judge then he.

CHAP. XI.

133.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 11.

CHAP. XI.

ATELATERANTS

The Chapter of Hod, containing an hundred twenty and three Ver(es, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I am the mer-Lifull God. The fignes contained in this Book are moft true, they proceed from the most wife, who knoweth all things. Worthip yee but one God alone, I preach to you from him the torments of Hell, and declare the joyes of Paradife, that ye may implore pardon of his divine Majefty, and be converced : he shall give you an happy life in the world, untill the time appointed, and thall reward every one according to his works. I fear, left you fhould be chaftifed at the day of Judgment ; if you forfake the right way, you all thall be affembled before God to be judged. The heart of the impious inclined to hatred of the Prophet, and they would have concealed themselves for some time from God ; they are covered with their garments, that they may not be known, but God knoweth what is in their foules, he understandeth whatfoever they conceale, and whatfoever they make manifeft. All the Creatures of the world live of his grace, he knoweth the place of their repair, and the place where they must dye, all is written in an intelligible book, that explaineth all things. He ic is that created Heaven and Earth in fix daves, his Throne was before upon the waters, (the Alcoran) exhorteth you to wel-doing. If thou faift to the wicked, that they shall rife again after their death, they will fay, it is but witchcraft and forcery ; if we retard fome time to chastife them, they fay, there is no punishment for their crimes; but they shall not avoid it, in the day when it shall appear, and they shall feel the rigour of the paines which they contemne. If we conferre riches, and health on the impious, and deprive them of them, they dispair in their impiety; if we give them good after their evill, they fay, milery hath forfaken them, they rejoyce, and become arrogant. Such as are humble

See Kitab el tenoir.

134

STEPH YEAR WANT

Chap. H. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

humble and patient in their afflictions, and do good works, fhall obtain pardon of their finnes, and a very great reward. Perhaps thou wilt forget to teach fomething of what I have infpired into thee, and be afflicted, because they fay, that what thou speakest shall bring thee no profit. Certainly, thou art fent only to reprove them of their fin, thy Lord is omnipotent, and shall chastile them after their demerits. Affuredly, they will fay , thou haft * forged the Alcoran , and that it is * contrové of thy invention; Say unto them, come and bring with you supra. ten Chapters of your invention, like to the Alcoran in inftru-Gion and Eloquence, and call to your aid the Idols that ve adore ; if you be righteous, if they hear not your prayers, neither afford you fuccours, know then, that the Alcoran defcended from Heaven, through Gods permission, and that there is but one fole God, will ye not truft in him? I will bestow the riches and honours of the Earth, on many perfons that affect them, and in the end they shall be confined in the fire of Hell, and the good works that they shall do in this world, shall be unprofitable in the other. They who observe what God hath ordained , ftudy the Alcoran, and believe that it proceedeth from his divine Majefty, to teach the right way, and to obtain his mercy, as before it, was the book of Mofes. Such as shall believe in the Alcoran, shall be happy, doubtleffe the fire of Hell is prepared for the Infidels who will not believe therein, but the greatest part of the world is incredulous : who is more impious then they that blafpheme against God ? Such men shall not fee his face ; the Angels shall fay, at the day of Judgment, behold them that have been impious, a curse is upon them, and upon the unjust that have mislead the people from the right way, they were indeed Infidels. Such men shall not escape the punishment of their crimes on Earth, they shall finde none that is able to protect them but God, he shall augment their paines, because they would not abandon their wickednefs, neither receive the light of faith. Such are miferable men, their Idols shall not afford them fuccors, they doubtless shall be eternally damned : and such as shall believe in God, do good works, and be converted, fhall

K 4

135

STEANS !!!

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.11.

shall dwell for ever in Paradife. The wicked are as deaf, and blinde, and the True-believers are like those who have good light and perfect hearing ; shall they be in paralell to each other ? will ye never confider it ? We fent Noah to reprove men for their finnes, he faid to them, worthip but one God alone, otherwise I fear ve shall be chastifed at the day of Judgment ; The Doctors of the Infidels answered him, we see thee to be a man, like us, and that fuch as follow thee are poore people, blinde, and without counfell; we perceive not that thou hast any grace, that ought to preferre thee to us; contrariwife, we believe thee to be a lyar ; he faid, oh people! know ve not that God hath taught me what I preach to you, that he hath given me the grace of Prophecie, and deprived you of it? Thall I exhort you to acknowledge his grace, feeing ve abhorre him? Oh peoole ! I require no recompense of you for my paines, God will reward me largely. I defire not to banish True-believers from my company, they shall one day appear before their Lord, but I perceive that yee are ignorant. Oh people ! who shall hinder God to punish me, if I abuse True-believers? Will ye not consider it? I fay not that I possesse the treasures of God, I know not what shall be ; I fay not that I am an Angel, I fay not to them whom vou contemne, that God Ihall enrich them, God knoweth what is in their fouls ; fhould I maintain fuch difcourfe, I fhould have great blame. They faid, oh Noah ! we have a long time disputed together ; if thou art sincere, let us see the paines which thou preacheft to us; God, faid he, when it shall please him, shall cause you to see them, you shall not escape them, my instructions shall be to you unprofitable; if God will prove you, he is your Lord, and you shall one day be assembled before him to be judged. Will the unbelievers fay, that thou haft forged the Alcoran, and that it is of thine invention? Say unto them, if I have invented it, finne will be upon me, and I am innocent of your blasphemies. God inspired into Noah, that none should believe in his words, but fuch as had already believed in him : He faid unto him, build an Arke conformable to the infpiration that we have tent thee, but speak

10.0

136

APFANTER VI

ATEANEAN

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.11.

no more to me of the unjust, they shall be drowned; the pasfengers derided him and his Arke ; he faid to them, ye fcoffe at me, I will laugh at you, and we shall fee them that shall best understand : he whom God shall chastife, shall be covered with fhame, and perpetually tormented. When our will was to deftroy that people, and the light of the morning appeared, and the water boyled in Neah's pot, we commanded him to charge his Arke with two beafts of every kinde and Species ; all creatures were destroyed, except those, of which we before made mention, as well fuch as believed, as them that did not believe, and that but a few : Noah faid unto them, ascend the Arke in the name of God, who shall cause it to fwimme, and to anchor ; the Lord is gracious and mercifull towards us. When the Arke began to flote , like to a Mountain, Noah called to one of his fonnes who ftayed on the Earth, and faid, . Gelaldin my * fonne, come up into the Arke with us, and remaine not faith that he with the Infidels; he answered, I will ascend an high moun- was called tain, that shall fave me from the waters; Noah faid to him, Kinan. none is able this day to deliver thee from the punishment of God, if it be not through his mercy; The waters being rifen. he was in the number of them that were drowned : God commanded the Earth to drinke its water, and the Heavens to poure down no more raine; the water diminished upon the Earth, after the people were drowned, and the Arke refled upon the Mountain called Gioudy ; thus were the unjust extirpated; Noah prayed to his Lord, and faid, Lord, my fon that remained in the waters was of my lineage, thou didft promife me to fave my family, thou doft exactly perform thy promife, thou art true in thy words, and most just in thine actions: Oh Noah ! answered God, that sonne is not of thy lineage, he hath offended me, and difobeyed my Commandments, do not enquire of me concerning that which thou oughteft not to know, otherwife thou shalt be in the number of the ignorant : Lord, faid Noah, I will take heed, through thine affiftance, to enquire of thee what I ought not to know, if thou haft not pitie on me, I shall be in the number of the miserable. God faid, oh Noah ! descend from the Arke with Salvation.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.11.

Salvation, and bleffing upon thee, and upon a part of them that are with thee; I will enrich the other part with the wealth of this world, to punish them most severely at the day of Judgment. I teach what shall be, what neither thou, nor thy people have not yet known ; be patient in thine affichions. Paradife is for them that have my fear before their eves. We fent Hod to the people of Aad, his brother ; he faid unto them, oh people! adore but one God alone, otherwife ve shall be in the number of Infidels, Trequire of you no recompense for the paines I take in preaching to you, he that created me, shall reward me ; will ve never be wife? implore pardon of God, be converted, and obey his divine will, he Thall fend you raine from Heaven, and Thall encrease your ftrength, and riches, be not in the number of the wicked; they answered, oh Hod ! thou sheweft us no reasons to prove thy fayings, thy words shall not make us to quit our Gods, we give no credit to thy discourse, and tell thee, that some one of our Gods shall feverely chastife thee : He faid , take God and your felves to witneffe that I am innocent of the finne that vou commit, in adoring Idols; if you confpire against me, none shall be able to protect you at the day of Judgment, I recommend my felfe to the will of God, mine and your Lord, he conferveth all the creatures of the Earth, and loveth them that follow the right way. I have difcharged my duty and commission, I have taught you what God commanded me, if you goe aftray, he shall establish another people in your place, you do him no harme through your implety, he exactly observeth whatsoever is done in the world. When we deftroyed that people, we by our especiall grace delivered Hod from their malice, and all the True-believers that were with him, we delivered them from great affliction. The people of Aad contemned the Commandments of God, and difobeyed his Prophets, they followed the will of the obstinate, were curfed in this world, and shall be accurfed at the day of Judgment, because they disobeyed his divine Majefly, with defigne to extirpate the people of Hod, his brother. We fent Salhe to Temad, his brother, and his people; he faid to them,

128

oh

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.11.

oh people 1 worship one God alone, he it is who hath created you of the dust of the Earth, and filled it with many forts of fruits, that you might inhabit it; beg pardon of him, and be converted, he hearkneth to his creatures, and heareth their prayers : they answered, oh Salhe ! it was hoped thou wouldst have been our Captain, before the prohibition was made, to adore the Gods of our fathers, we exceedingly doubt of what thou preacheft; Oh people ! faid Salbe, know ye not that God taught me what to you I preach, and that he hath given me his grace? who fhall protect me if I difobey him? You can but augment my pain, fhould I believe you. O people! this Camell, which God for you hath created, Ihall be to you a miracle, and instruction, fuffer it to feed, and do it no harm, left you be fuddenly chaftifed. They through believe that contempt, wounded the Camell. Then faid he unto them, ye salhe chanshall live in your houses for the space of three dayes before ye ged a rock be destroyed; what is foretold to you, is no Fiction : when we into a Cadestroyed them, we, through our efpecial grace faved Salhe, and mell. the true believers that were with him; thunder furprized those Infidels, and in the morning they were found in their houses dead, extended as carkafes : Thus did Temod and his people. contemne the Commandments of God, to their difadvantage. Our Meffengers that came to Abrahams house, declared to him the birth of Ifaac, facob, and their posterity; they mutually faluted, when they entred into his house, he caufed rofted field to be brought to them to eate, and perceiving that they did not eate, contemned them in himself, and was terrified with their comming ; they faid unto him, fear not, we are fent to Lot, to extirpate the inhabitants of his City : Abrahams wife being prefent, began to laugh, when they forerold the birth of Ifanc, facob, and their posterity; she faid, ah God! shall I bear a fon, I, who am old, and have an husband extremly aged ? this would be a miracle; they answered, are ye astonished at the power of God ? Oye of the family of Abraham 1 God hath given you his bleffing, praife and glory are due to him in all places. When Abraham was freed from his fear, and they having announced the birth of his children, he difputed with them a long

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.11.

ATTANKAN KAN

long time, touching the inhibitants of the City of Lot ; he was of a milde disposition, and frequently repeated the praises of God. The Messengers faid unto him, O Abraham ! put an end to thy queftions, the hour is come, wherein God hath commanded to deftroy them, they shall undergo inevitable torments. When they arrived in Lots house, he was grieved, in that he was not able to fecure them from the infolencie of the people : he faid, behold here a day extremly difficult to pais : The inhabitans of the City laving knowledge of their arrivall. repaired to Lots house to centinue their filthines: Lot faid unto them, O people! I have two daughters, whom I will give you, fear God, trouble me not, abuse not my guests : is there none among you to fhew you your error? They answered, thou well knoweft that we have nothing to do with thy daughters, thou knowest what werequire ; he faid, were I of sufficient power, I would dwell in a fortified place to avoid the affaults of your malice : Then faid the Meffengers of God unto him, O Lot ! we are Angels fent from God, those villains shall not approach thee, go this night out of the City with thy family, none shall look back but thy wife, the shall feel the punishment prepared for the wicled, they shall be punished early in the morning; be gone speecily, the day approacheth; when we destroyed them, we turned the City upfide down, and caufed it to raine upon them ftones, marked with fire, to confound them. Such chastifement is not farfrom the Infidels (that are in Mecca.) We fent Chaib into the Country of Madian; he faid, O people ! worship one God alone ; weigh with good weights, and measure with good measure; detain nothing from your neighbour, and defile not the carth, if ye believe in God, otherwile I fear you may be punished at the day of Judgment ; the little that shall remain, shall bring you more of content, then all that vee can purloin, in weighing with falle weights, and meafuring with falle measure. I am not sent to be your Tutor, but only to declare the word of God: they faid, O Chaib, doth thy Law enjoyn us to abandon the geds of our Fathers, and hinder us to make of our goods what shall feem good to us? thou art not of an humour good enough to be our Director. He faid, O people!

See Kitab cl tenoir, and Gelaldin.

140

The YEAN FANT

Chap.11. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

people ! fee ye not that God hatt taught me what I preach ? He hath given me wealth for fubfitance : I contradict you in nothing but what is forbidden you,I will do nothing but what is reasonable, and conform the mot I shall be able to Justice ; my whole support is in God, I recommend my felf to the will of his divine Majestie, before which I must one day appear. O people ! take heed least ye becomecriminall, if ye forfake the company of the righteous, and left hat befall you, that hapned to them who would not believe Nah, Hod, Salhe, and Lot; the punishment of God is not far fron you ; beg pardon of him, and be converted, he is mercifulland amiable. They faid, O Chaib ! we understand not all that thou fayest ; we see thee amongst us without force and power ; wert thou not accompanied, we would ftone thee ; thou halt have no dominion over us. He faid, O people ! efteem ye ny company, and fear ye it more then God ? Have ye turned the back towards him ? He knoweth all your actions, live after your own manner, I will live after mine, you shall hereafter mow your error; he whom God will chastife, shall remain in perpetuall misery, you shall foone understand who shall be the yar, you or I; expect the iffue, I will expect with you : wher we commanded to deftroy them, we (through our efpeciall grace) preferved Chaib, and the true believers that were with hin; thunder furprized those wicked ones, and they in the morning remained dead, extended as carkales in their houses. Thus were the Inhabitants of Madian chastifed like the people of Temod. We fent Moses to Pharoah and his Doctors, with Mracles, with Arguments and Reafons most clear and intelligible; but those Doctors followed his will, and obeyed his commandments, notwithstanding they were contrary to reafon ; they thall follow him at the day of Judgment, as they followed hin upon earth ; that day thall they be accurfed, and shall finde none that shall be able to protect them : the punishment of Meca shall be like to that I relate to thee; there be of its Inhibitants who fubfift, and that do not fubfift, and are no more we have done them no injustice, they have drawn mischief on themselves, and their Idols have been of no use to them, but to augment their misery, when

141

STEANS

NULVENE NEVENEVENEVENEVENEVENEV

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.11.

when God hath commanded to deftroy them : Thus hath God furprized the inhabitants of Mecca, he hath chaftifed them. because they were unjust; this shall serve for example to them that fear the day of Judgment; all men shall there be gathered together, all the world shall fee it; I will retard it untill the time appointed, that day shall no man speak without my permiffion ; there be that fhall be miferable, and others who fhall be happy; the miferable shall dwell in the fire of hell, they shall cry and complain fo long as the earth and the heavens shall endure, and folong as it shall pleafe God, who doth as feemeth good to himfelf. The happy shall enjoy Paradife, where they Ihall abide eternally, fo long as earth and heaven Ihall endure. and fo long as it shall please God. Doubt not what the unbelievers worthip, they adore but the Idols which their Fathers worshipped; affuredly I will chastife them as their Fathers were chastifed. Moles preached the old Testament, yet did the wicked contradict his Precepts; had not God faid that he will not punish them, until the day of Judgment, he had already deftroyed them, becaufe they are in an exceeding great error; thy Lord shall reward every one according to his works, he knoweth all their actions. Obferve exactly what hath been commanded you, with them that are converted ; transgress not the Law of God, he beholdeth what foever you do. Incline not to the affections of the unjust, left the fire of hell furprife you, and yoube deprived of protection. Pray to God evening and morning, and a part of the night; pravers blot out fins; it is the doctrine of Preachers ; be patient, and perfevere, God will not deprive the righteous of their reward : He prohibited your Predeceffors and their posterity to defile the earth; nevertheles there were few among them that abstained; the unjust acted whatever pleafed them, and were guilty before God : He Ihall not destroy Mecca, if the Inhabitants thereof obey his Commandments; and if it pleafed him, the whole world thould be of one Religion, they to whom he giveth his grace, transgress not his Will, his Word shall be accomplished, and hell shall be filled with devills, and the wicked of all Nations. They have recounted to thee, and thou underftandeft whatfoever things

142

ALE ALE AND AND

are

Chap. 12. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

are neceffary for them, and what the Prophets have heretofore taught; thine heart hath been ftrengthened, they containe the truth, and they fhall be for a lefton to true believers. Say unto Infidels, do on your part as yee fhall underftand, we will do on our part as we underftand, and attend the iffue, we will attend it with you; whatfoever is in heaven, and in earth appertains to God, all men fhall be affembled before him, worfhip him, refign your felves to his Will, he knoweth whatfoever the people doth. 143

CHAP. XII.

The Chapter of Joseph, containing an hundred and thirteen Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. I am the mera cifull God. These figns are the figns of the Book which diftinguisheth good from evill. We have caufed to defcend from heaven the Alcoran, written in the Arabique tongue, peradventure ve will learn it. I deliver unto thee in the Alcoran, one of the beft things that I have infpired into thee. Thou were before the comming thereof, in the number of the ignorant. Remember thou, that Joseph faid to his father, My father, I faw in a dream eleven Stars, the Sun, and the Moone, I faw them adoring me. My fon, faid his father, difcover not thy dream to thy brothers, they will confpire against thee, the devill is an open enemy to men, thou shalt be elected of the Lord in this world, he shall teach thee the explication of Dreams, he shall accomplish his grace upon thee, and upon the lineage of facob, as he did accomplish it upon thy fathers, Abraham, and Ifaac ; the Lord knoweth all things, and is most wife. The Hiftory of Foleph shall serve for example to posterity; remember thou, how his brothers faid, our father loveth our brother foseph more then all us together, he is in an exceeding great error, let us kill fofeph, and cast him into fome fecret place remote from us, his absence will render the face of OUT

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.12.

ATELATER ATE

our father more gentle towards us; after his death we will be converted. One of them faid, you fhall not do well to kill him, but caft him into the well, fome paffengers will take him, and carry him into an unknown Country : They faid to their father : father, wherefore dost thou not fend foleph into the fields with us? we will be very carefull, he shall sport and recreate himfelf : I fear, faid he, that ye will neglect to preferve him : doft thou fear (faid they) that a wolfe fhould devoure him in our prefence, and that we want ftrength to defend him? In the morning they led him with them, and caft him into a Well. We infpired him to prophefie to them what fhould befall them for the mischief they acted, but they wanted knowledge to comprehend it; they in the evening returned to their fathers house, with eyes full of diffembled teares, and faid unto him, father, we sported, and ran who should run the best, 70feph remained with our baggage, a wolfe came that devoured him; thou wilt not believe us although we speak the truth; then they shewed him his shirt, which they had sprinkled with blood; it is you that hath done it, faid he, you shall answer it before God, he is my protector, and was patient, without lamenting. There past that day * a Caravan near to that Well, who defiring to draw vvater to drink, let down a bucket, on which foleph took hold to get out; they gave him cloathes, led him away fecretly, and fold him at a good rate for ready money; they would not kill him, in which they were honeft men. He that bought him in Egypt, commanded his vvife to have care of him, that he might one day be ulefull for their fervice, and be to them instead of a fon. Thus did we establish Joseph in the Country of Egypt, and taught him the exposition of dreams, thy Lord is Omnipotent, but few men know him : when fofeph came to the age of manhood, vve gave him knowledge and prudence; thus do we reward the righteous. His Masters vvife became amorous of his beauty, she one day shut him into her chamber, and folicited him with love ; God defend me (faid he) to betray my Master, and be unchaste (he vvas in the number of the righteous) and fled to the door ; his Mistrifs ran after him, and to stay him, tore his shirt through

* the Levantins well; a Caravan, a number of perfons travelling together.

The YEAN TANK

144

the

Chap. 12. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the back : the met her husband behind the door, to whom the faid, vvhat other thing doth he merit, vvho vvould difhonour thine house, then to be imprisoned, and severely chastifed?Lord, faid fofeph, the follicited me, that infant which is in the cradle. and of thy parentage shall be vyitness : Then the infant in the cradle faid, if fofephs shirt be torne before, she hath spoken truth, and Joseph is a lyar; if the thirt be rent behind. Foleph hath delivered the truth, and the a lye: then her hufband beheld Josephs shirt torne behind, and knew that it yvas extream malice, and faid to fofeph, take heed to thy felf, and beware this act be not divulged : do thou, fpeaking to his wife. implore pardon for thy fault, thou art truly guilty. The women of the City, faid among themfelves, that the rich mans vvife was amorous of his Slave, and that the had follicited his love. and had erred from the right way, which the understanding, made them an exceeding fair feaft, and caufed Joseph to enter the Parlour vvhere they fate; vvhile they carved their meat. they were fo furprifed, and entangled with Josephs beauty, that they in flead of carving their meat, cut their fingers. O God ! faid they, this is not a man, but an Angel; then faid fhe unto them, behold him whom I loved with fo much paffion : the another time importuned him, to fatisfie her defire, and perceiving that he would not condefcend to her will, menaced him with the prifon, and to make him miferable : O God ! faid Joseph, I had rather be a prisoner, then do what the defireth, deliver me from her malice, defend me from inclining to her lubricity, and from being in the number of the wicked: his Lord heard his prayer, he understandeth and knoweth all things. This woman feeing Josephs refolution, judged it requifite to imprison him for fome time; he was put prisoner with two men, one of which told him that he had dreamed that he preft grapes to make wine; the other faid, that he deamed that he carried bread upon his head, which the birds did eate, they demanded of himthe interpretation of theirdreams, because he seemed to them to be a good man; he faid to them, before ye break faft, I will interpret your dreams. I will first tell you what God hath taught me, and how I quit, and abandon the law of Infidels, and Τ. embrace

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 12.

embrace the Law of our fathers, Abraham, Ifaac, and Facob, yve ought not to vvorship many gods; fuch as believe in the unity of God, are endued with his grace, but few nen give him thanks. O Prifoners! vvho hath more power, Idels, cr one fole God, vvho is omnipotent? The gods vvhich yeadore are but Idols, whom ye and your fathers call by fuch a name, as feem. eth good to you.ye have no reason to worship them; God doth notenjoyn you this he commandeth you to vvorhip him alone. this is the right vvay, but the greatest part of the vvorld of this are ignorant. O prifoners! the one of you shall give vvine to drink to his Master, the other shall be hanged, the birds shall feed on his head, the interpretation that ve haverequired shall be accomplished. He befought him that should be faved, to remember him when he should be near to his Master; but the devil caufed him to lofe the remembrance of fofeph, who remained prisoner the space of nine years : At that time the King of Egypt faw in a dream feven fat kine, vvhich fevenleane kine devoured; and feven green eares of corne, with feven drie eares, of which he required the interpretation of his Doctors; they answered, that the dream yvas very obscure, and that they knew not the interpretation; the prifoner that had been fet at liberty, faid, that he would forthwith give the interpretation of the dream, remembred fofeph, and calling him unto him, faid, Orighteous man ! explain unto us vvhat is the fignification of feven fat kine, devoured by feven leane, and Yeven green eares of corne, and as many dry, peradventure I shall return to the King and his people, and they shall understand the interpretation of this dream. Joseph faid to him, yee shall fow the earth feven years following, which shall abound in fruits, preferve your Harvest in the cares, and take only what shall be neceffary for life; after this, there shall come feven years barren, and unfruitfull, in which the people shall liffer mach. The King of Egypt having learned the interpretation of this dream, commanded to call foseph ; the Messenger faid unto him, O Foleph! return to thy Master, and require of him the meaning of the women who did cut their fingers, he hath knowledge of their malice, hath caused them to affemble, and demanded of

146

The Alter VERNIE

ATE ANTENANCE

them

Chap.12. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

them what was their defign, when they folicited thee with love ; they answered, they knew no fin in thee, and his wife confessed thetruth, faying, she had importuned thee, but that thou art a very just man. Joseph answered, by this it appears that I am notraitor to my Mafter in his absence, God guideth not traitors; I vvill not fay I am a man without fin, the spirit of man incliteth to evill, except such to vyhom God hath given his particular grace, he is gracious and mercifull to vvhom feemeth good to him. The King having talked with fofeph, entred him nto the number of his domeflicks, and made him fuperintendent of his * revenews, because he knew him to be a * All the reman of spirit, faithfull, and thrifty. We, by our especiall grace, venews of est blished joseph in the Country of Egypt, where he did what the Crown. feemed gool to him. I deprive not the righteous of their reward on each, the recompence of the other world is yet greater for then that believe in my Law, and have my fear before their eyes. The brethren of Joseph returned to buy corne ; he faid to then, vvhen ye shall come again, bring vvith you your yong brother by the father, you shall finde I vvill make you good measure, and lodge vvell my guests; if you bring him not, there hall be no corne for you, approach not this kingdom without him : They answered, Lord, his father loveth him exceedingly, neverthelefs we shall endeavour to perform what thou enjoyiest us; he commanded his servants to put their money for corne in the bottoms of his brethrens facks, perhaps, faid he, they will return, or acknowledge this favour when theyshall come into their Country. When they arrived at theirfather, they faid, father, there is no more corne for us, if our young brother go not with us, if he go thither we fhal have good measure, and we will be careful of him. You will be careful, faid he, as you vvere heretofore of your brother Joseph; God vvill detend him better then you, he is the merciful of the nerciful. When they poured forth their corne, they found their money at the bottoms of their facks, and faid, our father, what shal we defire more, our mony is restored to us, and we have bread for our family, permit that our brother go with us, we shal have better measure, that is a small thing to the King 1 2

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.12

King of Egypt; I will not fend him with you, unlefs ye all fweare before God to bring him back again, if there be no great impediment. They fwore to fulfill his will; then faid he, I take God to be witnefs of your oath: O my fons ! enter not all together into the city, but go in at feverall gates, to the end the people may not be jealous of you; God commandeth what to him feemeth good, I rely on him, all true believers ought to refign themfelves to his divine will; they entred the City as their father enjoyned them, to content him; being arrived before fofeph, he took his little brother by the hand, and faid to him, trouble not thy felf for what shall become of thy brethren; having filled their facks, he caufed a Cup adorned with precious ftones to be put into the fack of his little brother; caused it to be given out, that they of the Caruvan had folne the Kings Cup; and fent men after them to fearch; thole ftrangers protefted they faw it not, and that they came not into Egypt to fteal, that they were fureties for each other, and that he who had stolne it, deferved punishment. The Cup was found in the fack of his young brother ; he caufed him to be apprehended, and accused them all of theft ; Lord, faid they, his father is old, he will be extreamly afflicted for his abfence, take one of us in his place, thou shalt in the end finde us to be honeft men : God forbid, faid he, that I should detain other then him who was found guilty of theft, that would be injuffice; finding themselves out of hope to free their brother, they laved themfelves in a fecret place remote from the City; where the eldeft faid to his brethren, you know the oath we took at our departure, and how heretofore we intreated Poleph, I will not go out of Egypt without my fathers permiffion, Godis molt just, he shall dispose of me and my brother as shall please him, return to your father, and fay unto him, thy fon was taken in theft, we faw him, and endeavored to our power to deliver him, they of the Caravan Ihal be witness? acob faid at their return, they were the cause of that accident, that did not displease you; and he took patience, faying, God perhaps will favour my fons to return in health; he knoweth in what condition I am, he is molt prudent in what he ordaineth. He retired from among

148

APER CAN

Chap. 12. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

among his fons extreamly afflicted, and bewayled the lofs of his fon fofeph; had his eyes continually covered with tears, and he bore in his heart great forrow. His fons faid unto him, Doft thou yet remember 70/eph, to adde to thy grief, and hasten thine end ? I am (faid he) extreamly defolate, I leave all to the will of God ; he hath taught me what ye know not. My fons return into Egypt, and enquire tidings of your two brethren; dispair not of the Spirit of God, none dispair of Gods Spirit, but the wicked. When they came unto fofeph, they faid unto him, The famine that is in our Country, hath extreamly afflicted us, it hath often constrained us to come to buy Corn ; thou, of thy favor, haft made us good measure ; thou haft caufed our money to be reftored for alms, God will reward thee, he recompenceth fuch as are Alms-givers. He faid unto them, Ye remember what ye did unto your brother Joseph : They replyed, Certainly thou art not Joseph. I am Foseph, faid he, and behold my brother Benjamin. God hath given us his grace ; he rewardeth him that hath his fear before his eyes, and is parient in his afflictions; he deprive th not the righteous of recompence. God, faid they, hath poured his favors upon us in faving thee, whom we have exceedingly offended. Be not (faid he) ashamed, God this day pardoneth you that fin, he is gracious and merciful; return to your Father, and bear to him this fhirt, caft it upon his face, he shall recover fight, and return hither with him, and with your whole family. The Caravan was then half way upon return, when facob faid to them that attended him, I finell the odor of my fon fofeph; you deride me, but what I speak is most true : They told him, that he was still in his old error ; fome days following, one of his fons arrived with tidings of Joseph, and caft the fhirt that he had given him, upon him; and incontinently he recovered his fight, and faid, Did I not always tell you, that I knew what ye knew not; they faid, Our Father pardon us, and ask the forgiveness of God for us, who have exceedingly offended him : He answered, I will beg pardon of God for you, he is gracious and merciful. When they arrived before Joseph, he took his Father by the hand, faying, Enter L 3

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.12.

Enter without fear into Egypt, caused him to fit down, and his brethren fell proftrate before him. My Father, faid he. behold there the interpretation of mine old dream, God hath rendred it true, he hath favored me, in delivering me from prifon, and conducting you hither; he hath put an end to the jealoufie which the devil had procured between me and my brethren. The Lord is liberal to whom feemeth good to him : he knoweth what is neceffary for his people, and is most prudent in what he ordaineth. Lord, thou haft given me wealth. and knowledg to interpret dreams. Creator of Heaven and Earth, thou art my protector, give me the grace to die in thy Law, and place me in the number of the righteous. This He speaketh History of Foseph, is an ancient History which I relate to thee. Thou wert not with his brethren when they confpired against him; nevertheles, the greatest part of the people are incredulous. Demand no reward of them for having preached the Alcoran, it instructeth onely the wife. How many fignes be there in Heaven and Earth, of the unity of God ? yet the people believe not therein, and most of them adore Idols; affuredly God shall punish them at an unexpected hour, and in a time which they know not. Say unto them, Behold the right way, I call to the way of Salvation and Light, fuch as follow me. I return thanks to God, for that I am not in the number of unbelievers. We fent aforetime none but men to instruct the people; will not men confider what hath been the end of the wicked that were before them ? Paradife is for them that are rightcous; will ye not be converted ? They caufed the Prophets to loofe all hopes of their Conversion, and believed them to be lyars; but we protected them, and delivered from their malice fuch as feemed good to us. Nothing shall exempt the wicked from the punishment of their pains; they shall ferve for example to men of spirit. The Alcoran containeth no blasphemies, it confirmeth the ancient Scriptures, and teacheth True believers the way of Salvation.

to Mahomet.

The YEAN CAN

150

JYGANY BANY

CHAP.

Chap.13. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XIII.

The Chapter of Thunder, containing fourty three Verses, writ- See Gelaldin ten at Mecca.

151

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful; I am the most wife and merciful God. These precepts are the precepts of the Book fent to thee from thy Lord ; it is a thing most true, but few men incline to believe it. It is fent from God, who raifed Heaven without a prop, and with a column, that appeareth, and fitteth on his throne, disposing all things. He caufeth the Sun and Moon to move, until the day appointed ; he difpofeth all things at his will, and manifesteth to men the fignes of his omnipotency. Peradventure you will believe in the Refurrection of the flefh. He it is that hath extended the Earth, raifed the Mountains, caufed the Rivers to flow, who created of all forts of Fruits, the Male and Female, and covereth the day with the obscurity of the night. These things are signes of his unity to fuch as confider them. He hath created many fields of divers forts, and Gardens filled with Grapes, and many different Fruits ; he created Date-trees, thick as Groves, and Forefts, and others that are scattered through the fields; fome are moystened with waters, and others have a more pleasing tafte. These things are signes of his unity to such as confider them. Thou art amazed at the lies of Infidels, be aftonished at their discourses ; when they deny the Refurrection, and fay, What, shall God yet once again create us of the dust of the Earth? when we shall be Earth, shall we be a new people? They are impious, they shall have Oaks upon their necks, and shall remain eternally in the fire of Hell; they precipitate themselves into eternal pains, and contemn the mercy of God, fo did their predeceffors; but God is gracious to fuch as convert. Chastife feverely the obstinate Infidels. They have faid, We will not believe in the Prophet, unlefs we fee fome miracle to appear. Say unto them, I am not fent but to preach the word of God. He hath fent perfons to every Nation, to teach them

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 12.

them the right way; nothing is hid from him in the world : he knoweth what women bear in their womb ; he knoweth the time and period of every thing, the prefent, paft, and future; he is great and omnipotent. He understanderh what you keen fecret, and what ye make manifest ; he knoweth where they be who cover themselves with the obscurity of night, and them that travel in the clearness of day; every one hath his guardian by his commandment, who observeth what he doth, and depriveth none of grace, that hath not offended his divine Majefty, and none can hinder him to punish whom it feemeth good to him. He it is, who giveth you to fee the lightning which terrifieth men, and nourifheth his Creatures by the rain which he caufeth to fall ; he created the clouds charged with moufture, caufeth thunder to make a noife, darteth the Thunder-bolt, and ftriketh whom it pleafeth him ; the Angels tremble in his prefence, yet do the wicked difpute his omnipotency. He is who ought to be implored; the prayers. of them who implore another God are ineffectual, they are like to fuch as are very thirfly, and firetch forth the hand towards a Fountain, to which they cannot reach ; the prayers of the wicked are impiety : Whatfoever is in Heaven, and in the Earth, the fhadow of the morning, the obscurity of the evening humble themfelves before God, through force on affection. Say unto them, Who is the Lord of Heaven and Earth, but God? who, except God fhall protect you? your Idols can neither benefit, nor hurt you : Is the blinde like unto him that feeth-cleerly ? is darknefs like unto light ? fhall they adore the Creatures instead of the Creator ? God hath created all things, and is omnipotent ; he caufeth rain to defeend from Heaven, and Rivers covered with Foam, to flow in the Vallevs. The Gold, the Silver, and Mettals which ye melt to adorn and enrich your felves, are like unto froth. Thus doth God teach what is profitable, and what unprofitable; froth fuddenly vanisheth, and is of no utility to men : So fallhood vanisheth before truth. Thus doth God speak through a parable, to them that obey him, and giveth them Paradife. All the riches of the Earth, and as much again, cannot ranfom the Infidels,

152

YEANY LANY

Chap. 13. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fidels, they thall be eternally tormented in the fire of Hell. Who knoweth, that the truth contained in this Book, was not fent to thee from God? He that doubteth is blinde; men of Spirit do not doubt. They who fatisfie what they promife to God, who transgrefs not his Commandments, who have his fear before their eyes, who apprehend the day of judgment, who are patient in their afflictions for love of his divine Majefty, who make their prayers at the time appointed, who give alms privately and publikely, and blot out their offences with good works, shall be bleffed. They shall enter into the Garden of Eden with their father, their wives, and families ;; the Angels shall visit them, shall falute them, and fay, Behold the recompence of your perfeverance, behold eternal grace. Such as shall fwarve from their promise, and disobey the Commandments of God, and pollute the Earth, thall be accurfed of God, and feverely chaftifed ; he giveth, and deprived of wealth, as feemeth good to him. The unbelievers rejoyce in the riches of the earth ; but those riches are of little value, if they confider them of the other world. They fay, If Mabomet doth not make fome miracle to appear from God, we will not believe him. Say unto them, God guideth, and milleadeth whom it pleafeth him ; he confirmeth the hearts of them that have faith in his Law; the Remembrance of God confirmeth the hearts of True believers : Such as thalk do good works, shall be happy. We have fent thee, as we did fend other Prophets, to them that preceded thee. Teach the people what we have infpired into thee : When they fhall difobey thee, fay unto them, God is my Lord, there is but one God alone, I am wholly refigned to his divine will; my refuge is in his goodness. If the Alcoran fhould make Mountains to go, should it cause the Earth to open, and the dead to arise, all would proceed from God. True-believers ought not to dispair of any thing, God shall guide all the world into the right way when it shall please him; and unbelievers shall not escape the punishment of their crimes. Thou shalt dwell with them until the word of God be fulfilled : He fwarveth not from what he promiseth; they derided the Prophets that came

153

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.13.

came before thee, I prolonged the time of their punishment, and in the end rigoroufly chaltifed them ; and with what affictions ? Doth not God behold the actions of every man? They have faid, God hath companions, to whom they have given names after their fancy ; will you instruct God in any thing? The wicked take delight in their wickedness, and are gone astray from the right way. He whom God shall mislead, shall finde none to guide him, he shall be afflicted in this world, and vet more in the other. None shall be able to fave him but God; Paradife is promised to them that have his fear before their eves ; they shall enjoy eternally all maner of content, such is the end of the righteous; and Hell is prepared for Infidels. They, to whom we have given the knowledg of Scriptures, rejoyce in the doctrine which we have fent thee ; there be that abjure one part ; fay unto them, I recommend unto you only the worthip of one fole God, who is the affured refuge of the righteous. We have fent the Alcoran in the Arabique tongue, to the end the Arabians may comprehend it : If thou doft follow the will of unbelievers, having had the knowledg of the unity of God, who shall be able to fave or protect thee ? We fent Prophets before thee, commanded them to marry, and they had children. Prophets cannot perform miracles without the permission of God, and the end of every thing is written in his Book ; he blotteth out, and leaveth permanent what feemeth good to him, he cannot alter. I perceive that fome of the wicked have a defign to murther thee; thou art obliged only to preach to them, I will keep an accompt of their fins to punish them. See they not that their Countries and pofferfions diminish daily through thy conquests ? God commandeth what pleaseth him, no man can escape his judgments, he is most exact in his account : their predecessors used fubrilities as they, but God is more fubtile then they; he well knoweth the good and evil which every one doth : they shall one day understand who must have Paradife. They fay thou art no Prophet, fay unto them, It is fufficient that God is witnefs of the truth between you and me; who is he that knoweth what is written in the Book of his divine Majefty ?

154

AFANKANKANI

CHAP.

Chap.14. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XIV.

The Chapter of Abraham, containing fifty verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull; I am the mercifull God. That Booke ! We have fent it to thee to bring the people out of darkness, to guide them to the light, and the way of thy Lord, alwayes victorious and glorious ; Whatfoever is in Heaven, and in Earth, is Gods: mifery is upon unbelievers, they shall undergoe at the end of the world exceeding great torments. They who preferre the wealth of this world to that of Heaven, who goe aftray from the way of the Law, and would pervert it, are in a great error, farre from truth : The Prophets spake the language of them to whom they were fent to inftruct them, God guideth and mifleadeth whom to him feemeth good, he is omnipotent and prudent. We fent Mofes with prodigies, to bring the children of Ifrael out of darkness, and to conduct them to light, he taught them the Commandments of the Law, to ferve for instruction to fuch as shall perfevere to do well, and shall not be ingratefull for the favours they have received. Mofes spake to his people, and faid, remember the grace of God towards you, he delivered you from the men of Pharaoh, who caufed you to fuffer great afflictions, who murthered your Children, abused your wives, and layed upon you great evills (fent from God, becaufe of your finnes.) The Lord hath faid, if ye be not ingratefull, I will augment my graces upon you; if ye be impious, you shall be afflicted. Moses faid to his people ; if you and all men be impious, know, that God will be alwayes glorious, and hath no need of you. Know ye not what befell (before you) the people of Noah, Aad, Temod, and their posterity, that none had knowledge of but God, because of their great number? He sent them his Commandments by his Prophets, they bit their fingers for anger, and faid unto them, we renounce, and condemne your Doctrine:

155

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.14.

atta atta at

156

Doctrine : The Prophets faid unto them, is there any doubt in the beliefe of the unity of God, Creator of Heaven, and Earth ? he calleth you to remit your fins, and deferreth your punishment untill the day appointed : They answered, ye are men like unto us, will you hinder us to adore the Gods of our fathers? Produce arguments of ftrength fufficient to prove what you preach : the Prophet replyed, We are men as you are, but God giveth his grace to whom feemeth good to him ; we are come to you through his permiffion, the true believers ought to trust in him; wherefore should we not be refigned to the will of God, who hath guided us into the right way ? we will continue in wel-doing, the righteous truft in his divine Majefty. Then faid the Infidels unto them, we will banith you from our Country, if you be not of our Religion ; but God infpired into them, that the Infidels fould perifh, and that they fould inhabit the Land after them; that he would protect fuch as (hould have his fear before their eyes, and fear the paines that are prepared for the wicked. The Prophets were protected of God, and the obstinate wicked were destroyed : they shall be precipitated into Hell, and drink of water full of corruption, urine and bloud, death shall appear on all fides before their eyes, before they have fwallowed that drink : they shall not dye in that miferie, they shall fuffer yet greater paines. The good works which the wicked have done, are like to dust carryed away by an impetuous winde, they shall be unprofitable to them, and they shall be extirpated, because they depart from the truth : See they not that God hath created Heaven and Earth ? that he can deftroy them, and create in their place a new people, if it seeme good to him? This is not difficult to God, all things are known to him. The more impotent of them that have followed the wicked, shall fay at the day of Judgment, we obeyed you, will you this day deliver us from the punishment of God? They shall answer, had God guided us into the right way, we had conducted you thither, we are alike miferable with you, we cry and lament in our miferie, but finde neither refuge nor protection. The Devill shall fay unto them, what God hath promifed

Chap.14. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

promised to you is infallible, I forecold it to you, I caused you to transgreffe his Commandments through my tentations, I had none other power over you, but to tempt you, you did me no harme when yee hearkned to me, you drew mischief on your felves, I am not your l'utor, neither are you mine, I was impious, when heretofore I fuffered you to adore me ; Hell is prepared for you, and for all unbelievers, there shall they endure great torments, and the righteous shall enter into Paradife, wherein flow many rivers, where they shall dwell eternally, with all manner of bleffedness and content; Seeft thou not how God speaketh by a parable? A good word is like to a good tree that hath taken root in the Earth, and hath raised its branches to Heaven, and produceth its fruit in due time, through the permiffion of his divine Majefty ; he teacheth the people his parables, perhaps they will be mindfall : An evill word is like to a bad tree, that hath been torne from the Earth, there is nothing to fultaine it, and it is without root, or fruit : God fortifieth the True believers through his word in this world, and in the other, and caufeth the unjust to erre, he doth what to him feemeth good : Seeft thou not them that have changed his grace into impiety, and have made fuch as have followed them to dwell in the house of perdition ? They shall abide eternally in the fire of Hell. They fay, that God hath a companion equal to him, and erre from the way of his Law; Say unto them, ye shall have wealth in this world, but Hell is your Rendezvous. Say to the True believers, who make their prayers at the time appointed, and give almes in private, or in publique, that the day shall come wherein they shall neither buy nor fell, and where every one shall be recompensed for his works. Say unto them, God hath created the Earth, and the Heavens, he maketh the raine to descend from Heaven, which caufeth to spring forth all forts of fruits to enrich you, he created the ship, that through his permission faileth on the Sea, he created the rivers, the Sun and the Moone, which move continually, he created the day and the night, and bestoweth on you what foever yee defire, his favours towards you can neither be numbred, nor recounted,

157

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.14.

ed, nevertheles the Inhabitants of Mecca are alwayes impious and wicked; Abraham faid, Lord protect this City, and make it to be the refuge of the world ; Keep me and my Children from the worship of Idols, they have seduced a part of the people; he that shall follow me, and professe thy unity, shall be mine ; if any one disobey me, thou art gracious and mercifull : Lord, one part of my Lineage inhabiteth Mecca. in a place unfruitfull, give them the grace to perfevere in thy fervice, incline the hearts of men to affect them, enrich them with the fruits of the Earth, peradventure they will thanke thee ; thou knoweft what foever is in the world, I know it not : nothing that is in Heaven, or in Earth is hid from thee: prayfed be God, who hath given me Ismael and Isaac in mine old age, he heareth prayers when it pleafeth him; Lord, give me and my posterity the grace to perfevere in well doing. hear my prayers, pardon me, and pardon my father, and all True believers at the day of Judgment. Think not that God is ignorant of the actions of Infidels, he deferreth the punishment of their crimes untill the day that all men shall have their eyes opened : that day shall they behold their fins before their eyes, and their hearts shall be full of desolation ; If thou preacheft to the people the day of Judgment, hath God (will the wicked fay) preferved us to this prefent time, to do what thou doft appoint us? Say unto them, have ye not fworne heretofore, that there is no refurrection ? Ye have dwelt with the unjust, ye have feen how they have been chaftifed, and how we have spoken to you in parables. Certainly they conspire, but God knoweth their conspiracy, their policie is to tempt the Prophet, to fee if he will make the Mountains to move. Think not that God will violate what he hath promised to the Prophets, he is omnipotent, and avengefull. Confider the day wherein the Earth and Heavens shall change their face, and all people thall rife again; that day shall one sole God omnipotent, command men to come out of their Monuments ; Thou shalt that day see the wicked bound in their chaines, their garments shall be full of pitch, and guitran, their faces shall be covered with fire, that day fhall

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.15.

shall he recompense and chastife every one according to his works, he is exact to keep account; This Book was fent to instruct the people, and teach them that there is but one God; the wife will remember.

CHAP. XV.

The Chapter of Hegir, containing feventy and feven Verfes, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I am the mer Hegir is a cifull God. The fignes are the fignes of the Alcoran, which Mecca. diftinguisheth good from evill. How may the Infidels hope See Ritab el what the True-believers hope for? depart from them, let tenoir. them eat the substance of the poore, let them become rich, and content themselves in their hopes, they shall see one day what their end shall be ; We have destroyed no City untill the time destined to its raine was expired, there is no nation that can advance or retard its deftiny. The wicked have faid, oh man ! who believest that the Alcoran was fent to thee, we will affirme that thou art a Sorcerer, untill the Angels do affure us that thou art true : The Angels shall not descend to the earth, unlefs to chaftife them, and they shall not be able to retard the time of their punishment; we certainly have fent the Alcoran upon earth, and will preferve it without alteration; we heretofore fent Prophets one after another, the wicked fcorned and contemned them; thus I imprint impiety in the hearts of the wicked, they shall not believe in the Prophet, and shall incurr the punifhment of their predeceffors : fhould we open the entrance of heaven, and fhould they behold the Angels go in, and go out at the shadow of the gate, they would yet fay, their eyes were inchanted, and that they were bewitched : we created figns in heaven, and adorned them with Stars, to content the minds of them that confider them ; we sheltered them from the affaults of the devill, but the Butterflie followeth every thing that thineth, and believeth it to be a Star; we extended

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. 160 Chap.15.

tended the earth, and raifed the mountains with proportion : we have made it to produce all forts of fruits to fultain and enrich you; we have referved in our power the keyes of the treasures thereof, to distribute to them by measure what shall be neceffary, we caufed a fresh winde to arise, and fent rain to water them ; it is not you that caufed the fruits thereof to foring forth ; it is we who give life and death, and difpofe of all things in the world. We know who they were that did precede you, and who they shall be that shall fucceed you ; I will affemble all at the end of the world to be judged ; we creared man of the flime of the earth, and before him the devill. of fire, without finoak. Remember thou, that God faid to his Angels, I will create man of the flime of the earth, I will breathe upon him, to give him life ; prostrate your selves before him; the Angels adored him, except the devill ; God faid unto him, wherefore doft thou not adore man? He replied, I will not adore him, thou hast created me of fire, and him of the mire of the earth : He faid, get thee out of Paradife, thou shalt be banished, and accursed untill the day of Judgment. Lord, said the devll, lay not thy curfe upon me until the day of Judgment: he faid, thou shalt be accurfed untill the day nominated; Lord, faid the devill, I will tempt all the creatures, becaufe thou haft tempted me; I will caufe them to difobey thy Commandments, except fuch as shall trust in thee, and recommend themselves to thy divine Will. God faid, this is the right way, thou haft no power over the righteous who follow my Law, but only over the Infidels, for whom hell is prepared. Hell hath feven gates, and every gate hath its particular work; the righteous shall dwell in gardens, adorned with fair fountains, we will free them from all rancour ; they shall repose upon beds like brethren, with respect, and affection, and shall be in eternall felicity : Declare to them that worthip me, that I am gracious and mercifull, and my chaftifements are fevere and rigorous. Preach unto them the Hiftory of the Guefts of Abraham, they faluted him when they entred his house ; Abraham was terrified at their comming : they faid to him, fear not us, we are the Meffengers of God ; we declare to thee that thou shalt have a fon.

Chap.15. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fon, who shall be a great perfonage : Do you tell me (faid he) that I shall have a fon in mine old age ? why speak yee in that manner? We tell thee the truth, despaire not of the grace of God, none but the wicked despaire : O Messengers of God ! (faid Abraham) what do ye require? We are fent to deftroy the Infidels, and to preferve the whole family of Lot, except his wife, fhe shall remain with them that shall be punished. When these Messengers came to Lots house, he told them, he knew them not; they faid to him, we are come to thee, to cleare this people of their doubt of Gods Omnipotencie; what we fpeak unto thee is most true ; cause thy family this night to go out of the City, and follow their fteps, that none among you look behind him, and go whither you shall be commanded; the wicked shall in the morning be destroyed. The Inhabitants of the City came to Lots house to see those strangers; Lot faid unto them, I beseech you defile not your felves with my Guests, fear God, and dishonour not your selves, behold my daughters, take them; They faid, we do not hinder thee to lodg thy guefts, and remained confounded in their drunkennefs. In the morning thunder furprifed them, we overthrew the City upfide down, and caufed it to rain ftones with fire, that utterly destroyed it. This shal serve for example to passengers that shal fee those ruines, and for a marke of the Omnipotency of God, to them that fhall believe in his divine Majefty. They that inhabited the wood neer to Medina were impious, but we avenged us on them, they ferved for example to posterity, as did the people of the City of Lot. They that dwell in the Valley of Hegir, have defamed the Prophets ; we gave them to fee our Miracles, and taught them our Commandments, they contemned them, but they reposed in the morning in their houses built upon the mountains, and in their fortreffes; when thunder surprised them, their treasures did not fave them, and they were all deftroyed. We created the heavens and the earth to be figns of the Truth, and of our Unity: The hour of Judgment ap- That is, the proacheth; absent thy self from thy people with mildness, thy Preface of Lord who created all things, knoweth all. VVe taught thee the Alcoran, feven figns, and the most precious Alcoran. Tarry not to con- feven verfes. fider M

161

A PR PR FR FR PR PR FR FR FR FR FR FR FR

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 16.

Inder the divers forts of riches which the wicked poffefs ; affliet not thy felf, if they perfift in their impiety ; Say unto them, I preach none other thing but the word of God, and the pains of hell. VVe will chaftife the wicked, as we chaftifed them that divided the Alcoran, who approved one part, and rejected the other. I am thy Lord, I will require of them an account of their actions, preach what hath been commanded thee, and depart from Infidels, vve will preferve thee from them that shall fcorn thee, as likewife from fuch as adore Idols ; I know that thou wilt be grieved at their difcourfe, but praife and adore the Lord untill death.

CHAP. XVI.

The Chapter of the Bee, containing an hundred and eight Verses, written at Mecca.

See Gelldin. The Name of God, gracious and mercifull. The chaftifement of God is not far remote ; defire it not before its time; praised be God, he hath no companion, he causeth the Angels to defcend, and fendeth his infpirations to whom it pleaseth him; preach his power, and the pains of Hell to unbeleevers; there is no God but he, feare him, he created the earth and the heavens, he is more powerfull then your Idols, and created man of the mire of the earth, nevertheless he is obstinate in his pride ; he created cleane beasts for your use, you draw (from them) great emolument, and advantage, to cloth and nourifh your felves, ye fee their beauty when they feed; and when they lead them to passure, they beare the burthen, and whatfoever ye will fend into Cities, what ye cannot carry without them, but with exceeding great travell; God is gracious and mercifull towards you ; he created horfes, and mules, and affes to beare you ; he created many glorious things, of which you have not knowledge. He teacheth them the right way, who observe his Commandments; had it pleafed him, he had guided all into the way of his Law. He

Chap. 16. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

He fendeth you water from Heaven to take away thirst, and caufeth plants to bring forth, and trees that nourish your flocks; he maketh the Olive trees to produce, the Date trees, Vines, and all forts of fruits. These things are arguments af his Unity, to fuch as confider them; he created the night, the day, the Sunne, the Moone and the Starrs, that move at his pleafure, these things are figns of his Omnipotency to them that are wife: He created what soever is on Earth of diverse colours, kinde, and species; he created the fea, which affordeth you fifh, pearles, and other precious ftones to adorne you; thou feeft how the thips faile upon the waters, and divide the waves for the advantage of commerce, peradventure you will give God thanks for his favours. He raifed the mountaines to make firm the Earth, and to hinder it to move, he created the rivers, and established wayes to guide you ; he made the Stars to conduct you by night upon the sea, and the mountains to direct you in your way by day : who but he could have created what he hath made? will you never confider it ? It is not in your power to keep account of his mercies, he is altogether gracious and mercifull, and knoweth the fecret of your fouls : the Idols that yee adore can create nothing, but are things dead, without motion, and know not in what time the world shall rife again ; your God is one fole God ; fuch as believe not the end of the world, fuch as deny his Unity, and boaft of their false beliefe, are abhorred of his divine Majefty ; when they are interrogated concerning what God hath infpired into Mahomet ; they answered, that he preacheth Fables of antiquity, but they shall bear their burthen at the day of Judgment, who have feduced them from the right way, and have not known it. They that were before them were deceivers, God overthrew their habitations, the ruins fell upon them, and he chaftifed them, when they leaft thought of it ; he shall make them ashamed at the day of Judgment, and shall demand of them, where be the Idols for which they disputed against true believers? Such as have knowledge of Gods Commandments, affure that shame shall be upon the foreheads of Infidels, and that the Angels shall cause them to die, because of the enormity M 2

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 16.

mity of their fins ; They will fay at the hour of death, that they believe in God, and are penitent for their faults, God knoweth what they have done; he shall command them to enter into hell, where is the abode of the proud : He shall command them who have his fear before their eyes to enter the house of Eternity, and the gardens of Eden, wherein flow many rivers, there shall they dwell eternally with the height of their defire. Shall the wicked continue in their fin, untill the Angels caufe them to die, or until the day of Judgment? Thus did their predeceffors. God was not unjust towards them, they drew mifchief on themfelves through their iniquity ; they were chaftifed, and felt the punishment which they had defpised: they have faid, had it fo pleafed God, our fathers and we had adored him alone; fo spake their predecessors. The Prophets are not obliged, but to preach and inftruct the people. We fent a Prophet to every Nation, to instruct it, and to command the worfhip of one fole God, and to quit the adoration of Tagot, and of Idols ; God guided fome into the right way, and others were feduced ; confider what is the end of the wicked ; if thou indeavoureft to put them into the right path, thou shalt lofe thy time, God guideth not them that defire to err, they shall be deprived of protection at the day of Judgment; they have fworn by their faith, that God will not make the dead to rife again, but he shall cause them to rife again, to chastife them according to his promifes; but the greatest part of men do not know it, did they know it, they would acknowledg their errors, and the impious would acknowledg their blasphemies. When we willed any thing, we faid, be thou, and it was:. They that depart from the wicked for the love of their Lord, and shall convert themselves, shall be rewarded in this world, and yet more in the other, had they knowledge to understand it. Such as patiently endure the injuries of unbelievers, and truft in their Lord, shall be recompensed when they least think of it. We heretoføre fent but men to preach our Law; ask of them that have knowledg of the written Law, if it be not true? We have fent to them the Alcoran, to the end thou mailt instruct men in our Commandments, peradventure they will confider

The Jews and Chriftians.

Chap. 16. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

165

confider it. The earth shall produce nothing to them, that shall confpire against the Prophet, they shall be chastifed when they leaft think of it; God shall afflict them in their commerce, they shall not escape his punishment, and their substance shall diminish by little and little before their eyes; God is gracious and mercifull to them only that honour him : See they not the fhadow of that which God hath created, fometimes at the right hand, fometimes at the left, to adore his divine Majefty, they certainly are contemptible; whatfoever is on the earth, and in the heavens, beaft, and Angels, worthip God with humility, fear their Lord, and obey his Commandments. God hath commanded them to worthip and to fear one God alone, to whom obedience is due eternally ; whom will ye fear but God ? who but God fhall protect you? when evill befalleth you, you have recourfe to his divine goodnefs; being delivered, fome of you give him thanks, and yet believe not in his Law : You feek only the riches of the earth, but you shall fee what shall be your end ; they fay that their wealth proceedeth from their Idols : by God ! an account of their blasphemies shall be required of them ; they affirm that God hath daughters ; affuredly they deceive themfelves, and are not well fatisfied, when it is faid to them, that a daughter is born to them; they fly fuch as declare to them the punishment of their fins, God shall leave them in ignominy, and they shall be contemned as the earth which they trample under their feet; because they believe not in the day of Judgment, mifery shall perpetually purfue them; God shall command for ever, and be eternally powerful and victorious. Should God chaftife men when they offend, he should leave no living creature upon the earth, he deferreth their punishment untill the time appointed, they can neither advance nor retard it ; they affirm God to have that which themfelves are not fatisfied to have ; they lye, when they fay that paradife is for them, doubtlefs they are erroneous, and shall be precipitated into the fire of hell. By God1we have fent heretofore Prophets to the people, the devill feduced men, and was master of the wicked in this world, but in the other they shall rescent great torments : We have sent shee M 3

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 16.

thee the Alcoran, to clear to men the doubts touching Religion, and to guide true believers into the right way. God fendeth raine from heaven to refresh the earth, this is an evident figne of his omnipotency, to them that hear his word ; yee have yet a token of his omnipotency in the beafts that give you milke, to nourish you, and another marke in the fruits of the earth, in the fruits of Date trees, and the Vines. from which you extract wine, and receive profit. These things are fignes of his omnipotency, to such as comprehend them. The Lord infpired the Bee to dwell in the fields, to lodge in trees, in Hives, and to eat of all forts of fruits, it produceth honey of divers colours, that ferveth for a remedy to the difeafes of men; thefe things are fignes of Gods omnipotency to them that confider them. God hath created you, and shall cause you to dye; There be perfons among you that shall be full of ignominy in their life, to the end they may understand that God is omnipotent, conferreth benefits on lome more then on others : Slaves have no part in the faculties of their Masters, neither are they associate with them, (nevertheless they affociate to God another God equall to him, and blaspheme against his grace.) God hath created you men, and women, and hath given you Children, and Children to your Children, he hath enriched you with the riches of the earth; Will you after this grace believe in your Idols, which are things inanimate, vaine, and unprofitable? Will ye beingratefull for the benefits of God? Will yee worship what can neither benefit nor hurt you? Believe not that there is another God companion and affociate with God ; He knoweth what ye know not , he teacheth you a Parable : A flave that is poor cannot give almes, and he who is rich giveth almes fecretly and publiquely, as he feeth good ; are they both alike? Ought they to be put in paralell? Praise be to God : Certainly, the greatest part of men know not his graces, he teacheth you a parable; Behold! two men; the one was borne deaf, and dumb, and given in charge to his Guardían, he knoweth not how to imploy him, he is capable neither of doing, nor speaking well, is he like to him

166

that

Chap. 16. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

that speaketh, that understandeth, teacheth men Justice, and followeth the right way ? Whatfoever is in Heaven, or on Earth appertaineth to God, when he commandeth any thing, it is performed in the twinkling of an eye, yea fooner, he is omnipotent : He it is that caufeth you to come out of the wombe of your mother, that giveth you hearing, fight, and fense, perhaps ye will returne him thanks ; See ye not the birds that flye in the Aire; who fustaineth them but God? It is an evident figne of his omnipotency for the True believers, he hath given you houses to inhabit, and the skins and furres of beafts to cover you, he hath given you their haire, and wooll, to furnish your houses, and enrich you ; he created trees and clouds to overshadow you, made the Mountaines and Caves to cover you from rain, created garments to defend you from the heat of the Sun, and the rigour of cold, he hath accomplished his grace upon you, peradventure you will refigne your felves to the will of his divine Majefty, and professe his Unity. If the unbelievers depart from the way of the Law, thou art obliged only to preach to them intelligibly; they know the grace of God, and contemne it, for that the greateft part of them are impious; preach unto them the day, wherein I will raife again all the Nations of the world, and the Prophets and Apostles who have preached to them my Commandments, there shall be no excuse for Infidels, neither shall they finde protection, or relaxation of their miseries : When they shall behold their Idols, they shall confess that they were miflead, they shall understand the unity of thy Lord, and that their Idols are not able to intercede for them. God hath added to the punishment of Infidels, hath fent them evill upon evill, becaufe they hinder the world to follow his Law: Preach unto them the day, wherein I will caufe to rife again all the Nations of the world, with the Prophet who preached to them, to be witness of their actions; I will be witness against them of thy Nation; I have fent thee the Booke that unfoldeth the mysteries of my Law, to guide the people into the right way, and to declare the joyes of Paradife to fuch as profels my unity. God commandeth you to do only that which

167

N YR YR

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 16.

a Store St

168

which is reafonable, he commandeth you to give almes, and to do good to your parents, he forbiddeth whoredom, difobedience, and injuffice, enjoyneth you to do good, perhaps you will confider it. Perform what ye have promifed to God. break not promised faith, ye call God to be witness of your promises, he knoweth all your actions. Do not like the woman who fpun a thred, foulded it, and afterwards entangled and spoyled it, believe not that there is deceit and error in your Law; If the unbelievers be more in numbers then you. God permitteth it, to prove you ; he shall clear to you at the day of Judgment the doubts that be among you; had it fo pleased him, you all had observed one and the same Law : he guideth, milleadeth whom it pleafeth him, and will exactly require of you an accompt of your actions. Believe not that there is deceipt in your Law, take heed of flumbling ; hawing once confirmed your fteps, ye shall be feverely chaflifed, if ye feduce the people from the right way ; do not violate what ye have promifed to God, for any price, his grace is of more advantage to you then the wealth of the earth, had ve knowledge to understand it; your wealth is perishable, and the riches of heaven are cternall; he shall recompense them that perfevere in wel-doing, and whofoever shall do good works, shall be bleffed in this world, and in the other. When thou shalt read the Alcoran, implore God to deliver thee from the malice of the Devill, abominable to all the Creatures, he hath no power over them that trust in his divine Majestie, his power extendeth over fuch as goe aftray, who obey not him, and adore many Gods. When we alter any precepts (God wellknoweth what he ordaineth) they fay thou art a lyar, but the greatest part of them are ignorant ; Say unto them, that affuredly the Holy Ghoft hath taught it from thy Lord, to confirme believers in their faith, and to guide into the right way them that professe his unity, and to anounce to them the joyes of Paradile. I know, that they will fay that a man hath taught him the Alcoran. He whom they prefume to have taught him, is a Persian by Nation, and speaketh the Language of the Perfians, and the Alcoran is in the Arabique tongue, full

Chap. 16. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

full of instruction and eloquence. They who will not believe in God, shall fuffer great torments ; fuch as renounce his Commandments, blafpheme against his divine Majesty ; those that reject his Law, after having professed it, shall feel the effect of his wrath, and be punifhed for preferring the wealth of the earth to the riches of Heaven ; God guideth not unbelievers. They in whofe hearts he hath imprinted difobedience, those whom he hath deprived of hearing, and fight, are ignorant, they doubtleffe fhall be at the end of the world in the number of the damned ; he is mercifull to them that convert, and repent to have miflead the people from the right way, and perfevere in obedience to his Commandments. Be thou mindfull of the day, wherein man shall difpute against himfelfe, and every one shall be rewarded according to his works without injustice. God teacheth you a Parable; Behold a free and priviledged City, on the which God poureth his graces on all fides with abundance, and is ingratefull for his benefits ; but he fent upon it milery, famine, and fear, becaufe of its ingratitude. God hath fent to the Inhabitanes thereof a Prophet of their Nation, they have flandered him, and were chastisfed, because of their sinne. Eate of what God hath given you, and give him thanks for his grace; if it be he whom ye worthip, he forbiddeth you to car of Carriso, of Bloud, and Swines-flefh, and whatfoever is not flaine in prononncing the name of God; he will be gracious and merciful to them who shall cat through necessity, without defigne to offend him. Lye not, in faying, Behold that which is permitted to be eaten 1 blafpheme not against God; such as blafpheme against him, shall not prosper in this world, and in the other shall suffer grievous torments. We did heretofore prohibit the Jews to eat of what we have recounted to thee, we did to them no injustice, they drew mifehief on themfelves through their finne; thy Lord is gracious and mercifull to them that ignorantly offend him, who convert, and do good works. Abraham was obedient to God, and professed his unity, he adored not Idols, and gave thanks to God for his mercies; God elected, and guided him into the right way, he gave

169

170 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 17.

gave him wealth in this world, and placed him in the other, in the number of the bleffed. We have infpired thee to follow the Law of Abraham, he profeffed the unity of God, and adored not Idols, he eftablished the Sabbath among the Jews, of which they dispute; God shall judge their difference at the day of Judgment. Cal the people to the Law of God with prudence, and preachings, and dispute against them with good arguments, God knoweth them that depart from the right way; if they evilly intreat you, intreat them as they shall intreas you; if ye be patient, patience is advantagious to them that take it willingly, have patience for the love of God, and afflict not your felves with the deportments and malice of the wicked, God is with the righteous, who have his fear before their eyes.

CHAP. XVII.

The Chapter of the Voyage by Night, containing an hundred and eleven Verses, written at Mecca.

has no teau a nor to million, terninet, and t

Reader, The Turks believe that this night of the Voyage Mahomet ascended into Keaven with the Angel Gabriel: he was mounted on a white Burac, which is a beast partly Mule, partly Asse, and partly Horse. He saw all the Prophets that preceded him, all the wonders of Paradise, and saw God, who sate on his Throne. See Kitab el tenoir, Tessiir and Giauhoir, and the exposition of Gelaldin. The Bedaoi intituleth this Chapter the Chapter of the Children of Israel.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praife be to him, that cauled his fervant to goe in one night from the Temple of *Mecca*, to the Temple of *ferufalem*; we have bleffed that Temple, and whatfoever is about it, in token of our omnipotency. We gave to *Mofes* the Old Teftament, to inftruct the Children of Ifrael, and to deterre them from the worfhip

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.17.

worship of any other God, but of me; to forbid them to adore the lineage of Noah, or the lineage of them that we preserved in his Ark. Noah is my creature, and my servant, acknowledging my benefits; we prohibited in Scripture the To quit their children of Ifrael, to defile twice the Earth, left they kindled faith, and retoo great a fire ; when that befel you, we stirred up our fer- turn to it vants against you, and they entred by force into the midst often. of your houses; this was as soon executed as promised. In see KI the end, we gave you advantage over your enemies; we gave you wealth, and children to fuccor you, and ye were more numerous then the Infidels; the good and the evil that you shall do, shall be for your souls. We stirred up the wicked against you, because of your fins, to afflict you through the murther, and bondage of your perfons; and they deftroyed the Temple of Jerusalem, as they had ruined it the fift time. Your Lord shallpardon you, if you convert, we have established Hell for a perpetual prison of Infidels. The Alcoran guideth the righteous into the right way, it declareth to them a great reward, preacheth to the wicked the torments of Hell; and exhorteth men to wel-doing, although they are inclining to evil, and prompt to fin. We created the day and the night, they are two fignes of our omnipotency : we caufed the night to pass away, and the day to appear for labor; and to the end ye might know the number of ages, of moneths, and of yeers : we explained our mysteries without obscurity, and have enjoyned every one to bear the burden of his iniquities at the day of judgment; that day will we make men to fee the accompt of their fins, they shall be recompensed and chaftiled according to the good and the evil that they shall have committed, and none shall bear the burden of his neighbor : we fent to the people Prophets and Apostles to preach to them our Commandments, before they were chastifed, before the destruction of a City : we advertised the principal inhabitants thereof; when they difobeyed us, we chastiled them according to our word, and deftroyed them. How many Cities have we ruined fince Noahs flood ? The fins of the people are known to their Lord ; he giveth the riches of

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 17.

172

this world to them that defire them, to cause them to fall head-long into Hell, where they shall repent of their iniquiries, and be deprived of mercy. He who shall labor to acquire the riches of Heaven, shall be protected of thy Lord in this world, and enriched with the Treasures of Heaven in the other. Confider, how we prefer our Creatures one to another; the reward of Heaven is much greater then that of the Earth. Believe not that there be two Gods, otherwife you shall repent of it, and be deprived of protection at the day of judgment. Thy Lord hath ordained to worthip him alone, and to honor your father and mother, especially in their old age, and fay nothing to them that may afflict them, neither vex them; fpeak to them with refpect, do not contemn them, pray to God to compaffionate them, as they have pittied you, when they brought you up in your infancy. God knoweth whatfoever is in your fouls; he will be merciful to you, if ye obey him. Give to your parents what appertaineth to them, do good to the poor, and to pilgrims, be not prodigal, the prodigal are brethren of the Devil, ingrateful for the favors of their Lord. Contemn not the poor, if ye defire to obtain the mercy of God, fpeak to them with mildnefs, and endevor to content them; do not entirely fhut your hands, neither altogether extend them ; if ye do otherwife, ye shall offend. Thy Lord giveth, and taketh away his graces, as feemeth good to him; he knoweth his people, and understandethall their actions. Slay not your children for fear of neceffity, I will give whatfoever shall be necessary for them ; the murther of children is an exceeding great fin, flie whoredom, it is a thing unclean, kill no man without reason ; we have commanded to pursue him that shall have flain his neighbor, but let not the heir fin malicioufly, profecuting the innocent for the guilty. The innocent is in Gods protection : take not the goods of Orphans, and be careful of them, until they be in yeers of discretion ; fatisfie your promifes, an accompt thall be required of you ; measure with good measure, and weigh with just weights. Bufie your felves not with that which you ought not to know. There shall be required of you an accompt

Chap. 17. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

accompt of the fins ye have committed, in feeing, hearing, and thinking. Be not proud, ye shall never be fo long as the Earth. neither fo high as the Mountains ; fuch fins are exceeding great before thy Lord : It is one part of what he hath infpired into thee, to preach to his people : Say not, there be two Gods. left thou be confined to the fire of Hell. Your Lord hath elected you, with all those men and women that obey his Commandments, for his fons and daughters, as the Angels; yet fay not that God hath children. We made mention in the Alcoran of what loever is neceffary to be preached to the people ; fay unto them. If there be a God with God, as ye affirm. invoke him that hath his Throne in Heaven ; praifed be God, he hath no Companion, he is most high and great. The feven Heavens praise him, and all that is on Earth glorifie him, but ye comprehend it not, he is gracious and merciful. We will separate thee from the wicked ; we will harden their hearts, and ftop their ears : When thou fhalt read the Alcoran, and fay, There is but one God, they will turn the back, and deride thee, I know what they defire to hear ; they would have the people to hearken to the words of the unjust, who fay, That thou art a Sorcerer, and a Magician; confider to whom they compare thee; they certainly are in error, and are not able to finde the right way. What ! we are (fay they) bones and flesh, shall we rife again, and become new Creatures? who fhall caufe us to rife again ? Say unto them, Although yebe ftone, iron, bones, and flefh, he who first created you, shall raife you again. They shall shake the head at thee, and ask of thee, In what time they fhall rife again? fay unto them, Peradventure it shall be fuddenly. When ye shall be called out of the graves by the Commandment of God, ye will believe that ye have remained but very little time in the world ; then shall the Infidels confess, that the Devil hath deceived them, and that he is their open enemy. Your Lord knoweth you all, he will pardon, or chastife you, as feemeth good to him : VVe have not fent thee to be their guardian ; thy Lord knoweth whatsoever is in Heaven and in Earth. Certainly, we gave graces to fome Prophets, which we gave not to others; and we

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 17.

we gave the Pfalter to David; Say unto the Infidels, invoke the Idols which you adore, and see if they are of power to deliver you from affliction. They that implore God, defire to be nigh unto him ; who are they that thal neereft approach his divine Majestie they who hope in his mercy, or luch as fear his punishment? Certainly his punishment ought most to be feared. We will deftroy all the Cities of the world before the day of Judgment, and chastife the wicked with rigorous torments ; this is written upon the Tables kept in heaven; nothing hath hindred us to manifest the miracles which the inhabitants of Mecca defire to fee, but the contempt shewed by their predecessions. Temod faw the miracles of the Camell, and contemned it; I will no more thew miracles, but to make the people to apprehend the torments of hell. Remember thou, that we have faid to thee, that thy Lord knoweth all that the See celaldin. world doth ; that which we gave thee to fee (in the voyage by night) is to prove the people as the curfed tree, which is spoken of in the Alcoran ; there be persons that will believe it, others that will not believe; but I will trie them, to augment their confusion : Remember thou, that we commanded the Angels to humble themfelves before Adam, and that they did humble themselves, except the devill; who faid, fhall I adore him whom thou halt created of the earth? who is he whom thou halt preferred to me? Certainly, if thou tarry untill the day of Judgment, I will deftroy his race, except that fmall number that shall be under thy protection. Thy Lord faid unto him, get thee hence, hell thall be thy punithment, and the punifhment of them that fhall follow thee ; deceive by thy fpeeches them whom thou shalt be able to deceive, feduce whom thou canft feduce with the wealth of the earth, caufe them to exercise Usury, and commit the fin of whoredom; tell them, there is neither Refurrection nor Judgment; whatfoever thou shalt promise them shall be but vanity and falfhood; thou shalt have no power over them that shall worthip me, I will protect them against thee. It is your Lord, who caufeth the ship to travell upon the waters, for the advantage of traffique ; when the tempeft chargeth you, your Idols forfake

Chap.17. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fake you, he alone is able to protect you, neverthelefs when he hath caufed you to arrive at the Port, you deny his Unity, and follow your impiety; believe ye that he will another time. make the fea calm to you? and that he will fend you a favorable winde, if you do not acknowledge him your protector? Believe ve to return again to the fea? He fhall fend you an impetuous winde, that shall overwhelm you, with your impietie, and ye shall finde none to protect you against him. We have conferred on men many favours, we have conducted them on the earth, and fea, enriched with all forts of riches, and gratified them above all creatures of the earth : preach to them the day wherein I will allemble before me all the Nations of the world, with the Prophet that shall have preached to them. He to whom shall be given the Book of the Accompt of his works in his right hand, fhall read his accompt entirely, no injustice shall be done to him, and he shall be happy. He that shall be blinde in this world, shall be fo in the other, and shall not fee, the right way. They would divert thee from performing what we have infpired into thee, to induce thee to blaspheme against me. If thou do it, thou shalt be of their friends ; were it not for the ftrength that we have given thee, they would make thee to incline to their impiety ; hadft thou done it, we had given thee to tafte of great afflictions in this world, and in the other; thou hadft found none to protest thee against us; it wanted not much, but they had affrighted thee at Medina, to cause thee to go out of it; had they driven thee thence, they had not continued there long after thee. We heretofore fent our Prophets to instruct the people in our Law, thou shalt finde therein nothing to change; make thy prayers when the Sun shall fer, at the beginning, and at the end of the night, and at the dawning of day, the Angels shall be witneffes of thine orifons; fpend one part of the night in prayer, this - Ihall be an augmentation of merit, thy Lord Ihall establish thee in the place of his glory : Say, Lord, into what foever place I go, make me to enter, and go forth with truth, give me thy protection; Say, that truth is come, and that vanity is vanished; See Gealdin. this Book shall heal the people of their error, it shall bring them

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 17.

176

them into the way of mercy, and encrease the misery of unbelievers. We have exhorted men to abandon their impiety, they have not done it, and defpaired when they were touched with affliction ; Say unto them, each of us doth after his will, and God knoweth him that followeth the right way ; they shall demand of thee concerning the Soul : Say unto them, the foul is an effect of God, he hath given you very little knowledge ; affuredly, had it fo pleafed him, he could have deprived vou of the knowledge he hath given you, you shall finde nothing that is able to protect you but his mercy : Say unto them, if the devils, and men were all affembled againft me. they should not be able to compose a Book like the Alcoran. VVe have taught in the Alcoran what foever is neceffary for the falvation of men, nevertheless the greatest part of the people depart from the Truth, and fay, we will not believe thee, unlefs thou cause fountains tospring out of the earth, and make in this place a garden, beautified with Date trees, and Vines, with rivers flowing in the midst, or unless we fee defcend from heaven a part of the pains which thou preacheft ; we wil not believe thee, unless God and the Angels come to thy affiftance, unless thy house be of fine gold, and that we see the Book of Truth fent from heaven; we will not believe in thy Parchment, unless we see descend from heaven a Book which we may be able to reade : Say unto them, praifed be my Lord, am I any thing but a man fent from him? what hindreth men to believe, fince there hath been fent to them a Pilot to conduct them into the way of falvation? They fay, that thou art a man, and not an Angel: Say unto them, should the Angels have inhabited the earth, God would have fent an Angel to instruct them it sufficeth, that he is the witness of mine actions between you, and me, he knoweth and feeth all things ; he whom God guideth, is well guided, and fuch as God shall cause to err, shall finde none to put them into the right way ; he will assemble all of them at the day of Judgment, they shall be infamous, deaf, mute, and blinde, and condemned to the flames of hell, because they are wicked, and have faid through derision, that they are bones, and flesh, and that they shall rife again as new creatures :

Chap. 17. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

creatures; fee they not that God hath created heaven, and earth ? that he can create yet more, and hath established a deftiny indubitable, and infallible? The unbelievers are exceedingly too blame: Say unto them, should you posses all the treasures of the world, yet would yee fear to make expence for the fervice of God ; man is too avaricious ; we gave to Mofes nine marks of our Omnipotencie, known to the children of Ifrael; Pha-His hand, his of our Omnipotencie, known dagician; affuredly, faid Mofes, ftaffe, the de-roah told him that he was a Magician; affuredly, faid Mofes, ftaffe, the de-these figns and miracles that thou seeft, proceed from God, hoppers, lice, Lord of heaven and earth ; I believe, O Pharoah ! that thou frogs, blood, forfakest the Truth : Then would Pharoah have driven him out fear, and faof Egypt, but we drowned all those that were with him, and mine. commanded the children of Ifrael to inhabit the land ; we will See Bedaoi. affemble them at the end of the world, to reward them after their works: We have indeed fent thee the Alcoran from heaven, to proclaim the joys of Paradife, and to preach the torments of hell; we have fent it, to the end thou maist teach it to the people; we have fent it clear, and intelligible, that it may be underflood, according to occurrences. Say unto them, believe, or believe it not; when those that have knowledge in the written Law heard it read, they proftrated themfelves on the ground with humility, and faid, praifed be God, what he promiteth, is infallible, & incontinently is his command executed : they wept, proftrating the face towards the earth. and the reading of the Alcoran augmented their devotion : Say unto them, implore God, call God mercifull, all his Attributes are most glorious. Make it not appear to the world how often thou shalt pray, neither how often thou shalt read the Alcoran, and fear not to pray to God, and to read (the Alcoran) follow in this the middle path, and fay, praifed be God, he hath no Son, he hath no companion, neither prote-Aor to preferve him from contempt, his greatnels is perfect and compleat.

177

N

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 18.

CHAP. XVIII.

178

The Chapter of the Cave, containing an hundred and ten Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the same of God, gracious and merciful. Praife be to God, who hath fent the Alcoran to his fervant. There is no contradiction in this Book ; it teacheth the right way ; it preacheth to the wicked, that they shall fuffer great torments. and proclaimeth to the righteous, that they thall enjoy an eternal felicity; it preacheth the torments of Hell, principally to fuch as affirm. That God hath a Son ; they are ignorant, like to their predeceffors : they are arrogant in their discourse, and atter nothing but blafphemies : Wilt thou deftroy thy felf in followingtheir footfteps ? If they believe not in the Alcoran, they shall one day have forrow, and shall repent it. We adorned the Earth, with whatfoever is upon it, for the advantage of mea. One part thereof is happy and plentiful, and the other unfruitful, and defart. Do ye not believe that the fleepers that entred the Cave, and the Paper wherein their names were written, be our miracles? When those men entred the Cave, they faid, Lord, give us thy mercy, and guide us into the right way : Then did we caule them to fleep for the space of fome yeers, and awaked them, having continued fome time in that Cave, to make it appear which of the two Religion's was the most just. I will relate to thee their History with truth ; they were young men, who had the fear of their Lord before their eyes ; we ftrengthned them, and encieafed their faith; when they were with the Infidels, they faid, Our God is Lord of Heaven and Earth, we will never worship but one God, otherwife we shall separate our felves from the truth : This people have adored Idols without reason ; who is more unjult then he, who blafphemeth against God? When they defetted the Infidels, they worfhipped one God alone. Enter into the Cave, God shall make his mercy towards you to appear and shall guide you through a path, smooth and pleafant.

Chap. 18. The Alcoran of MAHOMIT.

pleafant. When the Sun arole, he caft his rayes of the right fide of their Cave, and on the left, at his going down; they in the mean time were in the most spacious place of this Cave. This is one of Gods miracles ; he whom he guidth, is well guided ; and whom he milleadeth, shall finde none to give him fuccor, or to guide him. Believe ye that they should be awake ? Affuredly they flept and turned themfelves fometimes to one fide, sometimes to another : Confider how their Dog extended his feet before that old habitation of ftone; if any one had entred towards them, he would have caufed then to flie, & had affrighted them. In the end we awaked them, ard they mutually enquired of each other in what place they wire, & how long they had there continued ; one of them replyed, That they had been there a day or two ; then they all faid, Gcd knoweth the time that we have abode here, fend one of us to the City with money to buy bread and meat ; let him notbe fearful. neither make himfelf known to any; if we be known, they will murther, or conftrain us to follow their Religion, in which we shall be eternally miserable. Thus did we ftir up the people against them, to the end they might know that thy Lord is true ; when he faid, He will caufe the cead to arife again, the Refurrection is indubitable; neverthelefsunbelievers difpute among them, concerning the Hiftory of the Sleepers, and fay, That they built a fecret place to retirethemfelves, God knoweth the Truth. The True believers believe that they made no building ; the Infidels fay they were fre, and that their dog was the fixth, they speak by opinion ; but the Truebelievers affirm them to be feven, and their dog to be the eighth. Say unto them, My Lord knoweth how many they were ; few perfons, except God, know their number : Doubt no more the Hiftory of the Sleepers, the matter isaverred and known; dispute no more with the Jews, and fay not, I will do this to morrow, without faying, If it pleafe God. Call God to minde, after thou haft forgot him, and fay, The Lord shall guide me, and teach me the History of the Slæpers, who See Gelaldin remained in the Cave three hundred yeers ; then be who affirm they continued there nine hundred yeers. Say unto them, God

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.18.

180

God knoweth the time of their abode there, he knoweth whatfoever is in Heaven, and Earth, he understandeth and feeth all things, he alone difpofeth every thing, and hath no companion ; Preach what thy Lord hath infpired into thee, his word admitteth of no alteration, there is no fafer refuge then in him : dwell with those that invoke him morning and evening, and defire to fee his face ; depart not from their company, if thou defireft to have content of life in this world; obey not those whose heart we have hardned, and are unmindfull of us: follow not their impiety, what foever they do, is but offence and finne. Say unto them, the truth proceedeth from vour Lord ; who thall defire [it] thall be True believers, and who fhall not defire it] fhall be an Infidell, we have prepared Hell to chaftife the impious, and prifons wherein to detaine them. They shall implore fuccors against the melting pit, into which they shall be plunged, as into waters, it shall roft their faces, and shall be their drink ; I will not frustrate of reward them that shall have done well, they shall enjoy the delights of the gardens of Eden, wherein flow many rivers, they shall have bracelets of fine Gold, they shall be cloathed with green, with Scarlet, with thining colours, and thall fit on thrones, with an eternall felicity. Declare to them this parable ; there were two men, I gave to the one of them gardens, wherein was store of fruits, he in contempt told his companion, that he was more wealthy and powerfull then he, and entred into his gardens, being an Infidell, and an Idolater, and faid, I do not think these shall ever have an end, they shall endure a long time without withering : His companion faid to him; If thou doft not acknowledge this to proceed from God, and if thou be ingratefull towards him that created thee of dust, and made thee a man, thou shalt soone finde thy gardens ruined; this cometh from God my Lord, who hath no companion; all ftrength, and truth proceedeth from his divine Majelty; If I have leffe of substance then thou, God can give me fruits more faire then those of thy gardens, or fend thunder that shall destroy them, he shall fill them with water of raine, that shall encompasse them, and hinder thee to approach [them.]

Chap. 18. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

[them.] In the morning this Infidell found his gardens defroved to the very roots, he was extreamly perplexed, by reason of the expence he had made to plant them eavenly; and he faid, would to God I had not adored Idols : He shall finde none that is able to protect him at the day Judgment, but God, all protection and grace iffueth from his divine bounty, and the end of the righteous shall be happy. Speak unto them this parable, the life of the world is like unto raine fallen from Heaven, that refreshed and revived the hearbs of the Earth, and in the morning were drie as chaffe, carryed away by the winde ; God is omnipotent : Riches and children are the ornaments of this life, but good works are eternall, they are acceptable to God, and give us hope of his grace. Be thou mindfull of the day when the mountains shall walke, and thou thalt fee the Earth to be plain; that day we affemble the good and the wicked, and will not faile of my word to any perfonthat day shall the Infidels befeech the Lord to fave them, he shall fay unto them, you came unto us naked, as when we at first created you, and ye believed on Earth, that there was no refurrection; Then shall he give to every one the Book. wherein shall be written the accompt of their sinnes: Thou thalt fee the wicked trembling with fear, faying, behold here our destruction ! What is there in this Book ? It containeth their veniall and mortall finnes, and detecteth their offences. they shall finde the number of their crimes before their eyes : Thy Lord is unjust to none; Remember thou that we commanded the Angels to proftrate themselves before Adam, and that they humbled themfelves, except the Devill, who was in the number of Angels, he difobeyed his Lord; nevertheles Adam and his posterity have obeyed him, although he is their open enemy, and particularly of the Infidels. Confider ye not that God created Heaven and Earth, that he made you, and hath no need to be aided of you? Be thou mindefull of the day, when it shall be faid to Idolaters, call upon your Idols that ye have worthiped, for remifion of your finnes ; they shall implore them, but none shall hear their prayers, we have ruined them ; the wicked shall behold the fire.

N3

181

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 18.

fire, into which they shall fall, and finde none to fave them. We taught men in the Alcoran, many parables, yet do the wicked abound in queftion, and difpute too much ; What hindreth men to believe, fince there is come to them a guide. to conduct them into the right way? If they beg not pardon of God, what hapned to their predeceffors, and at Beder. shall befall them, they shall be visibly punished ; I fend Prophets only to anounce the joyes of Paradife, and to preach the torments of Hell; the unbelievers difpute vainly, to obfcure the truth, they deride my Commandments, and the fire of Hell ; who is more unjust then he who knoweth the Commandments of his Lord, and difobeyeth him, and forgetteth his paft finnes? We have hardned their hearts, they shall not understand the Scripture; we have stopped their eares, they shall hear nothing ; if thou callest them to the right way, they shall not follow thee, thy Lord is gracious and mercifull; thould he chastife them after their demerits, he thould forthwith deftroy them, he tarrieth untill the time that he hath promifed to punish them, and they shall finde none of power to protect them. We have destroyed Cities, when their inhabitants have offended, and we prefixed the day of their ruine. Remember thou that Mofes faid to his fervant, I will travell inceffantly, untill I fee a place where two feas meet, although I travell an Age. When he came to that place, he and his fervant forgot their fish, he had taken his way through the Sea: Having continued their voyage fome time, Mofes was an hungry, and demanded fomewhat to eat of his fervant, who faid to him, Sawell thou what happed at the Rock? I have forgotten our fifh, the Devill made me to forget it, he miraculoufly took his way through the Sea; that Rock is the place which we feek : they both returned on their fteps, difcourling together, untill they came to that Rock, where they found one of our fervants, on whom we had conferred our graces, and inspired knowledge ; Moles faid unto him, permit me to follow thee, that thou mayft teach me knowledge, and instruct me: He replyed, thou wilt not be able to abide patiently with me; how wilt thou patiently endure to hear a thing which

Chap.18. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

which none in the world ever knew? Mofes faid, thou shalt finde me exceeding patient, and I will not difobey thee ; He answered, if thou follow me, enquire nothing of me, and hear only what I shall fay to thee. They went together, and they being in a boat, he brake a planck; Moses faid to him, thou haft broken this veffell, to drown us, it is a ftrange thing ; He anfwered, Did not I tell thee, that thou wilt not be able patiently to abide with me ? Moses replied, excuse me, and afflict me not, I had forgotten what thou didft enjoyn me ; They went on together until they met with a child, whom he flew; Mofes faid to him, thou haft flain an innocent, that hath not flain any one; thou hast done a thing without reason, and that ought not to be approved : He answered, did I not fay, thou wilt not be able patiently to abide with me? Mofes faid to him, excuse me this time also, if I demand ought else of thee, abandon me. They continued their way unto a Village, where the inhabitants refused them bread ; at that time they found a wall ruined, which he raised again ; Moses said to him, thou should thave been payed for repairing this wall, if thou would eft : He anfwered, now behold the place of our feparation, neverthelefs I will explain to thee what thou wert impatient to learn. That boat belongeth to two poor men, who labour on the fea to gain their fubfiltance, I would have pierced it, to preferve it to those poor men, because there was an Infidell Prince, who by force feized on the good veffels for his fervice. That infant which I slew was an Idolater, the fon of a true believer, a righteous man ; we feared he might caufe his father to fin, and feduce him into his error, and infidelity; the Lord through his goodnels would have him to be destroyed, to deliver his father from his malice. The wall appertaineth to two infant Orphans of this Gity, there is under it a treasure that belongeth to them, their father was a righteous man, God through his goodnefs willeth that the treasure be preferved for them, untill they attain to years of difcretion ; he likewife willed me to do what I have done - behold the exposition of what thou wert impatitent to learn. If any one enquire of thee concerning Alexander the great, relate to them his Hiltory : we gave him on earth N4

183

NUT AN AN

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.18.

what he defired, he went as far as the Weft, where he found a fountain guarded by a man, who faid to him, O Alexander ! chaftife men through the murther of their perfons, bondage, and ranfome ; he answered, I will put to death unbelievers in this world, and the Lord shall punish them in hell, and the righteous shall enjoy the glory of Paradife; I will tell the wicked, that God hath given us what we have defired. After this, he continued his way untill he came to a place, where the Sun rifeth; he found that it rifeth in a countrey, where they have nothing to thelter them from its heat, the thing is fo: we taught Alexander how to theker himfelf; he followed his way, until he arrived between two mountains, inhabited of a Nation. that fpake a Language, which he could hardly understand ; they faid to him, O Alexander ! Jagog, and Magog defile the earth. canst thou put between them and us an obstacle, to hinder that they may not come to us? God, faid Alexander, hath not given me means to do it ; but affift me with your power, I will put between them and you a strong separation ; give me iron that can cut stones, that I may build betwixt the two mountains, and that I may fortifie the way that devideth them; blow when the iron firiketh the ftones, to kindle fire, and poure on molten brafs to joyn the ftones and iron together; if they come, they cannot pierce through the mountains, neither finde a way to come to you, this is a favour which God conferreth on ' you, his promises are infallible ; when the hour arriveth, he is true in what he promiseth; we will permit them to mixe each with other ; we will affemble all of them when the Trumpet shall found; then we will open Hell to the wicked, and to such as would neither see, nor hear the Alcoran; Do they imagine them that worship me to be their gods? we have prepared hell to punish them. Say unto them, shall I relate unto thee what shall befall the damned, their works shall be unprofitable in this world, although they think to do well; good works are unprofitable to them that contemn the Commandments of their Lord, and believe not in the refurrection, they shall not want ballance at they day of Judgment; hell shall be their habitation, because they deride our Commandments, and our Apostles,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.19.

Apoftles, and Prophets : The righteous shall enjoy eternally the delight of Paradife without difcontinuation. If the fea were inke, to write the wondrous works of my Lord, it will fooner have an end, then his miracles : Say unto the Infidels, I am a man like you, God hath taught me that there is but one God; he that believeth in the Refurrection, studieth to do good works ; worship but one God, who is without a companion.

CHAP, XIX.

The Chapter of Mary, containing fourscore and eighteen Verses, Written at Mecca.

N the Name of God, gracious and merciful : God is the rewarder, conductor, (of the righteous) liberall, wife, true : Zachary, the fervant of thy Lord remembred his grace, when he in fecret prayed to his Lord, and faid, Lord, my bones are become feeble, and mine head is white with old age; Lord, I was never rejected in my prayers, hear my petition, give me a fon to fucceed me, that may be mine heir, heir of the lineage of Jacob, and be pleafing to thee. O Zachary ! I declare unto thee, that thou shalt have a son, named John, no man hath yet been called by that name ; he faid, Lord, how shall I have a fon, my wife is barren, and I am too old? It was answered him, the thing shall be as I have faid unto thee, it is easie to thy Lord, who created thee; he faid, Lord give me fome figne of the conception of my wife; he faid to him, thou shalt not speak for three nights. Then went he out of his Oratory, and made fignes to the people, to make their prayers evening and morning. Oh John ! learn the Scripture with affection ; See Kitab et We from his infancie gave him knowledge, clemency, chari- tenoir. ty, piety, affection towards his father and mother, and not violence and difobedience. We bleffed the day of his nativity, the day that he shall dye, and the day that he shall rife again. Remember thou what is written of Mary, the retired towards the East, into a place farre remote from her kindred,

185

IR TRIPA PRIPARINE TRIPARINE TRIPARINE

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.19.

and took a vaile to cover her, we fencher our Spirit in forme of a man; the was afraid, and faid, God will preferve me from thee, if thou have his fear beforethine eyes; he faid, oh Mary ! I am the Meffenger of God thy Lord, who fhall give thee a fonne, active, and prudent : Sheanfwered, how fhall I have a fonne without the touch of man' I defire not to be unchafte : he faid, The thing shall be as I have told thee, it is facile to thy Lord ; thy fonne shall be a oken of the omnipo. tency of God, and of his speciall grace towards such as shall believe in his divine Majefty; She became with child, and retired some time, into a place remote fom people, where the fustained the dolours of Child-birth, at the foot of a Datetree, and faid, why am I not dead ? vherefore am I not in the number of perfons forgotten? The Angel faid to her, afflict not thy felfe; God hath placel a brook under thee, shake the foot of this Palme, and the Dates shall fall, gather them up, eat and drink, and wash thine eyes, fay unto them that thou shalt meet, that thou fastest and hast made a yow not to speak to any one, untill thy fast be accomplished. Her parents met her while she bare her Infint, and faid unto her, oh Mary ! behold a strange thing ; th fifter of Aaron ! thy father did not command thee to do svill, neither was thy mother unchaste ; She made signes to her infant to answer them; they faid, how shall the infan in the Cradle speak? Then her infant spake, and said, I am he servant of God, he hath taught me the Scripture, hath made me a Propher, bleffed me in all places, and commanded meto pray unto him; he hath recommended to me purity through the whole courfe of my life, and to honor my father and mother; he hath not made me either violent or malicious, prayfed shall be the day of my birth, the day that I shall dye, and the day of my refurrection. Thus spake Jesus, the sonne of Mary, with truth, of which ye doubt : God approveth notthe discourse of them that fay he hath a fonne ; praifed be God, when he willeth any thing, he faith, be thou, and it is ; he i mine and your Lord, worthip him, this is the right way ; there be perfons , who in this regard have been of different opinion, but milery is upon

186

the

Chap. 19. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the incredulous, they shall be miferable at the day of Judgment. The Infidels are manifeftly erroneous from the right way; If thou preach to them the torments of Hell and their ignorance, they will not hear thee. We are Lords of whatfoever is on Earth, and dispose of every thing at our pleasure, they shall be one day assembled before us to be judged. Remember thou what is written of Abraham, he was a righteous man, and a Prophet, he faid to his father, adore not what neither feeth, nor understandeth any thing, and that cannot be profitable; I know what ye know not, follow me, and I will conduct you into the right way ; worship not the Devill ; he is disobedient unto God ; otherwise I fear that God may chaftife you, and you may be in the number of the damned. He answered, oh Abraham! doft thou abhorre my Gods ? unleffe thou change thy discourse, I will stone thee, depart from me for a long time; he faid, May God infpire you, I will pray for you, he is exceeding good, and will hear my prayers; Whom will ye adore, when I shall be gone from you ? Worthip God my Lord, and your prayers shall be heard; he departed from them, and worfhipped one God : We gave him two fonnes, Isaac and Jacob, both Prophets, we conferred our grace upon him, with an eloquent and true tongue. Remember thou what is written of Moses, he was a righteous man, our Prophetand Meffenger ; we called him on the right fide of the Moun: Sinai, drew him near unto us, and taught him our fecrets; We through speciall grace gave him a brother, named Aaron. Remember thon what is written of Ismael, he exactly observed what he promised, was a Prophet, and an Apostle of the Lord, preached purity, and recommended to men to make their prayers often, and was pleafing to his Lord. Remember thou what is written of Enoch, he was a just man, and a Prophet, and we tooke him up to an exceeding high place God gave his grace to these men, among the Prophets of the lineage of Adam, among them whom we caufed to embarke with Noah, among those of the lineage of Atraham , and Ifrael , and among those that we affembled and guided into the right way. When the miracles

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.19.

* Gelaldin faith , that Mabomet complaineth to the Angel Gabriel for folong abfent from him.

miracles of the mercifull were related to them, they fell prostrate, and adored him with teares in their eyes; their posterity forlook their footsteps, abandoned the Law, and followed their own appetites ; but they shall be precipitated into Hell, except such as shall be converted, and do good works, they shall enterinto Paradife, and no injustice shall be done to them, they shall enter into the garden of Eden: what the mercifull [God] doth promile, is infallible : they shall heare nothing spoken in Paradife that shall displease them they shall hear the falutation of Angels, and morning and evening shall have what they defire ; fuch is Paradife, which God giveth to his creatures that have his fear before their eyes. I* descend not from Heaven, but by the permission of thy Lord, he is mafter of our actions in Heaven and Earth, and of whatfoever is between them, he hath not forgot thee, worthip him, and perfevere in thy adoration, knoweft thou any perfon that is named, like him? Man faith, what, fhall I having been dye and rife again ? He confidereth not that God hath created him of nothing; I will one day affemble the Infidels, and Devils, I will cause them to appear at the gate of Hell upon their knees, and will caft upon them all manner of mifery, becaufe they have encreased their impiety towards their Lord. I know fuch as deferve to burne in Hell, they shall be thrown thither headlong, this is a most just fentence pronounced by the Lord. I will fave the righteous, and forbid Infidels to fall on their knees before Idols: when the unbelievers, and many of the faithfull heard my Commandments preached, they faid among themfelves, that they were in a better way then their neighbour; how many have we destroyed before them, in past Ages, more rich then they, and hypocrites like unto them? Say unto them, God prolongeth the life of the erroneous, that they may know their errors, and learn the knowledge of the paines prepared for them, they Ihall understand who Ihall be the most miserable; and who shall have been most weak in their faith, and least affectionate to the fervice of his divine Majefty : God shall encrease their faith, who shall follow the right way ; and fuch as be obedient to him, shall enjoy his grace.

(hap.19. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

grace. Haft thou confidered the action of the wicked ? They demand, if they shall have riches and children after their Refurrection? Would you know what thall be ? would you capitulate with the merciful ? I will not do it ; I will write all that they fay, and will adde to their miferies; I will give to them in this world, what they require, and they shall rife again naked (without treasure, and children.) They adored Idols, See Gelaidin. to have their protection. Certainly they erred in that adoration; they shall renounce them, and be their enemies at the day of judgment. Seeft thou not, how we have fent the Devils against unbelievers, to seduce them ? Be not impatient to see them punished, they shall be judged at the day appointed. Be thou mindful of the day, when I shall affemble all the righteous in the prefence of God, and precipitate all the wicked into Hell; their prayers shall not be heard, except such as have accomplished their promises made to the merciful. They have faid, Do ye believe that God hath a Son ? You utter a strange thing; it wanteth not much, but that Heaven and Earth open themselves, and that the Mountains fall, with their utter deftruction. They call God, God the Son ; God hath not to do with a Son; whatfoever is in Heaven and Earth, adore him; he knoweth the accompt and number of all things of the world : Men (hall appear before him at the day of judgment, and the True-believers that shall do good works, shall be beloved of his divine Majesty. We have fent thee the Alcoran, written in thine own Language, that thou may ft proclaim the delights of Paradife, to them that fear me, and preach the torments of Hell to fuch as difpute with obftinancy against the Faith. How many of the wicked have we deftroyed in paft ages ? Haft thou heard speak of them ? Haft thou heard mention of their memory ?

189

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 20.

190

CHAP. XX.

The Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell, containing an hundred and thirty Verses, written at Mecca.

Reader, the Mahometans have entituled this Chapter Tthé, which is two letters of the Arabique Alphabet, to mit, Tt and Hć; where in this place, Tt signifieth Thouba, that is to say, Beatitude; and Hé Haoihé, that is to say, Hell. See the gloss, and interpretation of Gelaldin, and Bedaoi; they have intituled this Chapter of Beatitude, and of Hell.

TN the name of God gracious and merciful. We have not given thee the Alcoran to torment thee, but to instruct therein the righteous. It was fent thee by him that created the Heavens and the Earth ; the merciful fitteth on his Throne ; whatfoever is in Heaven and Earth, whatfoever is between them, and beneath the Earth, appertaineth to him. He knoweth thy thoughts, he understandeth what thou keepest fecret, and what thou makeft manifest. God ! there is but one God, all the glorious names of the world are due unto him. Knowest thou the History of Mofes ? VVhen he beheld the fire, he faid to his family, Stay ye here, I fee a great fire, I will bring to you a fpark, and you shall finde in it the right way. VVhen he approached, it was faid unto him, O Moles 1 1 am thy Lord, put off thy shooes, thou art in the holy Valley of Toi, I have elected thee among my people, hear my word, and receive mine inspirations; I am God, there is none other God but I, worthip me alone, and make thy prayers as it is ordained ; The hour unknown to the world approacheth, wherein I will recompence and chastise every one after his works : Take heed left the wicked feduce thee from the right way ; if thou follow their appetite, thou shalt be destroyed ; Is it not what thou hast fworn to me? he answered, Lord, I will apply my felf unto thee, and will lean upon my staff; I will beat the fruits

of

Chap. 20. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

of the Trees to make them fall upon my flocks ; I have yet another maner to nourish my sheep with this staff; I will make use of it to defend, and preferve them from mischief; God faid unto him, O Moles ! caft that ftaffe to the ground, behold a Serpent, it creepeth, take it, and be not afraid, I will caufe it to return to its former condition ; draw back thine hand, and put it under thy arm it thal become white and thining, without harm, and pain, it shall be a most certain fign of my Unity, I will give thee to fee the miracles of my Omnipotencie ; go to Pharoah, he is in an exceeding great error, and feduced from the right way : Mofes faid, Lord, rejoyce my heart, and facilitate my commission, unloose the knot of my tongue, that they may understand my speech ; give me Aaron to affilt me in this bufinefs, that I may praife thee, and highly exalt thy glory, thou only art our protector. God faid, thy prayer is heard, we were favorable to thee another time, when we infpired thy mother to put thee into a coffer, and expose thee to the river of Nile ; the water drove thee to the fhore, whence Pharoah took thee: I caufed thee to be beloved of him, to have care of my people: when thy fifter fought tidings of what was become of thee, the faid, who will guide us where he is? who will conduct us to him that keepeth him? we fent thee back to thy mother, to ftop her tears, and put an end to her affliction. Thou fleweft a man, we have delivered thee from the hands of thine enemies, and have approved thy perfeverance; thou haft continued fome time with the inhabitants of Madian; after this we fent thee to preach our Commandments ; I have made choife of thee, go with thy brother to Pharoah, and lie not in speaking of me, he is gone aftray from the right way; speak to him both of of you, with mildness, peradventure he will hearken to you, and will fear the fire of hell ; they answered, Lord, we fear that he may torment, and rife up against us; he faid, fear nothing, I will be with you, hear what he will fay, confider his actions ; addrefs your felves to him and fay, we are the Meffengers of the Omnipotent God ; difmils with us the children of Ifrael, and no more corment them, we are come hither by the Commandment of God, thy Lord. Salvation is for fuch as follow the

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 20.

the right way; damnation for them that blaspheme against his Law, and depart from his Commandments ; Pharoah faid unto them, who is your God? Mofes faid, my God is he that created the world, and guideth men into the right way. Phoroah faid. what law did your predeceffors obferve? what is become of them? Mofes answered, God knoweth in what condition they are: nothing is concealed from God, he extended the earth and established the wayes; he causeth rain to descend from heaven. and maketh to fpring forth the plants, herbs, and fruits which ye eate, and that nourifh your flocks. These things are figns of his Omnipoteny to them that understand them. We created you of earth, and to earth will we make you to return, and will caufe you to come out of it once again; we thewed miracles to Pharoab, but he was incredulous, contemned them, and faid, O Mofes ! Art thou come to drive us out of our Dominions with thy Magick ? I will thew thee Magick] like to thine; let us meet at a place, and day prefixed between thee and me, to come together ; Mofes faid unto him, let us make choife of the day of your feast; if it seem good to you, the people may affemble at the Sun rifing : After this discourse, Pharoah withdrew, recollected all his subtilties, and at the day and hour prefixed, came with his people to the place appointed, where Moses was, who faid unto them, misery is upon you, blafphem not against God, he will punish you, and destroy them that blaspheme against him; The people of Phoroah differed in opinion what they fhould do, kept their defign fecret, and faid to Pharoah, thefe two men are Magicians, they would chafe you from your Countrey, through their Magick, and leduce your fubjects from your Religion; recollect your fubrilties and power, and chufe perfons capable to difpute against them, this day shall be happy to him that shall be victorious. They faid to Moles, wilt thou first cast thy staffe on the ground, or shall we ours? Their cords and staves arose against Mofes through their Magick, and crawled : Mofes fpake low, between his teeth ; we faid unto him, fear nothing, thou shalt be victorious, caft thy ftaffe in thy right hand on the ground, it shall devoure what they have done, it is but witchcraft and magick,

Chap. 20. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

magick, that produceth neither Profit nor Content. Then fell the Magicians of Pharooh proftrate on the ground, and faid, We believe in the God of Aaron and Mofes; Pharoah faid unto them, believe ye in him without my permiffion? Mofes is your mafter, I wil cut off your right feet, and your left hands; or your left feet, and your right hands, and caufe you to be hanged on Palme trees, that ye may know who is the more fevere in his chaftifements, I, or the God of Mofes ; They faid, the miracles that thou haft feen, have they not rouched thee? He that created us, doth things which are not in thy power to performe ; thy power extendeth only in this world, we believe in God our Lord, who will pardon our fins ; thou art the caufe that he abhorreth us with our magick, he is more powerfull then thou, and eternal; Hell is prepared for Infidels, they shall finde repose neither in their life nor death, and the righteous that shall do good works, shall eternally enjoy the pleasures of the gardens of Eden, wherein flow many delicious rivers, fuch is the reward of them that are purged from their fins. We faid unto Moses, go out by night with my people, and make them a drie path through the Sea, fear not that thine enemies may overtake thee, neither be afraid of being drowned, Pharoah shall follow them with his troops; I will overwhelm in the fea, and will miflead him with his people, he shall not follow the right way. O thildren of Ifrael ! we delivered you from your enemies, and conducted you towards the mountains of Sinai: we caufed Manna and Quailes to defcend upon you, and faid, eate ye of the good things that we have given you, and be not ungrateful, otherwife my wrath shall fall upon you; he upon vyhom mine indignation shall fall, shall be thrown headlong into the fire of hell; I vvill be merciful to fuch as shall convert, do good works, and follow the right way. O Mofes ! who preffed thee to abfent thy felf from thy people ? He answered, behold he that followeth my fleps, I am come up to receive thy Commandments. We after thy departure effranged thy people from thee, and Samery feduced them from the right way; he returned upon his fteps to his people, in great displeasure, and said, Oye people ! did not God promife

193

TR JR JR JR JR FR JR JR JR JR JR

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 20.

promise to you all manner of content? he protracted the efegof his promises, because of your fins, will you that his wrath fall upon you ? wherefore have ye transgreffed what je promised to me? They faid, we have not transgreffed oir promifes of our own accord; we took the moft weighty orniments of the people, and caft them into the fire, Samery hinfelf did caft them in; he made the body of a bellowing Calf. and faid, with his followers, behold there your God, the God of Moles whom he hath forgotten; Saw they not that the Calf spake not to them, and that it had not power to do good or evill ? Aaron had faid unto them, before the comming of Mofes; O ye people ! you have been feduced by this Calf : the mercifull is your God, and your Lord, follow and obw me : They faid, fhall we abide here untill Mofes return ? Moles at his return faid unto Aaron, what hindred thee to follow me, when thou fawest them to turn aside from the Law of Goi? wherefore haft thou difobeyed me? O fon of my mother! (faid Aaron) drag me not by the beard, and haire, I feared to displease thee, if I forlook the children of Israel, and disoby thy Commandments ; Moses faid unto Samery, what wis thy defign? he answered, I saw what this people seeth not, I took an handfull of the earth of the footfteps of the Meffenger. of God, and made the Figure of a Calfe, the fairest that I coull; Moles faid unto him, go, get thee from amongus, thou fhat fly the prefence of men all the dayes of thy life; thou shalt fly unto them, come not nigh me, touch me not, the time of thy punishment is appointed, thou shalt not escape it, behold thy falfe god, behold the Calfe which thou haft adored, I will caufe it to burn, and will caft the ashes therereof into the fea; your God is one God, and there is none other God, but the Gid that knoweth all things : Thus do I relate to thee things pal; we have fent thee the Alcoran, fuch as shall abjure it, shall bear their burthen at the day of Judgment, and be eternally tormented ; I will one day require an account of their burden, and will affemble them with all their fubtilities; when the Trumpet shall found, they shall demand of each other, how long they have continued in the world? they fhall fay, that they

Clap. 20. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

thy have remained there but ten dayes and ten nights, I know all that they will fay; the most prudent among them shill fay, that they have been but one day. They shall enquire of thee concerning the Mountains; Say unto them, God full teare them up, and levell them with the Earth, thou shilt see them levelled and beaten down : then shall men wthout retardment follow him that shall fummon them to uriverfall Judgment, they shall humble themselves before God, thou shalt that day hear low and humble voyces, that day shall prayers be ineffectuall, except of them that shall be phasing to God, whom he will permit to speak. He knowen whatsoever men do in this world, and what must befall them in the other, and they know it not, they shall humble themselves, and hang down the head before the living and etern:ll Lord ; all Infidels shall be damned, and the righteous of Tue-believers that have done good works, shall not fear injufice. We have fent the Alcoran in the Arabique tongue, it teacheth men our Commandments, peradventure they will fear inpicty; it teacheth them what they ought to know; Exalt tle glory of God, King of the world, he is truth it felfe ; peffe not thy felfe to read the Alcoran, untill thou haft well understood it. Say, Lord encrease my knowledge; We hretofore prohibited Adam to eat of the forbidden fruit, h: was unmindfull of our Commandment, I found in him no perfeverance. Remember thou that we commanded the Angls to humble themfelves before him, they humbled themfilves, except the Devill, who refused to do it. Remember that we faid, Adam, the Devill is thine enemy, and the enemy of thy wife, he will endeavour to make you miferable, to cufe you both to goe out of Paradife, where thou fuffereft mither hunger nor thirst, nor cold, nor heat; The Devill empted them, and faid, oh Adam ! I will conduct thee to tie tree of eternity, a treasure that shall never perish, they dd both eat of the fruit of that tree, then knew they their fichinesse, and took the leaves of trees to cover their naked. reffe; Adam difobeyed his Lord, and became miferable, nevertheleffe he heard, and pardoned him, and shewed him the 0 2

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 20.

196

right way; he faid, defcend from Paradife, ye enemies of each other, I will hereafter fend you a guide, he that fhall follow him, fhall not erre, and fhall be bleffed ; He that fhall goe aftray, and will not believe in me, shall be miferable in the world, and blinde at the day of Judgment; that day shall he fay, Lord, wherefore haft thou made me blinde? I had good fight when I was in the world : I did this day forget thee. as thou didft forget my Commandments ; thus do I intreat Infidels. The torments of the other world are more grievous then those of the Earth, and of longer continuance : do not unbelievers tremble, when they confider how many men upon Earth we have deftroyed in past Ages? Their milery shall ferve for example to them that are wife ; Had not thy Lord faid. that he will deferre the punifhment of the wicked untill the time appointed, he had already deftroyed them. Be patitient, and endure their discourse, praise thy Lord before the Sunne arife, before it fetteth, an houre before night, and at the end of day thou shalt do a thing acceptable to him : The life of the world is fweet to tempt you, but the riches of thy Lord are better, and eternall. Command the people to make their prayers at the time appointed, and be not impatient towards them ; I require no riches of thee, I will enrich thee, and in the end Paradife shall be for the righteous. The unbelievers have faid, if Mahomet Iheweth not some miracle from God. and knoweth not the exposition of the books of our predeceffors, we will not believe in him ; VVe before his coming deftroyed many wicked perfons, who faid, Lord, hadft thou fent us a Prophet, we had observed thy Commandments, before we became infamous, and laden with ignominie ; Say unto them, every one expecteth his end, expect ye, and yee Thall one day know them that follow the right way, and have not erred.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXI.

The Chapter of the Prophets, containing an hundred and twelve Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. The day ap-I proacheth, wherein the people shall render an accompt of their actions, but they confider it not, and depart from the Commandments of God ; if they hear them, they laugh, they understand them not, and keep fecret their evill intentions. Isnot Mahomet a man like to you? VVill yee fay that he is a Magician ? you fee the contrary; God heareth whatfoever is spoken, both in Heaven and Earth, and knoweth all things. They fay, certainly Mahomet hath dreamed what he fpeaketh, he hath invented it, and is a Poet, we will not believe him, unless he shew some miracle, as did the Prophets that were before him. VVe have layed wafte many Cities, because their inhabitants were incredulous; we sent before thee but men who were inspired of us; Enquire of them, to whom heretofore was given the knowledge of the written Law, if ye know it not; they were men that did eat and drink, and were mortall; we effected what we promifed to them, we preferved them with fuch as believed, and deftroyed the incredulous : VVe have fent you a Book to instruct you, will ve understand it ? How many infidell Cities have we made defolate? How many new people have we established in their place? When they felt our punishment, they fled; fly not, and returne to what hath delighted you, returne into your houses, peradventure ye will yet covet the riches of the Earth: They faid, mifery is upon us, we are too blame ; Thus did they talke, untill they were destroyed. We have not created Heaven and Earth, and what foever is between them, to fport with; had it been our will that they fhould have fcoffed on Earth, they should scoffe likewise in Heaven. On the contrary, I oppose the truth to falsehood, to confound it, and in effect it doth confound it. Misery shall be upon you, be-

03

cause

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap.21:

198

caufe of your blasphemies; whatfoever is in Heaven and Earth, is Gods ; the Angels are not ashamed to worship him, they prayfe him day and night, and exalt his glory without blasphemie. The Infidels worship Gods made of Earth. Have they power to create any thing? Were there in Heaven. and on Earth another God, they would not accord ; praifed be God, Lord of the Universe; what the Infidels relate, is untrue. He asketh no counfell when he will do any thing, as do men : will they worthip any other God but him ? Say unto them, produce your arguments, behold what we have to fpeak unto you, behold our reasons, and those of our predeceffors : Certainly, the greatest part of them are ignorant of the truth, and goe aftray. We infpired into all the Prophets which we fent, that there was but one God that ought to be worshipped. They faid, believe yee that the Angels are the fonnes of God? Prayled be God ; on the contrary, they are his creatures, he loveth them, they fpeak not but after him, and obey what he commandeth them, he knoweth all their actions past, and future, they pray for no man but through his permiffion, and fear to difpleafe him. Who among them will fay I am God, instead of God ? he shall be cast headlong into the fire of Hell; thus do I intreat unbelievers. Know they not that the Heavens and the Earth were thut up? We opened them, and gave life to every thing, through the raine which we made to defcend ; will they not believe in my unity? We created the Mountains to hinder the Earth to move, we made therein wayes large and spacious for our Creatures, we covered it with the Heaven, and have exempted it from falling, nevertheleffe they despife our Commandments. It is the Lord who created day and night, the Moon and the Sunne, all things praise and exalt him in Heaven; we ereated no person to dwell for ever on Earth ; all men shall tafte of death, I will prove you with good and evill, and ye shall appear before me to give accompt of your actions : The Infidels fcoffe at you, when they fee you, and fay, behold them that deride our Gods ! They obey not the Commandments of God; he created man of dust, and shall shew you the ef-

feas

Chap. 21. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

fects of his omnipotency, be not impatient to fee the punishment of the wicked, who fay, when thall be the way of Judgment? did they know it, they would remove the fire from their backs and vifages ; that day shall surprize them, it shall aftonifh them when they think leaft of it, they cannot retard it, and shall be deprived of protection. Certainly they fcorned the Prophets that were fent before thee, but they were punished after their demerits. Say unto them, who but the mercifull [God] preferveth you day and night ? nevertheless ye reject his Commandments ; Have they any other God but me, that is able to fave them ? Their Gods cannot defend themselves : I will not protect them, yet will I enrich them, as I enriched their fathers, and will prolong their life, to punish them on Earth; Know they not that their estates diminish on all fides through thy Conquests ? Is it fo, that they are victorious ? Say unto them, I preach to you what God hath infpired into me, but the deaf hear not when they are exhorted ; When they are a little touched with the chaftifements of God, they fay, oh mifery ! VVe are too blame, and are unjust; I will weigh their works at the day of Judgment, that I may do injustice to no perfon, of the weight of a grain of multard-feed, and will most exactly accompt. VVe gave to Mofes and Aaron the Book that diftinguisheth good from evill, and commanded them to preach our Commandments to them that had our fear before their eyes. That Book is bleffed, and was fent from us ; neverthelefs unbelievers reject and condemne it. V.Ve heretofore instructed Abraham in the right way, and knew that he was a righteous man. Remember thou that he faid to his father, and his people, what Idols do ye adore ? They faid, we finde that our Fathers adored them; he faid unto them, your fathers and you were exceedingly erroneous: they faid, doft thou speak the truth, or doft thou jeaft ? He faid, Certainly your Lord is the Lord of Heaven and Earth, I fwear to you that he created them ; Having convinced those Idolaters, he faid, By God, I will make warre upon your Idols, he broke them with an hatchet in their absence, except the greatest Idoll, on which he hung 04

不可不可不能了人们入现了人们们人们人们人能人能人能人能人能人能人能人能人能人能人能人能

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 21.

his hatchet, and faid, peradventure they will accuse him to have broken the other : Seeing at their returne their Idols broken, they faid, who hath in this manner handled our Gods ? He is impious; we heard it is a young man, named Abraham, who derideth them, bring him before the eyes of the people, perhaps they shall finde witnesses of his action. They faid unto him, oh Abraham ! it is thou that hast so abused our Gods, he faid on the contrary, it is that great Idol; They enquired of each other if those Idols spake, and if they had motion; afterwards they returned to themfelves, and faid to the people, ye are too blame to adore those Idols; he threw them headlong against the ground, and they faid, oh Abraham ! thou well kneweft that they fpake not at all; he anfwered, why therefore do ye worthip what can neither benefit, nor hurt you? You defile your felves in adoring them instead of God, do yee not know him? Then they faid, burne Abraham, and let us defend our Gods, if ye are righteous men; but we commanded the fire to lofe its heat, to preferve Abraham; They would have tormented him, and we destroyed them, we faved him, as we preferved Lot, we conducted him into the Land of bleffing, gave him Ifaac, and Jacob, and the Children of their Children, righteous men, and True-believers, to instruct the people in the way of Salvation; we infpired them to do good works, to pray at the time appointed, to pay Tithes, and to worthip us; We gave to Lot prudence and knowledge, and delivered him. from the Inhabitants of the City, who were the most vicious upon Earth, we were gracious to him, because he was righteous. Remember Noah, and that he heretofore invoked us ; we heard his prayer, and delivered him from great danger, and all that were with him in the Arke; we delivered him from the hand of the wicked, whom we drowned. Remember David, and Salomon, who rendred Justice in the field, whereinto the flocks of the village entred by night without Shepheards; we are witnesse of their Judgments, we instructed Salomon in Justice, we gave him prudence and knowledg; the Mountains adored us with David, and with him the

Chap. 21. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the Birds praised us ; we were with them when they praised us. We taught you the maner of fowing [feed] to preferve you from necessity; peradventure ye will bethankful to me. We commanded the winds to obey Salomon, and know all that he did. The Devils obeyed him, they dived into the Sea, to fifh for Gems for him, and travelled alfoin other matters ; and we hindred them to act mischief against men. Remember 70b, who prayed to his Lord, and faid, I am in exceeding great affliction ; thou art the merciful of the merciful : VVe heard him, and delivered him from his affliction; gave to him our grace, and to his family, and to them that were with him, who had patience, and trufted in me. Remember Ismael, Enoch, * Delcafel, and Zachary, they * Delcafel is perfevered in wel doing ; we gave them our grace, becaufe Ely. they were righteous. Remember Jonas, who forlook his peo- See the Book ple in difpleafure ; he believed I could do nothing against Abdelbaky. him ; but he cryed in the dark, and faid, There is no God befides thee, praifed be thy name ; I am too blame for having offended thee : We heard him, and delivered him from his difaster. Thus do I protect True-believers, when they invoke me. Remember Zachary, who made his prayer, and faid, Lord, I know there is no better Heir in the world then thy felf; yet let me not dy without issue : We heard his request, gave him a son, named John, and rendred his wife fruitful. All these Prophets went on with alacrity to do well, and invoked us with humility, with defire to obtain our grace, and with fear of the torments of Hell. Remember Mary, whole womb I bleffed ; we infpired into her our Spirit, and gave her a Son, a miracle in the world. Your Law is one onely Law, and I am one onely God, worthip me, and be not impious ; ye all shall appear before me to be judged. I will protect the Truebelievers that shall have done good works, and will write what they shall do for their reward. Mifery is upon the Cities that we have ruined ; their inhabitants shall not return into the world, until the passage be opened to Jagog and Magog, and they come running from the eminent places of the earth ; then shall the day of Judgment approach ; the promised

The Alcoran of MAFOMET. Chap. 21.

promised Truth shall not be far off, it shall trouble the fight of the wicked : Who shall fay, O nifery I We are miferable, we did not foresee this disafter ; we have been exceedingly too blame for having offended God. It shall be faid unto them, Ye worthipped instead of God, the firebrands of Hell, -into which ye shall be cast headlong : Had your Idols been Gods, as ye believed, they should not have entred Hell ; they, and those that have adored them, shallbe eternally damned; they shall groan, complain, and shall no be heard : Such as shall be in Paradife, shall be far remote rom them ; they shall not hear their howlings, and shall enjoy eternally what they shall defire; the cryes of the damned hall not afflict them; the Angels shall meet them when they come out of their graves, and shall fay, Behold now the day that was foretold you in the world ; a day, wherein we will open the Heavens, and the Book of the accompt of all man, as we promifed to your predeceffors. We exactly perforn what we promife ; we have written in the Old Teftament, and afterwards in the Alcoran, That the righteous shal inherit the Earth : This Book shall teach the way of Paradse to them that shall worship me : We had not sent thee, bu in favor of men ; fay unto them, God hath always inspired ind me, that your God is one God, will ye not obey him? If they go aftray, I have taught you how they must be intreated. Say unto them, I know not whether the punishment denounces to you shall be speedy, or tardy. God knoweth what is known, and unknown in the world ; I know not whether he will try you, or defer his punishment until the time appointd : He is a most just Judg, and most merciful; he is not such a ye speak him.

СНАР.

Chap.22. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXII.

The Chapter of Pilgrimage, containing seventy and seven Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Ove people ! fear God. The Earthquake that shall happen at the day of Judgment shall be wonderful; ye shall that day see mothers forget their children, and every one shall bear his own burden; ve shall fee men drunk, no: with wine, but amazed and aftonished at the great judgments of God. There be, who difpute of the Deity with ignorance, and follow the will of the Devil, voluntary, and obstinate : It is written, he shall seduce them that obey him, and shall conduct them into Hell. O ve people ! if ye doubt of the Refurrection, confider how we created you of the duct of the Earth ; with a little water fprinkled upon the dust, with congealed blood, and a little flefh intirely, and not intirely formed. I form in the wombs of women, what feemeth good to me, at the time appointed. I caufe you to come forth children, then I give you life, and make you to arrive to the age of virility; fome die young, and others live to extremity of age, to the end they may learn to live well. Confider the Earth, dry, dead, and barren; when we shall cause rain to fall, it shall change the face, shall produce and nourifh its fruits of all forts, fair, and pleafing : Becaufe God is truth it felf, he raifeth again the dead, and is Omnipotent. There is no doubt but the day of Judgment approacheth, and that God will cause the dead to rife again. There be men that difpute of God without knowledg, without reason, without authority, and go aftray from the way of his Law; they shall be full of ignominy and shame in this world, and shall feel in the other, the pains of Hell. God doth no injustice to his people. There be who adore him with fcruple ; if good befal them, they perfevere to adore him; if evil, they return to their impiety, and lofe the riches of Earth, and the riches of Heaven : These two loss are exceeding great ; they

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.22.

See Kitab el tenoir.

204

they invoke Idols inftead of God; they invoke what can neither benefit, nor hurt them : Such prayers are by-ways, far remote from the Commandments of God; they worthin that which doth rather mischief, nor advantage them. Cer. tainly, God shall make the True-believers, that do good works. to enter into Gardens, wherein flow many Rivers ; he doth what feemeth good to him. He that is angry, that God giveth fuccor, and protection to Mahomet in this world, and in the other. let him tye a cord to a beam of his house, and hang himfelf : he shall see if his choller will be allayed. God hath sent the Alcoran, as heretofore he fent the other Scriptures : it containeth his Commandments, clear and intelligible : it guideth into the right way whom it pleafeth him : He at the day of Judgment shall judg the differences that are between the faithful, and Infidels; between the Samaritans, the Chriflians, and Idolaters; he is omnifcient. Seeft thou not that all that is in Heaven, and on Earth, the Sun, the Moon, the Stars, the Mountains, Trees, and Beafts, adore him? Many worship him with zeal, but many likewife merit to be punished: None shall efteem him, whom God shall despise ; he doth as feemeth good to him. These two contrary parties, the Believers and the Infidels, have disputed of the Deity; but the Infidels shall be encompassed with flames of Hell, they shall have thirts of fire, boyling water thall flow in upon their heads; the fire shall burn what is in their bellies, and shall roaft their skin, they shall be beaten with clubs of iron ; when they think to go out of this fire, they shall enter further into it, and be eternally tormented. God shall cause the Truebelievers, that have done good works, to go into Gardens. wherein flow many Rivers ; they shall be adorned with bracelets of Gold, and Pearls ; they shall be clothed with Silk, and enjoy eternal felicity, because they have professed his Unity; and the Infidels shall suffer great torments, for that they have hindred the people to imbrace the Faith, and vifit the Temple of Mecca, which God hath established to be therein adored of all the world : He that shall be folicited to visit it, and shall enter it, with defign to return to his impiety, shall be feverely

Chap. 22. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

feverely punished. Remember, that we shewed to Abraham the place to build the Temple of Mecca; that we commanded him to adore me alone, and to purge my Temple from Idols, for the fatisfaction of them that fhould there make proceffions. Men shall come thither to visit thee from all parts, on foot, and on horfe-back ; they thall receive profit, they thall there make their prayers at the times appointed, and the days nominated ; they shall thank the Lord for his benefits towards them, and the riches which he hath given them; and fhall make likewife proceffions at the old Temple. He that shall reverence it, shall do exceeding well, and shall be recompensed of his Lord. It is lawful for you to eat of all clean Beafts, except of fuch as have been heretofore prohibited : Depart from the pollution of Idols; beware of bearing falle witness, and be obedient to God. He that faith, God hath a Companion, is like to him that fell head-long from Heaven, whom the Birds devoured, and the wind cast into a remote place, full of miferies. He that shall reverence the fignes of the power of God, will not doubt of his Law, and shall be rewarded for his good works at the time appointed, if he vifit the old Temple of Mecca. We have given to all Nations of the world a law to offer their Sacrifices, and to return thanks to their Lord, for having given them advantage above all forts of Beafts. Your God is one God, obey his Commandments, proclaim a great reward to them that are obedient to him, to them that tremble with fear, when they hear mention of his name ; that are patient in their adversity, that pray at the time appointed, and difpence in alms fome part of the wealth that we have given We have created the female Camel for a fign of our them. unity, the thall be profitable to you in this world. Remember to pronounce the name of God, when ye shall facrifice her, ftanding on her feet ; when the thall fall dead on the ground, The Pileat of her flesh, if it like you, and give to eat to such as grims Sacricat of her field, if it like you, and give to cat to her as fice a Cam-Inall require it. We have made her subject to you; perad. mel at Mecca ventureye will be thankful to me for this grace. God promoteth before him, neither the fielh of this Bealt, nor the blood, but onely the good works that ye perform. He hath thus

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.22.

thus fubiected it, That ye may exalt it, and give him thanks for having guided you into the right way. Proclaim to the righteous. That God will remove far from them the malice of the wicked : he abhorreth Traytors, and the ingrateful : Declare to fuch as fight against Infidels, to repair the injury they have done them ; that God is fufficiently powerful to protect them. When they were driven from their houses without reafon : they faid, God is our Lord : Had not God ftirred up the people against each other, the Covents of the Religious. the Churches of the Christians, the Synagogues of the Jews, and the Temples of the Believers, had been ruined, (through the multitude of the wicked, and their malice.) The name of God is exalted in the Temples of believers, and therein is his Law defended and protected. God is most strong ; he hath all power over his people. Those whom God hath established on Earth, with victory over their enemies, make their prayers, in the maner ordained ; pay Tithes, and enjoyn to do what is honeft and civil ; forbid to do what is prohibited of God, who knoweth the end of all things. If the Infidels traduce thee, their predeceffors traduced Noah, Aad, Chaib, Abraham, and Lot, they also flandered Moses : God for a time deferred their punishment, but in the end most severely chastifed them. How many Cities have we deftroyed, because of their impiety? We have overthrown, and made them defart, through the death of their inhabitants. Shall those of Meeca walk for ever upon Earth, with an hard heart, without reflecting upon what hath heretofore befaln the Infidels? Their eyes are not blinde, but their hearts are blinde, and hardned : They will require thee to caufe the wicked to be speedily chastified ; God will not go against what he hath promised : One day before thy Lord, is as a thouland yeers before men. How often hath the punifhments of impious Cities been deferred, that in the end were deftroyed ? The whole world shall one day be affembled before me, to be recompenced after their merits. Say unto them, O people ? I preach unto you publikely the torments of Hell ; fuch as shall believe, and do good works, shall receive pardon of their fins, and a precious treasure; they

See Gelaldin.

Chap.22. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

they that shall endevor to make voyd the faith, shall be damned. We fent our Prophet to reade only our Commandments to the people; the unbelievers reade many things that are not in the Alcoran ; but God hath made vain what the Devil had there inferted, and confirmed the precepts of his Law : What the Devil there inferted, ferveth for fedition to them that are weak in their faith, and have an hard heart. The Infidels are in an exceeding great error, and are far from the Truth. Such as have the knowledg of Scripture, know that the Alcoran is truth it felf, which proceedeth from thy Lord : They believe in it, and humble their heart in reading it. God guideth into the right way fuch as believe in the truth : The Infidels shall be in doubt, until they be furprized of the day of Judgment. That day shall they be rigoroufly chastifed , that day shall God command, and judg the good and the bad ; the righteous that shall have believed, and done good works, shall enter into delicious Gardens; and the Infidels that thall have difobeyed his Commandments, Ihall fuffer exceeding great torments. They that departed from Mesca, and went to Medina, to See Gelaldin. abandon the fociety of unbelievers, and were flain, or died of ficknels, shall be rewarded of his divine Majefty. God is the greatest benefactor in the world ; he shall give them to enter where they shall defire ; he is omnifcient, and most merciful. The believers that Ihall take revenge of the injury that the unbelievers have done them, shall be protected of God : He is gracious and merciful towards his people; he maketh day to enter into night, and night into day ; he heareth the prayers of True-believers, and feeth whatfoever they do ; and will protect them, because he is truth it felf. Idols are but vanity; and God is most high, and omnipotent. Dost thou not confider that God sendeth the rain from Heaven, and that the Earth becometh green ? He is benign to his people, and knoweth all [things ;] what foever is in Heaven and Earth, is his ; he hath no need of his people, and ought to be exalted. Seeft thou not that God hath inbjected to you all the beafts that are upon the earth? Seeft thou not that the fhip runneth upon the fea, through his command, to transpore.

207

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.22.

transport you and your substance ? Seeft thou not, that he hindreth heaven to fall upon the earth? certainly he is benign, and merciful, He it is that hath given you life and death, he shall make you to die, and shall raife you again, nevertheless man is ingrateful for his favors. We have given a law to all the Nations of the world, to guide them into the right way ; if they observe it, they will not dispute against thee. Invoke thy Lord, thouart in the right way ; if they dispute against thee; Say unto them, God knoweth all your actions, he shall judge your differences at the day of Judgment : knoweft thou not that God knoweth what foever is in heaven or in earth? All is written, and this is most easie to his divine Majefty. Idolaters adore without reafon, Idols that understand not whether they be gods or no, that shall be without protection at the day of Judgment ; when they preach to men my Commandments, they know by their countenance those that are impious, and ingrateful for my graces; they would with wrath fall upon them that inftruct them. Say unto them, I declare unto you things more grievous: God hath prepared the fire of hell to chaftife Infidels. O people ! A parable is related to you, hear it. All the Idols that ye adore cannot create a flie; when they shall be affembled to do it, if the flies corrupt any thing that is offered to them, they have not the power to drive them away, because of their impotencie, and the weakness of them that adore them : They praise not God in that manner as is just and reasonable, he is most strong, and most powerful; he hath chosen meffengers to bear and execute his Commandments among Angels and men; he heareth what foever they fay, beholdeth whatfoever they do, he knoweth whatfoever they have done, and all things obey him. O ye that believe ! honor and worship your Lord, and do good, perhaps ye shall bebleffed: Fight for the establishment of his Law with affection, he hath chosen you to follow it; he hath not given you a Law heavy, and troublefom. It is the Law of Abrahim your father, he hath filed you the Religned to God, before the coming of the Alcoran : The Prophet shall testifie against you at the day of Judgment, and ye shall testifie against the people, that the Prophet

208.

Chap.23. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Prophet hath preached to them the right way ; perfevere in your prayers, pay tithes, and trust in God, he is your Lord, and your Protector.

CHAP. XXIII.

The Chapter of True Believers, containing an hundred and eighteen Verses, written at Mecca.

T the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. Certainly the True believers shall be bleffed, that make their prayers with humility; they abstain from reviling, they pay tithes, they commit not whoredom, they touch not other women then their own, and their flaves ; fuch as covet other, tranfgrefs the bounds of reason; they that faithfully preferve what hath been entrusted to them; they that effect what they have promifed, and that make their prayers at the time appointed, shall be heirs of Paradife, where they shall dwell eternally. We formed man of the dust of the earth, with mire, blood congealed, with a little flefh and bones, which we invefted with skin; we another time created him, when we breathed into him the foul in the body, and bleffed him, as one of our fairest ornaments. O men ! ye all shall die, and shall rife again See Gelaldin. at the day of Judgment ; we created above you feven heavens, and have care of the confervation of all people that are beneath ; we fend water from heaven to fatisfie your neceffities ; we make it to fall upon the earth, and have power to caufe to pass away and deprive you [of it.] We have created, and made gardens to bring forth Date trees, Grapes, and many other fruits, by which ye live ; we created trees in the mountain of Sinai, that produce oyl, and * tincture; ye receive great * Or dying advantage by beafts, they fultain you with milk, and afford colours. you many other profits, ye mount them; and thips also to carrie you whither ye defire to go. We fent Noah, who fpake to the people, and faid, worfhip one God alone, what other god will ye implore but him? Will ye not fear to worship another ?

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.23.

ther? The chief among the people that were Idolaters, faid to their adherents, This man is a man like your felves, he would appear, and be efteemed more then you; if God would be adored alone, as he faith, he would caufe an Angel to descend, that should bring his Commandments ; we have not heard spoken to our predecessors, what he faith; he is a man poffeffed of the devill, tarry, and ye shall see what will become of him : Then Noah faid, Lord, protect me against them. and defend me from their blasphemies ; we commanded him to build an Ark, when our Commandment was given to defroy the wicked, and when the water of his caldron boyled. we commanded him to enter into the Ark, with two beafts of every kinde, and species; all men we destroyed, except them of whom we have before fpoken, (we faid unto him) fpeak not to me for Infidels, they shall be drowned, when thou shalt have taken order for every thing that must enter into the Ark with thee. Say, praise be to God, who hath delivered us from the malice of the wicked, Lord, give us to defcend in ableffed place, thou art the best Pilot in the world. It was a fign of my omnipotency to prove the people of Noah : we created after them another people, to whom we fent an Apostle, to instruct them to worship one God ; and he faid, what God will yee adore other then God ? will ye not fear his wrath? Their Doctors that were impious, who denied the Refurrection of the flefh, and on whom we had conferred the wealth of the earth, faid, he is a man, he eateth and drinketh like you, if ye obey not a man like to your felves, shall ye be destroyed? doth he promise you to return into the world, after having been bones and dust ?O abuse ! O abuse ! ye are abused in what he promiseth, he is a man like others, he is a lyar, we will not believe him : That Apostle said, Lord, preferve me from their blasphemies, they shall repent suddenly of their impiety; then thunder furprifed them, and deftroyed them, as they deferved ; we made the land dry and barren without fruit, and created other perfons in their place. Man cannot die before his hour, and none can retard it; we fent our Apostles, and our Prophets to instruct the people, but they were flain one after another, every Nation

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.23.

Nation traduced the Prophet that we fent to them, and we made them ferve for examples to posterity, and destroyed the wicked. We fent Mofes and his brother Aaron to Pharoah. and his Doctors, with our miracles. and with most intelligible reasons; they arose against the Faith, they tormented the children of Ifrael, and faid, fhall we believe in a man like to our felves, of them that obey us ? They flandred both of them, and were in the number of the damned. We gave to Mofes the Book of the Law, peradventure it will guide the children of Ifrael into the right way ; we created Jefus, and Mary his mother, they are figns of our Unity ; we established them in an eminent place, where they flayed nere a fountain. O Apoftles and Prophets! eat of the fruits of the earth, and do good, I know what foever ye do; your Law is one Law, and I alone am your Lord ; take heed to your felves, follow not the law of the Infidels, every one liketh what he doth, depart from the wicked, and leave them in their errors, an accompt shall be required of them of the riches, and of the children that we have given them, but they know it not. Such as fear the punifhment of their Lord, that obey his Commandments, profess his Unity. give alms of the fubftance that he hath given them, and fear in their heart, that they are not acceptable to them, shall appear in his prefence ; fuch as shall obey him, shall enjoy his grace ; he requireth not of any man what he is unable to perform. We have a book that declareth the truth, no injustice shall be done to him that shall do what he is able ; certainly the Infidels are in ignorance of the Alcoran, they act what is quite contrary, to that which is commanded true believers ; but we have punifhed the chief among them in their profperity. Be not this day refolute, yee shall not be protected of us. Our Commandments are taught you, neverthelefs ye are returned upon your steps, and are rifen against the Faith, and in discoursing by night, withdrew your felves from the righteous. Confider they not the words [of the Alcoran?] Doth it contain any thing that hath not been ordained to their predeceffors? Know they not the Prophet that God hath fent to them? VVherefore will they not acknowledg him ? VVill they fay that

211

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.23.

that he is poffeffed of the devill? On the contrary, he teacheth them the truth, neverthelefs the greateft part of them deteft him: if their will had place, heaven and earth, and what foever is betwixt them should be confounded ; we have instructed them in the Law which they ought to obferve, but they have renounced it : Doft thou require of them any recompence for thy inftru-Rions? Thy Lord shall reward thee, there is none that is of power to recompence thee better then He. Call them to the right way: fuch as thall not believe the Refurrection, thall err. If we pardon and deliver them from affliction, they will still continue in their errors, to their confusion ; we heretofore chastifed them, nevertheless they humble not themselves, neither implored their Lord; and when we opened upon them the gate of our Judgments, they became desperate. God hath given you fight, hearing, and fense, but few among you return him thanks ; he it is that hath created you of earth, ye shall one day be affembled before him to be judged ; he it is that giveth life and death, and maketh the difference of day and night, will you not honor him, neither confider ? On the contrary, they have faid, as did their predeceffors, wherefore shall we die? our bones shall be dust, and shall we rife again? This was heretofore promifed to our fathers, and to us, certainly it is but an old fong; Say unto them, to whom appertaineth the earth, and whatfoever is in the earth, if ye know [its Creator and King ?] They will fay, it is Gods; Say unto them, know ye not then, that he that created you can raife you again? VVho is Lord of the feven heavens? who poffeffeth the throne of heaven ? They will fay, it is God ; fay anto them, will ye not fear then to worship any other God but him? Say unto them, who is King of all things? who fuftaineth them, and is fultained of none ? They will fay, that it is God; Say unto them, why then do ye deceive your felves ? we have taught them the truth, but they have rejected it, and faid, that God had a fon ; were there another God with God, the one would undo what the other hath done, and they would rife the one against the other. Praised be God, what they affirm is not true, God knoweth that is palt, the prefent.

Chap. 23. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

prefent, and the future, he hath no companion; Say, Lord, give me to fee the effect of all that thou haft promifed to them, and put me not among the unjust, deliver us from evill, and do good to us, I know their impiety; Lord deliver me from the temptations of the devill, deliver me from their malice; when any one among them dieth, he faith, Lord, permit me to return into the world, I will do better then I have done; there is no return, it is to fpeak in vain, there is an obstacle behinde them, that detaineth them untill the day of Judgment; when the Trumpet shall found, nothing shall retard them, they shall not glory, nor difcourse with each other; the ballance of the bleffed shall be heavy with good works, and the ballance of the curfed shall be light of good works. Have not my Commandments been preached unto you, wherefore did ye contemn them ? They shall fay, Lord, our mifery prevailed over us, we were millead, Lord deliver us from this milery, the contrary was promifed to us, truly we are exceedingly too blame. It shall be faid unto them, depart into the fire, and never speak to come out. Many of them that worthip me, fay, Lord, we believe in thee, pardon our fins, thou art merciful. Ye have derided them, O ve wicked ! and have defpifed my Commandments, but I will reward them for their perfeverance, and they shall be bleffed. It shall be faid to those that rife again, how many years have ye remained in the earth ? they [hall answer, we have been there a day, or some dayes; ask of the Angels appointed to keep the accompt, ye have been there but a little time, did ye know it do you believe that I have created, and affembled you before me in vain? Praise and exalt God, King of Truth, there is no God but he, he is king of heaven ; he is void of reason that invoketh another god with Him, he fhall give accompt of his actions, and the Infidels shall be miferable : Say, Lord, pardon the fins of the righteous, thou art the great merciful.

P 3

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap.24.

CHAP. XXIV.

The Chapter of Light, containing seventy and foure Verses, Written at Medina.

*Is a man or boy kept unlawfully:

214

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull We have fent I this Chapter containing our Commandments clear and intelligible, peradventure ve will learn them The * Catamite and the Concubine shall be whipt with an hundred ftripes : take heed left clemency caufe you toforget the precepts of the Law of God, believe in his divite Majefty, and the day of Judgment; Some of the True-bdievers shall be witneffes of their punishment : The Catamie lying with a Concubine, or an Infidell, the Concubine lyng with a Catamite or Infidell, these things are forbidden the True believers. He that shall accuse an honest wonan of adultery, shall be whipt with twenty four stripes, unlds he prove his accufation by four witneffes, and shall neve be credited in testimony. They that do fuch things, are winout the obedience of God, except those that repent, and litisfie what they owe, God shall be to them gracious and mercfull. They that shall accuse their wives of adultery, and have no witneffes, fhall fwear four times that they fpeak the truh, and fhall the fifth time call for the curfe of God to be upon them, if they be lyars. The wife shall be exempt from puishment, if the fwear foure times that her husband is a lyar, and if the fifth time the pray that the wrath and indignation of God may be upon her, if what her husband hath faid be true : In this manner doth God gratifie you, that ye may understand the See' Gelaldin, truth, he is most gracious and most wife. That Iroup that made defection from the True-believers with a lye, and falle teftimony, did you no harme; on the contrary, hey did advantage you; every one shall bear the burden of his finnes, the most malicious among them shall be thrown headlong into the torments of Hell; It was an happinels that ye heard the fense of the Believers from their own mouth, when they faid,

This is Abdalla bin Se-

that

Chap. 24. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

that those men lyed impudently; if they had not presented those foure wimesses, they had found none other, they are One of Malyars, without the grace and mercy of God, they thould komets wives have already felt great torments in this world, and in the o- of adultery ther, becaule of that impollure : When they spake of what with Saforian, they were igno:ant, ye deemed it to be nothing; but it is an by Mahomets exceeding great fin before God, if when ye heard it, yee enemies. faid, that to speak of those things did not concerne you, ye knew it to be m imposture, God forbiddeth you to relapse, if ye believe in his Law, he thus declareth to you his pleasure, he is omniscient and most prudent; Such as defire to cast obloquie among the True believers, shall be rigorously chastifed in this world, and in the other, God knoweth that of which ye are ignorart : Had not God been favourable to you, he had chastifed you in burning fury, he is gracious and mercifull. Oh ye that are True-believers ! follow not the footsteps of the Devill, he will enjoyne you vice and fin; had not God gratfied you with his mercy, not any among you should have been purged from that imposture, but God purifieth whom he feeth good, he heareth all, and knoweth all your intentions. The most rich, and powerfull among you have not fwome to do no good to their parents, the poore, or to them that fight for the Law of God, nevertheless they do it not to them, and flie them ; desire they not that God should pardon them ? He is neither gentle nor pitifull but towards True-believers. They that accuse of immodesty, women chaste, innocent, and faithfull, shall be accursed in this world, and shall suffer great torments at the day, when their tongues, their hands, and their feet shall testifie against them ; at the fame time shall God pay to them what shall be due unto them without injustice, and they shall know that God is truth it felfe. The wicked women shall speak as the wicked men, and the wicked men as the wicked women : The good I women] shall peak as the good [men] and the good [men] as the good women ; the good are innocent of the imposture of the wicked, they shall enjoy the grace of God, and the treasures of Paradise. Oh ye that are True-believers ! enter

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 24.

not into anothers house without permission, if ye falute them that dwell there, ye shall do well; peradventure ye will be mindfull ; if ye finde none of the house, enter not without permission ; if they speak to you to return, ye shall return, it is better (then to flay at the doore) God beholdeth all that ye do, ye shall not offend God, to enter into houses inhabited, if ye have affaires there, God knoweth all your intentions. Speak unto the True-believers, that they containe their fight, that they be chafte, that they do good, and that God knoweth all their actions. Speak unto the true believeing women, that they containe their fight, and that they be chafte, that they suffer nothing of their beauty to be seen, but what ought to be feen, that they cover their bosome, and their vilage, that they permit them not to be feen, but by their hufbands, their Children, the Children of their husbands, their brothers, their nephews, their fifters, their women, and their daughters, maid fervants, and flaves by their domeftiques, that are not capable of marriage, by children that regard not the beauty of women, and that they move not their feet, to shew they are well shod. Implore pardon of God, peradventure ye shall be happy; many maidens of your own Religion, the daughters of the righteous, or your flaves, if they be poore, God shall enrich them with his grace, he is most liberall and omniscient. Such as have not means to marry, shall live chaftly, untill God hath given them means : Such as have defire to marry their flaves, shall have power to passe a Contract of marriage, if they know them to be wife, and shall give them part of the wealth that God hath bestowed on them, despise not your wives that are chaste, to commit whoredome ; if ye defire good in this world , if yee contemne them, God shall be to them propitious and mercifull ; We have sent to you these precepts, clear and intelligible, like to them that were taught your Predecessors, to be preached to the righteous; God illuminateth the Heaven and the Earth, as the Lamp that is in the Lanthorne of Chrystall, fed with oyle of the bleffed Olive; It seemeth to be a Star full of light, which goeth neither to the West, nor the East, and yeildeth brightnels

Chap.24. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ness upon brightness; God guideth by his light whom it pleafeth him, he teacheth his people parables, and is omniscient, he permitteth you to prayfe him in your houses, there to be mindfull of his name, and to exalt him evening and morning. Oh ye men ! your affaires ought not to hinder your remembrance of his divine Majesty, to make your prayers at the time appointed, neither to pay Tithes. Fear the day when the hearts of men shall be perplexed, and their sight troubled, when God shall reward and chastife every one after his works, and shall augment his grace upon the good ; he enricheth with his innumerable benefits whom to him feemeth good. The good works of the wicked are like to milts in a spacious plain, they seeme to be water, when afar off, and being approached, nothing is to be there found ; They shall finde before God the Book, wherein is written whatfoever they have done, he shall punish them according to their demerits, he is exact to keep accompt. Their actions are moreover like to the darkness that is in the bottom of the fea, that is covered with wave upon wave, obfcurity and darkness upon one another, he that is in this darkness cannot see his hand ; he that shall not be illuminated by God, shall not see a jot : Seeft thou not , that what soever is in Heaven and Earth exalteth the glory of God? The Birds extend their wings before him to praise him, he heareth the prayers of all his creatures, and understandeth the prayfes that they give him, he knoweth all that they do, he is King of Heaven and Earth, the refuge of all the world : Seeft thou not how he affembleth the clouds? how he placeth them one upon another? Confiderest thou not how the rain falleth through their pores? and that God causeth fresh water to descend from the mountains? He hath given it to whom feemeth good to him, he caufeth the brightness of lightning to approach men, which blindeth their fight, and overwhelmeth the day with night; These things are signes of his omnipotency, to them that consider them : He created of a little water, all forts of living Creatures; some creep upon the Earth, others walk upon two feet, and others upon four; he created what pleased him, he is omnipotent. Certainly, he hath fent a Law clear and intelligible,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 24.

218

gible, to coaduct into the right way whom it shall feem good to him. The Infidels fay, We believe in God, and his Prophet ; nevertheless a party among them abandon his Law, and believe not in his divine Majefty : When they are called before God, and before the Prophet, to judg their differences, many among then refuse to come ; if they come, it is with contempt. They are greatly afflicted at heart, do they fear that God and his Prophet will do them injustice ? On the contrary, they themfelves are unjust. When the True-believers are called before God, and the Prophet, to be judged; they fay, We have heard and obeyed, they are not ignorant. Those that shall obey God, and his Prophet, shall be bleffed. Many fwear to fight gallantly for the Faith, when they shall be commanded to march against the enemy; fay unto them, Swear not, your obedience to the Prophet shall be preferred to your oaths, Godknoweth whatfoever ye do ; fay unto them, Obey God, and hs Prophet; if they be difobedient, they shall bear their burder, and ye shall bear your own ; if ye obey, ye shall follow the right way. The Prophet is obliged onely to preach intelligibly; God promifeth to the True-believers, that shall do good works, that they shall live long upon earth, as he promifed to them that were before them, that they might eftablish the Law that he gave them ; he shall change their fear into assurance; he shall deliver them from terror, that they may adore him alone, without Companion. He that is wicked, will depart from the obedience which he oweth to God: Make your grayers at the time appointed, pay Tithes, and obey the Prophet, God shall give you his mercy. Believe not that the Infidels are more powerful on Earth then we; they shall be precipitated into the fire of Hell. O ye that are True-believers I your flaves and your fervants of free-condition shall require leave of you, to enter where ye shall be thrice, viz. Before the prayer at break of day, after noon, and after supper ; they shall not offend in entring without leave, where ye shall be at another time; they enter there to serve you. In this maner doth God teach you his Commandments, he knoweth the humor of his Creatures, and is most prudent in all

that

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 24.

that he ordaineth. It is ordained to your children, when they shall be at age of discretion, to demand of you permission to do what they shall defire, as did your predecessors: Thus doth God teach you his Commandments ; he is gracious and merciful. The old and decrepit women shall not offend God, to quit their vails, and discover their faces; provided it be without vanity, and defign to fhew their orniments : If they abstain, they shall do well, God heareth wlatsoever ye fay, and knoweth all that is in your hearts. The blinde, the See Kitab el lame, the fick, and you alfo, fhall not fin, to eat in the houfe of tenoir. your children ; at the house of your father and mother, brothers, fifters, uncles, aunts, friends; and in the heufe of your fervants ; ye shall not offend God, if ye cat together, or apart. VVhen ye fhall enter into any houfe, falute eachother from God, with bleffing and affection. Thus doth Ged teach you his Commandments, peradventure you will learn tlem. VVhen those that believed in God, and his Prophet, regained to the Prophet, they retired not without his permiffion. Such as required leave (to depart) believe in God, and his Prophet; if they require leave of thee for any business, lience whom shall feem good to thee, and pray to God for hem; he is See Kitab d gracious and merciful. Call not the Prophet, sye call one tenoir. another among you : God knoweth fuch as fhamfully depart out of the Temple, and the Trench. Such as difobey his Commandments, ought to take heed, left fome mischief befal them, and that they fuffer not great torments : Whatfower is in the Heavens, or on Earth, is Gods ; he knoweth if ye are zealous See Gelaldin. in your faith, or be hypocrites; he knoweth theday wherein all the world shall be affembled before him [to be judged.] In that day shall men fee what they have done ; heknoweth all things.

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.25

220

CHAP. XXV.

The Chapter of the Alcoran, containing seventy and seven Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful : Praifed be he that fent the Alcoran to his fervant to inftruct the world; he is King of the Heavens and Earth; he hath no Son, nor Companion in his reign ; he created and ordained every thing. The Infidels worthip Gods that can create nothing, and are things created ; they can neither do them good nor evil, they can give neither life nor death, neither cause them to rise again. They fay that the Alcoran is but a fable of thine invention, invented with the affiftance of fome other perfon ; but they lye and blaspheme. They fay that it is but an old Song, and a fable of the Ancients that thou writest, and that thou studiest morning and evening. Say unto them, It was fent by him that knoweth all things in Heaven and Earth, altogether gracious and merciful. They faid, Who is this Prophet? He eateth bread and meat, and walketh through the ftreets; we will not believe him, unless an Angel descend from Heaven to preach to us with him; unless that Angel enrich him, and that he have a Garden full of good and favory fruits; he is but a wizard, or one possessed of the Devil. Consider to what they compare thee; certainly they are in error, and cannot finde the right way. Praise and bless him that is able to bestow on thee a greater good, when it shall seem good to thee, to wit, Gardens, wherein flow many Rivers, and houses of pleasure. They have denyed the certainty of Universal Judgment, and we have prepared the fire of Hell to punish them ; wrath shall carry them away with terrible cryes: when they shall behold the place of the affembly of Judgment; when they shall there appear, they shall be desperate, and shall cry, O misery ! Cry not Omifery, cry O miseries! (in the Plural) Ask of them which is better, and more advantageous, that, or Paradife, which is prepared for the recompence of the righteous, where they

Chap. 25. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

they shall dwell eternally with all manner of felicity ; This is it that God hath promifed, and that which was impetrated of his Divine Majesty, (for them that have his fear before their eyes) I will one day affemble Idolaters, with their Idols ; God shall fay unto them, you are they who have feduced my creatures from the right way; They shall fay, praifed be thy name; we ought to have worshipped none but thy divine Majefty, but the wealth that thou gaveft to our Magistrates, and their life, which thou didft prolong, caufed them to forget thy Commandments; they were pernicious men, in that they abjured thy Law, they cannot this day be exempt from the punishment of our crimes, neither protect us against thy wrath. The Idolaters shall be rigorously punished ; The Prophets that we fent before thee, did eat bread and meat, and walked through the ftreets; we prove them one after another: Persevere, God beholdeth them that are patient. Those that believe not in the Refurrection, have faid, The Angels are not descended from Heaven, we have not feen God; they are become proud, and are fallen into an exceeding great error, but the wicked shall one day be without comfort ; when they fee the Angels, they shall cry. help, help! We will fet before their eyes all the fins that they have committed; the good works which they shall think to have done, shall be like to dust, which the winde carryeth away; and the bleffed thall enjoy a most certaine good, they shall hear of nothing but what contenteth them. When the Heaven and the aire shall divide themselves, and the Angels shall defcend, then shall the truth appear, and the mercifull shall raign ; that day shall be tedious to Infidels, they shall bite their fingers, and fay, would to God I had followed the Prophet and his Apostle ! Oh misery ! would to God I . had not contracted amity with fuch an Infidell, he feduced me from the right way, he hindred me to believe in the Alcoran which God fent; certainly the Devill hath tempted men; Then shall the Prophet say, Lord, such as have followed me, have obeyed what is written in the Alcoran, and the Infidels have rejected it. We have appointed an enemy among the wicked,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.25.

wicked, to every Prophet of them that were before thee, but it fufficeth thee that God guideth and protecteth thee. The Infidels have demanded, if the Alcoran was fent all at once ; I have fo done to confirme the truth in thy heart, I have fent it piece by piece, they shall not shew thee any thing like unto it; I have instructed thee in the truth, clear and intelligible : the incredulous shall be confined in the fire of Hell, and be most miserable. Certainly, We gave to Moses the book of the Law, we fent with him his brother Aaron to affift him, and faid unto them, Goe both of you, preach unto Infidels, we will deftroy them, unless they be converted. VVhen the people of Noah despised our Commandment, we drowned them, and made them ferve for example to posterity, and prepared great torments for the impious. Remember Aad, Temod, and those that dwelt nigh unto the well, a long time after them; we spake to them in parables, and destroyed them. Oh ye wicked ! confider the mifery of the City , upon which fell that mischievous rain, that destroyed them, because the Inhabitants believed not in the Refurrection. When the Infidels faw thee appear, they derided thee, and faid, This Prophet would feduce us , and make us to abandon our God ; We had patience, and deferred our punishment : they shall know at the day of Judgment them that have been feduced; Haft thou confidered the action of him that spake of his God after his fantalie ? Wert thou his Tutor, to hinder him to fpeak? Doft thou believe that the greatest part of the wicked hear, and understand what thou speakest to them ? They are like beafts, and worfe; Seeft thou how thy Lord sheddeth the Rofe ? were it his will, it should he permanent, the Sunne hath caused it to melt, and attracteth it gently to himfelfe. He it is that created the night for repole, and the day for labour. He it is that fendeth the winds by his speciall . grace, he maketh raine to defcend from Heaven, to refresh the Earth, to give it life, to water the beafts, and for the contentment of men ; we have divided it among them, that they may be mindfull of our grace, nevertheles, the greatest part of them are ungrateful. Had we fo pleafed, we had fent to every City a preacher.

Chap. 25. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

preacher, to preach unto the Inhabitants the torments of hell; obey not Infidels, preach to them frequently what is written in the Alcoran. It is God that hath fiveetned the water of Euphrates, that joyned the two feas, that made them falt, and put between them a separation, to hinder them to mix : He created man and woman of a little water, to increase and multiply together; thy Lord can do whatfoever him pleafeth, yet do the Infidels adore what can neither benefit nor hurt them, and affift the devill their mafter to tempt the world; We fent thee only to preach the torments of hell, and to proclaim the joyes of Paradife: Say unto them, I require not of you a reward for my preaching, he that shall be acceptable to God, will follow the way of his Law : Praise and exalt thy Lord, truft in him, he knoweth all the fins of men ; he created the heavens, and the earth in fix dayes, and fitteth on his Throne ; learn this of him that knoweth it. When it was faid to the Infidels, worship the merciful [God;] they faid, what merciful ? shall we worthip what ye appoint us ? and they added to their impiety. Bleffed be he that created the figns of heaven, that created the Sun, and the Moone, full of brightness and light, and hath made the dayes to fucceed each other, to return him thanks for his graces. The fervants of the merciful, that walk with humility, that falute the ignorant when they fpeak to them; Such as pray to, and worthip God day and night; fuch as fay, Lord, deliver us from the torments of hell; those that fear God, that are not prodigall, nor covetous, that follow the middle way, betwixt prodigality and avarice, those that worthip one God, that kill no man but with reason, and following the Commandments of God, and that are not luxurious, shall enjoy eternally the grace of God ; fuch as do the contrary shall be chastifed, their punishment shall be augmented at the day of Judgment, and they shall be damned for ever, except him that shall be converted, and shall have done good works, God shall give him pardon of his fins, he is gracious and mercifull. They, who do good works and repent, who make no falle oath, who are humble, and are not (wilfully) deaf and dumbe when they heare the Alcoran read,

223

and fay, Lord, give us and our pofterity children, that may be the light of our eyes, and be obedient to thee; work in us a fear to difobey thy Commandments; fuch perfons fhall enjoy eternally the delights of Paradife, for reward of their perfeverance; they fhall there finde falutations, and benedictions, with immenfe graces. Say unto the wicked, God will not enlighten you, neither hearken to your prayers, becaufe yee have traduced his Prophet; the time of the punifhment of your crimes fhall fuddenly arrive.

CHAP. XXVI.

The Chapter of Poets, containing an hundred and twenty seven Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the Name of God, gracious and merciful: God is moft pure, he understandeth all things, he is most wife. These figns are the figns of the book that diftinguisheth truth from falshood ; wilt thou destroy thy felf, because men are impious? If I will, I can cause my judgments to discend upon them, that shall humble them, they dispife my Commandments; they scoffe, but shall be rigorously punished; See they not how many fruits we have made to fpring out of the earth? It is a token of our omnipotencie, neverthelefs the greatest part of them believe not that thy Lord is the omnipotent, and the merciful. Instruct them how thy Lord faid unto Mofes, thou shalt be my messenger to the Infidels, and the people of Phuroah, that they may have my fear before their eyes. Mofes faid, Lord, I fear they may traduce me, and that my tongue cannot be loofed; fend with me my brother Aaron, they know the fault I have committed, and will put me to death. The Lord faid to him, they shall not put thee to death, go both whither I command you, I will be with you, and wil hear what they fay; fay to Pharoah, that yeare the Messengers of the Lord of the world, and let him difmifs with you the children of Ifrael; Pharoah faid unto Moses, have I not seen thee within this house a little childe? Didst thou not dwell with us many years? Didit thou not kill a man? thou

Mofes flew an Egyptian.

Chap. 26. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

thou art impious. Moses said, I did what I did, I was in the number of the feduced, I fled when I feared you; fince. that time God hath given me knowledg, and placed me in the number of his Prophets and Apostles, he hath fent me his grace, to fet before thee the evill that thou doft commit, in caufing thy felf to be adored of the children of Ifrael; Pharoah faid unto him, who is that God of the world ? he anfwered, it is the Lord of heaven, and earth, and of what, foever is between them. Pharoah faid to them that were abour him, Hear ye not what he faith ? Mofes continued his [fpeech] and faid, my Lord is your God, the God of your fathers, and of your predeceffors. Pharoah faid, this Prophet that is fent to you is a fool ; Moses faid, I am indeed the Messenger of the Lord of the West and East, if ye had understanding to know him: Pharoah faid, if thou worship any other God but me, I will cause thee to be put unto the bottom of a pit; Moses faid to him, wilt thou do it, feeing I am come to thee with reasons so strong, and arguments so infallible ? Pharoah faid unto him, bring thy reasons if thou art true : Then he cast his staffe on the ground, and it was changed into a Serpent, he drew his hand out of his bosom, it appeared white, and shining to the eyes of the spectators. Then faid Pharoah to them that were about him, certainly, behold here a skilful Magician, he would drive you from your Countrey through his magick, what fay ye ? They answered, he, with his brother must be terrified, and men must be fent into all thy Cities, to affemble the most knowing Magicians of all thy Dominions; when they came together at the day appointed, it was demanded of them, if they were called to follow the magick of Moses, and of Auron? They faid, what shall be our reward if we be victorious ? Pharoab faid unto them, yes, ye shall be rewarded, and be among them that approach my perfon. Mofes faid unto them, will you caft your flaves on the ground, or shall I first cast mine ? They cast their cords and their staves first, faying, with the affiftance of Pharoab we shall be victorious; then Mofes caft his rod on the ground, which devoured their cords and ftaves ; when they beheld this miracle, they fell proftrate, and

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 26.

226

and faid, we believe in the Lord of the world, God of Moles and Aaron; Pharoah faid to them, if ye believe in Mofes without my permiffion, ye shall fee what shall befall you; he is your Mafter, he understandeth magick better then you; I will cause your right feet and left hands, or your right hands and left feet to be cut off, and cause you all to be hanged; they faid, this shall do us none harm, we shall return before God our Lord, we hope that he will remit our fins, because we shall be the first converts. We faid unto Mofes, go with the children of Ifrael, my fervants, and fear not the people of Pharooh that shall follow thee : Pharoah fent his Commiffioners through his Dominions to affemble the people, and faid, (fpeaking of the children of Ifrael) those men are few in number, they have difpleafed me, but I will well awake them. We moved Pharoah and his people to depart out of Egypt, to pursie the children of Ifrael; we caused them to quit their gardens, fountains, and houses of pleasure, and made the children of Ifrael heirs of their treasure ; they furprized them at the rifing of the Sun ; when the children of Ifrael beheld them, they faid, we are overtaken : Moses answered, no, my Lord is with me, he shall guide me; then we inspired Mofes to strike the sea with his rod, incontinently it divided it self on both fides, like two mountains ; we faved him, and all that were with him, and drowned the men of Pharoah; which shall ferve for an example to the incredulous and obstinate, thy Lord is omnipotent and merciful. Relate to unbelievers the Hiftory of Abraham, when he faid to his father and his people, whom do ye adore ? they answered, we adore our Idols; he faid unto them, do they hear you when ye invoke them? do they good unto you when ye worship them, or mischief when ye neglect them ? they answered, we finde that our fathers worshipped them as we do; Abraham said unto them, you and your fathers worfhip vain things, ye adore only Idols, mine enemies; I will not worthip them, I will worfhip the Lord of the world, who created, guideth, and nourifheth me, who giveth me health when I am fick, who maketh me to live, and will caufe me to die, and from whom I hope

Chap. 26. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

227

hope for pardon of my fins at the day of Judgment : Lord give me the knowledg of thy will, grant that my tongue and words may be credited as true, by posterity ; put me into the number of the heirs of Paradife ; pardon my father, who hath · been in the number of the erroneous, and make me not ashamed at the day of the Refurrection; at the day, when riches and children shall be unprofitable, except to such as shall have an heart estranged from impiety; God shall make the righteous to approach to Paradife, and the wicked to fee hell : they shall fay, can the Idols that ye adore fave you? can they fave themselves? They shall be, with you, their adherents, and the devils, thrown headlong into the fire of hell: The Idolaters shall despute in hell, with them whom they have worshipped, and shall fay, by God, we were abufed when we adored you, the wicked feduced us, we have none this day to intercede for us, neither friend to protect us; could we return into the world, we would believe in the Law of God ; this difcourfe shall be for example to the wicked that believe not that thy Lord is the Omnipotent and mercifull. The people of Noahs time flandered the Apostles and Prophets that were fent to them; Noah their brother faid unto them, fear God, I am his Meffenger, fent to preach unto you, fear God, and obey him, I require no recompense for my instructions, God the fole Lord of the world thall reward my labours, fear and obey him; They faid, fhall we believe in thee, and thy followers, who are infamous ? He faid, I know not what they do, my Lord keepeth accompt of their actions; if ye knew the right way, ye would not worthip Idols; I drive not true believers from my fociety, I am fent only to preach the torments of hell; They faid, O Noah ! if thou quit not this difcourfe thou shalt be stoned; Noah faid, Lord, this people is impious, judge our difference, deliver me from their malice, and all true believers that are with me; We preferved him, and those that were with him in the Ark, and drstroyed them that remained on the earth : This is an evidence of our Omnipotencie, yet the greatest part of Infidels believe not that God is omnipotent and merciful. The people of

228 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 26.

of Aads time traduced the Apostles and Prophets that were fent unto them; Hod his brother faid unto them, fear

God, I am his Meffenger, fent to preach unto you with fidelity. Fear God and obey him, I require of you no. recompense of my preaching, the Lord of the Universe shall abundantly reward me; Will ve build Towers, and lofty Pallaces, as if ye thould dwell eternally in the world ? Will ye be cruell, without compaffion on your felves? Fear God and obey him; fear him who giveth you his grace, beftoweth on you wealth, children, gardens, and fountains; I fear that ye shall suffer grievous pains at the day of Judgment : They faid unto him, art thou come to be preached unto, or to preach to us? Thou relatest to us old mens Fables: They flandered him, and we deftroyed them : this is a token of our Omnipotencie, nevertheless the greatest part of Infidels believe not thy Lord to be Omnipotent and merciful. The people of Temod belyed the Prophets that were fent unto them; his brother Salhe faid unto them, fear God, I am a Meffenger fent from God to preach to you, fear God and obey him; I require of you no recompense. for my preaching, the Lord of the Universe shall recompense my labours, ; will ye forfake eternall riches, to cleave to the wealth of this world, to put your truft in your gardens, your fountains, your tillages, your dates, and fruits? Thall ye be esteemed prudent if ye build houses of pleasure in the mountains ? fear God, obey his Commandments, and obey not the wicked, that defile the earth, and do no good. They faid unto him, thou art a Magician, and an Inchanter, thou art but a man like unto us, shew us some miracle, if thou be indeed a Prophet sent from God; he said, behold there a Camel, he hath a place to drink at a day appointed, ye likewise have it to drink as he, do him no harm, otherwise shall ye be punished at the day of Judgment. They did hurt this Camel through contempt, but had caufe to repent it, and were feverely punished. This is an example for posterity; nevertheless the greatest part of Infidels believe not that thy Lord is altogether gracious and merciful. The Citizens of Lot traduced the

The Turks believe this Camel was changed into a rock by Salhe.

Chap. 26. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the Prophets that were fent unto them ; Lot their brother faid, fear God, I am a faithfull Messenger sent from him, to preach to you, fear God, and obey him, I require of you no reward for my pains, God will reward me; will ve cleave to the world, to reject that glory that he hath created for you? ye forfake good to imbrace evill. They faid, O Lot! if thou change not this difcourfe, we will banifh thee from our City; he faid, perhaps I am one of those whom ye abhorr; Lord deliver me, with my family, from their hands. We faved him with all his family, except his wife, who remained with the inhabitants of the City, we cauled to fall upon them a raine that deftroyed them. This is an example for posterity, nevertheless the greatest part of Infidels believe not that thy Lord is Omnipotent and merciful. They that inhabit the * Forrest, flandred the Prophets that * A Forrest were sent unto them ; Chaib faid to them, feat God, I am a near to Mafaithful mellenger fent from him, to preach unto you the tor- See Gelaldin. ments of hell; fear God, and obey him, I require no reward of you for my preaching, the Lord of the Universe shall recompence me : Measure with good measure, and weigh with good weights, detain nothing from your neighbour, defile not the earth, fear him that created you, and all those that were before yon: They faid unto him, thou art a Sorcerer, thou art but a man like us, we believe thee to be a lyar; if thou art indeed fent from God, caufe a part of heaven to fall upon us : he answered, God knoweth that of which yee are ignorant; they traduced him, but were chaftifed, being covered with a cloud that rained upon them a shewer of fire, and they were burned, as if it had been the day of Judgment : this is a token of my power, but the greatest part of Infidels believe not that thy Lord is Omnipotent and merciful. Certainly the Alcoran was fent by the Lord of the world, the faithfull Spirit inspired it into thine heart, that thou mayft preach to the people the pains of hell in the Arabique tongue ; the Scriptures heretofore made mention [of it ;] if the Infidels of Mecca are ignorant of it, the Doctors of the children of Ifrael have knowledg to understand it, although that

229

NE TR TR TR TR TR TR

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. 220 (bap.26:

that we have not fent it in the language of the Persians, yet cease not to instruct them in that which they know not; we have imprinted a lye in the hearts of the wicked, they shall not believe what is written in the Alcoran, untill they fee the punifhment prepared for Infidels at the day of Judgment; that day shall come at unawares, of which they are ignorant. They fay, let us tarry, and not believe as yet, in what is contained in that book; are they impatient untill they fee their punifhment? Haft thou feen how they have fome years deferred it, and how, in the end, that which we promifed befell them ? their riches were to them unprofitable. We have not deftroyed Cities without having forewarned them of their deftruction, we are unjust to none. The devils did not bring the Alcoran, it was to them of none advantage, they could not compose it, they are remote [from the Angels] and cannot hear their speech; say not there is another God with God; if thou fay it, thou shalt be chastifed ; preach the torments of hell to them that shall follow thee; be humble and civill to true believers ; if they difobey thee, fay unto them, I am innocent of what ye do, and am refigned to the Will of God, omnipotent and merciful . He beholdeth thee when thou doft pray, and worthip him; he heareth and knoweth all things. Shall I tell ye to whom the devils address themselves ? they apply themselves to lyars, they tell to them what they have heard spoken, but they all lye. The erronious imitate the Poets; they are confuted in their discourse, and fay, they have done what they have not, except those that believe in God, that do good works, who often think of his divine Majefty, and that have been protected against the injustice of Infidels; the unjust shall know, that they shall one day rife again. that the Lord is Omnipotene and mercifide Cer-

and an work for by the Lord of the world, the

Inside to states are renorant of it, the Doctors of the

See Ekteri, and Kitabel tenoir.

> wine empires it area time brane, that they may ft CHAP.

Chap. 27. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXVII.

231

The Chapter of the Pismire, containing fourescore and thirteen Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. God is moft pure, he understandeth all. These mysteries are the mysteries of the Alcoran, which diffinguisheth the truth from a lye, it conducteth meninto the right way, and proclaimeth the joyes of Paradife to fuch as believe in the Law of God, who make their prayers at the time appointed, pay Tithes, and have knowledg of their end. They that believe not in the day of Judgment, like well of what they do, and are in confusion, they shall in the end be in the number of the damned. The Alcoran was conveyed to thee from the moft prudent, that knoweth all things. Remember thou that Mofes faid to his family, I fee a fire, I goe to it, I will bring you tydings, I will bring you a sparke, peradventure you shall be warmed; When he drew near to the fire, he heard a voyce that faid to him, oh Mofes! that which is in this fire, and whatfoever is about it, is bleffed ; praife is due to God, Lord of the Universe; I am God omnipotent, and eternall; Cast thy staffe on the ground : When Moses beheld his staffe to move, as it had been alive, he went back very forrowfull, and returned no more; Fear not that staffe, my messenger and my Prophets have no fear in my prefence, he that shall be converted, shall finde me gracious and mercifull. Put thine hand into thy pocket, it shall come forth white, without harme, it shall be one of the nine marks of my omnipotency. Pharoab, and his Ministers were altogether erroneous; when they faw my Miracles, they faid that they were but forcery ; they despised them, and encreased their impiety; Consider what is the end of the wicked, and how they have been deftroyed ? We gave knowledg to David and to Solomon; they faid, God, who hath gratified us above many of his fervants that have believed in his omnipotency ; Solomon was Davids heire, and Q 4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 27.

and faid to the people, we understand the Language of birds, we know whatfoever can be known, it is an exceeding great grace. Solomons Army being one day affembled before him, composed of men, Devils, and birds, he lead them to the valley of Pifmires; a Pifmire their Queen, cryed out, oh Pifmires ! enter into your houses, least Solomon and his troups trample you under foot, without knowledge of it. Solomon hearing these words, remained some time without speaking, and in the end began to laugh, faying, Lord affift me, that I may give thee thanks for the benefits, and graces which thou didft conferre upon my father; If I do well, thou wilt accept it, place me through thy mercy in the number of * A Bird fo them that exalt thy glory ; He called for the * Whoope, and faid, wherefore fee I not the Whoope ? is the in the number of the absent ? I will pupish and put her to death, if she have not a lawfull excuse; not long after, she humbled her felfe before Solomon, who asked her whence the came ? the antiwered, I come from feeing what thou feeft not, I come from the Kingdome of Saba, whence I bring certain tidings ; I have found a woman, their Queen, who hath what foever is neceffary for a King ; the hath a great and magnificent Throne, I have found that the with her Subjects adore the Sunne, the Devill caufed them to delight in this their action, he hath feduced them from the right way, and they shall be in error untill they worthip one God, who fendeth rain from Heaven, and maketh the Earth to produce plants and fruits, who knoweth what foever is in the hearts of men, and what they utter; God ! There is but one God, Lord of the Universe. Solomon faid, I shall soone see if thou speak truth, or whithey thou be in the number of the lyars; goe, bear to her this letter, and observe what she and her people shall answer; At her arrivall, the Queen faid to her Ministers, Oh ye that are raifed to dignity in my dominions ! a Letter is given me from Solomon, of this tenour. In the name of God gracious and mercifull, rife not up against me, and obey me. Give me counfell, what I ought to do, I will do nothing without your advice, and what you fee not with your eyes: They answered,

called

Chap. 27. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

answered, Our welfare and misery depend on thee, command whatfoever shall seem good to thee, and we will obey thee. She faid, VVhen Kings enter a City, they introduce many diforders; they abase, and humble the chief of the Inhabitants, and the most eminent; if Solomon and his people come hither, they will use [us] in the like maner. I think it requisite to fend to him an Ambaffador with lome prefents, perhaps he will take a refolution to return. VVhen the Ambaffador arrived in Solomons prefence, he faid unto him, Do ye bring me prefents? God hath beftowed on me more riches then on you, prefents rejoyce you. becaufe ye love them : Return to them that fent you, I will go vifit them with forces fo great, that they shall not be able to refift ; I will drive them out of their dominions, and they shall be miferable, if they obey me not : Then he faid to his people, Sirs, who will bring to me the Royal Seat of that woman, before the and her fubjects obey me ? One of the Devils faid unto him, I, I will bring it before thou arife from thy place : I am ftrong Gelaldin faith enough to bear it, I will carry it carefully. One of them he knew the that attended Solomon, who knew the Scriptures, faid, I will name of bring it to thee in the twinkling of an eye : When Solomon God. beheld this Throne before him, he faid, Behold here a favor of God, to try if I would acknowledg his benefits. He that returneth thanks to God for his graces, performeth his duty; he rejecteth him that is ingrateful. I will try if the followeth the right way, or whether the be in the number of the feduced. They changed something in her Royal feat, to This Queen try if the would know it, when the arrived in Solomons pre- was called fence. At her arrival, they shewed it her, and asked if it re- Balkis. fembled her own ; she replyed, It resembleth it, as if it were See Gelaldin. the fame : She had knowledg of the right way; but that which the people, and the adored, infteed of God, had feduced them from the obedience of his divine Majefty. They fpake to her to enter into a gallery; when the beheld the pavement, the believed it to be water ; and in lifting up her robe, fearing to wet it, discovered her leg. Solomon told her, that the pavement was of pollifhed glafs, and exhorted her to embrace the

233

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 27.

234.

Law of God. Then the faid, Lord, I am too blame, in having offended thee; I am obedient with Solomon, to the Commandments of the God of the Universe. We fent Salhe to Temod, and his people, to exhort them to worthip one God : He faid unto them, O people! flie to the mercy of God; if ye implore pardon of him, ye shall be pardoned. They faid, Wouldst thou draw us into thine error ? and into the error of them that are with thee ? He faid, God shall chastife you, ye are seditions. They were nine persons in the City that defiled the earth, and did no good; they faid among them, Let us this night kill the Prophet, and his adherents : VVe will fay to them that feek him, That we faw him not, neither them that flew him; and will fwear that we fpeak truth : They were cunning, but we were more fubtile then they, and they knew it not. Confider what was the iffue of their stratagems ; we deftroyed them with their followers ; and their houses are become defart, because of their impiety. This shall serve for example to them that have knowledg of our Omnipotency : We ferved the Prophet, and all the True-believers that were with him: Remember thou the Hiftory of Lot, who faid to his Citizens, VVill ye alway defile your felves in uncleannefs, in each others view ? will ye love men more then women ? ye are ignorant. They replyed, Let us drive Lot and his family out of our City; they defile not themselves like us. VVe preferved him, with all his family, except his wife ; the remained among them, that were chaftifed. VVe caufed it to rain upon them, a rain that gave them to know the feverity of our cha-Say unto them, Praised be God, that destroyeth the wicked, and falvation to all those who he hath chosen; are they not more happy, then fuch as believe there are many Gods ? VVho created the Heavens and the Earth? VVho caufed rain to fall from Heaven? VVho hath made many delicious gardens to bring forth ? You have not the power to caufe the plants to fpring forth, without the affiftance of God. Certainly unbelievers do erre from the right way. VVho hath eftablished the Earth, and made the rivers to flow ? VVho hath made heavy the Mountains? VVho but God hath put fepara-

tion

Chap. 27. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

tion that is between the Seas? The greatest part of the world know it not. Who rendreth men miferable ? who d livereth them from affliction when they invoke him ? who hath caufed you to multiply, and leave your posterity on Earth. but God? Nevertheless few men give him thanks. Who guideth in the darkness of the Earth and Sea? who but God fendeth the windes, the forerunners of raine ? he is moft high. and most powerfull, but the wicked will not confider the effects of his omnipotency. Who formeth men? who maketh them to live, dye, and rife again? who enricheth them with the wealth of Heaven, and of Earth, but God ? Say unto them, produce your reasons, bring your arguments, if what ye alleadg be true; Say unto them, none but God knoweth what is in Heaven and Earth, no man knoweth the future, prefent and paft ; do men know the day of the Refurrection ? Contrariwise they doubt, and are blinde. The wicked have faid, what? we shall be dust, as are our fathers, and shall come forth out of our graves ! This washeretofore promifed to our fathers, and to us, this is but a fable of old men: Tell them, that they confider not what was heretofore the end of the wicked ; afflict not thy felfe, for that they confpire against thee, and that they demand at what time they shall fee the punishent that is foretold them : Say unto them , it is not farre from you, ye throw your felves headlong into it, but God is pitifull towards his people, nevertheless the greateft part give him no thanks for his grace, thy Lord knoweth what is in their heart, and what foever they fpeak ; there is nothing in Heaven or Earth, that is not written in a most intelligible Book; the Alcoran explaineth to the Children of Israel the greatest part of their difficulties, it will guide them into the right way, and deliver from Hell, them that shall believe thee, thy Lord shall judge them at the day of Judgment, he is omnipotent and wife; Truft thou in God, thou art in the way of truth ; the dead and deaf shall not hear thee, and unbelievers shall depart from thee pensive and aftonished, thou oughtest not to guide the blinde, neither to make the deaf to hear, except fuch as shall believe in the Alcoran

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap. 27.

Alcoran, and be obedient, when the time of the punishment that is denounced against them shall be come ; we will cause a Beaft to come from under the Earth, that shall speak unto them, and shall fay, The people believe not in the Law of God, they know not his wondrous works. Be thou mindfull of the day, when I will affemble a multitude of all Nations that have difobeyed my Commandments, to give accompt of their actions : I will fay unto them, ye have traduced my Prophets, ye know not what ye faid, what have ye done? Then fhall they be punished for their finnes, and be inexcufable, they shall not speak a word. Do not Infidels see that we have created the night for reft, and the day for travell? this is a fign of my omnipotency; Be thou mindfull of the day wherein the Angell shall found the Trumpet, and what soever is in Heaven and Earth, shall tremble with fear, except such as shall be in the favour of God; that day shalt thou fee the Mountains suspended, to move like the Clouds, this shall be a work of God, who created all things, and knoweth their end; He that shall have done good works, shall be rewarded, he shall be without fear; and they that had done evill, shall remain in the fire of Hell ; It shall be faid unto them, are ye not chaftifed according to your demerits? Say unto the people, I command you to worship the Lord of this priviledged * City, all things appertain to him; I command you to believe in the unity of his divine Majefty, and to fludy the Alcoran; who fo doth good, shall finde good. Say unto them that shall be feduced, I am fent only to preach the torments of Hell; Say to True believers, prayfed be God that hath given you to see his Miracles, and hath given you knowledg of the right way; thy Lord is not ignorant of what they do.

and broke the dead and a

* Mecca. See Gelaldin.

with most sugar that encoded and CHAP.

236.

Chap. 28. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXVIII.

237

The Chapter of History, containing fourescore and eight Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. God is most pure, he understandeth all things, and is most wife. These mysteries are the mysteries of the Book that diftinguisheth the truth from a lie. I relate to thee the hiftory of Moles, and of Pharoab with truth, for the contentment of True-believers. Pharoah was powerfull on Earth, he entreated his Subjects as feemed good to him, he tormented one party, and murthered their Children, he abused their wives, and was of them that defiled the Earth ; I gave my grace to them that were afflicted on Earth, I made them successors of Pharoahs Kingdome, I eftablished them in his dominions ; I made Pharoah, Haman, and their Army to fee what they most feared ; we faid to the mother of Moses, give fuck to thy Childe ; if thou fearest that they will mischief him , cast him upon Nile, fear not, neither afflict thy felf, I will reftore him to thee between thine armes, and place him in the number of Prophets. The domestiques of Pharoah found him upon the water, and faved him, to be one day their enemy. and to torment them, because Pharoah, Haman, and their people were Infidels. Pharoahs wife faid unto him, I entreat thee not to fuffer this Infant to be flain, mine eyes rejoyce to see him, he shall one day be profitable for our service, as our fonne ; but they were ignorant of what thould befall them: the heart of his mother was freed from fear, when the beheld him in the hands of Pharoah's wife, and scarce could she refrain to let them know that the was his mother ; we caufed her to have patience, and the had faith in our promifes ; She fpake to his fifter to follow him ftep by ftep, the followed afar off, without intimation that the was his fifter, or that the regarded him. We had before prohibited Mofes to fuck the milk of any other nurse, then that of his mother; his fifter faid The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 28.

faid to Pharoahs fervant, will ye that I provide you a nurse. and people that shall carefully nourish him? We caused him to be reftored to his mother, to nurfe him ; fhe ceased from her fadnefs, when the knew, and faw that God was fincere in what he had promifed, but the greatest part of the people know it not. When Moles was aged, about thirty three years, we gave him knowledg and wifdom; thus do I reward the righteous : Moles entring one day into the City, met two men that fought; the one was of the Children of Ifrael, and the other was an Egyptian, and of his enemies, whom he affaulted, and flew; after this he faid, the Devill tempted me. he is the open enemy of men; Lord, I have offended thee, pardon me; he pardoned him, he is gracious and mercifull; Lord, fince thou haft been fo gracious to me, I will never give aid or fuccour to Infidels. He continued in the City with fear, and kept himfelf upon his guard ; on the morrow he again met him, whom the day before he had defended. who fought likewife with another Egyptian, and required his affistance : Moles faid unto him , thou art fedicious ; he replyed, oh Mofes ! wilt thou flay me, as thou didft flay him vefterday? Wilt thou be a murtherer of all men, or a just man? Not long after a man came [in haft] to him from the utmost part of the City, who faid unto him, oh Mofes ! the Officers of Pharoab have confpired against thee, they defire to put thee to death ; fave thy felfe, and follow my counfell; He departed from the City with fear, keeping himfelfe upon his guard, befeeching his Lord to deliver him from the hands of Infidels; he went towards Madian, and faid, Lord fuffer me not to follow an evill way ; He met a great number of perfons that made their flocks to drink, he with them found two maids that could not water their Cattell, he faid unto them, what do ye two do here? We have not ftrength to draw water to give our beafts to drink, we tarry for the Shephcard, our father is too old to draw Fit.] He drew water out of the well to water their Cattell, and withdrew to'a fhade, because of the heat of the Sunne, faying, Lord, I am deprived of all the graces which heretofore thou didft confer

Chap.28. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

confer on me, I am now poor and neceffitous. One of those maidens came to feek him, and bashfully faid unto him, my father calleth thee, to recompense thee for the pains thou haft taken in watering our cattell; When he was in the old mans prefence, he related what had befaln him. The old man faid, fear nothing, I will deliver thee from the hands of the wicked; one of his daughters faid to her fifter, give to this man to eate, and reward his pains, he affifted us with affection; their father faid unto him, I will marry thee to one of my two daughters, on condition, that thou wilt have a care of my flocks the space of eight years ; ten years if it please thee, faid Moles; I will not forfake thee, thou shalt finde me an honeft man, I will ferve thee the two termes, either eight or ten years, as shall feem good to thee, God is witness of what I fay. After the terme expired, Mofes forfook the house of his father in law; withdrawing with his wife, he beheld afar off a great fire on the fide of the mountain, and faid to his wife, tarry here, I fee the fire of the Omnipotent, I will speedily return, I will bring you a spark, peradventure you shall be warmed : when he drew near to this fire, they cried unto him from the right fide of the valley, from an eminent place, and from a bush, O Mofes ! I am God, Lord of the Universe, cast thy staffe on the ground ; when he beheld his staffe to move, as it had been alive, he fled for fear, and returned no more : O Mofes I draw near, and fear not, thou art in a place of fafety, put thine hand into thy pocket, it shall come out white and shining, without harm ; draw back thine arm into thy fleeve, it shall return to its former condition ; thy staffe and thine hand shall be two figns of my Omnipotency to Phareah and his Ministers, who difobey my Commandments; Mofes faid, Lord, I have flain an Egyptian, I am afraid they will take away my life. command Aaron, who is eloquent, to go with me, to aid me, and to confirm what I shall fay, I fear they will traduce me; I will give thee thy brother for thine affiftant, I will give to you both strength to defend your selves from their malice ; go, do what is commanded you, ye shall be victorious, and all those that shall follow you : when Mofes came to Pharoah, he made him

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.28.

him to fee my miracles, and preached my Commandments to his Minifters : they faid, this is but magick and witchcraft, we have not heard these things to have been spoken to our predecesfors. Moses faid, the Lord knoweth him that teacheth the right way, and him that ought to have part in Paradife, Infidels shall be most miserable. Pharoab faid to his Ministers, do ye know any other God but me ? O Haman ! let me offer facrifices, and build a Temple, shall I deceive my felf with the God of Moles? I believe him to be in the number of lyars. He became proud on earth, with his Ministers, and they believed that they should never be affembled before me to be judged ; we furprized him with his people, and caufed him to perifh in the Sea; confider what is the end of unbelievers; we abandoned them, and they are in the number of the condemned to the fire of hell. They shall finde none to protect them at the day of Judgment ; we curfed them on earth, and at the day of the Refurrection they shall be abominable to all the world. We taught Moses our Commandments, after the destruction. of many Infidels before his coming. We gave him the Book, to be a light to the people, to conduct them into the right. way, and acquire our grace, peradventure they will remember. Thou wert not with Mofes when we spake to him ; we created another age after him, thou didft not at that time dwell with the Inhabitants of Madian, neither didst thou, teach them our Commandments ; it is we that have instructed thee in the Hiftory of past ages; thou wert not on the mountain when we spake to Moses; we sent thee through our special grace, to preach to men the torments of hell; they have not yet had a preacher like unto thee, perhaps they will confider it ; when they felt any punishment for their fins, they faid, Lord, hadst thou fent us an Apostle to instruct us, we should have obeyed thy Commandments, and have believed in thy Law : and when on our part they were instructed in the Truth, they faid, doth Mahomet work miracles like Moses ? do they not traduce what Moses did, when they fay, that Moses and Mahomet are two apparent Sprcerers? and when they faid that they believed neither Propher, nor Scripture ? Say unto them, bring any book

Chap. 28. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

book from God, that better teacheth the right way then the Old Testament, and more favingly then the Alcoran, I will follow it, if ye speak the truth : If they be not heard when they shall require this book, know, that they follow only their own appetites, and their impiety ; who is more erroneous then he that followeth but his own paffion, and is not guided of God ? he guideth not Infidels; Certainly we have fent them the Alcoran, peradventure they will believe in it ; they, to whom we heretofore fent this book believe in the contents thereof ; when they hear it read , they fay , we believe in those words, it is the very truth that proceedeth from God ; we believe in the unity of his divine Majefty. they shall be doubly rewarded, because they have perfevered in well-doing; they have overcome evill through their good deeds, and have expended in good works part of the wealth that we gave them. When they heard the faith evill ipoken of. they withdrew themfelves, took leave of the company, and faid, ye shall answer for your, and we for our actions. Regard not the ignorant, thou thalt not convert all them that thou thalt defire to convert ; God converteth, and guideth into the right way whom he pleafeth, and knoweth fuch as ferve him. They faid , if I follow with thee the right way , I must forfake my Country. Shall not I eftablish them in a place of fafety, where they shall finde all forts of fruits to enrich them? but the greateft part of the people know it not. How many Cities have we destroyed, that took pleasure in their evill life? No man inhabited them any more, except very few, and we became heirs of their riches. God shall not destroy Mecca, untill he have fent an Apostle to instruct the Inhabitants thereof in the right way : God deftroyeth not a City, if the Inhabitants be not unjust, and disobey not his Commandments ; The wealth of this world which ye poffeffe, pleafeth you, but the riches of Heaven are much better, and eternali; will ve not understand it ? Have we not kept promise with them to whom we promifed Paradife? and with them to whom we promifed the riches of this world, and in the end were in the number of the damned ? Be thou mindfull of the day when thy

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.28

thy Lord shall call them, and fay unto them, where are your Idols, which we believed to be my Companions ? the chief of them shall fay, Lord, behold those that were feduced like us, we are innocent of their Idolatry, they adored not us: they shall speak that day to the Idolaters to invoke their Idols, but they shall not hear them, they shall be visibly chaftised on Earth: Be thou mindfull of the day when thy Lord Ihall call them, and fay unto them, wherefore have ye not believed my Apoftles and my Prophets? they shall be confounded, and remain dumb. He that shall be converted. and do good works, shall be happy. Thy Lord createth what pleafeth him, and maketh choyce of what feemeth to him good. Praifed be God, he hath no companion, he knoweth what is in the hearts of men, and what they make manifest : he is God, there is no God but he, prayle is due to him in the beginning, and in the end, he commandeth over all things, and all people shall one day be affembled before him to be judged; Say unto them, Had God given a continuall night, even untill the day of Judgment, what other God is there that is able to give you light? will ve not hear me? Had God given you a continuall day untill the day of Judgment, what other God could have given the night to refresh you? will ye not confider his benefits and his grace? he hath created the night for repose, and the day for labour, peradventure ye will give him thanks. Be thou mindfull of the day, when thy Lord shall call the Infidels, and shall fay unto them, where are the Idols that ye worthipped ? We will call a witnefs of every Nation, and will fay to the Idolaters, Bring your arguments that may prove the plurality of Gods; Ye shall this day know your blafphemies, and that there is but one God. Caron was of the people of Moles, he was proud, becaufe of his riches; we gave him fo great treasures, that many men were burthened when they conveyed away the Keyes. Remember how his people faid unto him, Rejoyce not above measure in thy great wealth, God abhorreth them that rejoyce without reason; Beg of him Paradife; with thy riches forget not to do good in this world, give almes of the fubftance

Chap. 28. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ftance which God hath given thee, be not difobedient to him on Earth, he abhorreth those that disobey him; these riches were given thee, because thou didst instruct the people in the Old Testament ; knowest thou not that God destroyed in times past many rich and opulent perfons? Who is more ftrong, more powerfull, more rich then God? He will not enquire of the wicked the number of their finnes, he knoweth all, and the accompt. Caron one day went forth in publique. with all his retinue ; They that affected the wealth of this world, faid, Would to God we had as much wealth as Caron ; he is happy ! but the more knowing among them faid, ye are unhappy, the grace of God is more advantageous to them that believe in his Law, and do good works, then all the treasures of Caron ; none shall receive his grace but such as shall obey him, and perfevere, in obedience to his Commandments. We deprived Caron of all his treasures, and none was able to protect him against us; then they that had coveted his riches, faid, oh miracle ! God giveth to, and depriveth of wealth whom to him feemeth good ; Had not God given us his grace, we had been neceffitous ; certainly the wicked shall be miserable ; I will bestow Paradife on them that hate vanity and diforder on the Earth, and Ihall have my fear before their eyes ; whofoever shall do good, shall finde good ; who doth evill, shall be chastifed after his demerits. He that hath taught thee the Alcoran, shall cause thee to return to the * place that thou desireft: Tell the Inhabitants of that place, * Meecca. thas God knoweth them that teach the right way, and fuch as See Gelaldin. goe aftray. Thou didft not expect the Alcoran, it is a speciall grace of thy Lord ; affilt not the Infidels , and take heed left they feduce thee, after having learnt what hath been taught thee ; Preach to the people the unity of God, Be not in the number of them that believe many Deities, adore God alone, there is no God but he; all things shall have end, except his face, he commandeth over every thing, and all men shall one day appear before him to be judged.

R 2

CHAP.

244 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.29.

CHAP. XXIX.

The Chapter of the Spider, containing fixty nine Verses, Wrinten at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful: I am God most wife. Men have believed that it is fufficient to fay, we believe in God, and that they be not proved : Certainly God proved their predeceffors, and knew fuch as were zealous in his Law, and them that were Infidels. Do they who have done evill, think to efcape the punishment of their crimes, and not to be judged? Such as hope to fee God, shall behold him at the time appointed by his divine Majefty : he understandeth and knoweth all things. He that fighteth for the faith, fighteth for his foul : certainly God hath no. need of men, their finnes shall be pardoned who shall believe in his divine Majefty, and fhall do good works. We enjoyned the children of Ifraet to honour their father and mother, and to do good to them; if they prefs thee to worthip many Gods, thou shalt be damned, if thou give ear to them; obey them not in this matter, ve shall be assembled before me, I will fet before you all that ye have done, I will reward you according to your works, and place fuch as shall have obferved my Law in the number of the bleffed. There be men who affirm, that they believe in God, and are impatient when evill befalleth them from God to prove them : If God give victory to the True believers, they fay, that they are on theirside, but doth not God know what is in their heart? He knoweth them that believe in his Law, and those that are impious. The Infidels faid to the True-believers, do like us, follow our way, we will bear your finnes; They will not bear them, they are lyars, they shall bear their own burdens ; shall not an accompt of their finnes be required of them at the day of Judgment? We fent Noah to instruct men, he lived upon the Earth nine hundred and fifty years. The Flood furprized, and destroyed the people of his time, because they were

(hap. 29. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

245

were unjust, and we faved Noah, and those that were with him in the Ark ; this ought to ferve for example to all the world. Remember Abraham, who faid to his people, Adore one God, and fear him, ye shall do well, if ye have knowledge to comprehend it; ye worship but Idols, and are but lyars, those whom ye worship cannot benefit you ; implore fuccor of God, worthip him, and give him thanks for his graces, ye shall one day appear before him, if ye traduce me; those that were before you traduced the Prophets, Gods Messengers : Messengers are obliged only to discharge their meffage; are ye ignorant that God caufeth men to dye, and fhall raife them again ? it is a thing cafie to God : Walk through the Earth, and confider how God hath extirpated your predecessors, and created after them another people, certainly he is omipotent. He punisheth and pardoneth as he feeth good, you all shall one day be assembled before him to be judged ; you shall not render him impotent, either in Earth, or in the Heavens, ye shall finde none of power to protect, or defend you against his divine Majesty ; such as obey not his Commandments, who believe not the refurrection, and dispair of his mercy, shall suffer great torments ; The people answered, kill Abraham, and burn him ; but God delivered him from the fire that they had kindled, which shall ferve for example to True-believers. He faid unto them, ye adore only Idols, becaufe of your love to the wealth of the world ; ye thall defpife and curfe each other at the day of Judgment. Hell shall be your habitation, and ye shall be deprived of protecti-Lot believed in his words, and faid, I will retire to the on. place which my Lord shall appoint me; he alone is omnipotent, and most wife. We gave to Abraham two fons, Ifaac and fucob ; we caused Prophets to be born of his race, and taught his progeny the Scripture ; we rewarded him in this world, and he shall be at the day of judgment in the number of the bleffed. Remember Lot, who faid to his people, Ye defile your felves with filthinefs, unknown to any before you ; ye incline to the love of men, ye rob upon the high ways, and defile one another. This people answered, Let us see the R 3 **Judgments**

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 29:

judgments of God, if what thou speakest be true. Then he faid, Lord protect me against unbelievers. When our Meffengers came towards Abraham, to declare to him that he fould have children ; they faid unto him, VVe will ruine Lots City, and destroy all the inhabitants thereof, because they are impious. Abraham answered, Lot dwelleth in that City ; they faid. We know all that is within it, and we will preferve him, with all his family, except his wife, the thall be in the number of them that shall be punished. VVhen our Messengers arrived at Lots house, he was troubled, in that he had not ftrength fufficient to defend them from the malice of the people; they faid unto him, Fear nothing, neither afflict thy felf. We will preferve thee, and all thy family, except thy wife; fhe fhall, abide among them that shall be deftroyed ; we will cause the indignation of God to fall upon this City, becaufe of their implety; it shall ferve for example to posterity. We fent Chaib to his brethren, the inhabitants of Madian ; he faid. unto them, VVorship one God, fear the day of Judgment, and defile not the Earth. They impudently traduced him, but were furprized by an Earthquake, and remained dead in their houses, as carkales. VVe destroyed Aad, and Temod, their ruine is yet apparent in the places of their habitations ; the Devil tempted and feduced them from the right way, notwithstanding they knew their error. We destroyed Caron, Pharaoh, and Haman ; Moses preached to them my Commandments ; they contemned them, and became proud in the Earth, but escaped not the punishment of their crimes. We chastifed fome by an impetuous wind, and other were furprized by thunder ; we deprived them of their riches, and they were drowned. God was not unjust towards them, they drew mischief on themselves through their impiety. They that worship Idols are like to the Spider; she buildeth her house of her cob-web, that cannot defend from heat or cold. They would not adore Idols, did they understand what they do; God feeth what they worship, he is omnipotent and wife. I teach the people these parables, and none but the wife understand them. Truly God created Heaven and Earth,

11

No. of Street, or Stre

Chap. 29. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

it is a fign of his Omnipotency to True-believers. Inftruit them in the Book that is infpired into thee; make thy prayers at the time appointed, prayers divert men from fin; to be mindful of God is the best work thou canft perform, he knoweth all the actions of men. Difpute with mildness against them that have knowledg of the written Law, except against the wicked that are among them. Say unto them, We believe in what hath been taught you, and in what hath been taught us : Your God, and our God is one God ; we are refigned to his divine will. We have fent thee the Alcoran, as we fent to them the Old Teftament : Such as underftand the Old Teftament, believe in the Truth of the Alcoran. Thou haft not written it with thine own hand ; hadft thou written it, thou hadft caufed them to doubt, who defire to make it void : Certainly it containeth, and teacheth intelligibly the Commandments of the Law; none but Infidels reject it. They have faid, We will not believe in this Book, unless God work in it some miracle. Say unto them, Miracles proceed from God, I am fent only to preach the torments of Hell. Is it not fufficient, that we have fent thee the Alcoran to instruct them ? It containeth the effects of my mercy and precepts, neceffary for their falvation. Say unto them, it fufficeth that God is witness of mine actions, betwixt you and me ; he knoweth what foever is in Heaven, and in Earth : They that believe in Idols, and have not faith in God, are damned. They urge thee to make them fee the punishment of their crimes; if the time were come, they should soon feel it; they shall rescent it, when they least think of it, but they know it not; they shall prefs thee to make them fee it. Say unto them, Hell is prepared for Infidels. When they thall be plunged in torments over, their heads, and under their feet, it shall be faid unto them, Taste the punishment which ye have deferved. Oye people that believe ! The Barth is fufficiently large and spacious for you, to separate your felves from the wicked ; worthip me alone, all Creatures thalf die, and be affembled before me to be judged. The Truebelievers that shall have done good works, shall inhabit Paradife, wherein flow many rivers ; wherein is the reward of the righteous, R 4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 30

248

righteous, of them that perfevere to do good, and are patient in their affliction, and truft in their Lord. How many beafts be there that have not wherewith to live ? God nourifheth them, and you also ; he understandeth and knoweth all things. If thou ask of the Infidels, who created Heaven and Earth, the Sun, and the Moon? they will fay, It is God. Wherefore then do they deny his Unity ? God enricheth and impoverischeth whom pleaseth him, he is omniscient. If thou demand of them, who cauleth the rain to fall from Feaven, to give life to the Earth, after the death thereof ? they will fay, It is God. Say unto them, Praifed be God, that ye avouch it ; neverthelefs, the greatest part of men understand it not. The life of this world is but fport and vanity, life is in Paradife, had they knowledg to comprehend it. When they enter into a thip, and fee the tempeft, they call upon God, and proteft to profess his Law : And when he hath preferved them on the Land, they are imgrateful for his grace, and return to their Idolatry, they shall too late understand their error. Know they not that we have established in Mecca all fafety and freedom ? and that men are taken away by violence to be flain, and made flaves ? believe they in things unprofitable ? shall they be ingrateful for the graces of God ? who is more impious then he that blasphemeth against God, and impugneth the known Truth ? is there no place in Hell for the wicked ? I will guide into the right way them that shall fight for the Faith ; God is with them that do good.

CHAP. XXX.

intil preistince to

The Chapter of the Grecians, containing fixty Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I am the most wife God. The Grecians were vanquished upon the frontier of the Persians, but shall be victorious before the end of seven yeers. God dispose thall things from the beginning to the end. When they shall be victorious, the True-believers shall rejoyce

In

Chap. 20. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

in the victory that God shall give them; he protecteth whom to him feemeth good; he is omnipotent and merciful. He hath promised them victory, and departeth not from his promifes; of which the greatest part of men are ignorant ; they affect the life of this world, and confider not their end : Will they not confider that God hath created the heavens and the earth, and all that is in them ? and hath appointed to every thing a limited and prefixed time? Certainly the greatest part of the people believe not in the Refurrection : Will they not confider the end of their predeceffors, who were more powerfull and wealthy then they? God hath fent to all an Apoftle to teach them his Law, he hath done to them no injuffice, they have drawn mifchief on themfelves through their iniquity; the end of the wicked shall be like to their works, they defpife the Commandments of God, and deride them, but God shall cause them to die, and rife again, and all shall be assembled before him at the day of Judgment ; that day shall they be desperate, their Idols shall not intercede for them, they shall forfake them, and they shall be separated from the true-believers. Such as believe in God, and do good works, thall enjoy the delights of Paradife, and the wicked thall be chaftifed according to their demerits. Praife God, pray unto him evening and morning, praife is due to him in heaven and earth; pray unto him before the Sun fet, and at the hour of noon; he maketh the dead to come out of the living, and the living out of the dead ; he caufeth the barren earth to revive, and grow green after its death; in like manner will he caufe you to arife again, and come our of your sepulchres : it is a fign of his Omnipotency, to have created you of earth, to have given you flefh and bones, and to have created the woman (of the rib of the man) to dwell with him; he hath commanded you to love mutually, and to exercise charity among you, these things are figns of his Omnipotency to them that confider his graces. The creation of heaven and earth, the diversity of tongues, the differences of your vifages, and of your colour, the night created for repose, and the day for travell, the lightning that terrifieth the people, and which through rain caufeth the earth again

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap. 20.

250

gain to flourish, are figns of his Omnipotency : It is a token of his Omnipotency to fultain the heaven, and the earth ; ye shall come out of your sepulchres when he shall call you; what sever is in heaven and earth obey him ; he caufeth men to die, and to rife again, he alone is God in heaven and earth, he is Omnipotent, and knoweth all things. He speaketh to you in a parable, drawn from your felves, your flaves ; are they your companinions ? do they equally partake with you in the goods which God hath given you? How then will ye fay that God hath a companion equal to him ? Thus do I unfold his mysteries to perfons that have knowledg to comprehend them; certainly the wicked have followed their appetites with ignorance ; who shall guide him whom God shall cause to err? he shall finde no protector ; embrace the law of Salvation, God hath eftablished it, that men may observe it; it admitteth no alteration, but the greatest part of the world are ignorant of it : Fear God, make your prayers at the time appointed ; be not like to them that fay, God hath a companion; neither like to them that are at prefent in the number of Heretiques, and were before as ye are ; every Sect is pleafed in its opinions, when any evill befalleth them that call upon God, and are converted; neverthelefs fome of them return to their Idolatry; after the reception of his grace, they are ingrateful, they shall awhile be tolerated, and in the end they shall, too late, understand their error: Have we taught them reafons and arguments, that prove that I have a companion ? The people rejoyced when we enlarged to them our graces; and became desperate, when evill befel them; fee they not that I give, and take away wealth, as to me feemeth good ? This is a token of my Unity to fuch as obey my Commandments. Give to your neighbour what appertaineth to him, and particularly to the poor, and true believers, if ye defire to fee the face of God; fuch as shall do it, shall be bleffed. The money which ye put to U fury encrealeth in the hands of men, God shall not suffer it to prosper; the alms which ye give shall make you to see the face of his divine Majefty, and thall be doubly reftored to you. God hath created you, he enricheth you, and caufeth you to die and rife again,

can

(bap. 30. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

can your Idols do as much ? Praifed be God, he hath no com. panion ; diforder appeared in the earth, and in the fea, becaufe of the iniquities of men ; peradventure they will be converted, when they shall feel the punishment of their crimes : Say unto them, go throughout the earth, and confider the end of your predeceffors, the greatest part of them were Idolaters; embrace the true Law before the day cometh, when none shall be heard ; that day shall the wicked be separated from the good, the impious shall give an accompt of their impiety, and such as shall have lived well, Ihall enjoy the joyes of Paradife, the grace of God shall be their recompense, God abhorreth Infidels. It is a fign of his Omnipotency, to fend the winds to bring you rain, and make you to tafte the fruits of his grace ; the thip runneth upon the water through his permiffion, for the advantage of your commerce; will ye not be thankful to him for his benefits? We fent to every Nation Prophets and Apostles before thee, they came with most intelligible precepts, and with many miracles ; we chaftifed those that flandred them, and protected the faithful. God sendeth the winds that elevate the clouds, and extendeth them in the air in many pieces at his pleasure; he causeth the rain to fall where he listeth, and rejoyceth whom to him feemeth good of them that expect it with impatience ; confider the effects of his bounty ; he caufeth the dry and barren earth to flourish again, and reftoreth the dead to life, he is Omnipotent. We fent the winds to affemble the clouds that covered men with their fhaddow, neverthelefs they are returned to their impiety ; the dead shall not understand thee, neither likewife the dumbe, thou art not obliged to lead the blinde, none shall hearken to thee but fuch as shall believe in my Law, and be obedient : Say unto them, God created you impotent, he hath given you strength, and after, having reduced you to the weakness of old age, doth what to him feemeth good ; he knoweth mens fecrets, and doth what pleafeth him ; the wicked shall fwear at the day of Judgment, that they have remained but an hour in their fepulchres ; they lye in like manner, when they deny the Refurrection ; the true believers, that know the truth, shall fay unto them, ye have

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 21.

have remained there the time appointed in the Book of God, to wit, untill the day of Refurrection; behod the day of Refurrection lye knew not at what time it fhoulcarrive; this day excufes thall be unprofitable to Infidels, they hall be deprived of protection. We have taught in the Alcorarall that is profitable for the falvation of men; if thou teachet them my Commandments, unbelievers will fay, thou bringeft nothing but diforder; thus God hardneth the hearts of the ignorant. Be patient, and perfevere; what God promifeth s infallible; beware left unbelievers fhake thy perfeverance.

CHAP. XXXI.

The Chapter of Locman, containing thirty fom Verses, written at Mecca.

The Turks fay, that Locman was a great Doctor in Davids time.

292

TN th e Name of God gracious & merciful. I im the most wife God. These precepts are the precepts of the look filled with doctrin, it guideth into the way of falvation; the righteous who make their prayers at the time appointed, tha pay tithes, and believe in the day of Judgment, they are guided by their Lord, and shall be blessed. There be who deide this Book, they ignorantly depart from the Law of God, and have defpifed it, but shall one day be feverely punished . When they are taught the Commandments of God, they turn the back with difdain, they will not hear, and have earsftopped ; Say unto them, you shall in the end suffer infinit pains : Such as believe in the Law of God, and do good work, shall eternally enjoy the delights of Paradife; what God promiseth, is infallible, he is Omnipotent, and alcogether wife, he created the heaven, and sustaineth it without a pillar, apjearing to your eyes ; he lifted up the mountains upon the earh, to fasten and hinder it to move; he hath thereon difperfed nany beafts, and fent rain from heaven, which caufeth plants to fpring forth, and herbs of divers forts. Behold [here] what God hath created! fhew me what your Idols have created; fluredly Idolaters are manifeltly feduced from the right way We infpired knowledg into Locman, and spake unto hin to give God thanks :

Chap. 31. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

thanks : he that eturneth thanks to God for his graces, doth good for his foul; God rejecteth the ingratefull, and praife is due to him in all places. Remember thou that Locman faid unto his fon, O myfon ! believe not thou that God hath a companion, it is an exceeding great fin : we have commanded man to honour his faher and mother ; his mother beareth him with grief upon grief and weaneth him at the age of two years ; be thou not ingratiful for Gods benefits ; honor father and mother, thou shalt le one day before God to be judged. If thy parents prefs the to believe that God hath companions, obey them not, follow the way of them that obey him, all men shall be one day affenbled before him, to be rewarded according to their works. D my fon ! if thou doft evill, of the weight of a grain of Mustadseed, or of the weight of a rock, or of the greatness of heaven and earth, God will know it, and put it in accompt, he is eact and Omnifcient. O my fon ! make thy prayers at the tine appointed, do what is honeft and civill, fly what is not appoved, and be patient in thy adverfities ; regard not the world, difordered through pride ; converfe not with the proud, God detefteth the haughty; observe thy fteps, walk with modely, fpeak gently, they be perfons that bray like Affes when hey fpeak ; feeft thou not that God hath created for men all tlat is in heaven and earth, and conferreth on them his graces is generall, and particular. There be ignorant [perfons] that dipute of the Diety without reafon; when it is faid unto them, to what God hath appointed, they answer, we will do what we faw done by our fathers. They confider not that the devil calleth them and their fathers to the pains of hell. He thatobeyeth God, and doth good works, fastneth him to the strongest knot, and will have a care of him at the hour of his end. The impiety of the wicked ought not to afflict thee, they shall be one day assembled in our presence, to be chaftifed; I wil shew them all that they have done, I know what is in the harts of men, I will prolong awhile their punichment upon arth, and precipitate them in the other world, into the fire of hill. Haft thou not demanded of them who .. created heaven and earth ? they faid, it is God; fay unto them, there-

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 31.

therefore praifed be God ; nevertheles the greatest part of them are ignorant. Whatfoever is in heaven and earth is Gods, he hath no want of the world, praise is due unto him in all that he doth ; if all the trees of the world were pens, and the fea inke, they could not comprehend the effect of his Omnipotency, he is Omnipotent, and knoweth all things. He created, and shall make you to rife again with one word, he underftandeth & feethall things. Confider they not that God caufeth the night to enter into the day, and the day into the night; that he created the Sun and the Moon, that move in the heaven, until the day appointed, he knoweth what foever ve do, becaufe he is truly God ; they that invoke other then him, invoke things vain and unprofitable; God alone is most high, and most mighty: Seeft thou not how the thip runneth upon the water, for a token of his Omnipotency, to fuch as acknowledg his graces ? When the wars arofe against the Infidels, many called upon God, with refolution to follow his Law; when he faved them on the land, fome perfevered to do well, and others returned to their impiety; none but deceivers and ingrateful [persons] despise his Commandments. O people ! fear God, and the day when the father shall not be able to succour his childe, neither the child ferve his father, Gods promifes are infallible; be not proud of your riches, neither that God tolerateth and fuffereth you, he knoweth the time when ye shall be chastifed, the hour that the rain shall fall upon the earth ; he knoweth what is in the wombs of women, whether it be male or female; none but God knoweth what thou wilt do to morrow; none but he knoweth the place where thou shalt die; he knoweth all, he knoweth all.

CHAP.

Chap. 32. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXXII.

255

The Chapter of Worship, containing an hundred and thirty Ver se, written at Mecca.

N the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I am the most wife God. Doubtles this Book was fent by the Lord of the Universe; will the wicked fay that thou hast invented it ? On the contrary, it is the truth it felf, which proceedeth from thy Lord, to preach to them that heretofore had none to instruct them; peradventure they will follow the right way. God created heaven and earth, and all that is between them, in fix dayes, and fitteth on his Throne; who fhall protect you? who shall hear your prayers but he? will you never confider it ? He difposeth all things in heaven and earth, all men shall one day be affembled before him to be judged ; a thoufand years are but one day before his divine Majeftie; he knoweth what is past, present, and suture; he is Omnipotent and merciful, he hath created every thing for his people, he formed man of the dirt, and dust of the earth, he inspired the foul into his body ; he giveth you hearing, fight, and fenfe, but few men return him thanks for his graces : they fay, what, shall we die, and return to be a new people? Certainly they believe not in the Refurrection. Say unto them, the Angel of death shall cause you to die, and ye shall return before God to be judged. Thou falt then fee how the Infidel will hang down the head before their Lord, and fay, Lord, we now fee the certainty of the Refurrection ; we this day know the truth of thy words, permit us to return into the world, we will be righteous, we now understand what is profitable and neceffary for us; We could have given a guide to every perfon, my word is most true, I will fill hell with the wicked, and Paradife with the righteous; thus shall men be rewarded and chastifed according to their works. Tafte (Oye wicked !) the pains that ye have deferved, in refusing to believe in this day which ye have found; we leave you in the miferies due to your incredulity; tafte the eternall torments that ye have merited through vour

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 32.

256

your impiety. Such as believe in the myfteries of my Law are humble, they worthip me alone, and praife me when they here mention of me; they are not proud rebell not against my Commandments : they arise from their bed to make their prayers with fear and hope, and imploy in pious works some part of the wealth that we have given them. No man hath either feen or knoweth what God referveth to recompense the righteous for their perfeverance. The believers and unbelievers shall not be alike entreated ; the believers that have done good works, shall enjoy Paradife, as the reward of their labours, and the unbelievers shal be precipitated into the fire of hell; the more they shall labour to get out, the further shal they enter into it ; it shall be faid to them, taste the pains of eternall flames, which ye would not believe. I will make the wicked to taste of the torments of the world, and the pains of hell, if they be not converted : Who is more unjust, then he that knoweth the Commandments of his Lord, and difobeyeth them? we will be avenged on his impiety : we gave a most true Book to Mofes, to inftruct the children of Ifrael; we put into the right way those among them that persevered in their faith, and obeyed our Commandments. Thy Lord shall judge the difficulties of the Infidels at the day of Judgment ; fee they not how much people we destroyed in times past, that reposed [confidence] in their houses? It is a token of our Omnipotency, will they never underftand it ? See they not how thrust forth water in defart and barren lands? that I caufe herbs to fpring forth for the nourifhment of men and beafts? will they never confiderit? They demand, when will the day of Judgment come ? Say unto them, that day shall not bring contentment to Infidels, and they shall be without protection. thou far from them ; prefevere, and attend; they wait an occafion to mischief thee, but thou shalt see them chastifed.

CHAP.

Chap. 33. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXXIII.

The Chapter of Bands, and Troups of Souldiers, containing fourfcore and seven Verses, written at Medina.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Oh Prophet I fear God, and obey not unbelievers, God knoweth all things, and is most prudent in what he ordaineth; obferve what thy Lord hath taught thee, he knoweth the actions of men ; recommend thy felfe to God, it ought to fuffice thee, that he protecteth thee. He hath not given two hearts unto men, he hath not enjoyned us to call your wives your mothers; those which you call your Children, are not all your Children, ye speak it only with the mouth, but God alwayes speaketh the truth, and guideth men into the way of falvation. Call your neighbour by the name of his father, this action shall be acceptable to God, provided, that ye have no evill defigne in the heart ; if ye know not his name, call him your brother in God, or Sir, God is gracious and mercifull. The Prophet is obeyed of them that believe in God, and honour his wives, as their mothers. Kinfmen are heirs of each other, it is fo appointed by his divine Majefty to the Believers that went out of Mecca to follow the Prophet: It is ordained in Scripture to do good to your parents. Remember thou that we received the promife of the Prophets of thee, of Noah, of Abraham, of Moles, and of Jefus the Soune of Mary, (to worship but one God) we received a strong promife: An accompt shall be required of their actions, and the wicked shall feel the rigour of infinite paines. Oh ye that believe in God ! remember his favour towards you; when ye were charged by troups of enemies, he fent against them an impetuous winde, and troups invisible to your eyes, to fight them, he feeth all that ye do; those invisible troups came from the East, and from the West, from above, and below, when your fight was troubled, and your hearts failed you, because of the great number of your enemies; ye had already conceived

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.33.

conceived a very bad opinion of the Law of God ; then were the True-believers tryed, they trembled with fear; The wicked, and fuch as were weak in their faith, faid, that whatfoever God and his Prophet had promifed them, was but abuse and vanity : Remember thou how a party of them faid to the Inhabitants of the Territory of Medina, there is no fafety for you with Mahomet, return into your houles ; Remember thou how many among them required difmiffion, and faid, that their houses were forfaken : Their houses were not forfaken, but they had a defigne to flye; had they returned to their houses, they had on all fides perswaded them to follow impiety, they should not there have made long abode, because they before had promised God not to fly; he would have required an accompt of their promifes: Say unto them, flight shall be to you unprofitable, if ye flie death, for that ye ought no longer to continue in the world: Say unto them, who is able to protect you against God, when he shall refolve to destroy you? take none other prote-Ator but him; he knoweth them that were diffwaded to goe to the battell to spare their wealth and perfons. They cast an eve upon thee, when they are furprized with fear, they turn their eyes into the head, as a man that dyeth, and when they are delivered from fear, they traduce thee, because of their extreme avarice. Such men believe not in God, he rendreth all their works unfruitfull, it is a thing eafie to his divine Majefty. The Troups of the Infidels believed they were invincible, and when they faw the troups of the True believers, they defired to flye. The Infidels defired to draw the Arabians to their party, and have intelligence to know in what condition you are; had they been of your party, few of them had been flain; the adhering to the Prophet of God ferveth to you as a Cittadell, it ferveth as a Bulwark to them that apprehend the day of Judgment, and think often on his divine Majefty. When the believers faid, behold ! what God and his Prophet promifed us, they are fincere in their promifes; the fight of their enemies encreafed their faith, and zeale rowards God and his Prophet. There be perfons among the

Chap.33. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the True-believers who have performed what they promifed to God; many of them are dead in obedience to the Commandments of his divine Majesty, others attend the same thing, and swarve not from what they have promised; God shall recompense them for their zeale, and chastife the Infidels, or pardon them if it fo pleafe him, he is gracious and 'mercifull. God shall destroy the unbelievers with their wrath against the believers; he protecteth True-believers in combats, he is ftrong and omnipotent. The Jews defcended from their Fortress, to give aid to the Infidels, but God cast fear into their hearts ; a party of them were flain, and the reft taken flaves ; they by their death made you heires of their lands, their houfes, their riches, and fortreffes which you were not able to conquer; God is omnipotent. Oh Prophet ! if thy wives be too ambitious of the wealth of the earth, and of garments too fumptuous; Call them, Say unto them, that thou wilt deal well with them, and wilt repudiate them with mildneffe and civility. If they love God and his Prophet, if they are vertuous, his divine Majefty will give them an exceeding great reward : Oh ye wives of the Prophet ! fuch of you as shall be unchaste, shallbe punished doubly, more then other women, this is a thing easie to God ; such among you as shall obey God and his Prophet, and thall do good works, thall be rewarded more then other women, an exceeding great reward is prepared for you. Oh ye wives of the Prophet ! ye are not like other women of the world ; fear God, and believe not in the difcourse of fuch as have defign to feduce you, speak with civility, abide in your houses; goe not forth to make your beauty appear, and to make a fhew, as did the ignorant of old ; pray to God with affection, give almes, obey God and his Prophet, God will deliver you from his wrath, and will purifie you ; be mindfull of the Law that is taught you in your houses, he is mercifull to them that honour him, he knoweth all the actions of the Prophet, he hath promifed his mercy, and an exceeding great reward to those (men and women) that thall obey his Commandments. Those men and women that believe in his unity, that refign themfelves

2

to

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 32.

Mabornet of Zeidhis flaves wife. he caused him to repudiate her, to marry her, because of her beauty.

260

He is not Zeid, to espoule the wife which he put away. Foabir.

to his divine pleasure, that are patient and humble, that speak the truth, that fast, give almes, and are chaste ; and the men and women that observe his Law, ought not to controll his actions, neither those of his Prophet, nor fay, that they could do better then they, if they would endeavour [it.] He that difobeyeth God and his Prophet, erreth from the right way; Remember what thou didft fay to him whom God favoured, to receive him into his Law, and whom thou didft gratifie with liberty, that faidft, divorce not thy wife, and fear God ; thou concealest in thy mind a defigne which was amorous God shall discover, thou fearest the people, but it is thy duty to fear God alone. When Zeid did repudiate his wife, we married thee to her, to the end there might remain no error among the True-believers; when they shall repudiate their wives, they shall observe in repudiating them, what God hath ordained. The Prophet finneth not in doing what God hath permitted ; the Law of God was in this manner obferved by our predeceffors, and the command of his divine Majefty is executed without delay. Such as preach the word of God, his Apostles and Prophets, fear none but his divine Majefty, it sufficeth them that they are in his protection. Mathe father of homet is not your father, he is the Apostle of God, and the laft of all the Prophets, God knoweth all things, there shall not come another Prophet after him. Oh yee that believe in God ! think frequently on his divine Majesty , prayse him See Teffir and morning and evening, he shall give you his mercy; the Angels implore pardon, that he may deliver from darknefs; he is mercifull to True-believers; the Angels shall falute them on his behalfe at the day of Judgment, he hath prepared for them an exceeding great reward. Oh Prophet! we have fent thee to be witness of the deportments of the people, and as a light to conduct them into the right way, proclaime to the True-believers that they shall receive of thy Lord an exceeding great grace; obey not Infidels, nor the wicked, fear not their malice, and truft in God, thou oughtest to be fatisfied that God protecteth thee. O ye that believe ! it is not lawfull for you to abuse your wives; if you repudiate them before

ye

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 22.

ve have known them, deal well with them, and difmifs them with mildness and civility. O Prophet ! we permit thee to know the women to whom thou haft given dowry, the womenflaves which God hath given thee, the daughters of thine Uncles, and of thine Aunts, that have abandoned with thee the company of the wicked ; and the trae believing wife that thall be given thee, if thou wilt marry her, and that the be not the wife of a true believer. We know what we have commanded true-believers, touching their wives and their flaves; we have inftructed thee therein, to the end thou offend not God, he is gracious and merciful to fuch as obey him. Thou thalt retain whom of thy wives thou thalt defire to retain, and shall repudiate fuch as thou shalt defire to repudiate, and Thalt lye with them that Thall pleafe thee; it is better that thou repudiate them without offending God then to fee them malecontented, and fad ; they thall be contented with the good that thou fhalt do to them, in divorcing them; God knoweth what is in your hearts, he is Omnifcient, and moft merciful. It is not lawful for thee to know other women then thine own, Mahamet had it is not lawful for thee to exchange them, although the beauty nine wives. of otherspleafe thee, except thy flaves; God regardeth all. O See Gelaldin. ve that believe! enter not into the houses of the Prophet without permiffion, except at the hour of repait, and that by chance, and without defign ; if yeare invited, enter with freedom; when ye shall have taken your repast, depart out of the house, and tarry not to difcourse one with another, this molefteth the Prophetshe is ashamed to bid you be gone, but God is not afhamed to tell you the truth. The wives of the Prophet Thall have the face covered when ye thall fpeak unto them, this better refented of purity both in them and in you. You ought not to importune the Prophet of God, neither to know his wives; this would be a most enormous fin; if ye conceal any defign, or difcover it, know that God knoweth all. They shall not offend God in fuffering themselves to be seen of their fathers, their children, their brethren, their nephews, their maid- * Blefs the fervants, and their the-flaves, they thall fear God, he feeth all; Prophet. God and the angels * pray for the Prophet. O ye that believe! See Gelaldin.

261

prav

S 3

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap.33.

262

pray for the Prophet, and obey him: He that shall difpleafe God and his Prophet, shall be accurfed in this world. and thall feel rigorous pains in the other; fuch as do injurie without reason, to those (men and women) that believe in God, commit an exceeding great fin. O Prophet! fpeak to thy wives, and thy daughters, and the wives of true-believers, that they cover themselves with vailes, they shall be more honored, and shall receive no displeasure, God is gracious and merciful. If the wicked, the whormongers, and those of Medina, that are weak in their faith, quit not their impiety, I will give thee abfolute power over them ; few among them will refpect thee, but take thou them, and flay them wherefoever thou shalt meet them. God so commanded those that were before thee : thou thalt finde no alteration in the Law of God. The people will enquire of thee, when shall be the day of Judgment ? Say unto them, that God alone knoweth it, and that thou knoweft not if it shall be very speedily; but that God hath prepared for Infidels an exceeding great fire, wherein they shall burn eternally, they shall finde no protection, they shall be cast headlong into the fire, and shall fay, would to God we had obeyed his divine Majeftie, and the Prophet his Apoftle: they shall fay, Lord, we obeyed our Masters and Superiors, they seduced us from the right way; Lord, chastife them doubly, and give them thy curfe. O ye that believe 1 be not like them that difpleafed Mofes, he was innocent of the crimes that they laid upon him, he was inspired of God; fear God, and fpeak with civility, your works shall be acceptable to him, and he shall pardon your fins ; He that shall obey God, and his Apostle, shall be happy; fidelity and obedience are pleasing to him in heaven and in earth, and upon the mountains. Such as depart far [from him] as did Adam, do injury to themfelves, and are ignorant, he shall chaftife those (men and women) that shall be disobedient and impious; he will give his grace to those (men and women) that shall believe in his Law, he is gracious and merciful to them that obey him. density flood aver, and that is not not be foreitally

.PAHOL the angels * pray for the Problet O ye that believe! fee Odati

Chap. 34. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. XXXIV.

The Chapter of * Saba, containing fifty four Verses, Written at * Saba is a Mecca.

Province of * Liemen. See Gelaldin.

262

IN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. Praifed be God, whatfoever is in heaven, and in the earth appertaineth to him; praise is due unto him, he is most wife and Omniscient : he knoweth whatfoever entreth into the earth, and cometh out of it, whatfoever afcendeth to heaven, and defcendeth, he is gracious and merciful to his creatures. The wicked demand if they shall see the day of Judgment ; Say unto them, yes, and that thy Lord knoweth the time; he knoweth what is paft, prefent, and future, and all that is in heaven and in the earth, even to the weight of an Atome; what is yet lefs, and what is yet, greater then an Atome, is written in a book that discovereth every thing ; he shall reward the true-believers that have done good works; he shall give them his mercy, and enrich them with precious treasures : such as have endeavoured to suppress his Law, Ihall feel the effects of his indignation. They that undeistand the Scripture, know that God hath taught thee the very truth, to guide the people into the right way, into the path of honour and vertue; but the wicked faid among them, will ye believe a man, who affirmeth, that after your death ye shall rife again, and be new creatures? he lyeth impudently, he is poffessed of the devill. Certainly they that believe not in the Refurrection, are in an exceeding great error, and shall suffer most grievous pains; fee they not what is above, and what is below them? Confider they not the heaven and the earth ? If I will, I can render it barren, and cause a piece of the heaven to fall upon them for a fign of my Omnipotency. We gave our grace to David, and spake to the mountains, birds, and mettals with him, to praise me; we commanded him to make cuirasfes, and iron was fost in his hand, as wax. O lineage of David! be not ingrateful, I fee whatfoever ye do. We made the winds fubject to Solomon, he commanded them evening and morning, S JIE JE MEEL S 4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 34.

264

from the East to the West; we gave him a fountain, and a brook of diffolved brafs'; the devils, through our permiffion, wrought it to his minde, and we punished in the fire of hell fuch as refused to obey him. They built for him lofty palaces; * Depen pied. and * spacious houses ; they formed basons for water, chanels, and pools : we faid unto him, O lineage of David ! be not ingrateful for my graces, for that few perfons do acknowledg [them,] When he dyed, through our Commandment, nothing diffeovered his death to the devils, but the wormes that had eaten the end of his flaffe whereon he leaned ; when the devils faw him fall, they perceived, that had they known the future, and what was hid from them, they flourid not have laboured fo long a time in his fervice. The inhabitants of Saba have a mark of my Omnipotency in their Countrey, viz. two gardens, the one on the North fide, and the other towards the South, (it was faid unto them) eat of the good things that your Lord hath given you, and return him thanks ; their Country is delicious, God hath been merciful towards them, nevertheless they are ingrateful and impious; we feat the river of Arem that overflowed their gardens; we changed them into * An Indian two gardens of thornes of Cyprus, and a little * Tamarinde; thus did we punish them, because of their impiety. We establiffied a way with many cities, for facility of commerce among them, and the City which we bleffed, and fpake unto the people to follow that way night and day with fafety, and without fear . They faid, God destroyeth us through the length of this way; they returned to their impiety, and we difperfed them. upon the earth, to ferve for example to posterity, and instruction to fuch as perfevere in my Law, and acknowledg my graces. The devill caufed them to believe his opinion, they followed him, except fome of the true believers that were among them; he had no power over them, but to know them. that believed in the Refurrection, and fuch as doubt. Thy Lord observeth and regardeth all. Say unto them, invoke your Idols, they have not power of the bigness of an Atome, neither in heaven, nor earth, God hath no companion, they shall finde none to protect them at the day of Judgment, none shall

See Gelaldin.

Chap. 34. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

shall intercede for them without the permission of his divine Majeffie ; if they receive any relaxation in their fear, they enquire of each other what God fpake, and answer, that he fpake the truth ; that he is most high, and most mighty ;" Say unto them, who enricheth you with the good things of heaven and earth? they will fay that it is God. Say unto them, who of you, or of us followeth the right way? Or who of you, or of us is feduced ? Enquire not after our fins, we are not curious to know what ye do, God thall, affemble us at the day of Judgment, and shall judge our differences with equity, he is an exceeding great Judge ; fay unto them, let us fee the Idols that ye have worfhipped ; certainly there is but one God, omnipotent and wife. We have not fent thee but to declare to men the joyes of Paradife, and to preach to them the pains of hell, but the greatest part knoweth it not; they aske in what time they shall fee the punishment that is preached to them; and if thour speakest the truth; fay unto them, when the time thereof is come, ye fhall not be able to retard, or advance an hour: they have faid, that they will not believe in the Alcoran, but thou fhalt fee them one day affembled in the prefence of thy Lord, thou fhalt fee that they fhall accufe one another ; the poor fhall fay unto the rich, you have hindred us to obey the Commandments of God; they shall answer, have we seduced you from the way that was taught you? On the contrary, you were wicked and malicious: they shall fay, on the contrary, your employed night and day your Artifices to renderus ingrateful for the graces of God, and to induce us to believe that he hath companions equall to him; they shall repent of their fins, when they shall see their punishment ; we will say chains upon their necks, and they shall be chastifed after their demerits. The chief Inhabitants of the Cities, faid to the Prophets that we fent to them to preach the torments of hell, that they believe not their words. We have (faid they) more riches, and more children then those that believe in their discourse, we shall not be damned, as they affirm ; Say unto them, my Lord giveth and taketh away riches as feemeth good to him, but the greateft part of the people know it not ; your wealth and your children

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 34.

266

(hall not give you accefs to God ; fuch as fhall perform good works, shall be rewarded, and shall live eternally in the delights of Paradife; they that shall endeavour to suppress our Law, thall be caft headlong into the fire of hell : Say unto them, my Lord giveth, and taketh away wealth as to him feemeth good ; he maketh vain the alms which ye fhall give, if ve observe not his Law ; he is the rich of the rich : Be thou mindful of the day, when I shall affemble the Idolaters, and shall fay to the Angels, behold them who have adored you : they shall fay, praised be God, thou alone art our master and protector; they adored not us, they worshipped the devill : the greatest part of them believed in his word, this day they are not able to benefit, or hurt one another ; they will fay to the unjust, taste the torments of hell fire, which ye would not believe. They faid when thou didft preach unto them our Commandments, this man would hinder us to worthip the gods of our fathers, he is a blafphemer. They have faid, that the Alcoran is but Sorcery and Magick, and reade not the books that we have fent unto them. Their predeceffors did like them; they traduced our Apoftles, and hindred them to preach the tenth part of what we had inspired into them ; they traduced them. but how were they chaftifed ? Say unto them, I preach to you to pray to God two by two, or alone, or in company ; ye shall know one day, that your friend Mahomet is not possefield of the devill, and that he preacheth to you the pains of hell; I require no reward of you for mine exhortations, God shall reward me, he feeth all. Say unto them, God teacheth his Prophets the truth, and what is to come; the truth appeared, and fallhood was discovered, and the lyars were deprived of his mercy ; if I wilfully go aftray, or if I act what God hath enjoyned me, this shall be for my foul, God heareth, and is prefent at all things. Thou shalt fee the Infidels filled with fear, and affrighted when they shall come out of their fepulchres, they shall not escape the punishment of their incredulity : they shall then fay, that they believe in the Alcoran, but I will shew to them from far the law which they have despised in the world; they shall be precipitated with their ignorance.

Chap.35. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

norance, into a place remote from mercy and pardon : they fhall be feparated from the true-believers, becaufe they have doubted the Commandments of the Law of God.

nh, and caule it to revive affer its death ; in

267

CHAP. XXXV.

The Chapter of the Creator, containing fourty and five Verses, written at Mecca.

This Chapter is intituled the Chapter of Angels, in the Book Teffir and Joahir, which treateth of the Exposition of the Alcoran in Turkish.

N the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praise be to God, Creator of Heaven and Earth, who created the Angels, the Meffengers of his Commandments ; they have wings, two, three, and four ; he maketh of his Creature what feemeth good to him, he is omnipotent ; none can comprehend the grace that he hath given to his people, it is incomprehenfible, he is omipotent and most wife. Oh people ! remember the grace of God, is there a Creator belide him? he enricheth you with the riches of Heaven and Earth, there is no God befide him. How can the wicked blaspheme against his divine Majefty? If they traduce thee, certainly they traduced the Prophets that were fent before thee, they shall be one day affembled before God to be judged. Oh ye people ! what God hath promifed is infallible ; glory not in the wealth of the Earth, beware left the Devill seduce you, and render you proud, because that God doth a while defer the punifhment of your crimes. The Devill is your enemy, be ye his enemies, he leadeth them that follow him into the fire of Hell, where they shall fuffer the rigors of infinite paines; their fins shall be remitted that believe in God, and do good works: Oftentimes, he that delighteth in what he doth, believeth The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.35.

268

lieveth he doth well; God mifleadeth and guideth whom it pleafeth him; be not unwilling to depart from the wicked. God knoweth all their actions. He fendeth the winds that drive the clouds unto barren and drie places, to refresh the Earth, and cause it to revive after its death; in like manner will he raise again the dead. He that affecteth greatness, shall finde in God all manner of greatness ; good speeches ascend even to his divine Majefty, and our good works are acceptable to him. Such as confpire against the Brophet, shall endure great torments, and their confpiracy become vain and unprofitable. God hath created you of dust and mire, he created you men and women; the woman neither conceiveth. nor bringeth forth, but through his permiffion; no man can either prolong or fhorten his life, but following what is written in the book [kept in Heaven] these things are easie to God. Those two Seas are not like to Euphrates, whose water is fweer, and pleafant to drink ; the water of the Sea is cold, and falt, neverthelefs ye eat of the fifh of the one, and the other; Ye fish out of the Sea, gemmes, to adorne you; you fee the Ship to run upon the waters, and cleave the waves, for the advantage of your commerce, peradventure you will return thanks to God for his graces. He caufeth the night to enter into the day, and the day into the night; he created the Sun and the Moon , that run in the Heaven till the day appointed. That God who created thefe things, is your Lord. the Empire of the world is his; the Idols that ye worlhip have no more power then the skin of an Almand ; if ye invoke them, they shall not hear you, they shall deny you at the day of Judgment, and are not of power to ter you know either the joyes of Paradife, or the corments of Hell. Oh yee people ! ye are poor and necefficons, ye have need of Gods. affiltance, and God hath no want of you; praife is due to him in every place; he will deftroy you, if it feeme good to him, and create another new people in your place; none Ihall bear the burden of another, be it never fo light or heavie, no not when they are neer of kin. Preach thou the corments of Hell to fuch as fear their Lord, without feeing him,

and

(hap.35. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

and make their prayers at the time appointed. He that taketh heed of offending him, laboureth for himfelf; all the world shall be one day affembled before him to be judged; The blinde are not like to fuch as fee clear; darkness is not like to light, the shade and coolness are not like to the heat of the Sun; the living are not like the dead; God caufeth himself to be understood of whom he pleaseth, thou canst not make the Commandments of God to be underftood by them that are in their Sepulchers; we have fent only to preach the paines of Hell, and the joyes of Paradife, there is no place in the world where they have not been preached ; If the lefidels traduce thee, their predeceffors likewife traduced them whom we fent heretofore, to preach to them the mysteries of faith, and the Scriptures; they were furprized in their fins, were rigoroufly chaftifed. Seeft thou not how thy Lord caused rain to fall from Heaven, to make the Earth produce many fruits of fundry forts, and to nourifh in the Mountains the Goats, the Stags, and Hinds ? to nourish the Crowes and Ravens, the men, and beast of divers kinds and forme? God gratifieth his creatures that acknowledge his benefits, he is omnipotent and mercifull. They who devoutly read the book of God, who make their prayers at the time appointed, and bestow in pious works, fecretly or publiquely, part of the wealth that we have given them, have hope of a recompense that shall never perish; God shall recompense and augment his graces upon them, he is mercifull towards the good, and accepteth the acknowledgment of his graces. The book that we have fent thee containeth the truth, it confirmeth the ancient Scriptures, God knoweth and feeth all things. We have given the understanding of the Alcoran to fuch as we have chosen among our creatures; there be fome who have ill dlicharged what we taught them; fome have performed what was enjoyned them, and others have taught it with affection and diligence through Gods permiffion. This is a great grace, they shall enter into the garden of Eden, where they shall remain eternally ; they shall be adorned with collars of gold, enriched with precious ftones, thev

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 35.

270

they shal be cloathed with fine filk, and shal fay, praifed be God, who hath delivered us from affliction, he is most mercifull, and accepteth the thanks of his creatures ; fuch as through his fpeciall grace shall enjoy the house of eternity, shall be free from all pain, and the Infidels shall be cast headlong into the fire of Hell. They shall not dye in those torments, and their torture shall never be affwaged ; thus shall the wicked be chaftised, they shall in vain implore succor of God, and say, Lord deliver us from these paines, we will do better then we have done heretofore ; I will no more prolong your life on Earth, I have fent you my Prophets and Apostles, They preached unto you my Commandments, you would not hear them, taffe now the paines of Hell, which ye have merited, the wicked thall this day be deprived of protection. Certainly God knoweth whatfoever is in Heaven and Earth, he knoweth all that is in the hearts of men. He it is that hath made you to multiply on Earth, impiety shall rife against the impious, it shall render them abominable before God, and put them into the number of the damned; Say unto them, have ye well confidered the Idols that ye have worthiped? Tell me, what have they created on Earth? Were they Gods companions in the Creation of the Heavens? Hath God fent to them a Book, and reasons, to authorize their impiety? Certainly the wicked instruct one another only in pride and arrogancy ; God suftaineth the Heavens and the Earth, he alone is able to suftain them, he is gracious and merciful. The wicked fwore to fight for the encrease of the faith, if there should come to them a Preacher to instruct them; and when he came, they augmented their wickedness, became proud in the Earth, and conspired against the True-believers ; their conspiracie fell upon themselves, and they can expect none other things then what was ordained against their predecessions, the Law of God admitteth none alteration. Confider they not what was the end of their Predeceffors ? who were more wealthy and powerfull then they ? Nothing is impossible to God, he knoweth all things, and is omnipotent. Should God punish the people when they offend him, he should leave no living creature on the Earth, he deferreth

Chap. 36. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.,

deferreth the chastifement of the wicked untill the time appointed ; when their time (hall be come, he will punish them according to their demerits, he seth all. 271

CHAP. XXXVI.

The Chapter intituled, O Man, containing fourescore and eight Verses, written at Mecca.

Reader, the Mahometans have entituled this Chapter with two letters of the Arabique Alphabet, i, s. The Bedaoi faith, that i fignifiethia, that is to fay ô particula vocativa, and s, is an abreviation, that fignifieth infan, [ie] Man, and that the Angel speaking to Mahomet, began this Chapter in this manner; O man ! I fwear by the Alcoran, &c. See Teffir, Kitab el tenoir.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Oh man ! I I fwear by the Alcoran, full of Doctrine, that thou art a Prophet, fent to teach the people the right way. This Book was fent by the Omnipotent and mercifull, that thou mayft inftruct men in that which was not taught their predeceffors : Certainly, what was faid is true, viz. That the greatest part of them is incredulous; We will put a chain upon their neck, and binde their hands to the very chin ; they shall lift up the head to complaine, but we will place before and behind them a great obstacle, we will cover their fight with darkness, and they shall not see a jot. Mifery is upon them ; whether thou doft reprove, or not reprove them, they shall not be converted. If thou preacheft to them that believe in the Alcoran, and to fuch as believe in what they have feen, proclaim to them a generall pardon of their finnes, and a very great reward. I make the dead to arife again, and write exactly in a book the good and the evill that men commit. Relate to them the Parable of those of the City, whither thy Lord fent his The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap36.

his Prophets; we fent unto them two Prophets, they flandered both of them; we fuccored them by a third; they all three faid to the Inhabitants of this City, we are fent rom God to preach to you his Commandments. They answered, ve are but men like us, God hath not fent us a figne to nake you known, ye are lyars. They faid, certainly God knoveth that he fent us to you; we are obliged only to preach to you his Commandments; They answered, would ve make usInfidels like your felves? If ye end not this discourse, we will ftone you, and make you to fuffer heavie torments. They faid, be your evill with you, who hath heretofore fo ill intru-Aed you? Certainly you are wicked ; Then a man camerunning from the utmost part of the City, who faid unto tiem. oh people ! obey the Apostles of God, obey them tha require no reward from you for the paines which they tak in teaching you, and who are in the right way. Wherfore shall not I worship him that created me, and before wom ye all shall be affembled to be judged ? Will ye worship mother beside him? If it be his will to chastife me, your dols cannot fave me, I should be extremely erroneous, should I believe in your Gods; hear and understand what I fay into vou. [Neverthelefs they flew him] and faid unto him , goe, enter into Paradife; He faid, in dying, would to Godthis people knew the graces that his divine Majefty hath confered on me, he placed me in the number of the bleffed; Afte his death we did not fend Angels from Heaven to chaltife the wicked ; I will fend them but once to deftroy them ; they hall one day be dumb, for fhame that they have not followee the True believers, and of being mocked by them that I fert to preach unto them my Commandments; Will they not onfider how much people we have deftroyed in times past, who are not returned, and that shall be one day affembled beore me to be judged ? The Earth, drie, dead, and barren, as algne of my omnipotency for the wicked; we made it revive, and became green again, and to bring forth fruits, with wich they were fatiate ; we there created Gardens, Date-trees, and Vines, we caufed Fountains to flow ; they eat of the fuits witch

Chap. 36. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

which are not the works of their hands; will they not acknowledg the works of their Lord ? Praife is due to him that criated the male and the female of all plants that the Earth poduceth, who created man and woman, and many other thngs, of which they have no knowledg. It is a fign of my onnipotency, to separate the day from the night, and to make the Sunne to run to his appointed place. We have appointed to the Moon her fignes, the goeth and cometh alwayes though her old way; the Sun neither hastneth, nor retardetl his course at any time, neither doth joyn himself by night to the Moon; the night cometh not untill the end of the day. And all, to wit, the Moon, the Sun, and the Stars exit my glory in the Heaven : It is a mark of mine omnipaency, to have born their fathers upon the waters in the Ak, and to have given them veffels like the Ark to bear thm; had it pleafed me, I had caufed them to be drowned, without fuccor and falvation; I faved them through my speciallgrace, untill the time appointed. The wicked despise the fignes of Gods omnipotency, and fcoffed, when they were required to fear the wrath of his divine Majefty, prefent, and to come, and that their iniquities shall be forgiven them. When it was faid unto them, give almes of the wealth that Gid hath given you, they answered, shall I give him to eat, towhom God shall give bread when it shall please him? They ar in a very great error. They will enquire of you when the day of Judgment (hall be; and if ye believe it, tell them that thy must expect but one fole voyce, that shall surprise them. thy shall quarrell, they shall not be able to make their Testamnt, neither return to see their parents; in the end they shill goe out of their Sepulchres, and prefent themselves befoe God, when the Trumpet shall found ; Then shall they far, we are most miserable, to have departed from our graves, beold what God hath promifed us! The Prophets fpake to ushe Truth, viz. That the world ought to expect but one voyce ; This day shall all men be affembled before their Lord, ne injustice shall be done to any person, and every one shall berewarded, and chastiled after his works : Such as shall goe into

273

ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 36.

274

into Paradife, shall be in exceeding great repose, with all manner of contentment, they and their wives shall be fafe from all evils, lying on delicious beds, they shall have all forts of fruits, and whatloever they thall defire, they thall be faluted on the behalf of the Lord, gracious and mercifull, God shall fay to the wicked at the day of Judgment, Depart wee this day from the company of the good ; did I not forbid you to worthip the Devill, your open enemy, but to worship me alone, and that it was the right way? Did I not tell you that the Devill feduced a multitude of the people? Ye would not believe it, behold Hell, that is prepared for you, through your incredulity. I will that their mouth, their hand fhall fpeak, and their feet fhall be witneffes of their crimes : If we will, we can make the Infidels blinde, they shall finde no way, they shall not be able to goe or come, and shall be fuccored of none ; had it been our pleasure we could have transformed them in their houses, and they had not been able to goe forth; I will cast their head against the ground, and will render them infamous, whole life I shall prolong, and they shall not know their errors. We have not made them to understand the mysteries of the Alcoran, but that was not neceffary ; it is but to preach to the living, who comprehend what is spoken to them ; it is most true, that the wicked shall be punished : See they not that we alone have created all the beafts of the Earth, over which they command? We have made them fubject to them; Some ferve them to ride on, and others for their nourifhment, will they be ingratefull? Nevertheless they have worshipped Idols, they adored what could not deliver them from the paines of Hell. Afflict not thy felf at their discourse, I know what sever they fay, and all that they keep fecret in their fouls; Doth not man confider that we created him of dust ? And that he is too arrogant? God hath taught us how he formed his Creatures, nevertheless the wicked have faid, who is he that can give life to bones that are rotten? Say unto them, he it is that created you at first, and that knoweth what he created; he maketh fire to come out of the green woods which

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (hap. 37.

275

which ye burn, and created the Heaven and the Earth; cannot he create other creatures like unto you? yes, without doubt, he createth what pleafeth him, he knoweth all things; when he willeth any thing, he faith, be thou, and it is; praised be he, to whom all things appertain, and before whom you all shall return [to be judged.]

CHAP. XXXVII.

The Chapter of Orders, containing fourescore Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by See Kitab et I the orders of Angels that worthip God, and attend his see A commands, by them that hinder men to obey the Devill, and by them that read and meditate on the Alcoran, that your God is one fole God, Lord of the Heaven, and the Earth, and of all that is between them, he is Lord of the Weft, and of the Eaft. We adorned the Heaven and the Earth with Planets, and have kept them fafe from the malice of the Devils; they cannot hear what is fpoken in the Firmament, they are shamefully driven away on all fides, and thall be eternally tormented; if they hear any thing fpoken, they hear it greedily, and follow [it] fpeedily, but the fhining Planet purfueth them, [and detecteth their malice.] The wicked have demanded if we created any thing more illustrious then they; Certainly we created them all of the dust of the Earth: Thou art amazed at their blasphemies, they deride thy amazement, and thall never be converted. When they that fee Miracles, they shall scoffe, and fay, that it is but evident magick to believe that they shal dye, and after, being earth, bones, and dust, they shall rife again with their fathers and predeceffors : Say unto them, that they shall rife again, and that they are feduced from the right way ; that the world shall be but once destroyed, and they shall see what will befall them at the day of Judgment : They shall that day fay, they are wretched, and the Angel shall fay unto them, behold the day of Judgment, behold the day that the godly shall be separated from

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 37.

276

trom the wicked ; behold the day which ye would not beleeve; It shall be faid to the Angels, gather them together, assemble their wives, and their Idols, put them into the way of hell, and flay them, to give accompt of their deportments, and why their Idols do not fuccour them. Certainly they shall defire to be in the number of them that have obeyed Gods Commandments: they shall quarrell among them, and shall fay, it is you that have feduced us from the right way, through your oaths; ve fwore that ye followed the Law of God, and observed his Commandments : they shall answer on the contrary, we have no power over you, you your felves were in manifelt error. the word of God shall be accomplished against us, and we shall for company fuffer the torments of hell; if we feduced you, we were likewise seduced, and we shall this day be your companions in punishment. That day shall the wicked be in this maner afflicted : they become infolent on earth, when it is told them there is but one God, and fay, shall we abandon our gods for a foolifh and lying Poet? on the contrary, he teacheth you the truth, as did the Prophets that were before him; ve shall be chastifed, and intreated according to your demerits. Such as shall obey Gods Commandments, shall have a place of fafety wherein to reft, with all forts of fruits, in pleafant gardens, fitting orderly on delicious beds, with glaffes full of a drink, pleafing to the tafte, which shall not make them drunk. Their wives white as fresh eggs, shall not cast an eye upon any but upon them; they shall talk together, and one among them shall fay, I had on earth a companion, who asked me if I believed in the Refurrection ; and if after being reduced to earth, bones, and dust, we shall rife again? come with me, let us go see what he doth ; he shall see him in the bottom of hell, and shall say unto him, by God, it wanted little but that thou hadft feduced me, without the grace of God I had been damned, as thou art, we are not in the number of the dead, we shall not suffer any pain; on the contrary, we are in exceeding great happines: thus are the righteous rewarded; who are the more happy? they who are in our felicitie, or fuch as are neer to Zacon, the tree of hell? This tree cometh-

Chap. 37. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

277

out of the botom of hell, it rifeth high, and the branches themfelves refemble the heads of devils; the damned shall eate of the fruit thereof, they shall drink boyling water, and hell shall be the place of their habitation ; their fathers were Infidels, they followed their footfteps, and the way of them that were feduced before them; we fent unto them Preachers, whom they refused to hear, but confider what is the end of the righteous, and that of the wicked. We faved Noah, and gave grace to fuch as obeyed him, we delivered him with his family from a great danger, and perpetuated his progeny ; he shall be praifed of all them that shall come after him, because we gave him our bleffing; thus do I recompense the righteous, he was in the number of them that obeyed my Commandments; we faved him, and them that followed him, and drowned the Infidels. Remember Abraham, God gave him an heart free from impietie and malice ; he faid to his father and his people, wherefore worthip ye falfe, gods in ftead of the true God ? think ye to escape the punishment of your crimes? Then he had a vision in heaven, and faid, I am fick of your Idolatry, they departed from him with purpole to be converted, and empty the Temples of Idols of their treasures ; he faid to the Idols, wherefore eat ye not the facrifices that are before you ? wherefore speak ye not ? and gave them a great blow with his right hand : the people came together with wrath, because he had ftricken their gods; he faid unto them, will ye worthip the works of your hands ? know ye not that it is God that created you ? then they faid among them, let us build a great pile, and put fire to it, and caft Abraham into the fire ; they confpired against him, but we rendred them ashamed and confounded. Abraham faid unto them, I go towards my Lord, he shall guide me into the way of falvation ; Lord give mea fon that may be in the number of the righteous; we declared to him that he should have a fon, exceeding wife, when he arrived to years of diferetion; he faid unto him, my fon, I dreamed this night that I must facrifice thee, what wilt thou that I do ? he replied, my father, do what is commanded you, ye shall finde me full of patience ; when his father laid him on the ground, and put the knife nigh

The Alcoran of MAHOMET: Chap. 37.

278

unto his throat ; we faid unto him, O Abraham ! it is enough, thou hast satisfied thy dream; thus do I entreat the righteous, thus were we wont to prove them. We redeemed his fon with a fair Ram ; he shall be praised of posterity, and those that shall come after him, shall bless his memory. Thus do I reward the righteous, he was in the number of them that obey my Commandments. We declared to him that he should have a fon, called Ifaac, from whom thould iffue many believers, and unbelievers. Certainly we gave our grace to Moles and Aaron ; we delivered them with their followers from an evident peril, we protected them, and they were in the number of the victorious ; we gave them the book full of light, and conducted them into the right way ; they shall be praifed in ages to come, and posterity shall bless their memory. Thus do I recompense the righteous, they were in the number of them that obeyed my Commandments : Elias is in the number of my Prophets and Apostles ; he faid unto the people, wherefore fear ye not God? wherefore worthip ye the Idol Balan, and forfake the Creator of the world? God is your Lord, and the Lord of your predecessors ; they traduced him, and were condemned to the fire of hell, except fuch among them as obeyed my Commandments. We left his memory happy to posterity; thus I reward the righteous; he was in the number of them that obeyed my Commandments. Lot was in the number of my Prophets and Apostles: Remember thou, how we delivered him and his family from evident perill, except his wife, who remained among them that were chaftifed; having faved him, we deftroyed the wicked; they faw in the morning the footsteps of the ruine that befell them the night before; will venot understand this miracle? Jonas was in the number of the Prophets. Remember thou, that he fled in a ship, and was the caufe of evill to the Saylors, he was fwallowed of a Whale; had he not repented of his fault, he should have continued in the belly of that fifh until the day of Judgment; we caft him on the fhore extreamly feeble, we covered him with leaves of Filbert, and fent him to preach to more then an hundred thouland perfons, that we reconverted, whole decease we de-

ferred

Chap. 37. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ferred until the time appointed. The Infidels have demanded if thy Lord hath daughters, as they have fons? did we create the Angels male and female in their prefence ? They lye, when they fay, that God hath a fon ; hath he defired to have daughters rather then fons ? how can you thus blafpheme? Confider ye not that he is God alone, without children ? have ye any reafon or authority to fpeak in this maner? bring your arguments, produce your reason, if ye are true. The Infidels have faid, that the Angels were of the lineage of God, but the Angels well know that the Infidels shall be damned, because of their blasphemics. Praised be God, he hath neither fon nor daughter, other then the righteous that worfhip him, and obey his Commandments. You, with your Idols cannot escape the punishment of your fins, ye shall be condemned to the fire of hell. There is none among the Angels that knoweth not his place, and his order in Paradife, to praife and worfhip his divine Majeftie. If the Infidels fay, we observe the Religion of our predeceffors, we are in the right way; Say unto them, that if they believe not in the Alcoran, they fhall in fine know their incredulity. We have promised protection to believers, and Prophets, they shall be protected and victorious ; depart for a time from the wicked, confider how God punisheth them, they shall feel the punishment of their impietie; will they caft themfelves headlong into the torments of hell ? affuredly they will be aftonished when they shall feel them; depart from their company, and confider that they shall not be able to escape the pnnishment of their crimes. Praise thy Lord, the Lord of power and greatness, above the wicked ; falvation be to the Prophets, and eternall praife to the God of the Univerfeening of yorthalino 9 of hundrand bat Sauch and whatfoevenisheewist them all it beio, let einig

aftend into Heaven with their forces; affirredly, they failibe , **AAHO** is beaten in alk Tress. The wicked heretoine de-

279

framed Varies And Phasen's the main 1 of Georman and Tennel, the hambitrans of the Neuro of Los; those taked veit in the Poreil, and their companions, stars used the Prophets, and were manified ofter the recurring; peverthelets, the Indefe

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap. 28.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

280

The Chapter of Truth, containing fourfcore and eight Verfes, written at Mecca.

Reader, Mahomet intituled this Chapter With the Letter named in the Arabique Alphabet, Sfad, wh'h fignifieth in this place, Sfidk, that is to fay, Truth. See the Glois of Geladin, Kitab el tenoir. They have intituled it the Chapter of Truth.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by the Alcoran, that this Book teacheth the way of Salvation; nevertheles, the Infidels refift the Faith, and are among themfelves of a different opinion. How many have we destroyed in times part, that were like unto them ? They cryed, and required fuccors, but they were no longer to be fuccored. The Infidels wonder, that a man like themfelves thould be fent to instruct them ; they fay, That he is a Magician, and a lyar, to preach one fole God. It is a strange thing ! Their Doctors forfook their Assemblies, they went to preach through the City, and faid, Perfift to adore your Gods ; we abjure the belief of the unity of God, the last Sect did not preach It; it is an evident lie. VVas Mahomet chosen among us to receive alone the Alcorun defcended from Heaven? Certainly they doubt the Alcorun, they thall know the truth, when they shall be in the fire of Hell. Have they in their power the Treasures of the mercy of thy Lord, omnipotent and bountiful? Poffers they the Kingdom of the Heavens and Earth, and what foever is betwixt them ? If it be fo, let them ascend into Heaven with their forces; affuredly, they shall be fhamefully beaten in all places. The wicked heretofore defamed Noah, Aud, Pharoah, the maker of Charmes, and Temod, the Inhabitants of the City of Lot; those that dwelt in the Forest, and their companions, traduced the Prophets, and were punished after their demerits ; nevertheles, the Infidels confider

Chap. 38. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

confider not that they shall be chastifed, when the trumpet shall found at the day of Judgment, and that they shall no more return on earth to be converted. They fay in fcorn, Lord give us to fee the Book of the Accompt of our fins, before the day of Judgment. Perfevere, and be patient, be not troubled at their diffeonrie, and call to minde our fervant David, fout and zealous in my Law ; the Mountains and the Birds praifed me with him; they affembled in his prefence, and obeyed him; we gave force to his reign, and endued him with knowledg and eloquence. Halt thou learnt Davids quarrel, when they hindred him to enter into the Temple? and how he feared his enemies ? When they entred towards him, they faid unto him. Be not afraid, we have a difpute among us, judg our difference with equity, and teach us the right way. This man is my brother, he hath fourfcore and ninetcen theep; Thad but one, which he hath ravished from me, because he was stronger then I. David faid, He hath done thee wrong, art thou troubled for one Ew ? The greatest part of men arose against their neighbor, except fuch as believe in the Law of God, and obferve his Commandments, which are few in number. Then David knew that we had tryed him, he implored pardon of his fin, he humbled himfelf, worthiped us, and was converted. We gave him pardon of his fault, we drew him near unto us, and lodged him in a place of content. I faid unto him, O David ! we have established thee on Earth, to determine the differences that shall arife among the people, follow not thine own appetite, it will feduce thee from the way of Salvation ; fuch as thall erre from my Law, thall fuffer grievous pains at the day of Judgment. VVe have not in vain created the Heaven, and the Earth, as the wicked affirm ; mifery shall befal them, they shall be cash headlong, and burne in the fire of Hell. Shall I alike entreat the believers, and unbelievers? the righteous and the wicked? This Book! We have fent it to thee, and bleffed it, to the end the people may meditate the mysteries thereof; and the wife reap advantage for their falvation. We gave Solomon to our fervant David, he was extreamly zealous in our fervice. Remember that horfes,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 38.

te Teffer

282

horfes, ready and vigorous, were prefented to him about evening ; that he forgot to make his prayer at the hour of Vespers ; and faid, VVhat? Have I preferred the love of the wealth of the Earth, to the remembrance of God, even until the Sunfet? He caufed them to be led back again, and facrificed fome of them (for expiation of his fault.) He caused their legs and af Joahir in neck to be cut off. We tryed Solomon, we caused a supposititious perfon to fit on his Throne, and afterwards reftored him. to his dominions. He faid, Lord, give me thy mercy, give me fo happy a reign, that the like hath not been feen; thou art liberal towards thy creatures. VVe made fubject to him the winds, which blowed at his command, where it pleafed him. VVe made the Devils subject to him; some built his Palaces, others dived into the Seas, to bring him Pearls, and others were bound and chained to attend his commands; he retained and dismissed whom he listed, with rendring an accompt. We drew him neer unto us, and lodged him in a place of content. Remember our fervant 70b, that he prayed to his Lord, and faid, That the Devil had heaped mifery and affliction upon him. It was faid unto him, Strike the Earth with thy foot; thou shalt see water spring forth to wash thee, and to drink : WVe reftored to him his children, and his riches, through our fpecial grace, to be an example to posterity. It was faid unto him, when his wife would have made him to murmur, Take rods in thine hand, strike thy wife, and swarve not from what thou hast promised. VVe found him patient, and zealous in obedience to our Commandments. Remember our fervant Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, affectionate and zealous in our Law ; we faved, and chofe them, among the righteous. Such as have my fear before their eyes, shall enjoy the delights of the Garden of Eden ; where they shall repose upon most glorious beds; they shall there have all forts of fruits, and delicious drink ; and their wives shall not look on any but on them. Behold, what is promifed to them at the day of Judgment, and these pleasures shall never end. The wicked and Infidels shall be precipitated into the fire of Hell, they shall drink boyling water in abundance, and water extreamly cold, full

Chap. 38. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Non Strady

full of all maner of noy fom fmells ; they shall be precipitated into the flames, and shall fay to them that have obeyed them upon Earth, May ye be perpetually tormented, you have feduced and mif-led us : On the contrary, may your felves be tormented, you have been the cause of our misery, and shall be damned with us. Then shall they fay, Lord encrease the punishment of him that is the cause of our misery : Shall we not be able to fee them whom we believed on Earth to be Infidels ? and whom we derided ? cannot our eyes fee ? Thus shall the damned quarrel. Say (to the people) I am fent only to preach unto you the Unity of God, the Omnipotent Creator of Heaven and Earth, and of all that is between them. Behold, the best Sermon that I can make unto you ; nevertheles you defpise it. I know not what happened in Heaven when the Angels quarrelled. God hath inspired it into me, and I am sent but to instruct you, and to preach publikely the pains of Hell. Remember thou that God faid to his Angels, I will create man of the mire of the Earth; when I have formed him, I will breathe against him, and inspire my Spirit into his body ; proftrate your felves before him with humility. The Angels there proftrated themfelves, except the Devil ; he was proud, and already in the number of the wicked. Thy Lord faid unto him, Wherefore doft thou not humble thy felf before the work of my hands? Thou art in the number of the proud ; he replied, I am better then man, thou hast made me of fire, and hast created him of the dust of the Earth. Then thy Lord faid unto him, Get thee hence, thou shalt be chastifed on all fides, and my curfe be upon thee until the day of Judgment. He answered, Lord, defer my punifhment until the day of the Refurrection ; he faid, I will defer it until the day appointed. He replied, through thy permiffion I will tempt all the world, except fuch as shall be zealous in thy Law, and shall obey thy ' ommandments. He faid, I tell thee true, I tell thee true, I will fill Hell with thee, and those that shall follow thee. Say unto the people, I require of you no recompense for my instructions, I am not importunate. Certainly this Book is fent only to instruct men, you shall one day know the truth of what it containeth. CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 29.

CHAP. XXXIX.

The Chapter of Troups, containing Seventy five Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Thisbook was fent by God, the Omnipotent and wife. We fent it to thee. the contents thereof are most true : worship one God alone. and obey his Commandments; faith proceedeth from him alone : Such as worthip any other but him, worthip Idols. They have faid, we would not invoke our Idols, had they not power to draw us near to God: Certainly God shall judg one day the difference that is between the believers, and unbelievers; he guideth not him that is a lyar and impious. If he would have a fon, he would make choife of one of his creatures, that thould be pleafing to him ; praifed be God, there is but one God, alwayes victorious, he created the heavensand the earth with proportion ; he maketh the night to enter into the day, and the day into the night; he created the Sun and the Moon, which perform their courfe in heaven, until the day appointed, he is omnipotent and merciful : He hath created all of you of one fole man, of whom he created his wife ; he hath given you clean beafts, male and female ; he formed you in the wombs of your mothers, form upon form : he brought you out of three * obscurities, he alone is your God, and your Lord, the kingdom of the world appertaineth to him, there is no God but he. How can the Infidel depart from his fervice? If ye will not worthip him, he hath nothing to do with you, he defireth not that his creatures (hould be impious ; his Will is, that they praise him; this is his pleasure, and none shall bear in the womb. the burthen of his neighbour, ye all thall be affembled before See Gelaldin. him, he will shew ye what you have done, he knoweth what is in the hearts of n 'n : When man is couched with any affliction, he invoketh God, and turneth ; and when he is in prosperity, he forgetteth his vows : he hath faid that God hath a companion equall to him, and erreth from the way of his Law.

* The obfcurity of the mothers belly, her womb, and the skin that infold you

Chap.39. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

Say unto him, thou shalt be awhile tollerated, in the end thou fhalt be caft headlong into the fire of hell; and he that fhal pray to God day and night, erect, prostrate, or on the knee, with fear of the torments of hell, Ihall enjoy the mercy of his divine Majefty. Are fuch as labour to be compared to them that are idle? They that have judgment will understand this difcourfe. say unto them, oh ye people that believe in your Lord ! have his fear before your eyes; Such as thall do good works in this world, shall enjoy abundantly the riches of the earth, God will innumerably reward them that perfevere in obedience to his Commandments. Say unto them, 1 am commanded to worthip one God, to profes his Unity, and to be obedient to him. Say unto them, I apprehend the day of Judgment, if I difobey God my Lord. Say unto them, I will worthip but one God, worfhip ye others, whom ye will. Such as shall despise the Law of God, shal lofe their souls, and families, at the day of Judgment. These are two great loss, and most certain they be involved in eternall fire. Thus God preacheth to true believers. O my creatures ! fpeak unto them that have my fear before their eyes, that they adore not Idols, and that if they turn to their Lord, they shall enjoy the delights of Paradife. Proclaim to them that hear my Word, and obey my Commandments, that they are in the right way, and well advifed; canft thou deliver from the fire of hell him that shall be condemned? Certainly fuch as obey God, shall enjoy the pleasures of Paradife, wherein flow many rivers, and there shall they dwell eternally. This is the promise of God, he swerveth not from that which he promiseth. Seeft thou not that God sendeth rain from heaven, and maketh the rivers to run upon the earth, he canfeth plants to fpring forth, and herbs of divers colours; thou feeft them become yellow, and then altogether drie; this is a fign of his omnipotencie. Hath not he to whom God hath given the light of faith, received a great grace from his divine Majestie? Mifery is upon them that have an heart hardned, and forget his Law, they are manifestly feduced ; he hath fent an excellent book for the instruction of men, his precepts are alike in purity, and without contradiction : They that fear

Ibe Alcoran of Маномет. Chap. 39.

fear God, tremble when they hear mention of this book, and finde their reft in the word of his divine Majeftie. This book is the guide of the righteous, God by it guideth whom pleafeth him. He whom God shall feduce, shall finde none to guide him, he shall be precipitated into the fire of hell at the day of Judgment; it shall be faid that day to the wicked, tafte the torments that ye have merited; their predeceffors defamed the Prophets, and were punished when they least thought of it, God rendred them ignominious in this world, and they shall feel in the other, torments much more grievous, and they know it not. We have taught in this book what is neceffary for the falvation of the people, peradventure they will learn it; it is in the Arabique tongue, without fallhood and contradi-Ation, perhaps the people will fly from impiety; God teacheth you a parable : Two men are affociates in their traffique, the one is wicked, the other an honeft man, are they alike? Praise is due to one fole God ; the greatest part of the Infidels understand it not. Thou shalt die, all men shall die, and ye shall be affembled at the day of Judgment, when ye shall difpute together; Who is more unjust, then he that blasphemeth against God, and against the known truth ? Shall not the wicked be damned ? Such as shal believe the Prophet, and fly impiety, fhal obtain from God what they defire; fuch is the recompense of the righteous, God shall pardon their fins, and reward them for their good works : doth not he protect his fervant ? They will terrifie thee with the Idols which they adore; but he whom God shall mislead, shall finde none able to guide him, and none shall be able to feduce him whom he shall guide, is not he the omnipotent and revenging ? If thou ask of the Infidels, who created heaven and earth? they will fay it is God; Say unto them, have ye therefore confidered the Idols which ye adore, can they exempt you from the wrath of God, when it shall be his pleasure to chastife you? Shall they be able to hinder his grace, when it shall be his will to pardon you? Say unto them, my refuge is God, I am refigned to his Will, the wife truft in his divine Majesty. Say unto them, oh people ! do as you understand him,

286

Chap. 39. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

NOT SHELLING

I will do as I underftand him; ye shall know in the end, that whofoever shall be condemned, shall be ashamed, and be precipitated into eternall torments. We have fent unto thee the most true Book, to instruct the people; Be that shall follow the right way, fhall meet with nothing but good ; and he that fhall go aftray, fhall meet with nothing but evill ; thou art not the guardian of the wicked ; God caufeth men to die when the hour of their death is arrived ; he deferreth the death of many during their fleep, and remitteth that of others to the time appointed, this is a fign of his omnipotencie, to fuch as confider it. Will ye worthip any but God ? Say unto them, how thall your Idols be able to intercede for you, fince they wantpower?know you not this ? Say unto them, we ought to invoke one God alone, King of the heaven and earth ; you all thall one day affembled before him to be judged. The Infidels tremble with fear, when they hear mention of one fole God, and rejoyce. when they hear fpeak of their Idols ; Say unto them, God is Creator of the heavens and the earth, he knoweth the paft, prefent, and future ; (Lord !) thou shalt one day judge the differences of thy creatures : Should the Infidels poffers all the riches of the earth, and yet as much more, they would not be able to escape the fire of hell at the day of Judgment; they shall be punished more grievoully then they imagine, their fins shall be fet before them, and they shall feel the rigors of the torments which they defpife : man calleth upon us when he is in affliction, and when we give him our grace, he faith, he meriteth it : on the contrary, this is to prove him, but most of them are ignorant of it ; their predeceffors spake as they ; the good that they have done, hath profited them nothing; and the mifery that they have merited, is faln upon them, they shall not escape the punishment of their crimes. Know they not that God giveth and taketh away wealth from whom pleafeth him? This is a fign of his omnipotency for the righteous. Say unto them, oh people ! they who have offended God, ought not to dispaire of his grace, he is gracious and merciful; be ye converted, and recommend your felves to his will before ye be condemned, otherwife ye shall remain without protection; follow

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 39.

folow the instruction that God hath fent to you, before ye bechaftifed, the punishment of your crimes shall surprise you. veknow not the time ; the wicked shall be afflicted, for that they have not obeyed Gods Commandments, they fhall know thir damnation, and the fin that they have committed, in fcorning the true-believers : They shall fay, had God guided me into the right way, I had had his fear before mine eyes. When they shall fee hell, they shall fay, could I return into the world, I vould be in the number of the righteous; on the contrary, m' Commandments were taught you, but ye became proud, and dispifed them. Thou shalt see that day how the visages of Inidels shall be blackned : Is there not a place in hell prepared for the proud ? God loveth, and putteth into a place of felicitiethem that fear him, they shall not be touched, either with dipleasure or affliction; God hath created all things, and diposeth all at his pleasure ; he hath in his power the keyes of heiven and earth, fuch as difobey him are damned. Say unto them, oh ignorant [men] will ye enjoyn me to worthip another god, befides God? It hath been preached to you, and your predecessors, that all your good works shall be unprofitaile, if ye adore many gods, and that you shall be in the number of the damned : there is but one God, worthip him, and be mindful of his graces. The Infidels have not praifed God as he ought to be praifed, they have no knowledg of his power, he shall make the earth to tremble, and gather togethe the heavens by the strength of his right hand at the day of Julgment ; praised be God, he hath no companion. When the Trumpet shall found the first time, he shall cause to die, wlom he will have to die in the heavens and earth; the fecond tine all the world shall rife again, and attend his Commandments; the earth shall be full of the light of the Lord thereof, he Ind bring his book, wherein Ihal be written what the Prophets anl Martyrs have taught, he shall judge the world with equity, anl shall not do injustice to any; every one shall be rewarded and chaltifed for his works, he knowerh all that they have done, he hall fend the Infidels into the fire of hell, in troops; when they shall be arrived at the gate, it shall open before their eyes;

in

Chap. 40. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

289

it shall be faid unto them, behold Hell, which ye have merited ; were there not Prophets and Apostles, to teach you he Commandments of God, and to preach unto you on Eath the coming of this rigorous day? They shall fay, yes, but he word of God shall be accomplished against the wicked. It shall be faid unto them, goe, enter into Hell, ye shall abde there eternally, it is the habitation of the proud Such as shall have the fear of God before their eyes, shall be conducted in troups to the gate of Paradife, the gate shall open before their eyes ; it shall be faid unto them , behild what ye have gained, the peace of God is with you, ye hve not been ignorant, enter into Paradife, ye shall dwell therin eternally. They shall say, praised be God, for that we relieved in his Law; and because we are heirs of his grace, we will goe into Paradife, into what place shall seeme good to us, God giveth his bleffing to the righteous. Thou shalt fee the Angels about the throne of thy Lord, who shall praise nd exalt his glory; they shall fay, God hath judged his cratures with equity, praise is due to the Lord of the Universe

CHAP. XL.

The Chapter of the True believer, containing eighty five Veres, written at Mecca.

Reader, Gelaldin entituleth this Chapter, Of the Pitifull.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. God is prudent and wife. This Book is fent by the omnipotent, who knoweth all things, who pardoneth finnes, and accepteth the convertion of his Creatures, he is fevere in his chaftifements, and indulgent to his people, there is no God but he, and all the world fhall one day be affembled before his divine Mjefty [to be judged.] No man difputeth against the precepts of the Alcoran, but the wicked; be not thou discontented if they live on earth with fome felicity; the people of Nahs The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.40.

time contemned his instructions, their posterity did like them. and every Nation hath confpired the death of them whom God fent to inftruct them ; they difputed to obfcure the truth through their lyes, but they were punished ; and after what manner? So is the word of God accomplished against the wicked, they all shall be damned. The Angels that are about the throne of God, and those that bear him, prayle and exalt his divine Majefty, they believe in his unity, and beg pardon of him for the True believers ; Lord, thy mercy extendeth through the whole world, nothing is hid from thee, either in Heaven or Earth, pardon their fins that convert, and embrace thy holy Law; deliver them from the fire of Hell, open to them the gate of the gardens of Eden, which thou haft prepared for them, their fathers, wives, and children, and them of their lineage that shall do good works, thou art omnipotent and wife. Depart from fin , he that fhall depart [from it] shall refent the effects of Gods mercy at the day of Judgment, and shall enjoy eternall felicity ; The Infidels shall be hated of God, his hatred is infinitely more dangerous then yours ; will ye be Infidels after being called to the obfervation of the Law of Salvation ? They faid, Lord, wilt thou canfe us to dye twice ? and (hall we twice rife again ? But they (hall fay at the day of Judgment, Lord, we confess we have offended thee, we acknowledg our finne, in having renounced the belief of thine unity; Shall we never goe out of Hell, to observe thy Law, and follow the way of Salvation? No, ye (hall fuffer in the fire of Hell, because that ye have believed them that adored Idols, and because ye have faid, that God hath companions equall to him. All things obey one fole God omnipotent, he it is that made you to fee his Miracles, and fendeth you the riches of Heaven and Earth ; none confider it, but fuch as are converted. Pray to God, and obferve his Law, although it be against the will of the wicked; he elevateth his creatures to what degree he lifteth, he hath created his throne, and fent his infpirations to whom he feeth good, to preach the day of Judgment; that day shall the people come out of their Monuments, and none shall be able

290

to

Chap.40. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

291

to hide himfelfe from his divine Majesty. Who shall command that day? It shall be God alone, victorious ; that day shall he recompense every one after his works, without injustice, he is exact to make accompt. If thou preach to the wicked the day of Judgment, their heart will lift them up, and they shall be full of affliction, their prayers shall not be heard, and none shall intercede for them : God knoweth them that have eyes of treachery, and feeth all that is in the hearts of men, he judgeth of every thing with truth; the Idols which they worthip are without power, God alone understandeth all things, and is omnipotent. Confider they not what was the end of their predeceffors? who were more powerfull, and more wealthy then they? God furprized them in their finnes, there was none of power to fave them, for that they dispiled the Prophets of his divine Majesty, they contemned his Law, and were impious, but he severely chastised them, he is omnipotent, and most severe. We sent Moses with miracles, with reafons clear and intelligible to Pharoah, to Haman, and Caron ; they faid that Moses was a Sorcerer, and a lyar; and when he preached to them the truth on our hehalf, they faid, kill him, with all those that believe him, and make their wives infamous ; but their conspiracie was but impiety : Pharoah said, hinder me not to kill Moses, let him invoke his God to fave him; I fear that he may alter your Law, and introduce fome diforder in the Land ; Moses faid, God, mine and your Lord, shall defend me from the malice of the proud, that believe not the day of Judgment : Then a man of the domeftiques of Pharoah, that fecretly profeffed the true Law, faid, will ye flay a man that declareth that God is his Lord? and that hath made you to see miracles? if he be a lyar, his lye shall be against him, but if he speak the truth, something of what he hath preached shall befall you, God guideth neither the wicked nor lyars. Oh people ! you this day command on Earth with fplendor, who shall defend us from the wrath of God, if it fall upon us ? Pharoah faid, I speak nothing to you, but what I have told you heretofore, and I will guide you all into the right way ; He of his Domestiques, that secretly professed the V 2

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 40.

Pharoabs Licutenant Generall. See Gelaldin.

292

the true Law, faid, oh people ! I fear left ye be chastifed, as have been your predeceffors, as were the people of Noah, Aud. Temod, and those that were after them ; God will not do injustice to men, I fear for you the day of Judgment, a day, when ye shal rife again with terror, to render accompt of your actions he whom God thal feduce thal find none to guide him, Certainly Joseph came heretofore with instructions, clear and intelligible : nevertheles ye doubted , even untill his death, and faid, that after him God shall not send a Prophet like unto him ; thus doth God feduce the wicked, that doubt of his Law ; he hateth fuch as difpute without reason , they are abhorred of them that believe in his divine Majesty; Thus God hardneth the heart of the proud, and tyrants. Pharoah faid * Haman was to * Haman, build me an high Palace, peradventure I shall arrive at the Heavens, and as high as the God of Moles, I believe him to be a lyar. Thus Pharoah delighted in his wicked actions, he erred from the right way, and his conspiracy was but his destruction. He of his family that was a True believer, faid, oh people ! follow me, I will guide you into the right way, the riches of the Earth pais away lightly, and the riches of Heaven are eternall; he that doth evill shall finde evill; who doth good, man or woman, believing in God, shall enter into Paradife, where he shall be enriched innumerably, with all manner of riches. Wherefore invite you me to precipitate my felf into the fire of Hell, fince I exhort you to your Salvation? Ye invite me to be wicked, and to believe that God hath companions, and I know it is not fo ; I call you to the omnipotent and mercifull [God,] doubtless I will not worship your Idols, they cannot hear-you, either in this world, or in the other ; we all shall be one day affembled before God, who will condemn Infidels to the fire of Hell; confider hereafter what to you I have preached; I am refigned to the will of God, he beholdeth all the actions of his creatures, he shall chastife them for the evill that they shall commit, and for their wicked defignes. He fent his punishment upon the lineage of Pharoah, they deferved to be precipitated into the fire of Hell, they shall burn evening and morning. It shall

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 40.

293

be faid to them at the day of Judgment, oh people of Pharoah ! goe, enter into the fire of Hell. The Infidels shall quarrell in Hell, the poor shall fay unto the rich; We followed you, are ye able this day to deliver us from eternall flames ? they shall answer, we all are damned with you, God is a most just Judge. The damned shall fay to the Ministers of Hell, Pray to your Lord, that he may affwage these torments for one day ; they shall answer, had ye not on Earth the Prophets and Apostles of God to instruct you ? They shall fay, yes ; pray therefore to God your felves ; the wicked love nothing but impiety ; I will protect on Earth my Prophets, and them that observe my Law, and particularly at the day of Judgment; that day the wicked shall have no excuse that shall advantage them, my curfe shall fall upon them, and they all shall be damned. We taught Moses the way of Salvation, and made the Children of Ifrael heirs of his inftructions, to inftruct them that shall understand them. Persevere and be patient, the promise of God is infallible ; implore" pardon" of thy finnes, and exalt the praise of thy Lord evening and morning. They that dispute against the Commandments of God are without reason, and have nought in their soules but pride and ignorance: Implore fuccor of God, he understandeth and feeth all things, the Creation of the Heavens, and of the Earth, is greater then the Creation of men, but the greatest part of men know it not; the blinde is not like to him that feeth clearly; he that doth good, is not like to him that doth evill, neither is obscurity such as the light, but few men consider it. Doubtlessthe day of Judgment shall come, nevertheless the greatest part of men will not believe it : Your Lord hath faid, call upon me, I will hear you; Such as shall refist my Law, shall goe into Hell, and be eternally feduced. God hath created the night for repofe, and the day for travell, he is bountifull towards his creatures, but the greatest part of the people are ingratefull; God is your Lord, Creator of all things, there is no God but he. How can the wicked blafpheme ? So do they blaspheme that are ingratefull for the graces of God ; he hath established you on Earth, he hath covered V 3

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap.40.

294

covered you with the Heavens, he hath formed you, enriched you; he is your God, your Lord, bleffed be God, Lord of the Unniverse, heit is that giveth and depriveth you of life, there is no God but he, be obedient to him, and observe his Law; Praised be God, Lord of the Universe, who hath created you of mire. Say unto the Infidels, I am forbidden to worthip the Idols that ye adore ; God hath taught me his unity, I have received command to worship none but the Lord of the Universe; he created you of dust, mire, and congealed blood, he causeth you to be born little Infants, he maketh you to arrive to the age of diferention, to virilitie, and oldage; many dye before that age, and all attain to the time of their deftiny, peradventure ye shall understand his unity; he it is that maketh you to live and to dye, and when he willeth any thing, he faith, be thou, and it is. See ye not, that they that difpute against his Commandments, depart from his Law ? Such as reject our Commandments, and what we enjoyned our Prophets to preach to men, shall finde their errors, when they shall see chaines on their necks, and fetters on their feet ; they shall be dragged and burned in Hell; then shall it be faid unto them, where are those Idols that yee adored upon Earth? they shall answer, they are departed from us, certainly they are without power; thus God feduceth Infidels, to their confusion. It shall be faid unto them, these paines befall you, for that ye were proud and infolent without reafon; enter within the gates of Hell, which is the habitation. of the proud, ye shall dwell there eternally. Be patient and perfevere, the word of God is infallible; I will make thee to fee a part of what I have promised to men, I will cause thee to dye, and thou shalt behold them all assembled to be judged. Certainly we fent Prophets before thee, we have spoken to thee of one part of our Apostles, and the rest are concealed from thee ; neither Prophet nor Apostles can preach any thing without Gods permission ; he chastifeth the wicked when he pleafeth, he shall judge the differences that are between them and the Prophets, and shall destroy the unbelievers. God hath created the beafts for your use ; Some

ye

Chap. 41. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ye eat, and others ferve you to ride on, [from them] ye reap profit, they bear the burden, as likewife do the fhips for the advantage of your commerce; God manifefteth to you his graces: And what graces! Will ye defpife them? Do not unbelievers confider the end of them that were before them, who were more powerful and rich then they? Their Treafures did not fave them, they derided the Prophets and Apoftles that preached to them; and in the end felt the pains that they had defpifed. When they fhall fear the corments of Hell, they fhall fay, We believe in one God alone, and renounce Idols. This profeffion of Faith fhall be unprofitable to them in Hell; they fhall incur the rigor of the Law of God, that was obferved againft their predeceffors, and all unbelievers fhall be damned.

CHAP. XLI.

The Chapter of Exposition, containing fifty and four Verses, written at Mecca.

Reader, Gelaldin entituleth this Chapter, Of Adoration.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. The Alcoran I was fent by the gracious and merciful God: It explaineth divine Myfteries in the Arabique tongue, to them that have knowledg to underftand them; it proclaimeth to the good, the delights of Paradife, and preacheth to the wicked the torments of Hell; neverthelefs, the greateft part of the world depart from the Faith, and hear not thy words: They fay, We have obdurate hearts, we cannot comprehend what thou preacheft, our ears are ftopped, we are too remote to hear what thou fayeft. Obferve thy Law, we will live after our own. Say unto them, I am a man like you, your God is one fole God, be obedient to him, and beg pardon of him for your fins: Mifery is upon unbelievers, that pay not Tithes, and believe not in the day of Judgment. The believers that fhall do good works,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 41.

See Gelaldin.

296

Thursday and Friday.

chall enjoy an infinite reward. Say unto them, How, will ye Munday and be wicked towards him that created the Earth in two days? how can you fay that he hath a Companion equal to him ? He is fole Lord of the Universe; he raised the Mountains, bleffed the Earth, and gave to every Region the particulars thereof in four days, for them that shall have need : After this he ascended into Heaven, that was like unto fmoke, and faid unto Heaven and Earth, Ye shall obey me, either through force or affection : They answered, Lord, we will be obedient to thy Commandments. He created seven Heavens in two days, and disposed every Heaven after his own will; he adorned them See Gelaldin. with Stars, and preferveth them from the malice of the Devil. This is an effect of his Omnipotency; he is omnipotent, and knoweth all things. If the unbelievers depart from the Faith, fay unto them, I have threatened you, as heretofore thunder did the people of Aad and Temod, when the Prophets taught them the Law of the ancient True believers, to wit, To worship but one God ; They faid, Were it Gods pleasure to alter our Law, he would have fent us Angels to preach unto us; we will not believe in thy miffion. The people of Aad waxed proud on the Earth without reason, and said, Who is more powerful then we ? will they not confider, that he that created them, is more powerful and wealthy then they ? Nevertheless they despised our Commandments. We sent against them a cold and impetuous wind, in an unhappy time, that made them to fuffer on Earth shame and ignominy, because of their crimes : He shall cause them to feel the pains of . Hell, that are much greater then those of the Earth, and they shall be eternally deprived of protection. We instructed the men of Temod in the right way ; they preferred blindness to light, and impiety to Salvation; they were furprized by thunder, and suffered great afflictions, because of their sins. We faved none of them, but the believers, who had our fear before their eyes. Be thou mindful of the day that the enemies of God shall be affembled in Hell ; they shall defend their cause before the Judg, until testimony be brought against them ; their ears, their eyes, and their skin shall be witnesses

of

Chap.41. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

of their iniquities : They shall fay, V Vherefore do ye witness against us ? They shall answer, He that made us to speak, giveth speech to every thing ; he it is that created you, and ye are this day affembled before him to be judged. Ye did not well conceal your felves, when ye offended him ; your ears, your eyes, your skin are witneffes against you; ye believed that God should not see your fins, this was your opinion : Certainly he shall chastife you, and you all shall be in the number of the damned. Persevere, and be thon patient, the fire of Hell shall be their habitation ; they shall not be able to please God in the flames. VVe have given them the Devils for their Companions, who caused them to delight in fin. The word of God shall be accomplished against them, as it was accomplished against their predecessors; as well men as Devils, that are condemned. The unbelievers have faid, Hear not that Alcoran, it is full of error ; peradventure ye shall be feduced. I will cause them to suffer grievous pains, and will chastife them after their demerits ; fuch is the reward of Gods enemies. They shall remain eternally in the fire of Hell, because they despise his Commandments. The wicked shall say at the day of Judgment, Lord, let us fee the Devils, and the men that feduced us ; we will trample them under our feet, and precipitate them to the bottom of Hell. Such as shall have professed the Law of God, as shall have obeyed his Commandments, shall be visited by the Angels, and shall that day be free from fear and affliction. They shall fay unto them, Rejoyce ye in Paradife, that is prepared for you; ye shall there finde all the contentments that ye shall defire ; they have been prepared for you by the gracious and merciful. There is nothing better then to pray to God, then to do good works, and to profess his unity. Good and evil are not alike : Expel evil with thy good works. There is an exceeding great antipathy between Faith and Impiety : Faith is given to such as perfevere to do well, and to them that are endued with the grace of God. The Devil will tempt thee, but implore affistance from God ; he heareth and knoweth all things, The night and the day, the Sun and the Moon, are fignes of his Omnipotency :

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.41.

298

Adore neither the Sun, nor the Moon, worthip God that created them. If the Infidels refift the Faith, the Angels that are in Paradife defift not, notwithstanding, to exalt the glory of his divine Majefty, day and night, without intermission. It is a fign of his Omnipotency, to fee the barren and dry Earth to change the face, and become green, when it is watered with rain. He that maketh the plants to revive, is he that maketh every thing to live and die, he is Omnipotent. Such as depart from our Commandments, cannot hide themselves from us . Shall he that shall be precipitated into Hell, be better lodged then he that shall be faved at the day of Judgment? Do what fhall pleafe you, your Lord beholdeth all your actions. I will chastile them that traduce the Alcoran, it is a precious Book, it is approved by the ancient and modern Scriptures, it is fent from the glorious and merciful. None other thing shall be fpoken to thee, then what hath been fpoken to the Prophets. that preceded thee; thy Lord is merciful and just. Had we fent the Alcoran in the Persian tongue, to a Propher, an Arabian by Nation, the wicked would have faid, That the divine Mysteries are not well explained. Say unto them, It is the guide of Believers, and a remedy to their ignorance. Infidels have deaf ears, they are blinde, and hear not, as those that are called too far off: Certainly, we gave the Book and the Law to Mofes. Unbelievers doubt, but if thy Lord had not faid, That he would defer their punishment until the day of Judgment, he had already chastifed them in this world, because they doubt of the truth. VVholoever shall do good, shall finde good ; and the evil that a man committeth, shall be against him. Thy Lord doth no injustice to his Creatures: None but he knoweth the day of judgment ; no fruit nor flower fpringeth out of the Earth, and woman neither conceiveth, nor bringeth forth, but by his permiffion. Bethou mindful of the day that thy Lord shall call Idolaters, and demand of them, where be their Idols? They fhall fay, Lord, we acknowledg thy Unity ; none of us will hereafter adore those false gods. They that worthipped one God, departed from Idolaters ; they know that the punifhment of their fins

Chap.42. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

299

is infallible. Man never ceafeth to require riches, and is troubled when evill befalleth him ; if we give him good after his affliction, he faith, that he forefaw it, and hath no thought of the coming of the day of Judgment; if he be converted, thy Lord openeth to him the gate of Paradife. I will make the wicked to know their wiekednefs, and will most feverely punish them ; when we bestow wealth on man, he followeth his Idolatry and his fin, and when he is touched in affliction, he aboundeth in prayer : Say unto them, know ye not that the Alcoran proceedeth from God ? nevertheleis ve have renounced it, who is more impious then he that impugneth the known truth ? I will cause them to see my miracles, even to the utmost parts of heaven and earth, and in their own perfons, to the end they may know the truth of the Alcoran. Sufficeth. it not them that thy Lord feeth all things ? neverthelefs, they are in doubt of the Refurrection, and of being affembled before him to be judged, certainly God is omniscient.

CHAP. XLII.

The Chapter of Counfell, containing fifty and three Verfes, Written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. God is prudent, wife, majeftique; he underftandeth all things, and is omnipotent; God hath fent thee the fame infpirations that he fent to them that did precede thee; he is omnipotent and wife, whatfoever is in heaven and in earth appertaineth to him; he is omnipotent, and knoweth all things; the heavens open at his command, the Angels exalt his glory, and implore his pardon for them that are on earth; he is merciful, he beholdeth them that invoke Idols, and knoweth them all, but thou art not their Tutor. We have infpired into thee the Alcoran in the Arabique tongue, to preach to the Inhabitants of Mecca, and fuch as dwell about that City; we have fent thee to preach unto them the day of Judgment; there is no doubt that one

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.42.

200

part of men shall be faved, and the other shall be damned ; had it pleased God, he had created them of one and the same Religion, he giveth his grace to whom he lifteth, and Infidels shall be deprived of fuccour, because they have required the protection of Idols; but God is the true protector of the world : he reviveth the dead, and is omnipotent, he shall one day judge all the difficulties, and refolve all your doubts in your Religion,' he is my Lord, I recommend my felf to his divine Will; he created your wife of your felves, he created all beafts male and female, and caufed you to multiply; there is not any thing like anto him, he keepeth the keyes of the treasures of heaven and earth, and taketh away, and giveth wealth as pleafeth him. The Law that I gave to Noah, Abrabam, Moses, and Jesus, is that which I commanded thee to obferve, viz. to believe in one God. The Infidels are angry when thou preacheft to them the unity of God, he teacheth it whom he pleafeth, and guideth into the right way them that obey him; the wicked approve fome points of his Law, and reject the reft, although they have knowledg of his Unity, and that through the envy that is rifen among them ; if thy Lord had not heretofore faid that he would defer their punishment until the day of Judgment, he had already destroyed them; many of those, who after them shall have knowledg of the Scriptures shall doubt of his Law; but follow thou the way that is appointed thee, and follow not their appetites ; Say unto them, I believe in the Book that God hath fent, I have received commandment to preach unto you, that God is your, and our Lord; ye shall answer for your actions, and we shall answer for ours; it is not necessary to dispute against us, God will one day assemble us in his presence to judge our differences, he is our refuge ; fuch as difpute against the faith, after knowledg of the truth, are without reason ; their arguments shall be vain with God, they shall be the object of his wrath, and shall suffer exceeding great pains. God hath fent the Alcoran with truth and ballance; he will not instruct thee when the day of Judgment shall be : Such as have no faith in him, ask when it Itall come, and they that believe him, fear the coming thereof,

and

Chap.42. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

and know it to be infallible ; fuch as doubt, are erroneous from the right way. God is merciful to his people, and enricheth whom he pleafeth, he is ftrong and omnipotent, he increafeth the graces of him that defireth the riches of heaven ; he giveth the wealth of the earth to them that affect it, and depriveth them of the riches of heaven : Are there wicked ones among men that teach them a false Religion prohibited of God? God hath not revealed it to them; had he not deferred their punifhment until the day of Judgment, he had already deftroyed them; they shall in the end feel grievous torments, ye shall fee them fear their own deportments, ye shall see them chastised after their demerits; and the believers that do good works, shall enjoy the delights of Paradile, where they shall finde whatfoever they shall defire; this is the great grace of God; this is that which he hath proclaimed to the faithful that believed, and have done good works; Say unto them, I require none other recompense for the pains that I take in preaching to you, then to love my kindred ; he that shall do any good work, shall be rewarded, God is merciful, and good works are pleafing to him. Will they fay that thou halt blafphemed againft God ? If it pleafe God, he shall hinder thee to hear this discourse, or will imprint patience in thine heart ; he abolisheth lies, and confirmeth the truth through his words ; he knoweth what foever is in the hearts of men; he accepteth the conversion of his creatures, he pardoneth their fins, and knoweth all their actions; he heareth the prayers of the faithful, that do good works, and augmenteth his grace upon them; but Infidels shall undergo the rigours of eternal pains. Had God equally enriched all his creatures, they had been in confusion upon earth : he enricheth whom he pleafeth ; he feeth and knoweth all ; he fendeth rain when men despaire of his grace, he is the protector of believers, and praife is due to him eternally : the creation of the heavens, and of the earth, and of all that moveth between them, is a fign of thine omnipotency : If evill befall you, believe that ye have deferved it, neverthelefs he pardoneth you many things; ye cannot escape his punishment on . earth, and none is able to protect you against him. The veffel chan i

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.42.

that runneth upon the water, big as a mountain, is a token of his omnipotency, to them that perfevere in his Law, and acknowledg his graces. He shall reprove the wicked for their fins, and shall pardon many: They that dispute against his Commandments, cannot escape their punishment ; the riches that ye poffels are the riches of the earth ; the riches that God bestoweth on them that trust in him, are eternal : They that depart from mortall fins, that repent to have committed them, that beg of God to be heard, and perfevere in their fupplications ; they that take councel, and confult among them what they ought to do, that employ in good works part of the wealth that God hath given them, that implore his help in their afflictions : fuch as do good, and fuch as commit evil, shall be recompenfed, and punished according to their works. God abhorreth Infidels; ye have no power over them that implore his affistance in their affiction, and repent ; your power extendeth over them that do injustice to the people, and difobey on earth the Commandments of his divine Majefty, they shall suffer great torments. Such as perfevere in well-doing, and pardon their neighbour, do what God hath Commanded. He whom God shall mislead, shall finde none to guide him. Thou shalt fee that the Infidels shall ask if they may return into the world, when they shall behold the fire of hell ; thou shalt fee them flic with extream fear of eternalignominy; they shall look awry upon hell, and the believers shall fee that the wicked, that have loft their fouls, that have milled their family, and all the impious, shall be eternally damned, none shall be able to fave them; and he that God shall mislead, shall not finde the right way. Say unto them, beg pardon of God before the day come, that ye shall finde no way to return into the world, nor excuse for your fins. If they difobey thee, we have not fent thee to be their Tutor; thou art sent only to preach unto them. When we give to man any prosperity he rejoyceth, and when affli-Ation befalleth him, he is ingrateful for the grace of his Lord, King of the heavens and earth. God giveth children, fons and daughters to whom he pleafeth, he knoweth all things, and is omnipotent ; he speaketh not to man but by inspiration, and parable.

Chap. 43. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

203

parable, without being feen; he fendeth his Prophets and Apoftles, into whom he infpireth what pleafeth him, he knoweth all things, and is omnipotent; Thus have we fent thee our fpirit to teach thee our Commandments; thou knowelt not before what was written in the *Alcoran*, neither the myfteries of faith, we have fent it to thee to be a light to the world; I will guide into the way of Salvation whom I pleafe, I will guide him into the way of the Lord, to whom belongeth all that is in Heaven and Earth, and who difpofeth of all things.

CHAP. XLIII.

The Chapter of Ornament, containing eighty and nine Verses, pritten at Mecca.

Exteri intituled This Chapter, the Chapter of Gold.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull : God is prudent and wife. I fwear by the Book that teacheth to do well, that we have fent it in the Arabique tongue, peradventure ye shall understand the Alcoran; it is written in our originall Book, majestique and mysterious. Shall I conceal from you the Book of Salvation, if ye be wicked ? How many Prophets and Apostles have we fent in past Ages, whom unbelievers have dispifed ? We destroyed the molt powerfull among them, and all have incurred the pain of their predeceffors. If thou ask of them who created Heaven and Earth; they will fay, that it is the omnipotent, who knoweth all things. Who hath extendeth the Earth under you? Who established the wayes to guide you? It is God, he causeth the rain to defcend from Heaven in your neceffity ; he maketh the dead, drie, and barren fields to revive; in like manner shall the dead come out of their Sepulchers. He it is that created whatfoever is in the world, of divers kinds and species, and created the Ships, and beaft, to carry you. Remember the

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 43.

the grace of your Lord, fay, praifed be he that created for us these things; we had not the power to create them. They all shall return before the Lord to be judged. The Infidels have divided God into many parts. Certainly he that faith that there are many Gods, is impious; hath he appointed you to fay, that the Angels which he hath created are his daughters, feeing that he giveth you fonnes? When it is declared to fome Infidels that a daughter is born to him, he is not fatisfied, (he defireth to have a fon) will they fay that God adorneth himself, and taketh ornaments to beautifie him like their Idols? It is a manifest error they fay, that the Angels that worship God, are the daughters of his divine Majefty; I will write what they fay, and will require of them an accompt of their difcourse at the day of Judgment. They have faid, had it pleased God, we had not adored the Angels; They know not what they fay, and ignorantly blafpheme; do they observe any Scripture that hath been taught them heretofore ? On the contrary, they fay that their fathers lived in like manner, and that they follow their fteps; they have faid as much to all the Prophets that were fent unto them. When thou spakest to them to observe what is contained in the Alcoran, and to abandon the Idols which their fathers wor. fhipped, they answered, that they believed neither in thee, nor in thy miffion ; but we avenged our felves upon them ; Confider what is the end of blafphemers; Remember thou, that Abraham faid to his father, and his people, I am innocent of the finne that you commit, in adoring Idols, I worthip him alone that created me, he thall guide me into the way of Salvation, and hach left his words to posterity ; perhaps the Infidels shall be converted. I deferred heretofore the punishment of Idolaters, untill they had learned the truth and that a Prophet came to instruct them ; When he bin Mefroud, preached unto them the truth, they faid, that it is but witchin whom the craft, and that they would give no faith to it. Had the Alcoran been sent to a man, * Master and Lord of two Cities, See Kitab et or Villages, they had efteemed and approved it. Would they dispose of the graces of God? He hath divided the riches of

* Olid bin Maguirbe . and Arona Arabians had confidence. tengir.

304

the

Chap. 43. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

the world among men ; Some there be that are more eminent, and fcorn each other, but the mercy of God is more advantageous then the riches of the Earth, which they accumulate : Although all the people be not of the fame Religion, we cease not to bestow on the wicked houses adorned with feelings, enchafed with filver, ftaires, doores, and beds of filver and gold ; Thefe things are the riches of the Earth , and Paradife is for them that are righteous. I will caufe to fall headlong with the Devils, fuch as shall reject the Law of the mercifull; the Devils shall be their companions, they shall feduce them from the way of Salvation , and they shall not know it. When we shall come to judge the Universe, they shall fay, would to God we had been as remote from you, as the West is from the East. Oh what company for you ! This day your repentance and your hopes shall be vain; ye were Infidels for company, ye shall be companions in the fire Wilt thou make the blinde to fee, and the deaf to of Hell. hear? Wilt thou guide them that wilfully erre? If they dye before being punished on Earth, I will be avenged on them in the other world. Shall I shew thee during thy life, the punishment that we have prepared for them? We can do it, but do thou only what hath been commanded thee, thou art in the way of falvation, instruct men therein ; an accompt of thy miffion shall be required of thee. I will require an accompt of their miffion that we fent heretofore to infiract the people, we will demand of them, if we appointed them to worthip any other God but us. We fent Mofes to Pharoah, and his Ministers, he caused them to see our Miracles, and preached to them our Commandments; he told them that he was the Meffenger of the God of the Universe, nevertheless they fcoffed. I shewed them no greater Miracle then that of Mofes his fifter, and we chaftised them, because of their incredulity. They faid unto Moses, oh Magician ! pray unto thy Lord, that he deliver us from these evils , and we will be converted ; when they were delivered, they violated their promites; and Pharoah faid to his people, am not I King of Agypt, doth not the River Nilus flow under my obedience? Know ye not

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 43.

* Pharoab cauled bracelets of guilded Iron tobe given, and made them to goe through the City. See Gelaldin. And Kitab el tenoir.

206

not that I am more powerfull then that poore wretch Moles. that knowes not what he fayes? Give him * Bracelets of Gold ; we will fee if the Angels, and those that follow his Doctrine, will testifie the truth of his words. He terrified his Subjects, they obeyed him, for they were Infidels, but we with Collers, were avenged on them when they provoked us; we drowned to criminals, them, and made them ferve for example to posterity, like those that preceded them in impiety. The people would not hearken to the Sonne of Mary, when he spake by parable : they faid, our Gods are more profitable to us then his lyes, and queftions. On the contrary, they were refractory ; he is our fervant, we conferred on him our grace, and made him like to the other Prophets of the Children of Ifrael : Had it pleafed me, I had created Angels on Earth in your place ; the comming of Jefus, the Son of Mary shall be a fign of the certainty of the day of Judgment, doubt not concerning that day. He faid unto men follow me, it is the right way, beware left the Devill feduce you, he is your open enemy. I come to teach you the Commandments of God, to refolve the doubts, and judge the differences that are among you; Fear God, and obey him, he is your Lord and mine, worthip him, it is the right way; The people doubted his Doctrine, but mifery shall be upon the wicked, they shall fuffer great torments at the day of Judgment; will they expect that day for their converfion ? it shall surprize them, and they know it not; that day shall they be enemies one of another, God shall fav to the righteous, fear not, ye shall not this day refent any affliction; The believers that have obeyed my Comandments, shall enter into Paradife, you and your wives shall there rejoyce, ye shall drink in cups of fine gold, ye shall there finde whatfoever ye shall defire, and all that can content the minde, and delight the eyes, and ye shall dwell eternally in supreme felicity; behold the Paradile that ye have gained by your good life 1 it is enriched with abundance of fruits, which ye shall eat with contentment; and the wicked shall remain eternally in the fire of Hell, they shall not be eased in their miferies, and shall be dumb with dispair; we do no injustice to them, they

Chap.44. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

they draw mischief on themselves, through their disobedience; They shall demand of the Keeper of the fire, will thy Lord never deliver us from these paines ? He shall answer them, ye shall abide there eternally ; We have taught men the truth, but the greatest part of them would not believe it. The wicked have conspired against thee, and we conspired against them; think they that I know not their fecrets, and whatfoever they utter ? The Angels our Meffengers keep accompt ; Say unto them, if God have a Son, who shall we first adore? Praifed be God, King of the Heavens and of the Earth ; the matter is not as the Infidels deliver it : Leave them implunged in their impiety, let them laugh and rejoyce, untill the day of their punishment arrive : One God alone ought to be worshiped in Heaven and Earth, he is most wife and omniscient. Praised be he to whom appertaineth the Kingdome of the Heavens and Earth, and whatfoever is between them. He knoweth the hour and the day, that all the world fhall be affembled before him to be judged. The Idols that the Infidels adore, shall not be able to intercede for them; the good intercede for them that have knowledg of the truth; If thou ask of men, who created them? they will fay, it is God ; How can they then depart from his Commandments ? Lord, this people is incredulous ; Depart thou far from their company, they shall in the end, too late, acknowledg their errors.

CHAP. XLIIII.

The Chapter of Smoke, containing fifty nine Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. God is prudent and wife. I fwear by the book that diffinguisheth good from evill, that we fent it the night of bleffing, to teach the people the torments of Hell; This book explaineth our Commandments, and all that we heretofore commanded the X 2 Prophets;

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.44.

Prophets ; this is a fpeciall grace of thy Lord, he heareth and knoweth all things, he is Lord of Heaven and Earth, and of all that is between them, believe in his omnipotency. There is no God but he, he giveth life and death to whom he lifteth, he is your Lord, the Lord of your fathers and predecessors; the wicked deride this difcourfe, but the day of Judgment attends them ; that day the Heaven shall refemble smoak, that shall cover the world; that day shall the people fay, behold here grievous torments; Lord deliver us from this mifery, we will believe in thy Law : Their conversion shall be in vain, becaufe when the Prophet preached to them, they fcorned his words, and faid, that he was a foolifh Teacher; and when they were comforted on Earth, they returned to their impiety : Remember thou the day when they were vanquished, and taken by force, and that we were revenged on their impiety; We heretofore tryed the people of Pharoah; my beloved Prophet preached to them my Commandments, and faid, Come follow me, oh ye fervants of God ! I am a faithfull Meffenger of his divine Majefty, refift not his Law; I will teach you his Commandments, he shall defend me from your malice, he shall preferve me from being stoned; but if ye will not believe me, depart far from me. He prayed to his Lord, when he knew, that that people was unbelieving, and impious. God faid unto him, goe forth by night out of the City with my fervants ; if the men of Pharoah purfue thee, enter into the Sea, through a path large and fpacious, thine enemies that shall follow thee shall be drowned. How many Gardens, Fountains, and places of pleasure, wherein they took delight, did they forfake? They fell into the power of another with all their treasures, and none lamented them, either in Heaven or Earth, they expected not that punishment. We delivered the Children of Israel from Pharoabs tyranny, he was powerfull, and a great finner. We elected them through our certain knowledg among all the world, and tryed them through our Miracles, and Commandments. The wicked fay, we shall dye and not rife again ; if the Refurrection be true, cause our fathers to revive, to evidence the truth

Chap.44. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

truth of thy words : Are they more powerfull then their predeceffors, whom we destroyed , because of their impiety? We have not created in vain the Heaven and the Earth, and whatfoever is between them; we creared them for certain fignes of our unity, the greatest part of the world understand it not : the day of Judgment is the time appointed for their punishment, that day none shall be able to fave his neighbour, or parent, or friend; nor shall any be faved, but those to whom God shall give his mercy, he is omnipotent and mercifull. The fruit of the Tree of Hell, called Zacon, thall ferve for food to the wicked, it shall boyle in their bellies like pitch. or water. They shall cry, take the wicked, drag them into the fire of Hell, poure upon their heads all manner of torments. It shall be faid unto them, tafte the paines of Hell ; ve believed [your felves] to be the omnipotent and precious on Earth, behold the punifhment, of which ye doubted ! The righteous shall be in delicious places, in Gardens adorned with Fountains; they fhall be clothed with purple, they fhall behold each other face to face ; we will affemble them with women, pure and clean, who shall have most beautifull eyes. they shall have fruits, favorie and delicious, of all feafons ; they shall never dye, and shall be delivered from the torments of Hell, through the speciall grace of thy Lord, behold supreme felicity ! Certainly, we have fent the Alcoran in thy tongue, peradventure the Arabians will learn it; they covet thy ruine, but perfevere thou, and expect the time of the punishment of their crimes. Seas that bear the Ships for the advantage of your contine at

inche Leve of Salvetion energies Cod dull that hade in the rear of word before their eyes. God dull that hade after their dementer V Nhofoever flatt do good, fhat hade good and ye fault be affembled before his divine majority to RAHD J Certainly we BAX afted the chifthen of *V* party the semenae and one Commandiments if the theory after

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.45.

210

CHAP. XLV.

The Chapter of Genuflexion, or Knee-bowing, containing fifty nine Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. God is most prudent and wife. This Book is fent by the Omnipotent and wife. The Heavens and the Earth are most certain fignes of his Unity, to fuch as believe in his Law; your Creation, and the Creation of all Creatures, are marks of his greatness to them that have his fear before their eyes; the difference of the night, and the day; the rain that he fendeth from Heaven, to caufe fruits to fpring out of the Earth, and to revive it after its death; and the diversity of winds, are fignes of his Omnipotency to them that have knowledg to comprehend it. I relate to thee the wonders of God with truth ; in what will Infidels believe, if they believe not in the word of his divine Majefty? Mifery is upon them that hear the Commandments of God, and become proud, as if they had not heard them. Preach unto fuch men, that they shall suffer the rigors of infinite pains. They deride the Faith when they are spoken to : Certainly, they shall be punished in the fire of Hell, their riches shall not be able to fave them, neither the Idols which they adore; they shall be eternally damned. This Book guideth men into the way of falvation; they that shall not believe in the Law of God, shall feel the effects of his fury. He created the Seas that bear the Ships for the advantage of your commerce, peradventure ye will acknowledg this grace : He hath created for you, all that is in Heaven and on Earth ; it is a fign of his goodness to fuch as confider it. Speak unto them that believe in the Law of Salvation, that they pardon those that have not the fear of God before their eyes. God shall chastife them after their demerits. VVhosoever shall do good, shall finde good ; and ye shall be assembled before his divine Majesty, to be judged. Certainly we instructed the children of Ifrael in the Scripture, and our Commandments; we taught them knowledg,

Chap.45. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

knowledg, and gave them the grace of Prophefie; we enriched them with all forts of riches, & preferred them to all the world. We taught them our Law, none defputed against our Commandments, but fuch as had knowledg, and that through the envie that arofe among them; but thy Lord shall judge their differences at the day of Judgment. We have fent thee our Law, observe it, and follow not the appetites of the ignorant, they shall not be able to deliver thee from eternall pains. The Infidels obey each other, and the true-believers obey God. This book is the light of the world, it guideth into the way of falvation, and the mercy of God, them that believe in his divine Majefty. Do the wicked imagine they shall be entreated like the godly in their life anddeath, and that they shall not be judged ? God hath created heaven and earth for a mark of his power, he shall judge every one according to their works, and shall do injustice to none: Consider how they worship what cometh into their fancy, God hath feduced them from his certain knowledg, he hath rendred them deaf, hath hardned their heart, and blinded them ; who shall guide, if God seduce them? Do they not confider it ? They fay, our Refurrection shall be like the life of this world, some die, others are born; length of years cause us to die, they know not what they fay, and speak but by opinion. When they are preached unto, they have no other discourse to utter, but make our fathers to revive, if what ye fay be true. Say unto them, God caufeth you to live and die, and shall assemble you at the day of Judgment; there is no doubt in this, but the greatest part of the people know it not. God is the King of the heavens and earth, and of the day of Judgment; that day thal he affemble the Infidels; thou shalt fee all Sects, and all Religions affembled before him upon their knees, every Sect shall fee their fins written in a particular book, and shall be all chastifed after their demerits. It shall be faid unto them, behold the book that speaketh against you, we have exactly written what you have done ; God shall give his mercy to the righteous, that is, supream felicity. It shall be faid to the wicked, have not the Commandments of God been preached to you ? Ye became proud and were incredulous; X 4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.46

212

credulous ; when it was told you that the promifes of God, and the day of Judgment were indubitable ; ye faid that it was but an opinion, and that ye believe it not; in the end ye shall acknowledg your offence, and thall fuffer the pains that ye defpifed ; God shall fay unto them at the day of Judgment, I have this day forgotten you, as ye forgot the coming of this day, the fire of hell shall be your habitation, none shall deliver you, because ye derided my Law, and waxed proud with the riches of the earth. They shall never get out of this fire, neither be able to repent. Praise be to God, Lord of the heavens and earth, glory is due to him in all places, he is omnipotent and wife.

CHAP. XLVI.

The Chapter of Hecaf, containing thirty five Verses, Written at

Hecaf is a Valley in the Country of Liemen, upon the frontiers of Arabia. See Gelaldin, and the Book intituled, Kitab el Tenoir.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful : God is molt prudent and wife. This Book was fent by the Omnipotent and wife. We created the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, for a fign of our Omnipotency and Unity, and appointed to every thing a prefixed and limited time. If the Infidels depart from that which hath been preached to them, Say unto them, have ye confidered the Idols that ye adore? thew me what they have created on earth, are they Gods companions in the creation of the heavens? bring me a Book fent from neaven before the Alcoran, that containeth like it, what remained of the doctrine of our Predeceffors, we shall fee if ye be true : who is more feduced then he that worshippeth things that can neither hear his prayers, nor protect him at the day of Judgment ? That day fhall the infidels be enemies to

each

Chap.46. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

each other, and the Idols shall not acknowledg them that have worshipped them. When they heard the Alcoran read, they affirmed it to contain the truth; and when they were commanded to observe it, they faid, that it is but magick. Will they fay that thou haft invented it ? Say unto them, if I have invented it, ye cannot deliver me from the punishment of God, he knoweth all that is in this book, it is fufficient that he is witness between you and me, he is gracious and merciful : Say unto them, I am not the first Prophet, nor the first Apostle that God hath fent, I know not what God shall determine of you and me, I do but what he hath inspired into me, and am fent to preach the torments of hell; have ye confidered in what condition ye shall be, if the Alcoran be sent from God ? Ye have renounced it, but one of the children of Ifrael is witness that it is sent from God, and hath believed in his divine Majestie. nevertheless ye are become proud; God guideth not the proud. The Infidels fay to the believers, if the Alcoran were any good thing, you fhould not exceed us in obferving it, it guideth not into the way of falvation, it is but an old Fable; The book of Moles that came before it teacheth the right way, and the Will of God : Say unto them, the Alcoran confirmeth the Scriptures fent heretofore to them that preceded us, it is in the Arabique tongue; he preacheth the pains of hell to unbelievers, and declareth the joyes of Paradife to the righteous. Such as shall believe that God is their Lord, and shall obey him, ought to fear nothing. they shall suffer none affliction at the day of Judgment, they shall enjoy Paradise for the reward of their good works. We have recommended to man, to honor father and mother, and to do good to them; his mother beareth him with pain, she bringeth forth with dolour, she giveth him luck, and weaneth him at the end of thirty moneths; The hath care [of him] until he be in a condition to govern him elf, and hath attained to age of difcretion. Then he faith, Lord, inspire me to be grateful for the grace that thou hast given to my father and mother ; if I do well thon wilt accept, it, take care of my posterity, I trust in thee, and defire to obey thy Commandments : Their prayer shall be heard, their sins

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.46.

shall be pardoned, and they shall enjoy the joyes of Paradife, prepared for the righteous. He that shall speak to his father and mother in civility, and shall fay unto them in derision, will ye bring me yet once more into the world after my death? will ve revive me from my grave ? many are dead heretofore, that are not returned : he shall be punished of God, his father and mother shall require help of his divine Majesty, and shall fay unto him, my fon, mifery is with thee, believe in God, and in the Refurrection, the Word of God is infallible ; if he reply that it is an old Fable, he shall feel the punishment of God, the word of his divine Majeftie shall be accomplished against him, as it hath been accomplished against them that did precede him in impiety, as well devils as men, they shall be damned; they shall be in fundry degrees of pains, he shall chastise them after their demerits, and no injustice shall be done to them. It shall be faid to the wicked that would depart out of hell fire, ye expelled your felicity, when ye lived in the world; your punifhment was deferred until this present, ye shall this day be punished in this fire, because of your pride and crimes. Remember thou the brother of Aad, who preached the torments of hell in the valley of Hecaf, his words was heard in his time, and are come to posterity, viz. worship but one God alone; if you do otherwise, I apprehend for you the day of Judgment : they answered him, art thou come to hinder us to adore our gods? let us see the torments that thou preachest to us, if thou art true : he faid, God knoweth in what time he will chaftife you; I preach to you what hath been appointed me to preach, but I fee that ye are obstinate. When they beheld a black cloud appear, which approached the place of their habitation, they faid, behold a cloud that shall give us rain; on the contrary, it is the punishment that ye have demanded, it is full of an impetuous winde that shall destroy you through the Commandment of God; in the morning their houses were found empty of inhabitants : Thus God chastiseth the wicked ; ye dwell in the places which they inhabited; they had hearts, eyes, and ears, but their hearts, eyes, and ears were to them unprofitable; the evill which they despised befell them, when they neglefted

to

Chap. 46. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

to observe the Commandments of God. We have deftroyed what loever is round about Mecca, and have made the effects of our omnipotency to appear; peradventure the inhabitants thereof will be converted. The Idols that they worshipped, and those to whom they facrificed, did not fave them; on the contrary, they for fook them, becaufe of their blafphemies. Remember thou, that we fent to thee devils, that defired to hear a Lecture of the Alcoran; when they heard thee, they faid, Heark, he begins; and when thou madeft an end, they returned with exceeding great fear, and faid to their companions, we have heard a Lecture of a Book fent from heaven after the book of Mofes, it confirmeth the ancient Scriptures, teacheth the truth, and guideth the people into the way of falvation. O people ! hear him that calleth you to the Law of God, and to the observance of his Commandments ; believe him, God shall pardon your fins, and deliver you from the pains of hell : fuch as shall not hearken to him, shall not escape the punishment of their crimes, and shall be deprived of protection at the day of Judgment ; fuch men are feduced from the way of falvation. Confider they not that God, who created heaven and earth, did not labour in creating them ? that he is able to give life and death, and is omnipotent? Be thou mindful of the day that the Infidels shall defire to get out of the fire of hell; it shall be faid unto them, are not the pains that were preached to you true? they shall fay, yes Lord; it shall be faid to them, taste then the torments which ye have merited through your impiety. Perfevere thou, as the Prophets thy predeceffors perfevered. Be not impatient, till thou fee the punishment of of Infidels; they shall see it when they shall rife again, and shall believe that they have been but an hour in their fepulchres: This is that which God hath commanded to preach, he shall destroy those only that difobey his Commandments.

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 47.

CHAP. XLVII.

The Chapter of the Combat, containing fourescore and eight Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Gool works are vain and unprofitable to the wicked, and to them that hinder their neighbour to follow the Law of God; he pardoneth their finnes, who believe in what Mahormet hath preached ; it is the very truth that proceedeth from his divine Majefty, but the Infidels have followed vanity, and the believers have embraced the truth fent from their Lord; Thus God speaketh to the people in parables. When ye shill meet the Infidels in time of warre, cut their necks, pursie them untill ye take them prifoners, then binde them; after this, ye shall either give them liberty, or put them to ransome, untill their party shall lay down armes. If God pleased, he could give you victory without fighting, but his will is to prove you; he guideth into Paradife, them that are flain for the lefence of his Law, and giveth them his grace. Oh ye that believe in God ! If ye protect the Law of God, God will protect you, he will confirm your fteps, and deftroy the Infidels, secaufe they have contemned his Commandments, & their good works shall be to them unprofitable; confider they not what hash been the end of the impious that were before them, and that God hath deftroyed them ? He thal deftroy them in like manner, becaufe he protecteth the Believers, and Infidels are deprved of his protection; he maketh the righteous to enter into Piradife, into Gardens, wherein flow many rivers. The punishment of the wicked is fometimes deferred in this world, they live like beafts, but the fire of Hell is prepared for their punifiment. How many Cities, ftronger; and more opulent then that which they caufed thee to abandon, have we deftroyed ? They found no protection. Are fuch as embrace the Law of Ged like to them that follow their own appetites? God hati promised Paradise to them that have his fear before their eyes; there

Mecca.

Chap.47. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

there be in Paradife rivers of water, that receiveth no alteration: there be rivers of milk that never corrupteth, rivers of wine, favory and delicious to the tafte; rivers of honey, pure and dean ; fruits of all forts, and the grace of God for them that hall obey his Commandments; the wicked shall remain eternally in the fire of Hell, where they shall drink a boyling liquor, that shall burn their entrails. There be perfons amoig the Infidels, that hear what thou doft preach; when they are gone from thee, their Doctors demand of them what thos haft faid concerning the day of Judgment ? God hath hardned the hearts of fuch men, and they shall never follow but their own paffions. God encreaseth the graces of them that obey his Commandments, and fortifieth them in their perfiverance : Shall the infidels tarry untill the day of Judgmen furprizeth them ? The fignes' of that day hath already appeared, that day shall repentance be in vain ; There is no Goc but God, implore from him pardon of thy finne; and for these men, and women, that believe in his Law, he knoweth what they do day and night; If the Chapter of the place where Juffice is rendred, had not been fent, and had not made mention of Combats, thou hadft not feen them that doubt of the Law, look upon thee with eyes troubled, becaufe of heir fears of dying. Teach them obedience, and fpeak to them with civility. Had they believed, and obeyed, when they were appointed to fight, they had performed a good work. Have ye difobeyed? Have ye abandoned the Law of God, to defile the Earth ? and to deprive your felves of his mercy ? God rendreth them whom he curfeth, and who conprehend not the truth of the Alcoran, deaf and blind. Have they a firm heart? Such as have returned to their impiety, after having known the right way, were tempted of theDevill, and particularly, when they told the Infidels that thy would obey them in any thing, God knoweth all their fecets; what will become of them when the Angels fhall caue them to dye? they fhall beat them before and behind, beause they have incurred the wrath of God, and defpised his Commandments ; their good works shall be unproprofitable ;

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 47.

318

fitable ; think they that God will never make manifest their malice? If thou wilt, I will make it appear, thou shalt know them by their countenance, thou shalt discover them by their voyce, and speech. Say unto them, God knoweth all your actions ; he shall prove you, to discover the believers, and the unbelievers. The wicked, who hinder the people to follow the way of Salvation, that contradict the Prophet, after they have had knowledg of the Law of God, hurt not his divine Majesty, their actions are vain and unprofitable. Oh ye that believe ! obey God, and his Prophet, and render not your good works ineffectuall through disobedience; he pardoneth not the wicked, who feduce the people from the way of Salvation, and dye in their impiety ; Be not faint hearted and flothfull, ye shall be victorious, God is with you. He will not deprive you of reward; the life of this world is but foolish pastime and delusion; if ye believe in God, and have his fear before your eyes, he will recompense you for your good works, he requireth not an accompt of your riches; if he do require it of you, it is to hinder you to be avaricious, and to banish usury from among them that believe in his Law : Oh people ! ye are commanded to make fome expence for the love of God; He that shall be a niggard, and avaricious in this occurrence, shall be avaricious, and a niggard to himfelf. God is rich, and ye are poor ; if ye defpife his Law, he will create in your place other perfons, that thall not do like you.

of his story 2 tood rendress them whom he contach, and

- Close trail a mail and the

CHAP.

Chap. 48. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

219

CHAP. XLVIII.

The Chapter of Conquest, containing twenty nine Verses, written at Mecca.

This is the Chapter, Of the taking of the City of Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. We have given thee a manifest victory. God pardoneth the sinne that thou didft commit, when thou wert too prompt, and when thou wert too tardy. [to fight for his Law ;] he shall accomplish his grace upon thee, he shall guide thee into the right way, and thall powerfully protect thee; he hath delivered the hearts of the believers from fear, to augment their faith; he disposeth the forces of the Heavens and Earth, he knoweth all, and is most prudent. He shall make them that shall obey his Commandments, to dwell in Gardens, wherein flow many rivers, and shall remit to them their offences, this is fupreme felicity; The Infidels, the wicked, the disobedient, and unjust, that have evill thoughts of God, shall be accurfed of his divine Majefty, mifery shall alwayes purfue them, and his wrath be eternally upon them; he hath prepared for them the pains of Hell. God dupofeth the powers of the Heavens and Earth, he is omnipotent and wife. We have fent thee to be witness of the deportments of those of thy Nation, to proclaim to them the joyes of Paradife, and to preach to them the pains of hell, to the end they may believe in God, and in his Prophet, that they may praise him, honour him, and exalt his glory evening and morning: Such as shall obey thee, obey God; the hand of God is stronger then the hand of men ; he that shall sin, shall offend against his own foul; and he that performed what he hath promised to God, shall have an exceeding great reward. Such of the Arabians as have no inclination to follow thee, fay, thou imployeft our wealth and perfons to go with thee, implore therefore pardon of God for us; but they speak not with

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.48.

with the mouth, what they have in the heart; Say unto them, who but God is able to do ought for you? if it be his will to bring good or evill upon you, he is omnipotent, and knoweth all that you do. Ye believed that the Prophet and Truebelievers should be flain when they fought for the Law of God ; ye believed that they should never return to their houses. This opinion rejoyced your heart, but you were deceived, and were your felves deftroyed with them that believed not in God, nor his Prophets ; God hath prepared the fire of hell for Infidels ; the kingdom of the heavens and carth appertaineth to him, he punisheth and chastisfeth whom he listeth, he is gracious and merciful. When ye thall go to the spoil, such as refused before tofollow you to the fight, wil fay, permit us to go with you ; they would pervert the Word of God. Say unto them, ye shall not follow us in this occasion, God hath not heretofore ordained it; they will reply, certainly ye are envious against us ; on the contrary, they understand not the Law of God, except very few among them. Say to the Arabians, that refused to follow thee, ye shall be called to fight against miserable men, yee shall fight them, nevertheless they shall still be obedient to God; if yee obey and fight for the Faith, he will largely reward you; if ye defert his fervice, as heretofore ye have done, he shall feverely chaftife you. The blinde, the lame, and the fick, are not obliged to go to the war. He that shall obey God and his Prophet, shall dwell eternally in gardens, wherein flow many rivers ; and he that shall difobey Gods Commandments, shall be punished for his disobedience. God accepted their action that repaired to thee under the tree, he knew what they had in their hearts, their confirmed he fteps, and gave them victory, he is omnipotent and wife. God had promifed you great fpoil, he gave it you, and delivered you from the hands of the people ; this shall serve for a sign of his omnipotency to the true-believers, he will conduct you into the right way ; none but you could have atchieved that conquest, he well knew that that was for none other, he is omnipotent : if the wicked fight you, they shall fly, they shall turn the back, and finde none to protect

Chap. 58. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

protect them. Observe the Law of God against them, do as was heretofore commanded you; the Law of God admits no alteration ; God hath delivered you from their hands, and delivered them into yours in the midft of Mecca, having given you victory over them ; he beholdeth all their actions, they have despised the Commandments of his divine Majesty, and hindred you heretofore to go to the Temple of Mecca; they are at prefent prisoners; without the affiltance of the truebelievers that were within the city with you, ye had not known them, ye had trampled them under foot without diffinction, and had offended God without knowledg of your fin. God bestoweth his mercy on whom he pleaseth ; had ye been separated from the unbelievers, we had feverely punished them. When they were fuccoured of the ignorant, and had fome advantage, God put his Prophet, and all the believers in a place of fafety, they had recourse to the word of force and vertue, wherein they did better then the Infidels, God knoweth all. Affuredly the dream of the Prophet of God was true, when he dreamed that ye were in the Temple of Mecca without fear, your hair shaven, and beards trimed ; fear nothing, God knoweth what you know not ; in lieu of this dream, he hath given you a great victory ; he it is that hath fent you his Prophet ; to teach you his Law, more falutary then all other Laws of the world. It is sufficient, that God is witness that Mahomet is his Prophet, and Apostle; it sufficeth that the true believers, who are with him, beare testimony. God encreaseth his mercy towards those Infidels that convert; thou shalt see them woship God, humble themselves before his divine Majesty, and implore his grace ; thou shalt know them by their afpect, they shall have in their countenance the marks of their zeal ; it is fo written in the old Testament and the Gospel; they are like a plant that produceth its leaves, that grows ftrong by little and little, and becometh big, afterwards it taketh ftrength upon its roots, becometh a great tree, and the wood thereof ferveth to make war against Infidels. God hath promised his mercy, and an exceeding great reward to the Infidels that shall be converted, that shall believe in his Law, and do good works. CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.49.

CHAP. XLIX.

The Chapter of Inclosures, containing eighteen Verses, Written at Medina.

Exteri entituleth this Chapter, The Chapter of Walls.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. O ye that believe! perfer not what ye have done, to what God and his Prophet hath performed, and fear God, he heareth whatfoever ye fay, and feeth all that you do. O ye that believe ! when ye thall speak to the Prophet, speak not louder then he; cry not, as when ye talk among your felves, leaft ye render your good works vain and unprofitable, and know it not; God. hath tried the vertue of them that fpeak low in the prefence of the Prophet, he shall pardon their fins, and give them an exceeding great reward. They that call thee behinde the Inclofures, know not what they do ; had they attended until thou hadft been towards them, they had done very well, God is gracious and merciful. O ye that believe ! if any Infidel defireth to preach to you, diftinguish the truth from a lye; if ye give credit to the ignorant, ye shall repent you. Know that the Apostle of God is among you ; ye shall offend God, if ye obey unbelievers in many things; God willeth that ye embrace his Law, it shall rejoyce your hearts, and make ye to abhor difobedience and impiety : fuch as abhor it, are ftedfaft in their faith, through his speciall grace, he knoweth them, and is most wife. If two Nations, or two Provinces, of fuch as believe in God are at odds, reconcile them ; if the one do injury to the other, fight against him that is unjust, until he repaire what God hath ordained ; if he make reparation, reconcile them with equity; be just, God loveth them that do justice to his people · all those that believe in his Law, are brethren; make peace among your brethren, and fear God, he shall give you his mercy. Oye that believe! fcorn not your neighbour, peradventure that he shall one day be of better value then

322

you,

Chap. 49. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

you. Oye women ! fcorn not others, perhaps they shall one day be more worth then you. Utter no reproaches, and give no name to your neighbour that may difplease him ; call him by his name, otherwife ye will difobey God : fuch as repent not, are exceedingly too blame. Oye that believe in God ! take heed of evil thoughts, these are oftentimes in the number of fins; do no displeasure to your neighbour, and speak to each other nothing that may difpleafe : who among you would eat the flefh of his dead brother ? ye fhall abhor it ; fear therefore God, who is gracious and merciful to fuch as have his fear before their eyes. O people! we created you male and female; we have caufed to iffue out of your loyns people and Nations ; ye know each other, but your greatest honour is, to fear God, he knoweth you, and understandeth all your secrets. Some among the Arabians have faid, we believe; Say unto them, fay not we believe, but fay, we are obedient, otherwife faith shall not enter into your hearts ; if ye obey God and his Prophet, ye shall be recompenced for your good works, God is gracious and merciful to them that obey his Commandments. Such as are beloved of God, believe in his Unity, and in his Prophet, they doubt not of his Law, and imploy their perfons and wealth for the propagation of the faith. Say unto them, know ye not that your Law proceedeth from God? he knoweth what foever is in the heavens and earth, he knowethall. They think to do thee a pleasure in faving them, Say unto them, believe not that ye pleasure me, for it is God that guideth you into the way of falvation ; ye ought fo to believe it; God knoweth all that is in the heavens and earth, and beholdeth what soever ye do.

Y 2

CHAP.

324 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 50.

CHAP. L.

The Chapter of the Thing Judged, containing fourty five Verses, Written at Mecca.

Mahomet hath intituled this Chapter with the letter Kaf of the Arabique Alphabet, which fignifieth in this place, Kda el mer, that is to say, the thing judged; See Gelaldin, and Bedaoi, who have intituled this the Chapter of fudgment, or the thing judged. Many Mahometans say likewise, that Kaf is a mountain that environeth the world, and that Mahomet swore by that mountain.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by the Alcoran, worthy of praise, that the inhabitants of Mecca wonder that a man of their Nation teacheth them the torments of hell; they fay, that he speaketh strange things. What, fay they, shall we die? shall we be earth, and return into the world? Behold a very ftrong return! We know affuredly what the earth will do withus, we have a book, wherein all is written; they impugne the known truth, and are in a great confusion: See they not heaven above them, how we have built it ? how we have adorned it? and how there is no defect? We have extended the earth, raifed the mountains, and caufed all forts of fruits to fpring forth, for a fign of our omnipotencie. We have fent the bleffed rain from heaven, made gardens to produce grain, pleafing to the Reapers, and Date trees, exceeding each other in height, to enrich our creatures. We have given life to the dead, drie, and barren earth; fo shall the dead come out of their sepulchres. The people of Noahs time, those that inhabited neer the Well, Temod, Pharoah, the fellow-citizens of Lot ; they that dwelt in the Forrest, and people of King Teba, did heretofore traduce our Prophets, and felt the punishment denounced against Infidels. Was it a trouble to us to create men at first ? nevertheless they are in doubt if they shall rife again. We created man without difficulty,

Teba was a King of Liemen. See Bedaoi.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 50.

difficulty, we know the motions of his foul, and penetrate into his heart, as the bloud into the veins of his body. O man ! think upon the day that thou shalt fee thy good and evil Angel near thee, at the right hand, and on thy left, they have observed and written all that thou hast done represent to thy felf death before thine eyes, it is inevitable :' Think on the Angel that shall found the Trumpet at the day of the Refurrection ; that day shall the wicked behold what was promifed them, and all men shall come before God to be judged. Their guardian Angels shall conduct them, and be the witness of their deportments : It shall he faid to the Infidels, behold the day of which ye would have no thoughts; we have now opened your eyes, ye shall fee this day more hard then iron; their guardian Angels shall fay unto them, behold here before your eyes all that ye have done ; cast into hell those obstinate Infidels that have hindred their neighbour to do good, that have offended in doubting of Gods Law, and have affirmed there was another god with God; cast them into the most grievous torments. Then shall the devil fay to them, Lord, I did not feduce them, they feduced themselves; God shall fay, dispute not before me, what was heretofore promised you is infallible, my Word admitteth no alteration, and I will do injustice to none. God shall ask at the day of Judgment, if hell be full ? it shall answer, is there any more ? Paradife is prepared for the righteous, who shall have the fear of God before their eyes, it is promifed to them that shall be converted, that shall obey the Commandments of his divine Majestie, and persevere in their obedience. It shall be said to them, enter ye into Paradife, exempt from all evil; behold the eternal day, ye shall have all that ye shall defire, and more. How rich and powerfull Cities have we in times past destroyed ? their inhabitants fought in their Countries places of retreat, and escaped not the punishment of their crimes ; this ought to serve for example to them that comprehend it, to them that hear it, and to fuch that faw it. Certainly we created in fix dayes, without difficulty, the heaven and earth, and all that is between them. Persevere, be not impatient for the words of unbelievers, Y 3

exalt the glory of thy Lord before the Sun go down, and before it rife; pray to thy Lord at the entrance of the night, the laft of all fhall be worthip. Hearken when the Angelfhall call thee to generall Judgment; that day fhall all the world hear the Trumpet; the people fhall come out of their fepulchres, and earth fhall open before the eyes of men. I give life and death, and all the world fhall be affembled before me to be judged. This affemble is eafie for me to accomplifh; I know what the wicked fay, thou fhalt not caufe them by force to embrace my Law: teach it those that fear the torments prepared for Infidels.

CHAP.' LI.

Gelaldin and The Chapter of Things differsed, containing fixty Verses, writ-Fallyredininticle this

the Chapter of things that disperse.

226

TN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by the winds that disperse the dust, by the clouds charged with rain, by the thip that runneth upon the waters, and by them that divide the wealth of the earth ; that what hath been promised to you is true, and that the day of Judgment is infallible. I fwear by heaven, and the stars thereof, that ye are in an exceeding great error; God expelleth lyars far from him, he curfeth them that blaspheme, and such as believe not in the Refurrection : They ask, when thall be the day of Judgment? That day shall they be punished in the fire of hell. It shall be faid unto them, tafte the torments that ye have with impatience demanded. They who had the fear of God before their eyes, shall bein gardens, adorned with fountains, they shall enjoy the pleasures prepared for them by God, because they are righteous; they fleep very little by night, implore pardon of God at the dawning of the day, and give alms to the poor that beg, and the poor that are bathful. God manifesteth on the earth, and in your perfons the figns of his omnipotency ; confider ye not that what is promifed to you is written in heaven?

God

Chap. 51. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

God is Lord of heaven and earth, he is truth it felf, will ye not confels him ? did the Angels conveigh to thee the books of Abraham? When they entred into his house, they faluted him; he likewise faluted them, made figns to his servants to bring a fat calfe roasted, which he presented to them; he said unto them, wherefore do ye not eat ? and was afraid in his minde, of their coming : They faid, fear not, we are the Meffengers of God; they declared to him that he should have a son, that thould be a great perfonage. Then his wife drew near, crying with a loud voyce, and fmiting her face, faid, one that is barren beareth no childe; they faid, the thing shall come to passas we have spoken, thy Lord ordaineth what pleaseth him, and knoweth all. Abraham faid unto them. Oye Messengers of GodI what is your defign? they replied, we are fent from God to deftroy the Cities inhabited by the wicked, and caft upon them stones of fire, whereon are inscribed the names of them that they shall strike : we will cause all the righteous to depart from among them; if we finde there but one family of righteous, we will there leave an example to posterity for them that fear the torments of hell. Moses is a fign of our omnipotency ; we fent him to Pharoah with reasons clear and intelligible, he despised my Commandments, and faid, that Mofes was a Magician, and posseffed of the devil, but we surprised him, and drowned his people, to his great difpleafure ; Aad is an example of our omnipotency : we fent an impetuous winde against those wicked people that destroyed them. Temod is an example of our omnipotency, with his Nation ; they waxed proud, and refifted the Commandments of their Lord ; when it was faid to them, that the punishment of the wicked was deferred to another time, but thunder furprised them, they faw it, they had not the power to stand on their feet, and were deprived of protection. The people of Noahs time are an example of our omnipotency, we destroyed them, because they were impious : we built heaven with strength and vertue; I am he that giveth power and ftrength ; we extended the earth, and created of every thing, male and female; perhaps ye will con-Say unto them, turn ye to God; I am fent from him fider it. Y A

328 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 52.

1

to preach to you the pains of hell: believe not that God hath another God with him; the wicked faid heretofore, that the Prophets and Apoftles whom he fent, were Magicians, and poffeffed of the devil: have they recommended to their pofterity to do the like? Certainly they are in a great error. Separate thy fell far from their company, and be not troubled at what they fay; preach the *Alcoran*, it is profitable to the righteous; I did not create the devils and men but to worfhip me. Say unto them, I require nothing of unbelievers for inftructing them; I require not that they nourifh me, God enricheth whom he pleafeth, he is omnipotent; the wicked fhall be chaftifed as heretofore have been their predeceffors, in their malice, their time fhall come, and mifery fhall befall them at the day of Judgment.

CHAP, LII.

The Chapter of the Mountain, containing thirty nine Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Mountain, upon which God spake to Moses, by what is contained in the book written in parchment, by the first Temple of Mecca, by the arches of the heavens, and by the fea full of water, that God is one fole God, and the punishment promifed to unbelievers is infallible, they shall not be able to efcape it in the day when the heaven that tremble, and the mountains shall walk; that day shall be unhappy to the incredulous, they shall be Precipitated in the fire of hell; it shall be faid to them, behold the flames that ye defpifed ; is this Magick ? See ye it not ? enter, have patience, or ye will despaire; ye shall be chastifed after your demerits. They that shall have the fear of God before their eyes, shall be in delicious gardens, which God hath prepared for them, and shall be delivered from the pains of hell ; It shall be faid unto them, drink and eate at your pleasure, for recompense of your good works:

Chap. 52. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

works; they shall repose upon beds well ordered, we will marry them to wives that shall have fair eyes, they shall be attended of their family, and be largely rewarded for their good works; every good action shall be to them a degree of happines; We will give them fuch fruits and Vines as they shall defire; they shall prefent to each other the cup to drink, they shall not speak an evill word, and shall not fin; they shall have pages about them for their fervice, beautifull as pollished pearls, they shall discourse among them, concerning what they did before on Earth, and fay, We were in the world, we and our families, with a great apprehension of the pains of hell, but God hath gratified us, he hath delivered us from eternall flames. They shal fay morever, we worfhipped in the world but one God, most just, and most mercifull. Remember thou to preach the Alcoran; thou art not ingratefull for the grace of God, thou art not posseffed of the Devill ; will they fay that thou art a Poet, a Rimer? that nothing must be expected from thee but fables of past Ages? Say unto them, ye expect the time of my destruction, but I with you, expect the time of your [ruine.] Do their superiors command them to speak in this manner? Will they be obstinate in their errors? Will they fay, that Mahomet hath invented the Alcoran? Certainly they are incredulous, let them bring any discourse like to this book, in Doctrine and Eloquence, if what they affirm be true. Were they created of any thing ? have they created any thing ? have they created themselves? have they created the Heavens and the Earth? Certainly they are incredulous : Have they in their power the treasures of thy Lord ? are they Gyants? Have they a ladder, that may raife them to hear what is spoken in Heaven? Let them produce fome reason of their opinion; Believe ye that God hath daughters, and that ye have fonnes? Will ye require of him a Salary for obeying his Law? Is he your debtor? The wicked are lyars; do they know what shall be? do they write it ? Defire they to conspire against thee ? The wicked often conspire against the righteous, that worship but one God : Praised be God, he hath no companion ; If the Infidels

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 53.

1

should fee a piece of the Heaven to fall, they would fay, it is a cloud driven by the windes ; leave them in their obstinacy, untill they come to the day of their death, that day shall their confpiracy be vain, and they deprived of protection : They likewise shall be punished before their death, but the greateft part know it not. Have patience, and expect the Judgment of God, thou shalt foon fee it ; I will protect thee, and thou shalt not want help; Praise thy Lord, exalt his glory when thou shalt rife, praise him in the night, and before the Stars disappear.

CHAP. LIII.

The Chapter of the Starre, containing fixty Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by I the Star that disappeareth, that your friend Mahomet erreth not, he speaketh nothing of his own, he speaketh but what hath been inspired into him by the omnipotent, and most bountifull God. The Angell approached him in the higheft place of Heaven, within the length of two bowes, and fomewhat nearer; God hath inspired into him, what he hath infpired into his fervant, who altered nothing of what hath been infpired into him. He hath spoken what he hath seen, and in what form the Angel was. Dispute not against him, concerning what he faw ; he another time faw the Angel in Appletree at heaven, near to the Tree that is at the right fide of Gods the right fide throne; and although that tree was covered with that which of the throne covered him, his fight was not dazled, and he is not in error. Certainly he hath seen the great wonders of his Lord : Have ye confidered Alat, Az, and Menat, those three Idols? Will ye fwear that God hath daughters, and that ye have its branches, fonnes? Ye will make a falle oath, and shall be in a manifest error ; Those Idols have nothing but the names which your fathers and you have given them, God hath not commanded vou

The Turks believe that there is an of God, and that none can ascend higher then no not the Angels. See Gelaldin.

Chap. 53. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

you to worship them, ye follow only your passions, remote from the truth, God teacheth you the way of Salvation by the mouth of his Prophet ; doth man obtain from Idols what he required of them? God is God in the beginning, and the end; How many Angels be there in Heaven, whose prayers are unprofitable, if God doth not accept them? They that believe not in the day of Judgment, fay, that Angels are maidens, they underftand not what they fay ; they fpeak through opinion, and that opnion is not conformed to truth. Depart thou farre from them that reject our Law, and defire only the goods of the Earth, and are ignorant of all other things. Thy Lord knoweth them that goe aftray from the right way, and fuch as follow the path of Salvation ; all that is in the Heavens, and Earth, is Gods, he shall chastife the wicked, and reward the juft. He pardoneth their veniall finnes, who flie See Gelaldin. finnes mortall, he is exceeding mercifull. He knoweth that he Great and hath created you of Earth, and that he formed you in your small sins. mothers womb. Extoll not your felves, he knoweth fuch as have his fear before their eyes. Hast thou seen him that abandoned the faith? a little wealth was given him, and nothing more; doth he know what must befall him ? hath he knowledg of what is to come ? will he not learn what is written in the books of Moses, and Abraham ? to wit, that none shall bear the burden of another; man shall have but what he shall have gained; he shall in the end see his labour be rewarded after his works, and all shall appear in the prefence of thy Lord. He it is that causeth to laugh and mourn, to live and to dye ; he created the male and female of every thing, he giveth and taketh away mans foul, when he lifteth ; he is most rich, and hath no want of any perfon. He is the Lord of the Planet, which men adored. He destroyed Aad, and Temod, drowned the people of Noah, who were most erroneous and unjust, overthrew the City of Lot, and covered it with burning stone. In whom will they believe, if they believe not in thy Lord? This Prophet is fent to preach to you the pains of hell, as did the other Prophets that were before you; The day of Judgment approacheth, and none but God. knoweth

- Tak

332 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.54.

knoweth when it will come ; wonder ye at this difcourse? Ye fcoffe, and lament not when ye are spoken to, but ye shall be surprized in your sin, if ye humble not your selves before God, neither worship him.

CHAP. LIV.

The Chapter of the Moon, containing fifty five Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. The day of Judgment approacheth, the Moon was divided into two parts, nevertheless Infidels believe not miracles when they fee them; they fay that this is Magick, they lie, and follow but their passion, but all is written. The history of past Ages, full of falutory counfels, was preached to them ; nevertheless Preachers were to them unprofitable ; Depart thou far from them, when they shall be called to the universall Judgment, which they will not believe; that day shall their eyes be troubled with fear ; they shall come out of the Earth, difpersed, like frighted grass hoppers, they shall flock to him that shall summon them to Judgment, and shall say, behold here a day, unhappy for the wicked. The people heretofore belyed Noah, and faid, that he was poffeffed of the Devill, Noah exhorted them, and invoked his Lord; in the end, he faid, that his ftrength was gone, and that he was overcome through the malice of men, then was he powerfully fuccored ; we opened the gates of the Heavens, and caufed an extraordinary rain to fall, we caufed Fountains to isfue forth from under the Earth, the water of Heaven and Earth were gathered together, and overwhelmed the Infidels, becaufe of their fins: We faved Naah in the Ark, well pinned, and chaulked, it floated upon the waters through our permiffion, to ferve for a token of our omnipotency; will any of the unbelievers of this time confider this? will they confider the punishment of their crimes, and the pains of Hell? We have

made

1 and

Chap.54. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

made the Alcoran casie to be understood, will there be any that study it ? The wicked that traduced Aad were chastifed, but with what chastifement ? We sent against them an impetuous wind, in a day to them unfortunate, that caufed men to fall like palmes rooted up, confider what was their punifhment; We have rendred the Alcoran intelligible, will there be any one that will studie it? Temod and his people traduced the Prophets, and contemned their exhortations; they faid, there is a man among us, who would feduce us from the right way, if ye follow him, he will lead you into Hell; was he alone elected among us to receive the inspirations of God? No, he is an Imposter ; but in the end, they knew them that were wicked, and lyars. We fent the Camell to prove the Infidels; their Prophet observed what they did, and was patient, the water was divided for them, and for the Camell, and each at his day found to drink, neverthelefs they called their companions, and flew the Camell of Salhe, but in what manner were they chastifed ? I darted thunder against them, which made them drie as chaffe; We have made the Alcoran ealie to be understood, will there be any to fludy it ? Lots Citizens traduced him, and despised his instructions; VVe sent against them an hot winde, with burning stones, that destroyed them, and we in the morning faved Lot, with his family, through our speciall grace ; thus do I recompense them that acknowledg my benefits. Lot had preached to them the pains of hell, we furprized them, when they difputed against his exhortations, they faw his guests enter into the City, in the figure of men; we blinded their fight, and faid, Tafte oh ye wicked ! the punifhment of your crimes; In the morning they were chastised with a perpetuall chastisement, because they despised the words of Lot. VVe have made the Alcoran intelligible, will there be any that will ftudy it? Certainly the men of Pharoah were preached unto; they would not obey my Law, and despised my miracles, but we surprized them in their finnes; Are the Infidels that are among you of more value then those that preceded them? Finde ye any Salvation for them in the Scripture? Will they fay they chall obtain -

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 55.

334

obtain victory over the believers? On the contrary, they are vanquifhed, and turn the back. Certainly the hour of their punifhment fhall fpeedily come, their time approacheth, and their pain in Hell fhall be greater then that of the Earth, they are wholy feduced from the way of Salvation, and fhall be dragged, and caft headlong into eternall flames. We have created all things by our fole power; we fpake but one word, and in the twinckling of an eye the thing was; we heretofore deftroyed a great number of Infidels like unto them, will there be any that confidereth it? All the good, and the evill that they have dome is exactly written. The righteous fhall dwell in pleafant gardens, they fhall drink in eternal rivers, they fhall not fpeak a lye in their affemblies, and fhall dwell eternally near to the moft majeftique and omnipotent God.

CHAP. LV.

The Chapter of the Mercifull, containing eighteen Verses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. The mercifull I hath taught the Alcoran ; he hath created man, and given him the use of reason; he created the Sun and the Moon to count feasons, the Stars and Trees adore him ; he hath elevated the Heavens, established Justice, and commanded to weigh with good weights ; he hath created the Earth for the habitation of men, with all forts of fruits, grain, and leaves; he created the winds and tempests : Oh men and Devils! what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? He created man of Earth, like a pot, and the Devils of the flame of fire; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord? He is the Lord of both the VVefts, and both the Eafts, what Lord do you blaspheme, but your own Lord? He maketh the fresh water to mingle with the falt, and the one eafily mingletl with the other; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord? he bringeth Pearls, and Corrall out of the Sea; what Lord

do

Chap. 55. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

335

* The iro-

do ye blapheme, but your own Lord ? he hath created the Ships that float upon the Sea, big as Mountains ; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord? All things shall have end, and the majestique and glorious face of thy Lord shall be permanent ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord ? V?hatfoever is in Heaven and in Earth, imploreth his grace, he is ever himfelf; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your owr Lord ? Oh ye men and Devils ! I will require an accompt of your actions ; what Lord will ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? Oh ye men and Devils ! pass the extremities of H:aven and Earth, goe beyond them if ye can, ye have not the jower; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? Ihe fend against you flames without fmoak, and fmoak without fire, ye cannot defend your felves ; what Lord do you blaffheme, but your own Lord ? When the heaven openeth, it relembleth a rofe, or a crimfon-coloured skin ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord ? The time will come, when an accompt shall be required from men and Devils of their finnes ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your Lord ? The wicled shall be known by their countenance, an accompt shall be required of their readiness and negligence ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord? Behold hell! which the wicked would not believe; they shall turn round about, aid round about, in boyling water, of which they Ihall drink ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord? Such as have had the fear of God before their eyes, shall enter into garlens, where the trees are covered with branches and leaves, adorned with Rivers and Fountains, with abundance of all forts of fruits; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? They thall repole upon fair beds, lined with Crimfon ; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? They fhall gather the fruits of this garden, to their contentment; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your own Lord ? They fhall there have wives, who shall not cast a look, but upon them, and whom no perfon, man, or Angel shall touch before them; what Lord do ye blaipheme, but your Lord? They shall refemble Corall and Rubies; what Lord do ye blafpheme, but your

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 56.

own Lord ? Good deeds are recompensed with good deeds ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord? There be vet other Gardens, wherein are herbs exceeding green, Rivers, Dates, Pomegranets, and all forts of fruits; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord ? There be in these Gardens women, who have eyes exceeding black, and bodies exceeding white, they are covered with pavillions, and none, either men, or Angels shall touch them before their husbands ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord? They shall repose upon green Carpets, near rivolets, bordered with flowers ; what Lord do ye blaspheme, but your own Lord ? Praised be the name of God thy Lord, honor and glory are due to him eternally.

CHAP. LVI.

The Chapter of Judgment, containing fourescore and nineteen Verses, written at Medina.

the Bleffed.

336

* Thefe are * The Prophets.

N the name of God, gracious and mercifull. The day of Judgment will come, none can deny it. That day shall many be afflicted and humbled, and many shall be elated, and rejoyced ; the Earth Ihall tremble, the Mountain open, and be difperfed like dust carryed away by the winde; ye shall be * These are present at that day, in a threefold manner; * Some shall have in their right hand the book, wherein shall be written all their actions. * Others shall have it in their left hand, and * fuch the Damned. as preceded them in wel doing, shall be the nearest to his divine Majesty, and the highest in Paradife ; there shall be a great number of the first Ages, and few of the latter; they fhall repose upon beds, adorned with gold, and precious ftones, they shall look upon each other ; young boyes shall goe about them with veffels, Cups, and Goblets, full of delicious drink, that (hall not offend the head, neither intoxicate them ; they shall have all the fruits that they can covet, and fuch vyands as they shall defire ; they shall have women

with

Chap. 56. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

337

with black eyes, and who shall be white as polished pearls, for recompense of their good works; they shall not hear an evill word spoken, they shall not fin, and shall hear perpetually the voyce of them that blefs them ; They that thall hold their book in their right hand, shall be near to an Apple-tree, fresh and without thorne, and near the Tree of * Muse, under a pleasant * Muse is a shadow, by flowing water, with store of fruits, of all seasons; fruit comthey shall use [them] with freedome, lying on delicious beds, mon in We have created the daughters of Paradife Virgins, and affer Egypt. fionate to their husbands, for the content of them that shall have in their right hands, the book of the accompt of their actions, and of many of those that were in the first Ages, and of many of fuch as shall be in the latter : Those that shall have their book of accompt in the left hand, shall be tormented with an exceeding hot winde, they shall drink boyling water, they shall be in a black, hot, and falt smoak, for that they were luxurious in the world, for that they were negligent to observe the Commandments of God, and continued in the enormity of their fins. The Infidels fay, what !... after death we shall be earth, and dust, and shall we rife again with our fathers aud predeceffors ? Say unto them, you, your Predeceffors , and posterity, shall all be affembled before God to be judged; Then, oh wicked Imposters ! shall ye eat of the fruit of the Tree* Zacon; ye shall fill your belly, ye * zacon is shall drink boyling water, and be daily altered; behold your the tree of condition at the day of Judgment. We created all of you; Hell. See Gelaldin. if ye believe it not, consider the wealth ye possesse; did you your felves create it? We have appointed that ye shall dye; we can if we please, put other creatures like unto you in your place, and metamorphize you into another forme, which ye know not; we caused the foul to enter into the body; if ye confider not this, think upon your tillage; do ye make the earth to bring forth fruits? or do I caufe them to fpring forth? If I will, I can render your fields drie as ftraw, without grain, nevertheless are ye proud; Ye say, what I shall our grain that we have fown be loft ? No, we will preferve it ; Confider the water that ye drink, have ye made it to fall from the

Z

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 57.

338

clouds ? or did we cause it to descend ? if we please, we can render it fo falt, that ye shall not be able to drink it, if ye acknowledg not this grace, confider the fire that ye kindle; did ve create the wood that burneth ? We created it, to put you in mind of the fire of hell, and for the profit of the people. Exalt the name of God moft mighty. I fwear by him that maketh the Stars to fall, (this is a great oath , if ye understandit,) that the Alceran is a book worthy of praise, all therein is written in good order, no person shall handle it, that is not clean and purified ; it is fent from God, Lord of the Universe; if ye renounce what is written in this book, ye shall be in the number of Infidels, and shall know the truth, when the foul thall forfake your body; I know this better then you, but ye do not confider it; if ye believe not to rife again, caule your foul to return into your body, when it shall be upon your lips; when a righteous man dyeth he shall finde reft, and all manner of contentment in the delights of Paradife, if he be of them that hold the book of the accompt of their works in the right hand, and shall be free from eternall paines : If he be in the number of Infidels, and feduced, he shall be precipitated into held; this is a most certain truth, Exalt the name of thy Lord omnipotent.

CHAP. LVII,

The strate way an ilentan

The Chapter of Iron, containing twenty nine Verses, Written at Medina.

In the name of God, gracious and mercifull. All that is in The heavens and earth, exalteth the glory of God, he is omnipotent and wife; the Kingdom of the heavens and earth is his, he giveth life and death to whom he pleafeth, he is without beginning, and without end, he knoweth all that men make manifelt, and whatfoever they keep fecret, he knoweth all things. He it is that created the earth, and the heavens in fix dayes, and fitteth on his throne, he knoweth whatfoever

entreth

Chap. 57. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

entreth into the earth, and all that cometh out, he knoweth whatfoever descendeth from heaven, and whatfoever ascendeth, he is with you in whatfoever place ye are, and feeth all your actions ; the Kingdom of the heavens and earth is his, and all things obey him ; He maketh the night to enter the day, and knoweth what is in the heart of men. Believe in God, and his Prophet, expend in pious works fome part of the wealch that he hath given you, he fhall give you more. Do good abundantly to them that believe in his Law ; wherefore will ye not believe in God, and his Apofile, who reacheth you the Commandments of your Lord ? Ye have promised him to embrace his Law ; he hath inspired his Commandments into his fervant, to bring you out of darknefs, and guide you into light, he is gracious and mercifull. Who hindreth you to make any expence for his glory ? The inhericance of the heavens and earth is his; Such as for his fervice have expended any thing before the taking of Merca, are not equall in merit to them that fought to conquer that City; they are far above them that fought not, and thall be prote-Red of his divine Majelty ; he promifeth Paradife to the righrecous, and knoweth all your actions. Who is he that finall lend to him any alms? he thall encrease his fabiliance, and give a great reward : Be thou mindfull of the day, when thou shalt fee those men and women that have obeyed my Commandments, with a light, that thall goe before them, it thall be faid to them, this day it is declared to you, that you shall enter into, and dwell eternally in Gardens, wherein flow many Rivers, and where ye shall finde supreme felicity. Be thou mindfull of the day that the wicked shall fay to the True believers, Behold us; caft your eye to our fide, that we may partake a little of your light. They shall fay unto them, return upon your steps to demand light. There is a place, betwixt them, that hath a fecret gate, full of grace, and repofe for the righteous, and without environed with milery for the wicked; they fhall call upon the righteous, and fay, were not we of your Religion? they fhall reply , yes, but ye betrayed your fouls, through difobedience; ye doubted of the Law

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 57.

Law of God, your blasphemies rendred you insolent, untill the hour of your death ; the Devill made you proud, and moved von to rife against the Commandments of his divine Majefty ; this day there is neither ranfome, nor favor for you; the fire of hell is the habitation of the wicked. Oh what an habitation ! Such as believe in God think it no trouble to humble their hearts at the remembrance of the Alcoran, and the truth that it containeth ; they are not like them that heretofore had the knowledg of the written Law, they have been a long time without Prophets, their hearts are hardned, and the greatest part of them have been impious. Know, that God reftoreth life to the earth after the death thereof ; we have taught you the mysteries of faith, peradventure ye will comprehend them ; God shall multiply the benefits that the righteous thall lend to him, and thall return them a great reward; Such as believe in God, and his Prophet, are righteous: Martyrs shall be recompensed of God , they shall be covered with light, and the wicked that difobey his Commandments shall be damned eternally ; the life of this world is but vanity, fport, and delufion, it is but pride ; the abundance of wealth, and children, is like to the rain, the wicked wonder at the plants that it produceth; in the end they wither, become yellow, and then are altogether drie ; The impious shall fuffer great torments, and the good shall enjoy the mercy of God ; the life of this world is but matter of pride,, implore pardon of God ; Paradife, large as heaven and earth, is prepared for them that shall beliove in his divine. Majeftie, and his Prophet, this is an immenfe grace, which he conferreth on whom he pleafeth. All the evil that ye fuffer on earth, in your goods and perfons, is written in a book, before it befall you ; it is an eafie thing to God ; to the end that ye afflict not your felves extraordinarily in your difpleasures, and that ye rejoyce not over-much in your contentments; God loveth not the proud, he hath not to do with the covetous, who recommend avarice to the people, and who neglect their duty. Praise is due to him, praise is due to him in all places; Certainly we fent our Meffengers with our Commandments,

Chap. 58. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

241

Commandments, we fent with them their Scriptures, and Ballance, that people might weigh with good weights. We gave iron to men, it cauleth great evils, and great good in the world. God knoweth them that fight with zeal for his Law and his Prophet, without feeing him, he is ftrong and omnipotent. We fent Noah and Abraham to instruct the people ; we instru-Aed their progeny in the Scripture ; fome followed the right way, and many difobeyed our Commandments; We fent after them our Prophets and Apostles ; we fent fefus the fon of Mary, we taught him the Golpel; we put civility, clemencie, and chaftity into the hearts of them that followed him ; we did not command them to keep virginity, they kept it of their own accord, because of their defire they had to please God; they have not observed their Law as they ought, many have been difobedient, but we have rewarded those among them that believed. Ove that believe in Jesus! fear God, and believe in his Prophet, ye shall have double the reward of Gods mercy, he shall pardon your fins, he is gracious and merciful : I teach you these things, to the end that such as have heretofore received the written Law, may know, that they have no power over the grace of God, he giveth it to whom he lifteth, certainly it is immenfe.

CHAP, LVIII.

The Chapter of the Dispute, containing twenty two Verses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. God hath heard the fpeech of her that diffuted with thee, concerning the action of her husband; the exhibited to him her complaints, he heareth all your difcourfes, he heareth and feeth all. No perfon among you thall fwear never to touch his wife no more then his mother; your wives are not your mothers; your mothers are those that conceived and brought you forth; they that fpeak in that maner, speak uncivily, but God is gracious, Z 3 and

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 58.

即

師加

R

1

間

朝

100

and merciful. He that shall have form to touch no more his wife, and shall defire (afterwards) to know her, shall give libety to a flave, for fatisfaction of his eath, before he touch her; this is commanded you, God knoweh all your actions : if he have not the power to free a flave, he shall fast two moneths together, before touching her; if hicannot faft, he shall give to fifty poor : thus ought ye to do, if re believe in God and his Prophet, God fo appointed it, and hath prepared great torments for them that transgress his Commandments. They that shall difobey him and the Prophet, shall be covered with fhame and ignominy, as were their predeceffors in impiety : God hath fent his Commandnents on earth, those who shall reject them, shall be feverely tornented at the day that he shall revive them, he shall declare to them all that they have done, he hath kept accompt, and they have forgotten it, he feeth all. Seeft thou not that all that is in the heaven and earth is Gods? If ye be three fecrely met together, he is the fourth; if ye be five, he is the fixth; if 'e be more or lefs, he is alwayes with you wherefoever you are He shall relate to men at the day of Judgment all that they have done, he knoweth all things. Seeft thou not the actions of them to whom private meetings were prohibited? they nturn to their fin, and do what was forbidden them; they affimble fecretly with malice to confpire against thee, and to dibbey thee; and when they come towards thee, they fay, that thou haft fpoken things that God hath not infpired thee to utter, they know in their fouls that God will chaftife them for their difcourfe, and that they all shall go into hell, where their Rendezvous is : Oh ye that believe ! make no private meeting: to offend God, to confpire against his Prophet, and to differ him; affemble ye to perform acts of vertue, and to ferveGod, have his fear before your eyes, ye shall one day appeare before his divine Majeftie to be judged. Private allemblies poceed from the devil, for the affliction of the righteous : he bingeth no evil upon them, but through Gods permiffion; and ill believers ought to refign themfelves to his divine Will. 0 ye that believe ! when ye shall be affembled with your Propiet, and are entreated to inlarge

Chap. 58. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

inlarge your felves, inlarge ye your felves, God shall inlarge to you his grace. When yeare bid to rife, rife, God shall raife up all the true believers that are among you, and place the learned fome degrees above others, he knoweth your actions. Oye that believe ! when ye shall be disposed to deliver any fecret to the Prophet, speak to him with truth, good shall befall you, and [he] shall purifie you : if ye fear to impart to him your fecret, God will not give you his grace. Make your prayers at the time appointed, diltribute tithes, obey God and his Prophet, God knoweth what ye do : Seeft thou not them that have abandoned his Law? the wrath of his divine Majefty is faln upon them, they are of different opinion in their lye, and know not that they lye, but he hath prepared for them a great punifhment, because of their blasphemies; they have concealed their faith, and are ieduced ; Certainly he hath prepared for them grievous pains, their wealth and their children shall not be able to deliver them from his indignation, they shall be precipitated into the fire of hell, where they shall abide eternally. Be thou mindfull of the day, when he will cause them to revive; they shall fwear, as they fwear before thee, that they believed in his Law ; they affirm they do good, and are lyars, the devil bath propossessed them, and bath made them forget the word of God; fuch as follow him are damned. They that transgress the wil of God; and that of his Prophet, are overcome of the devil: God hath faid in the Scriptures, thou thalt not obtain victory over me, neither over my Prophet, he is omnipotent, and alway victorious; thou shalt finde none of them that believe in his Liw, and the day of Judgment, that doth not exactly observe the Commandments of his divine Majefty, and those of his Prophet, although their fathers, their children, their brethren, ind companions oppose them. God hath imprinted faith in their hearts, he hath frengthened them, through his Spirit, and shall cause them to enter into gardens, wherein flow many rivers where they shall abide eternally : he shall be fatisfied with their obedience, and they shall be content with his grace. Such as shall obey his Commandments shall CHAP. be happy. Z 4

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 59.

CHAP. LIX.

The Chapter of Exile, containing twenty four Verses, Written at Medina.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful : Whatfoever is in the heavens and earth, exalteth the glory of God, he is omnipotent and wife; he it is that hath exiled the wicked from among them that have knowledg of the written Law; when he the first time exiled them, ye believed not that they should depart from their houses; ye believed that their cittadels would defend them from his punishment, but he furprized them, and did caft terrour into their hearts, and they deftroyed their dwelling places with their own hands, to affift the true believers. O ye that are wife! confider their end. If God had not appointed them to quit their Countrey, he had chaftifed them in fome other maner; they in the end shall fuffer the pains of hell fire, because they have disobeyed his Commandments, and his Propher; he that shall disobey him, shall be severely chastifed : ye cut not Palm trees, and leave none ftanding, but through Gods permiffion ; he covereth with shame and infamy them that difobey him. He commandeth you to give to the Prophet a part of the fpoyl that ye shall gain from your enemies, as well of Horses and Camels, as of other spoils; he endueth him with power and authority over whom he pleafeth, he is omnipotent. He enjoyneth you to give to the Prophet a part of what ye shall conquer over them of the City of Mecca; he commandeth what pleafeth him. Give a share to God, to the Prophet, his Parents, Orphans, the poor, and pilgrims, that no diforder may arife among you that are rich ; perform what the Prophet shall command you, abstain from what he shal prohibit you, and fear God, he is fevere in his chastifements : do good to the poor, that have forfaken their faculties and houses, and separated themfelves from the wicked, for the fervice of God, and to defend his Law and his Prophet. They that before them forfook their houses for the service of God, affect those that have followed

See Kitab el tenoir.

Chap. 59. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

lowed them, they bear them no malice for the wealth they poffefs, although they themfelves are neceffitous. They that are not avaritious, shall be happy ; fuch as shall fuceeed them, shall pray for them, and fay, Lord, pardon our fins, and our brethren, that were our predeceffors in the observance of thy Commandments; infuse no malice into our hearts against them that follow thy Law, thou art gracious and merciful : Seeft thou not, that the wicked fay to their brethren, wicked as themselves, had ye not so soon left Medina, we had gone out with you, and had never obeyed him whom ye have obeyed ; had ye fought, we had defended you; God feeth that they are impious; had they delayed to go forth, they fhould not have gone forth with them ; had they fought, they would not have fuccoured them, they had turned the back, and had found no , protection ; they fear men more then God, because they are ignorant. [The fems] shall not fight against you together, unless in their fortreffes, and behind walls ; the war among them is cruel, but think not that they may assemble and unite themfelves, their hearts are divided because they are ignorant, they are like their predeceffors, who were chaftifed and flain, and shall suffer great torments at the day of Judgment; they are like to him whom the devil hath feduced, and faid to him; I am innocent of thine impiety, I fear God, Lord of the Universe; the end of both is to be cast headlong into the fire of hell, where they shall abide eternally; such is the reward of the wicked. Oye that believe ! fear God, and confider what ye shal do at the day of Judgment; fear God, he knoweth what soever ye do; be not like to those that forget his Commandments, he forgetteth them, and they continue in the number of the damned, they shall be most miferable ; and such as shall go into Paradife (hall be bleffed. If we should make the Alcoran to descend upon a mountain, it will open it self, with the fear it will have of the Word of God. Thus do I speak in parables to the people, peradventure they will be converted. There is but one only God, who knoweth what is prefent, future, and past, he is gracious and merciful; there is but one God, King of all things : He is holy, the deliverer, true, the punisher, ftrong,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 60

346

powerful, glorious. Praised be God, he hath no companion, he is God the Creator, who hath formed whatsoever is in the world, all glorious attributes are due to him; whatsoever is in heaven and earth, exalt his glory, he is omnipotent and wife.

CHAP. LX.

The Chapter of Triall, containing eighteen Verfes, Written at Mecca.

Some Mahometan Doctors have intituled this the Chapter of Vocation, because it entreateth of Women that forsook their husbands, to follow the Law of Mahomet, who appointed to try their hearts, intention, and to know their Vocation.

TN the name of God, gracious and meaciful. O ye that believe 1 obey not mine, nor your enemies; ye fhew kindnefs to them when ye meet them ; neverthelefs they reject the truth that hath been fent unto them, and chafe away the Prophet and you alfo, and that, because ye believe in God your Lord; Seek not their friendship; when ye fight against them for my Law, I know what ye ought to fear, and ye know it not; he that shall do what is here above prohibited, followeth an evil way; if they have advantage over you, they will be your enemies, they will firetch forth their hands and tongues against you, they will revile you, and defire that ye may renounce your faith ; if ye do it, ye shall have no content in your wives or children at the day of Judgment, ye shall be feparated from them, and God shall behold all your actions : ye have a fair example in Abraham, and them that were with him, when they faid to the people, we are innocent of the fin that ye commit, in worthipping any other God but God; .4braham faid to his father, I will not implore pardon of God for thee, I am not able to deliver thee from his punishment, if thou

Chap. 60. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

thouart an Idolater ; Lord, all our confidence is in thee, our refuge is in thy mercy ; protect not unbelievers against us, pardon our fins, thou art merciful and wife; ye have in them a fair example for them that fear God, and apprehend the day of Judgment. God hath not to do with them that obey Infidels, neither hath he need of any perfon, and praife is due to him in all places ; peradventure he will establish for the future great amity between you and them that ye hate, he is omnipotent, gracious, and merciful ; he doth prohibite you the conversation of them that fight nor against you for his faith, and that expel you not from your houses, he doth not forbid you to do them justice, he loveth the just; He forbiddeth you to converfe with them that fight against your faith, that drive you from your houses, and aide to expell you ; he prohibiteth you to obey them, and to contract amity with them; fuch as obey them, thall be exceedingly too blame. O ye that beleeve in God ! when the wives of your enemies thall throw themfelves into your party, trie their confcience ; if ye know them to be faithful, and to believe in the Law of God, reftore them not to the incredulous Infidels, it is not lawfull for them to know them, neither for the women to teach them ; give them subsistance, ye shall not fin in espousing them: marry them not after the laws of unbelievers ; demand of them what dowry they require ; they shall demand of you what ye are willing to beftow on them ; continue in accord, God fo commandeth, he shall be your Judg at the day of Judgment, he knoweth all your actions, and is most wife. If your wives revolt to the party of unbelievers, and ye suffer any damage, ye shall repaire that damage to him that faffereth, out of the booty that ye shall conquer; fear God, and believe in the Law of his divine Majesty. O Prophet ! when women shall defire ro embrace thy Religion, with firm purpose to believe in one only God, not to steal, neither to commit adultery, neither to murther their children, to lye, blafpheme, or be difobedient, receive them, implore pardon of God for them, he is gracious and merciful. O ye that believe ! obey not them against whom God is angry, they despaire of their falvation, as the wicked

348 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 61.

wicked difpaired, that died heretofore in their impiety.

CHAP. LXI.

The Chapter of Array, containing fourteen Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praise God all that is in heaven and earth, he is omnipotent and wife. Ove that believe! fay not that ye do that which ye do not, God abhorreth them that fay they do what they do not, and loveth them that fight in rank and file for his Law, like to a ftrong wall. Remember thou that Mofes faid to his people, ve shall do me no harm, ye shall know in the end that I am the Meffenger of God; but God feduced them from the right way, when they departed from obedience to his Commandments, he guideth not the wicked. Remember thou that Jefus, the fon of Mary, faid to the children of Ifrael, I am the Meffenger of God, he hath fent me to confirm the old Teftament, and to declare to you that there shall come a Prophet after me, whose name shall be Mahomet. When he came with miracles, reafons most intelligible, and arguments infallible, they faid that he was a Magician; who is more impious then he that blafphemeth against God? The Infidels would extinguish with their mouth the light of faith, but God shall make it manifest against their will; he hath fent his Prophet to guide the people into the way of falvation, to teach them the truth of his Law, and make it more evident then all other Laws of the world, against the will of Infidels. Oye that believe ! Will ye that I reach you one thing, that shall deliver you from the pains of hell? Believe in God, and in his Prophet ; imploy your wealth and perfons in fighting for his Law; ye shall do exceeding well, if ye have knowledg to understand it, God shall pardon your offences, he shall cause you to enter into gardens, wherein flow many rivers; he shall cause you to go into the beautiful

Chap. 62. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

349

beautifull Palaces of *Eden*, where is fupreme felicity; he fhall confer upon you yet another grace, which ye defire, viz: vi**t**ory over your enemies. Oh ye that believe 1 maintain the Law of God; Jefus, the Son of *Mary*, faid to his Apoftles, who will maintain the Law of God with me? he fhall be fupported, and protected of God. The Apoftles anfwered, we will maintain it; One part of the Children of Ifrael believed in Jefus, and another rejected his Law; we gave fuccor to them that believed againft their enemies, and they were victorious.

CHAP. LXII.

The Chapter of the Assembly, containing eleven Verses, written at Medina.

N the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praife God I all that is heaven and earth, praife the King, holy, majestique, and omnipotent, who hath fent his Prophet, an Arabian by Nation, to preach his Commandments to the Arabians, to purifie them, to teach them the Scriptures, and mysteries of faith, they were before feduced from the right way. They that shall come after them, shall not see a Prophet equal to him, this is a speciall grace of God, the omnipotent and wife : he conferreth it on whom he lifteth, and his graces are immenfe. They that preach the old Testament and perform not what it enjoyneth, are like to an Afs charged with books; Such are they that difobey the Commandments of God ; he guideth not the impious. Oh ye Jews ! believe not your felves to be the beloved of God, expect death, ye shall understand your error ; they believe not that they shall be chastifed for their fins, but God beholdeth all the unjust: Say unto them, ye shall finde one day the death that ye flie ; ye be sent back before God, who knoweth what is prefent past, and to come ; he shall set before you all that ye have done, to be judged. Oh ye that believe ! when ye are called to the affembly of Friday,

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 62.

350

Friday, to make your prayers, pray, and quit your trade; this thall be a good act, if ye understand it ; when you thall have finished your prayers; separate your felves, goe whither you pleafe, and beg of God his grace, call frequently to minde his divine Majesty, and ye shall be happy. When the Infidels faw any thing of profit, or any divertisement, they forfook thee, and went out from the Sermon; bay unto them, how great riches and delights are there with God? he is the Rich of the rich.

CHAP. LXIII.

The Chapter of the Wicked, containing twelve Verses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. When the wicked thall come to vilit thee, they will fay, that they are witnesses, that thou art a Prophet sent from God ; He well knoweth that thou art his Propher, he feeth that they diffemble, and fell their faith to enjoy wealth in the world, wherein they commit evill; they fay with the mouth, we believe in the Law of God, and are impions in their fouls, impiety is imprinted in their hearts, and they will not learn the mysteries. of faith; The beauty of their bodies shall not displease thee, when those that fee them; they erect themfelves when they fpeak, and refemble a piece of wood fet up against a wall; they fear all rumors that flie abroad, and are your enemies. Beware of them, doubtless God will destroy them ; how can they blaspheme against his Law? When it was faid to them, Come to the Prophet, he shall beg pardon of God for your. fins, they thook the head, and withdrew with pride ; milery is upon them; whether thou implore pardon for them, or doft not implore it, God will not pardon them, he abhorreth the wicked. They fay, do no good to them that follow that Propher of God, untill they abandon him; the treasures of heaven and earth are Gods, but they comprehend

Chap. 64. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

prehend it not; They fay, if we return to the City of Medina, we will drive thence fhame and infamie, and will there eftablifh greatness and honor; on the contrary, greatness power; and victory proceed from Cod, his Prophet, and them that believe in his Law, but Infidels understand it not. Oh ye that believe in God ! your riches and your children ought not to feduce you from his fervice; fuch as shall forfake it, shall be in the number of the damned; give alms of the wealth that he hath given you, before the hour of your death arrive; Then shall the wicked fay, Lord, if thou hads not fo foon caused me to die, I had embraced thy Law; God retardeth not the day of any one, when the hour is come; he knoweth all that ye do.

CHAP. LXIV.

The Chapter of Deceipt, containing eighteen Verses, written at Mecca.

Nthe name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praife God whatfoever is in heaven and earth, he is King of all things, praise is due to him, he is omnipotent; He it is that hath created you; Some observe his Commandments, and others are unbelievers, he beholdeth all your actions. He created the heavens and the earth, he formed you, and ye fhall be one day affembled before him to be judged; he knoweth all that is in heaven and earth, he understandeth your fecrets, and what ye publish, he is not ignorant of what is in the hearts of men. Have ye not heard what did heretofore befall the wicked? They were punished, they dyed in their misery, and in the end shall suffer grievous torments, because God hath sent them Prophets to instruct them, and they faid, what ! shall a man like our felves teach us the right way? They despiled them, and forfook the Law of God; he hath not to do with them, neither hath he need of the world, praise is due to him in all places ; do the wicked believe that they shall

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 64.

See Kitab el tenoir.

352

not rife again ? Contrariwife, God shall make them to revive, and shall declare to them all that they have done; this thing is easie to his divine Majesty ; Believe in God, his Prophet, and the light that he hath fent you, he knoweth all vour actions. Remember thou the day, when he shall fummon all to Judgment, this shall be the day of Deceipt ; they fhall be known that have deceived themfelves, and those that have deluded their neighbours. That day their fins shall be pardoned, that that have believed in his unity, & have done good works, they shall dwell eternally in Gardens, wherein flow many Rivers ; the Infidels that despise his Commandments (hall be precipitated into hell, where they shall burn eternally. No evill befalleth you, but through Gods permiffion; he giveth patience to him that believeth in his divine Majefty, and knoweth all. Obey God and his Prophet; if ye obey him not, know, that the Prophet of God is obliged only to preach the truth of faith ; there is but one God, all True-believers refign themselves to his divine will. Oh vee that believe ! ye have children, and wives, that are your enemies, beware of their malice, if ve pardon them; if ve depart from them, God shall be to you gracious and mercifull. Wealth, and children do often hinder you to obey God; but know, that he rewardeth abundantly the righteous ; fear him with all your power, hearken to his Commandments, obey him, give alms, he that is not avaricious shall be bleffed ; if ye lend any thing to God, he shall cause it to multiply, he shall pardon your fins, he accepteth the acknowledgment of his benefits, and is most mercifull. He knoweth what is present, past, and future, is omnipotent and wife. All to the more isotrated and day by Barro a contract what did burgering the strated

Grand Barry

them. It optices to infertif them, and they faid, what I than

on or test first ad , had to well all zooned bCHAP. while change and the boar of the board and while

May a strange the state

Chap. 65. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. LXV.

The Chapter of Divorce, containing eighteen Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. Oh Prophet ! when ye repudiate your wives, repudiate them, following the ordinances and Lawes, and reckon the time that they ought to tarrie before they marry again ; Fear God your Lord, caufe them not to depart their houses, neither expell them before the time appointed, if they be not taken in adultery ; Such are the Ordinances of God, he that shall transgress them, shall do injurie to himfelf, peradventure God will enjoyn fomething concerning them, of which ye are ignorant. When the time that they ought to tarrie shall be finished, retain, or dismisse them with civility; ye shall take perfons of your Religion, honeft men, that shall be witnesses of your actions, depose with truth what ye have feen ; it is fo appointed to them that believe in God, and the day of Judgment. God shall deliver from affliction him that thal have his fear before his eyes, and thal enrich him, when he least thinks of it ; He that shall trust in him, shall not be deceived, he doth what he pleafeth, and hath appointed a prefixed time to every thing. If the women hope no more to have their moneths, and doubt that they are mifreckoned, they shall tarrie three moneths, before they marry again, if they be not Nurses; if they be with child, ye shall abitain till their delivery ; whofoever feareth God, rejoyceth in the obfervance of his Commandments. What is above is ordained of God ; he shall pardon their fins, that have his fear before their eyes, and give them an exceeding great reward. Caufe them that ye repudiate, to dwell in your houfes, or near to you, abuse them not; If they be with childe allow them what shal be neceffary for them, untill they shall be delivered ; if they defire to nurse their children, ye shall give them an honest salarie, and entreat them with civility and curtefie ; if ye like not this, ye shall cause them to be nursed by another, whose pains ye thall Aa

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 66.

354

shall reward. If ye be not wealthy, you shall allow according to your power; God doth not enjoyn any one to expend more then his ability permitteth, he shall give you good after evill; how many have been the Cities that have heretofore difobeyed the Commandments of God, and of his Prophets? We have kept an exact accompt of their fins, their Inhabitants have been chastifed, and thall be in the end, in the number of the damned ; God hath prepared for them grievous torments. Oh ye that are wife ! fear God, he hath fent you the Alcoran; he hath fent you a Prophet, to teach you the mysteries of his Law, to lead you out of darkness, and to guide into light them that shall believe in him, and do good works : he shall open to them the Gate of Paradife, wherein flow many Rivers, where they shall dwell eternally, with all manner of content. God ! He it is, that created the feven heavens, and as much of earth, and ordaineth among them what pleafeth him, to the end ye may know that he is omnipotent, and knoweth all things. and Ba may heather and the sale of

-du montravilab lindi bod anamahal ing al anabas. CHAP. LXVI.

The Chapter of Prohibition, containing twelve Verses, Written at Medina.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. Oh Prophet 1 prohibit not for the contentment of thy wives, to do that which God hath permitted thee, he is gracious and merciful; he hath appointed to do what is permitted by your Law, he is your Lord, is omnifcient and moft wife. When the Prophet went to vifit one of his wives, God revealed to him, what the defired to fay to him, he approved one part, and rejected the other; when he told his wife what was in her will to fpeak to him, the demanded of him, who had revealed it to him; He that knoweth all things hath revealed it to me, that ye may be converted, your hearts are inclined to do what is forbidden; if ye act any thing against the Prophet, know, that God is his protector.

Chap. 66. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

protector, the Angel Gabriel, and all the believers will defend him, the Angels shall protect him against you. If it be his will to repudiate you, God shall give him for the future, other wives in your place, that shall be obedient ; True believers, humble, faithfull, devout, contented, milde, clean, virgins, and not virgins : Oh ye that believe in God! ftrengthen your felves, you and your families, in obedience to his Commandmants ; the Idolaters shall burn in the fire of hell, with their Idols; the Angels deputed to torment them, difobey not God, they execute whatfoever is commanded them. Oh ye that are Infidels ! there is no excuse for you, ve shall be chastifed after your demerits. Oh ye that believe ! turn to God with affection, he shall pardon your fins, and make you to enter into Gardens, wherein flow many rivers ; the light of faith shall goe before the Prophet, and them that have followed him ; When God shall recompense them, they shall fay, Lord, give us thy light, pardon our fins, thou art omnipotent. Oh Prophet ! fight against the Infidels , and the wicked, fortifie thy felf against them, hell shall be their habitation. God teacheth unbelievers a parable, and faith, the wives of Noab, and the wives of Lot were under the power of my two fervants, righteous men; they betrayed them, but did not escape the punishment of their fin. It was faid unto them, enter into the fire of hell with them that goe into it. God teacheth them a parable, that follow his Law ; Take example by the wife of Pharoah, the prayed to God, and faid, Lord build me an house in Paradife, deliver me from Pharoah, from his works, and unjust men. Mary the daughter of Josaphat preferved her virginity; we inspired into her our Spirit, the believed the words of her Lord, and the Scriptures; the was in the number of them that obey.

356 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 67.

CHAP. LXVII.

The Chapter of Empire, containing thirty Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Praifed be he to whom belongeth the Empire of the world, who is omnipotent, and hath created life and death, to let you know which is the better; he is omnipotent and mercifull. He hath created feven heavens, one upon another ; thou feeft nothing of what he hath created, that is not proportioned ; raife yet thy fight to heaven, thou shalt not there see any thing defe-Aive ; behold it twice, or more often , thou shalt not perceive therein any thing vain, or imperfect. We have adorned the heaven, and the world with Stars, we expelled thence the Devils, we prepared for them a great fire, and the torments of hell for unbelievers. They shall hear horrible and terribble voyces, that proceed from despair and wrath; when they shall be cast thither headlong, when they shall enter into hell by troups, the Overfeer of the torments shall fay unto them, had you none on earth that preached to you the pains of hell? yes, shall they reply, they were preached to us, but we traduced our preachers, we faid, that God did not command to do what they declared, that they were lyars, and feduced from the right way ; Had we heard them, and had we been wife, we fhould not this day have been in the number of the damned; they shall confess their fins in the bottome of hell. Such as fear God, without feeing him, fhall receive pardon of their offences, and an exceeding great reward. Speak fecretly, or publiquely, God knoweth whatfoever ye have in your hearts, fince the time of your creation, he is bleffed and omniscient. He hath established wayes upon the earth, goe on all fides, and live of his good things : ye all shall revive, and be one day assembled before him to be judged. Believe ye that he who is in heaven, cannot render the earth drie and barren, and caufe it to tremble? Believe

Chap. 67. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

ye, that he who is in heaven is not able to fend against you an impetuous winde, to destroy you? Ye shall hereafter feel what are the torments of hell. Your predeceffors would not believe them, and were chaftifed for their incredulity. Confiderve not the birds that flie over your heads, how they extend, and thut their wings ? nothing fupporteth them, but that mercy that beholdeth all things. Who but God shall protect you in your miferies ? The Infidels are proud : Who fhall enrich you, if God reftraineth his grace ? neverthelefs ve perfevere in your fins, and flie the truth ; Is he that creepeth on his face, like to him that goeth on his feet in the right way? Say unto them, God hath created you; he hath given you light, hearing and sense, but few among you return him thanks for his graces: Say unto them, he created you of earth, and ye (hall one day be affembled before him, to render accompt of your actions. The wicked demand when the day of Judgment shall be; Say unto them God knowes, I am fent only to preach to you the pains of hell; Their vifages shall become black, when they shall fee the punishment of their fins approach. It shall be faid to them, behold that which ye have demanded with fo much impatience ! Say unto them, did you fee that God destroyed me, and them that were with me? No, he gave us his grace. Who thall deliver the Infidels from the torments of hell? Say unto them, God is mercifull ; we believe in him, and we are refigned to the will of his divine Majefty, ye shall know hereafter them that shall be feduced. If the water that watereth your flocks enter under the earth, who shall give you other water, or another Fountain to supply you?

Aa 3

Period this suden to their whole

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.68.

CHAP. LXVIII.

358

The Chapter of the Pen, containing fifty two Verses, written at Mecca.

Bedaoi entituleth this the Chapter of the Letter Noun, n, and faith, that it is as much as to say, Whale, or great Fish; Some other Doctors say, that Noun, n, is the name of the Ink, or Table, on Which the Angels Write the Commandments of God; Others affirm it, to signifie the Ink born, but many of the Mahometan Doctors intitle this the Chapter of the Pen.

TN the name of God; gracious and mercifull. I fwear by I the Pen, and by all that is written, that thou art not polfeffed of the Devill; through the grace of thy Lord, thou shalt have an infinite reward ; God hath created thee, with a creation high, and most illustrious. Thou shalt hereafter know, and the Infidels likewife shall know one day, them among you that are ignorant. Certainly thy Lord knoweth them that are feduced, and them that follow the right way. Obey not the wicked, they defire thee to be more indulgent towards them, and themfelves more milde towards thee; Obey not those infamous lyars, those bablers, finners, seducers, and wicked perfons, full of treasures and children; When the Mysteries of faith are related to them, they fay, that they are but fables of antiquitie ; we will put upon their nofes a mark of shame, and ignominy ; we have tryed them, as Gardeners, when they have refolved in the evening to cut off the morning following some fruits of their garden, for their refection, and have not faid, if it pleafe God ; By night, while they flept, God fent fire into their gardens, that confumed them; in the morning they called [each other] and faid, come to put order to your garden, if ye defire to gather the fruits; they believed the poor would enter, they ran [to drive them away] and found their fruits black, and their gardens blafted : Then they

Chap.68. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

they faid, we are feduced, we are finners; one of them faid that it was requifite to praife God ; Then they faid, praifed be God, we are great finners; they approached each other, and complained among themfelves : They faid, milery is upon us; we were in a great error, peradventure God will give us hereafter more then the value of what we have loft, we must beg his grace ; thus God chaftifeth on earth, whom he pleafeth, but the torments of the other world are much more grievous. They that have his fear before their eyes, shall dwell in gardens full of delights. Shall I intreat the good like the wicked ? How can ye judg it ? have ye a book, wherein you reade what pleafeth you ? have we promifed to you any content at the day of Judgment ? Shall you have that day what ye have promifed to vour felves ? Ask of them, who will be furety for their belief? will their Idols, and companions be their furety? Let them cause them to come, if they be true : Be thou mindfull of the day when fins shall be detected, and the wicked shall be come manded to worthip God, but they thall not be able to behold him, their eves shall be troubled with fear, and their fight covered with hame. They are enjoyned in the world to worthip his divine Majefty, but they refuse to perform it ; I will punifh them by little and little, when they fhall leaft think of it; I will defer the punishmens of their crimes, because my wrath is ftrong ; Doft thou demand of men any recompense for thy preaching ? are they charged with any expence ? Have they in their power the book, wherein is the future, to write therein what they affirm ? Attend the Judgment of thy Lord, and be not like him that was fivallowed of the Whale. He invoked his Lord in his affliction ; if his Lord had not fent him his grace, he fhould never have come upon earth ; when he repented of his fin, his Lord pardoned, and placed him in the number of the righteous. The unbelievers labour to fhake thee through their looks, and that through envie ; they affirm, that thou art poffeffed of the Devill, when they hear thee read the Alcoran; It was not fent but to instruct the world.

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 69.

CHAP. LXIX.

360

The Chapter of Verification, containing fifty two Verses, written at Mecca.

Ekteri intituleth this the Chapter of Judgment, because that day all shall be verified.

TN the name of God, gracious aud merciful. Verification Lapproacheth, Verification approacheth; God hath not told thee in what time shall be the day of Verification ; Temod, and Aad would not believe him that preached to them the day of affliction and forrow, but Temod was deftroyed by an extraordinary noife, and Aad by an impetuous winde that God fent against them feven nights, and eight dayes together ; they were overthrown, ftretched out like palms faln upon the earth : did any one among them fave himfelf ? Pharoah, and his predeceffors, with the Inhabitants of the Cities that were overthrown because of their fins, difobeyed the Prophets and Apostles of God, and were rudely chaftifed. We preferved you in Noahs Ark, when the waters fwelled, to ferve for example of our omnipotency to them that faw it, and to fuch as shall hear it mentioned. Be thou mindful of the day when the Angel shall found the Trumpet, when the earth shall lift it felf up, and the mountains tremble; then what must come to pass, shall come to pass; heaven with weakness shall open, and the Angel that shall bear the throne of God, shall be upon the border of the heaven. Then shall eight Angels present the books, wherein shall be written the fins of men, and nothing shall be concealed. Such as shall take in the right hand the book of the accompt of their actions, shall fay, we finde what we believed to be true, we know with certain knowledg the coming of this day, and the felicity of life is in Paradife : It shall be faid to them, eat and drink of the good things of Paradife at your pleasure. They that shall take the book of accompt of their actions in their left hand, shall fay, would to God that this

book

Chap. 70. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

261

book had been loft, I know not what is this accompt; would to God that I had been eternally buried in the earth ; the riches, authority, and treasures of the world are to me unprofitable : It shall be faid to the devils, take them, binde them, and throw them headlong into hell, put chains feventy cubits long upon their arms, and cast them into fire; they would not believe in the Unity of God the Omnipotent; they have eaten the bread of the poor, they are this day without protection, and want bread, and shall finde nothing but the pains of hell prepared for the wicked. I fwear, although ye fee, and although ye do not fee the Alcoran, it is the word of the Prophet, the Apostle of God, it is not the word of a Poet, but few perfons will believe it. It is not the word of one that is wicked, but few men remember it; it is fent from God, Lord of the Universs. The Infidels fay, oh Prophet 1 if thou speak, we will not hear thee, thy fpeech shall not enter into our hearts : Say unto them, there is none among you able to deliver you from the punifhment of your crimes; the Alcoran inftructeth in the way of falvation them that believe in his divine Majesty; I know that there are lyars among you, whom God shal put into the number of Infidels : the Alcoran is truth it felf. Praised be the name of God Omnipotent, and Majestique.

CHAP. LXX.

The Chapter of the Ascent, containing forty four Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Some perfons have demanded when thall be the day of Judgment, and in what time the wicked thal be chaftifed?none but God is able to deliver men from the torments of hell; he is Lord of the way that afcendeth to heaven, the Angels and Spirits thall afcend towards him at the day of Judgment; that day thall feem to the wicked to endure fifty thoufand years; expect with patience; the wicked imagine they are far from that day, but thou fhalt

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 70.

2620

shalt fee it speedily; that day shall the heaven refemble diffolved mettall; the mountains shall be like to carded wooll, which bendeth downwards ; none (hall ask his neighbour who he is, and they shall look one upon another ; the unbelievers shall defire to redeem themselves from these pains, through the loss of their children, their wives, their brethren, their companions, their neighbours, and the lofs of all that is on earth. The flame of fire shall rife upon them, and shall burn the skin of their head; they shall call upon those that are behinde them, that have, like them felves, abandoned the Law of God ; and the covetous, that shall have heaped up treasures. Man was created timerous, he is afraid when evill befalleth him, and is arrogant when good hapneth to him; except the believers, who are stable in their faith, that perfevere in their prayers, that give alms to the poor that beg, and those that are bashful, that believe in the day of Judgment, fear the punifhment of Cod, and know none other women but their own, and their flaves, they shall be exempt from affliction at the day of Judgment; those that shall act the contrary, shall be in the number of the unjust. They who effect what they have promifed, and preferve faithfully what to them hath been entrusted, who speak the truth in testimony, and who make their prayers at the time appointed, shall be honoured in Paradise. Wherefore is it that the Infidels, who are about thee, caft their eyes to the right hand, and to the left, with pride? do they require to enter into Paradife, and be faved ? We have created them as other men. I fwear by the Lord of the East and West, that we are able to change them into a people, better then they, and that it is a thing easie for us to perform; leave them in their errors, until they be come to the day when they are promifed to be chaftifed, and that they shall come out of their sepulchres to repaire to univerfall Judgment; they thall repair thither terrified, and their fight shall be covered with shame; this is the day that hath been heretofore preached to them. towardshipefulk day or Judgaune; that day first f

the wided to endure this thousand years - expect with

the set in the state of the set o

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 71.

confusion. Then were they drowned because of their fine CHAP. LXXI. basil and their were and a state to deliver them. Wash

The Chapter of Noah, containing twenty eight Verses, written right way they will have children lyars and impiousson thin felves gardon my fins, pard on the fins of my stater my forcase

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Before men were chiftifed, we fent Noah to preach to them the pains of hell; he sid unto them, O ye people! I preach to you the pains of hell, worthip one only God, and fear him, obey me, he shall perdon your fins, he deferreth your punishment until the day appointed, and Ihall not retard it; when his hour Ihall be come, cid ye know it, ye would be converted. Afterward he faid, Lord I have exhorted this people night and day, but mine exhortations have been very much in vain, they have ftrengthned themfelves in their impiety, and when I preached to them, they put their fingers into their ears, and covered their heads with their garments, that they might not hear; they continue in their inpiety, and become proud : I have preached to them publikely, I lifted up my voyce, I have expounded to them the mysteries of thy Law; I faid unto them, implore pardon of God, he is most merciful ; he shall send you abundance of rain to water the earth ; he shall give you store of wealth, and many children ;he fall give you gardensembellished with fountains, and riven ; who hindreth you to honour God ? He it is that hath created you in the condition wherein you are : confider ye not that he hath created feven heavens, the one upon the of ther ? that he created the Moon with her brightness, and the Sun with his light ? he hath caufed the earth to bring forth all forts of plants; he will caule you all to return to earth, and to revive; he hath extended it, to the end ye may walk in the wayes thereof, large and spacious. Lord, faid Noab, this peor ple hath difobeyed me, they have followed that which can give them nether posterity nor profit, but rather a most certain damage; they have confpired against me, and faid among themfelves, forfake not your gods, forfake not Od, Soa, Igant, faoc, Thefe are Iand Ne/ar, they em from the right way ; Lord, add to their dols.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. (bap. 72.

364

confusion. Then were they drowned because of their sins, they shall be cash headlong into the fire, whence none but God is able to deliver them. Noah faid, Lord, leave not a wicked man upon the earth, they will seduce thy creatures from the right way, they will leave children, lyars, and impious like themfelves; pardon my sins, pardon the sins of my father, my lineage, and those that shall believe in thy Law, and destroy the unjust.

CHAP. LXXII.

The Chapter of Devils, containing twenty eight Verses, written at Mecca.

Some Mahometans intitle this the Chapter of Spirits.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Say to the people, I have received an infpiration, which fome devils heard of me when I read the Alcoran, and that they faid, we have heard the miraculous Alcoran read, it teacheth the right way; we believe in what it contains; we believe not that God hath companions ; we believe there is but one God, we believe not that he hath wives, or children, our ignorant perfons blaspheme against his divine Majesty, nevertheless we imagin that they could not do it. There are who require aid of the devils, and augment their confusion, because they fay, that God will not cause any to rise again; fome devils have faid, we have been as high as heaven, and found it furnished with guards and stars, we staied in a place a little distant to hear; there is one ftar that watcheth them that hearken,& drives them away; we know not if God hateth the men that are upon earth, or if he will teach them the right way; but we are now in the number of them that believe in the unity of his divine Majefty: theyfaid, oh ye people ! we were before in the way of error; we heretofore believed that God did not operate on earth, but no person, in whatsoever place he be, can avoid obeying his Will ; we heard the book read that teacheth the right way;

Chap. 72. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

we believe in what it contains : he that believeth in God, will not fear any milery or injustice : there be of us that are good, and that truft in God; others there are, who are wicked and impious: fuch as obey the Commandments of God, follow the right way, and the wicked shall be precipitated into the fire of hell. Had the Infidels followed the right way, we had fent them from heaven abundance of rain, and given them our grace, I will try them, and fuch as shall despise the Alcoran shall be punished. The Temples belong to God, invoke one fole God in the Temples : when his fervant rifeth, he worfhippeth his divine Majefty ; it wanted not much, but these devils had published the plurality of Deities: Say unto the people, worfhip God my Lord; I believe in one God, who hath no companion, I can neither guide nor feduce you, but through his permiffion: If I difobey him none shall be able to fave me, and I shall want protection at the day of Judgment. I can do no more for you, then to preach to you his Law; this is the fubject of my Embaffie : He who shall disobey God and his Prophet, shall be damned, and shall remain eternally in the fire of hell. The wicked shall know fuch as shall be deprived of fuccour and protection, when they shall behold the pains prepared for them. Say unto them, I know not whether what is promifed to you, thall incontinently happen, or whether God will deferit some time ; none knoweth what is to come but God, and those whom he hath elected to be Prophets and Mesfengers of his Will; he infpireth into them his Commandments, to preach to men ; he upholdeth all the actions of men, and keepeth an exact accompt of every thing.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 73.

CHA. LXXIII.

The Chapter of the Fearfull, containing twenty Verses, Written at Mecca.

The Arabians have intituled this the Chapter of the Fearful; when the Angel Gabriel brought this Chapter to Mahomet, he was afraid of the splendor of his light, and covered himself with his garments, which gave occasion to the Angel to call him, and fay, oh fearful! and not, ob Prophet! as he was wont.

266

See Gelaldin. IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. O thou Fear-ful! Arife by night, pray to God at midnight, until two third parts of the night, and more. Read the Alcoran, and meditate thereon, observe what it contains; although it be tedious to thee, thou wilt beft comprehend it after thy first fleep, because thou in the day hast affairs that divert thee. Remember thou the name of God, forfake the world to worfhip him, he is Lord of the Weft, and Eaft, there is no god but God, take him for thy protector: be not impatient at what the wicked fay ; feparate thy felf from their fociety, without fear, leave me to punish them ; is there any one that is able to defend them ? their punishment is deferred, but I have chains of iron, bread full of thorns, and great torments to inflict on them, at the day when the earth shall tremble, and the mountains shall be diffolved into dust. Oyepeople ! we have fent to you a Prophet, our Apostle, to instruct you, as we did to Pharoah; he was difobedient and obstinate, and we feverely chastifed him. How will ye fecure your felves from the torments of hell, if ye be in the number of the wicked ? What will ye do at the day when Infants shall be men, and heaven shall be opened ? What God promiseth is infallible; these things are for the instruation of them that defire to follow the way of falvation. Thy Lord knoweth that thou wilt arife about the third part of the night, or at midnight, as likewife a part of those that are with thee; he reckoneth the hours and the minuts of night and day, he knoweth

Chap.74. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

knoweth that thou canft not reckon them exactly; he pardoneth thee, if thou rifeft a little fooner, or a little later; read during this time what thou shalt be able to read of the Alcoran ; God knoweth that there will be perfons among you that will be fickly, others that will be in travel for their affairs, and fome that will fight for the faith ; these persons shall be excused : Read what ye shall be able of the Alcoran, lift up your prayers to God, pay tithes, lend to God fome benefit, ye shall one day finde the good that you thall have done, and a very good reward ; beg pardon of God, he is gracious and merciful.

CHAP. LXXIV.

The Chapter of the Wrapped, containing fifty Seven Verses, Writ- Mahometwas ten at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. O thou wrap- when the ped! Arife, and preach to the people the torments of hell, brought him thy Lord is more powerful then the Idols, make clean thy gar- this Chapments, be thou mindful of the pains prepared for unbelievers; ter. feparate thy felf from their company ; lend nothing to Ufury ; the day that the Trumpet Ihall found, Ihall be extreamly irkfome to the wicked ; that day, let me chaftife him whom I created, and to whom I gave riches, and children, and whom I placed in plenty ; nevertheless he demandeth more, and is obstinate, to difobey my Commandments ; I will add to his pains, because he blasphemeth against the Alcoran; wherefore doth he blasphem ? he maketh his countenance forrowful, covered with hypocrifie; when he beholdeth the people, with his eyes melancholique, and eftranged from the way of falvation, he is proud, fcorneth to follow the Prophet ; faith, that the Alcoran is but Magick, and but the word of man; he shall be precipitated into the bottom of hell, nothing remains to him but to be burned; ninteen Spirits shall be appointed to corment the wicked : they that punish the damned are Spirits. We have mentioned this number of nineteen, to feduce the Infidels, and

wrapt in his garments

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 75.

and confirm the truth, and the True-believers in their faith. They whom God instructeth in the Scripture, and who believe in his Law, are not in doubt of these Spirits ; but fuch as have evill in the heart, who doubt of his Law: and the wicked fay, that he by this number, meaneth God; Thus God feduceth and guideth whom he pleafeth: no perfon knoweth the number of his Angels, but God. I Iwear by the entrance of the night, and the morning, that hell is an exceeding great punishment, prepared for the impious. The believers, and unbelievers, the good and the bad, shall answer for their actions ; and such as shall have their book of accompt in the right hand, shall goe into Paradife ; they shall enquire of the damned, and fay to them, who did caft you into hell? They shall answer, we did not pray to God at the time appointed ; we gave not to the poor to eat; we believed there was neither Refurrection, nor Judgment, untill death furprized us. the prayers of them that pray for them, shall be in vain. Wherefore is it that unbelievers depart from the Law of God? They are like to the wilde Afs, which flyeth as far as he can, when he feeth the Lion approach him; every one of them would particularly fee a book to inftruct them, and apprehendeth not the day of Judgment; Certainly the Alcoran teacheth them the Law of God, that reade it : none fhall understand it, but he that shall be pleasing to God, who shall have his fear before his eyes, and shall implore pardon of his fins of his divine Majefty.

CHAP. LXXV.

The Chapter of the Resurrection, containing forty Verses, written at Mecca.

In the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear that it is most true, that men shall rife again. I fwear, that the wicked shall render an accompt of their actions;

368

NEWENENENENENENENENENENEN

Chap. 76. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

actions; think they that I cannot recollect their bones ? I will recolled all of them after they shall be corrupted ; I am able to recolle their fingers, as they had them in their youth. Certainly man is prone to blaspheme, before the coming of the day of Judgment, and enquireth when that day will be. When his fight shall be troubled, and the Sun and Moon gathered together, then shall he say, whether shall I flye ? It shall be faid to him, thou shalt have none other refuge but in God ; he shall be surprized , and all his offences shall be commemorated to him, and he shall witness against himself : Speak not then in a word, if he will excuse himfelf, be not thou impatient; I know all that is in his heart, I know what thou haft taught him; I did reade with him, that read to thee the Alcoran, and made thee to understand it ; Man preffeth himfelf to goe to his difhonor, and confidereth not his end, he shall raise the head, with a countenance content to fee God, but at the fame inftant shall have the face covered with affliction, and shall know, that he is in the height of all miferies; His foul shall be conducted towards God, when it shall be separate from his body ; If it renounce the Law of God , it shall goe towards the damned, towards them that extend their armes through dispair. It shall be faid to him, God alone, whom thou wouldst not obey, was thy Lord and protector. Doth man think to be forfaken, and that no accompt shall be required of his actions ? Was not he created through our speciall grace, of mire, and of congealed blood ? Did we not create him male, and female ? He that hath done this, cannot he revive the dead ?

CHAP. LXXVI.

The Chapter of Man, containing thirty Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Man continued a while, without having in him any thing memora-B b ble;

erst-

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 76.

See Exteri.

370

ble ; We created his posterity of his feed, mingled with that of the woman; we gave him fight and hearing, and taught him the way of Salvation. Some have embraced the faith, and others have been Infidels ; we have prepared for them chains, and bonds, to drag them into the fire of hell. The just shall drink of wine, that shall issue out of a fair Fountain; all the fervants of God shall drink [thereof] and shall cause it to flow, as shall feeme good to them. God will deliver from the pains of hell, fuch as shall fatisfie their vowes, as shall apprehend the day of Judgment, as shall give alms to the poor, to orphans, and prisoners, without hope of thanks, or recompense, but only for the love of his divine Majesty, becaule of the fear they have of the torments of the day, grievous and irkfome to behold. God shall rejoyce, and reward them for their good works, he shall open to them the gate of Paradife ; they shall be cloathed with filk, reposed on stately beds, and shall not be troubled either with the heat of the Sun; or the cold of the Moon; they shall be under the shadow of the Trees of Paradife, there shall they gather fruits, as they fland, fit, and lie down; Vessels of filver shall be brought about them, and round Cups full of a delicious drink, as much as they shall defire, mingled with ginger, that shall iffue out of a clear fountain, and shall be encompassed with young pages to ferve them, who shall refemble polished. pearls; when thou shalt behold them, thou shalt see a grace that cannot be exprest; they shall be cloathed with purple, and green thining filk, and thall have bracelets of Silver; God shall give them a drink, clear and most pure, these delights shall be the reward of their perseverance. We have sent thee the Alcoran to inftruct the people; attend the Judgment of thy Lord against them that fcoffe, and obey not the wicked; Remember thou the name of God, morning and evening, worthip him by night, praise him a long time ; the Infidels affect the world, and think not on their end, neither the day of Judgment; we created them, we have given them strength to walk, and if it be our pleasure, we will establifh other perfons in their place. He that shall defire to follow

Chap. 77. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

follow the Law of God, shall follow it; but none shall follow it, if it please his divine Majesty; he knoweth all, and is most wise, he give th his grace to whom he pleaseth, and hath prepared grievous torments for the unjust.

371

CHAP. LXXVII.

The Chapter of them that are Sent, containing fifty Verses, Written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Angels that followed [each other] thick as the hair of the foretop of horses, when God sendeth them to execute his commands; by the Angels which he fendeth to punish them whom he will destroy; by the winds which he fendeth, to make the rain to fall where he lifteth ; by the Alcoran, that diftinguisheth good from evill; and by the Angels that inspire into men the fear of the pains of hell, and implore pardon of his divine Majesty, that the punishment promised to the wicked, is infallible. Then shall not the Stars appear any more; the heaven shall open, the Mountains shall walk, the Prophets and Apostles of God shall assemble, to bear testimony against them that have despised their instructions; the good, and the wicked, the believers and unbelievers shall be separated. I will not tell thee when this day shall be, it shall be unhappy for the wicked. Have not I heretofore destroyed the impious with their blasphemies? Have not they left a posterity, wicked as they, whom I likewife have destroyed ? Thus will I hereafter destroy the Infidels, and mifery shall be upon them eternally : Have we not created you of weak feed, retained in the womb of your mothers, untill the time appointed ? This is a grace that we have conferred on you : Mifery shall be upon the Infidels at the day of Judgment. Have we not created the earth, to assemble the living and the dead ? Have we not raifed the Mountains ? Have we not given you fresh water to drink? Mifery shall Bb 2

ST-FIF

372 The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 78.

be upon the wicked at the day of Judgment ; It shall be faid unto them, goe into the fire of hell, which ve would not believe, goe into the fmoak, divided into three parts, nothing shall free you from the heat thereof, and flight shall not deliver you from that fire ; it shall cast forth black flames, that shall rife higher then the highest buildings of the earth, and like to large coverlets of beds, extremely black. The day of Judgment shall be unhappy to Infidels : It shall be faid to them, behold the day of the separation of the good from the bad ; exercise your flights, if ye can, to deliver you from the pains of hell ; the day of Judgment shall be unhappy to Infidels. The good, who thall have had the fear of God before their eyes, shall be under the shadow of the trees of Paradile, nigh to delicious fountains, with all forts of fruits, that they shall defire. It shall be faid to them, eat, and drink at your pleasure, in reward of your good works; thus are the righteous rewarded. The day of Judgment shall be unhappy for Infidels. Oh ye Infidels ! live in the world, ve shall be there suffered some time ; ye are wicked, but yee shall be milerable at the day of Judgment. The wicked deride them that exhort them to pray to God, they shall be miferable at the day of Judgment. In what will they believe, if they believe not in the Alcoran ?-

CHAP. LXXVIII.

The Chapter of News, containing forty Verfes, Written at Mecca.

In the name of God, gracious and mercifull. What do the wicked enquire of each other, touching the great news, of which they are in different opinion? They shall learn it, they shall learn it; Have not I created, and extended the earth? have not I raifed the Mountains to establish it? Have not we created you, male and semale? Have not we created step,

and

Chap. 78. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

and the night for repose, and the day of labour ? have we not built over you feven heavens, and the Sun full of light? have we not caufed rain to defcend from the clouds, to caufe the earth to produce its plants, and gardens of divers fashions? The day of Judgment (hall be a day of joy, and forrow. When the Angel Ihall found the Trumper, all the world shall come in troups to universall Judgment ; Heaven shall open its gates, the Mountains shall walk, and hell is the place prepared for the feduced, there shall they remain eternally. They shall finde there no reft, neither drink, but of boyling, and most stinking water, a reward conformed to their works: the Infidels believe not that they must render an accompt of their actions, and blaspheme, but we keep accompt, and write exactly what they do. It will be faid to them at the day of Judgment, Tafte this day the punishment that ye have merited, your pains shall be augmented, and pains upon pains. They who shall have had the fear of God before their eyes, Ihall be in a place of felicity, in the gardens of a most fertile Land, enriched with grapes, and Pomegranats; they shall drink in Cups full of a delicious liquor, and shall hear no vain speeches, nor lying; fuch is the recompense of them that obey the Commandments of God; He is Lord of the heavens and earth, none shall dare to speak when the Spirits and Angels shall be affembled before him, none shall be able to speak or pray for another, without his permission, This day shall be the day of truth; they that thall be acceptable to him, thall retire towards his divine Majefty. We have preached unto you, that the punifhment of God shall speedily come upon you; every one shall fee all that he shall have done, and the wicked shall fay at the day of Judgment, would to God that I had been earth and duft.

Bb3

CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 79.

CHAP. LXXIX.

The Chapter of Them that take away, containing forty fix Verles, Written at Mecca.

the foul.

374

Gelaidin en- TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by tituleth this. I the Angels that take away the fouls from the bodies of the Chapter Infidels, and the wicked ; By the Angels that accompany the of them that fouls of believers ; By the Angels that exalt the glory of God : By the Angels that guide the fouls of the righteous, when they goe into Paradife, and by the Angels that are appointed for the affairs of the world, that all people shall rife again at the day of Judgment; that day the earth shall tremble, and the hearts of men shall tremble at the first time that the Trumpet shall found ; at the fecond, their fight shall be troubled with fear, and they fhall fay, Behold I we, we are returned upon earth, to the place whence we departed ; our bones were rotten, and our return to the world shall bring upon us only mifery ; this fecond found of the Trumpet is a fign of the wrath of God; Then shall they be out of their fepulchers, revived upon the earth. Haft thou learned the hiltory of Moses, and how God his Lord called him in the holy valley, called Toi, and how he faid, goe towards Pharoah, he is feduced from the right way, and is in a great error; Say unto him, I called thee to the way of Salvation, I will purifie and guide thee into the way of the Law of God, to the end thou mayst have his fear before thine eyes. Moses made Pharoah to fee one of his great miracles, neverthelefs he contemned Moses', disobeyed him, and departed from the right way; he caufed his people to affemble, and made proclamation, that he was their God, but God rigoroufly chaftifed him, becaufe of his blasphemies; this is an example of his omnipotency to them that are righteous. Oh ye wicked! were ye more difficult to create then heaven ? God hath raifed the roof thereof, and proportioned it; he hath made the night obscure, and the day full of splendor, he hath stretched forth

Chap. 80. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

375

forth the earth, hath made fountains to fpring forth, to water the plants, and to give drink to beafts; he hath elevated and eftablished the Mountains for you, and for your flocks. Men shall call to minde the good and the evill that they have done, at the fecond found of the Trumpet, and hell shall appear open before their eyes. The wicked, that have followed their own appetites on earth, shall be precipitated into hell, and such as have had the fear of God before their eyes, and have subdued their passions in this world, shall goe into Paradife. The wicked will ask of thee, when the day of Judgment shall be? none knoweth it but thy Lord: Thou art not fent but to preach the pains of hell to them that fear that day, as if they faw it prefent before their eyes; they shall imagine that they have not remained in the tomb, but from evening untill morning, when they rife again.

CHAP. LXXX.

The Chapter of the Blinde, containing forty two Verfes, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. The Prophet I frowned, had a furly countenance, and withdrew himfelf when the blinde came towards him. He will not tell thee, if he will believe in God, and if he will profess thy preaching ; depart thou from him that shall depart from the Law of God, thou art obliged only to preach to him, and not to make him to believe; but forfake not them that shall come to fee thee to be inftructed, and shall fear God. The Alcoran is sent for the instruction of men ; it was copied upon the book that is kept in heaven, to which honor and praise is due eternally. Wherefore is man impious ? Is it becaufe he is created of a little water, retained in the womb of his mother, untill the time appointed? and because he found the way to come forth? is it for that God causeth him to dye, and to revive when it feems good to him ? He performeth not what God commandeth, Bb4

rengit in er

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 81.

commandath, neither confidereth the good things that nourifh him : We have fent rain, we opened the treafures of the earth, we made all forts of grain to fpring forth; Blites, Olives, Dates, Gardens, and fields full of fruits, and herbs to nourifh you, and your flocks. When the Angel fhall found the Trumpet the fecond time; Man fhall flie his brother, his mother, wife, and children; every one fhall take thought for himfelf; that day fhall the wicked have countenances covered with affliction; the countenance of the good fhall be joyfull, and fuch as have fought the way between faith and impiety, fhall have the countenance covered with earth, and duft.

CHAP. LXXXI.

The Chapter of Roundness, containing twenty nine Verses, Written at Mecca.

* The Arabians buried their daughters alive, when they had done a fault.

WAR IN THE REAL AND THE IS A

376

IN the Name of God, gracious and merciful. When the Roundness of the Sun shall appear, the Stars fall, the Mountains walk, the Camel be without burden, and without keeper ; when the beaft shall be gathered together, the Sea covered with fire, Souls return into bodies, the * Daughter demand why they put her to death ; when the book of good and evill shall open, when heaven shall cast off its ornaments, the fire of hell appear, and Paradife be opened ; then shall fouls know the good and the evill that they have committed. I fwear by the Planets, by the obscurity of night, and by the brightness of day, that the words of the Alturan are the words of the Prophet, beloved of God, powerfull with his divine Majesty; ye ought to obey him, he is a faithful observer of what is commanded him, he is not poffeffed of the Devill, as yee have imagined, he hath feen the Angel clearly, and withont riddle, and is not perplexed for what is to come ; the words of the Alcoran are not the words of the Devill; on whatfoever fide ye turn you, it is only for the inftruction of men, and fuch among you, as will follow the right way,

bur

Chap. 82. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

bat ye shall have no inclination to follow it, if it please God, the Lord of the Universe. 282

CHAP. LXXXII.

The Chapter of the opening of Heaven, containing seventeen Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. The fouls shall know the good and the evil that they have done, when the heavens shall open, the stars fall, the stars be gathered together, and the sepulchres be opened. O man 1 what maketh thee so proud, as to rise against God, who hath created thee, who hath formed and proportioned thee after what manner he pleased? O ye wicked ! ye will not believe the day of Judgment : there are Angels that observe your actions, and are obedient to God. The just shall go into Paradife, and the unjust be precipitated into the fire of hell, whence they shall never return. I will not tell when the day of Judgment shall be; that day none shall be able to fuccour his neighbour, and God alone shall command.

CHAP. LXXXIII.

The Chapter of Them that weigh with false weights, containing thirty fix Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. They that weigh with falfe weights, and measure with falfe measures, believe not to rife again, at the day when all the world shall appear before God to be judged. Certainly the book wherein the fins of the wicked are written, is kept in hell. Mifery shall be upon Infidels at the day of Judgment; none doubteth the coming of this day but the wicked : when they hear the Commandments of God preached, they fay, that it is but an old fable, impiety

TITTT

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.84.

impiety retaineth them in this error, and induceth them to abandon the Law of his divine Majesty, but they shall be cast headlong into the flames of hell. It shall be faid unto them, behold the punishment which ye would not believe. The book wherein the good works of the righteous are written, is referved in heaven; the Angels are witneffes, how the just thall enjoy the delights of Paradile, they shall see the emense graces of God, reposed on delicious beds, their countenance shall be covered with joy, and content ; they shall drink of purified wine, most favory, that shall have the odour of Musk, preferved in bottels, that none but themselves shall open, and it shall be mixt with the water of the fountain of Paradife, where the Cherubins do drink. The Infidels deride the true believers that would instruct them, nevertheless when they return to their companions, they admire their doctrine, and fay, when they see them, behold the seduced, but they are not sent to be their tutors. The Infidels that shall be converted, and believe in the day of Judgment, shall go into Paradise, they shall enjoy the grace of God, they shall behold the grievous torments of the damned, that shall be punished after their demerits, and shall finde in the other world what they have done on

CHAP. LXXXIV.

The Chapter of the Cleft, containing twenty five Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. The day of Judgment fhall appear, when the heaven fhall cleave afunder, and the earth caft men out of their fepulchres by the Commandment of God. O man I thou goeft daily towards death, and fhalt finde in the end the good and evill that thou fhalt have done the to whom fhall be given the book of accompt of his actions in the right hand, fhall be bleffed, he fhall go with his companions into Paradife, where he fhall enjoy eter-

nall

378

Chap. 85. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

379

nall felicity: He to whom shall be given the accompt of his actions in the left hand, shall be damned, he shall be call headlong into the fire of hell, because of the unlawful pleasures that he hath taken in the world, and for that he believed not in the Refurrection: God beholdeth all that he doth, and keepeth accompt. I swear by the cluess that appeareth in the Air, when the Sun setteth, by the obscurity of the night, and the brightness of the Moon, that you all shall change being and posture, and shall revive after your death. Wherefore is it that the wicked believe not in God? why do they not humble themselves when they hear the Alcoran read? they blassphere that they shall be chassified, and that such as believe in his Unity, and do good works, shall receive an infinite reward.

CHAP. LXXXV.

The Chapter of Signs Celestiall, containing twenty Verses, Written at Mecca.

Many Mahometane Doctors intitle this the Chapter of Castles.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fewar by heaven, adorned with figns, and by the day of Judgment, by the Angels and men, that they who have made pits filled with fire to burn the true-believers, fhall be witnefs of their own malice, and fhall avouch, that the fire burned themfelves, to make them know the unity of God, and the truth of his Law. God is Omnipotent, and alwayes victorious, he is the King of the heavens and earth, he beholdeth all. They that torment true-believers, and fhall not repent, fhall be damned, they fhall burn eternally in the fire of hell; and fuch as fhall believe in God, and do good works, fhall dwell in pleafant gardens, wherein flow many rivers, where they fhall for ever enjoy fupream felicity. The wrath of God is ftrong, he maketh

Curreny Engleris end

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.86.

280

his creatures to die, and rife again when he pleafeth; he is merciful towards them that repent of their fins, and loveth them that ferve him. He hath created his throne, to which praife is due eternally; he raifeth up whom he lifteth, and nothing is to him impoffible. Haft thou heard the Hiftory of the people of *Pharoah* and *Temod*? God fhall chaftife in like manner them that fhall not believe in his Law, he knoweth them all. Certainly the precious *Alcoran* is written in the book that is referved in heaven.

CHAP. LXXXVI.

The Chapter of the Star, or of the North Star, containing feventeen Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by Heaven, and the Star that teacheth men the way. I will not tell thee by what ftar; by the ftar full of brightnefs; that every perfon hath a guardian (which obferveth the good and the evil that it acteth;) Doth not man confider of what he is created? He is made of a little fprinkled, water that iffueth out of the body of man and woman; God fhall make him to rife again at the day of Judgment, and none fhall be able to protect or defend him from the wrath of his divine Majefty. I fwear by heaven that returneth the rain, by the earth that openeth it felf, and receiveth it, to produce its fruits, that the Alcoran diflinguifheth good from evil, and that it was not fent in vain. The unbelievers confpire againft the Prophet, but God fhall turn their confpiracie againft them, and they fhall not know it. Be thou patient, and awhile endure the Infidels.

CHAP.

(bap. 87. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

CHAP. LXXXVII.

The Chapter of the High and Mighty, containing seventeen Verses, written at Mecca.

TN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Exalt the I name of thy Lord, high and mighty, who hath proportioned all that he hath created ; he ordaineth what he lifteth, and guideth into the right way them that are pleafing to him ; he caufeth herbs to fpring out of the earth createth them green, rendreth them dry, and altereth them as to him feems good. I wil read to thee the Alcoran; forget nothing of what thou shalt read, but that which God shall will thee to forget, he knoweth whatfoever is kept fecret in the world, and whafoever is made manifest. I will instruct thee in his Law; preach the Alcoran, it thall be profitable to him that thall have the fear of God before his eyes : fuch as shall despise it, shall be miserable, they shall be precipitated into the fire of hell, where they shall not be able, either to live, or die; and he that shall embrace the Law of God, and shall be mindful of his name, shal be bleffed. Pray to God at the time appointed. Certainly the righteous shall be heirs of the good things of the earth, and those of heaven that are exceeding great, and eternall; this is written in the ancient books of Abraham and Moses.

CHAP. LXXXVIII.

The Chapter of the Covering, containing twenty fix Verses, Written at Mecca.

Gelaldin intituleth this, the Chapter of Judgment, because that day the damned shal be covered with fire and fear. See Exteri.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Haft thou heard mention of the covering? That day shall the countenance

The state of the s

281

The production of the production of the

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 89.

nance of the wicked be covered with affliction, they shall enter into fire that is extreamly hot ; they shall drink of boyling water, they shall eat nothing but bryers and thorns; they shall be extreamly lean, and famine shall not deliver them from an infinite number of other miferies. That day shall the good be filled with content, they shall be recompensed for their labours; in Paradife they shall hear nothing spoken that may difplease them ; they shall see fountains flow, lying upon high beds, they shall drink in fair glasses, fixed on diamons, upon pillows well difpofed, and upon pallets will adorned ; will not the wicked confider the miracle of the fhe Camel? how it was created ? how heaven was elevated ? how the mountains were difposed, how the earth was extended ? Preach to the wicked the pains of hell, thou art fent to preach to them, and not to constrain them, God will chastife with his great chastifement him that shall abandon his Law, and traduce the Alcoran; All men shall be one day assembled before his divine Majestie, to give accompt of their actions.

CHAP. LXXXIX.

The Chapter of the Morning, containing thirty Verses, Written at Mecca.

See Kitab el tenoir. fee the expofition of this paflage.

282

TN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Morning, by the tenth night of the moneth, by even Ye that there and odd, and by the coming of night, that the wicked thall be chaftifed. Is there any thing in confideration of this oath, that can move men to fly uncleannefs? Confidereft thou not how God entreated Aad the Sun of Arem, that dwelt in pavillions fupported by columns, fo big, that there were none like to them in his Countrey ? Knoweft thou not how he used Temod, who hewed ftones and rocks to inhabit the Valley ? Knoweft thou not how he entreated Pharoab, who pierced with pins the feet and hands of fuch as he gave up to punishment ? Knowest thou not how he entreated them that heretofore erred from

the

Chap.90. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

383

the right way in their own Countreys, and that increased their pollution? he poured upon them divers torments; he obseryeth all that men do; he giveth ftore of goods to them that he doth not try, and taketh them away from fuch as he proveth. The wicked will not give honour to Orphans, they will not abstain from eating the bread of the poor; they shall give an accompt, they too much affect riches ; when the earth (hall tremble, and shall overthrow all the buildings, when the Angels shall defcend in order, by the command of thy Lord, then Thall hell be open to the wicked, they thall call to minde what was preached to them in the world, and fay, why did not I obferve the Commandments of God during my life ? they shall be punished more then ever any hath been, and shall be more fraitly bound then ever any hath been bound. It shall be faid to the bleffed, O thou foul ! that hast observed with courage, and without fear the Commandments of God, return to thy Lord with content, enter into the fociety of the bleffed, enter into Paradife.

CHAP. XC.

The Chapter of the City, containing twenty Verses, Written at. Mecca.

Many have entituled this, the Chapter of Night.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I fwear by that City which is permitted thee to conquer; I fwear by the father and the childe, that we created man in mifery; thinketh he that there is none ftronger then he? He faith, that he hath expended great wealth; doth he think that none hath feen what He declams he hath done? Have we not given him two eyes, a tongue, two againft colips? Have we not given him to fee the way of good and of vil? he fhall be feverely chaftifed, but I will not tell thee with what kind of chaftifement. Wherfore doth he not deliver flaves? Wherefore doth he not give to eate to them that are hungry, to Orphans, and his kindred that are in neceffity, and to the poor?

the season of th

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.91.

poor? Patience and charity are recommended among true-believers, they shall be seated at the right hand; and such as impugn the Mysteries of our Law, shall be at the left hand, they shall be shut up in the fire of hell.

284

CHAP. XCI.

The Chapter of the Sun, containing fifteen Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Sun, and his light, by the Moone and her fplendour, by the fire, and its elevation, by the night, and its obfcurity, by Heaven, and the Starres thereof, by the earth, and its plaines, by the creation of the foule, by the knowledge of vertue and vice, that he that fhall be purified from his finnes, fhall be moft happy, and that he who defileth himfelf with vice, fhall be moft miferable. The people of *Temod* traduced their Prophet, becaufe of their obftinacy; but certainly they were chaftifed. The Apoftle and Prophet of God faid unto them, Behold the Camel of God, fuffer it to drink; they derided him, and flew that Camel, God feverely punifhed them, he fpared not his chaftifement againft them.

CHAP. XCII.

The Chapter of Night, containing twenty Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the obfcurity of Night, by the brightneffe of Day, by the creation of man and woman, that your actions are very different. He that fhall yeild to God the obedience that is due to him, and believeth in his Unity, fhall go into Paradife; and whofoever fhall not praife his divine Majefty, and will not be

con-

Chap.93. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

converted, shall go into hell, his riches shall not fave him, and he shall be cash headlong into eternall flames. It is we that guide the people, we dispose the beginning and end of every thing; I preach to you the torments of hell, none shall enter there, but the wretches that have blasshemed, and departed far from the way of falvation; he that hath the fear of God before his eyes, and giveth almes, shall be delivered from the fire of hell, every one shall be recompensed for what he hath done for the love of God; he shall be fatisfied and contented.

CHAP. XCIII.

The Chapter of the Sun rifing, containing ten Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Mahomet brightneffe of the rifing of the Sun, and by the darkneffe of complains Night, that thy Lord hath not forfaken thee. He doth not hate to the Anthee, his delay fhall be to thee advantage, and in the end thou fhalt be content; Did he not well lodge thee, when thou wert fo long had wert an Orphan? Did he not well guide thee, when thou wert refrained to feduced? Did not he enrich thee when thou wert poor? Do vifit him. no injury to Orphans, devoure not the poore, and recount the graces that God hath conferred on thee.

CHAP. XCIV.

The Chapter of Joy, containing eight Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Have not I rejoyced thine heart? have not we delivered thee from the burden that was heavy on thy fhoulders? we have raifed thy name and reputation, affliction is followed of content; when thou that have finithed thy prayers, labour, and love thy Lord.

Rend Card Card Carde

the first boost of the second second

286

NEAR MARARANA PARAANA MARAANA M

The Chapter of the Figge, containing eight Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. I five ar by the Figs and Clives, by Mount Sinai, and by the fafety and freedom that is in this City [of Mecca] that we created man with proportion, afterwards we rendred him contemptible, except the truebelievers that do good works; they fhall receive an infinite rewird. After this, (o wicked man) what maketh thee to blafphene against the Faith? is not God the ludge of Indges?

CHAP. XCVI.

The Chapter of Blood congealed, containing seventeen Verses, written at Mecci.

Bedaoi and Gelaldin call this the Chapter of Reading.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Read the Alcoran, aid begin through the name of God, who created all, who made man of a little congealed blood. Read the Alcoran, and exalt the glory of thy Lord, who hath inftructed man in the Scrptures, who taught him what he knew not; nevertheleffe, heis in a great errour, he will not confider that he fhall return before God. Haft thou confidered him that would have hndred one of the fervants of God to make his prayers ? haft hou underftood if he were in the way of falvation ? haft thoufeen if he blafphemed ? if he hath abandoned the faith ? knoweth he not that God forfaketh him ? If he defift not, he hall be dragged by the haire into the fire of hell, with the wickid ; he fhall quit the place where they affemble, to difpute againft the faith, and the devils fhall caft them headlong

Chap.97. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

long into flames eternall. Difobey not the conmandments of God, perfevere in thy prayers, worfhip Godalwayes; obedience to his commandments shall draw theenear to his divine Majesty.

CHAP. XCVII.

and mail barnetone m

The Chapter of Glory or Power, containing five Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. We feat the Alcoran in the night of Glory and Power, I have not taught thee the graces of this night of glory and vertie; The prayers and good works that are done that night, havemore of merit and efficacy, then those that have been performed in a thousand months. The Angels descended that night to the earth, thorough the permission of their Lord, and falute the true believers, untill the dawning of the day.

CHAP. XCVIII.

The Chapter of Instruction, containing eight Veses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. They that understand the Scripture, and believe in nany gods, will not relinquish their idolatry, untill they have leard the instrution of the Prophet of God; he shall read unto them a book clean and pure, wherein are written the precepts of the right way. They that know the Scripture, are not divided, untill they have learned this instruction. It commandeth to worship one only God, to make their prayers at the time appointed, and to pay tithes, this is the right way. The unbeleives that know the Scriptures, and adore many Gods, shall remair eternally in the fire of hell, and shall be most miserable. They that believe in Ce 2 onte

A MAN EN EN AND

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.99.

388

one God, and performe good works, (hall be most happy, they (hall be recompensed of their Lord in the garden of *Eden*, wherein flow many rivers, where they shall dwell eternally. God shall be satisfied with their obedience, and shall give them his bleffing, prepared for them that fear him.

EXTERNO A ELIN

CHAP. XCIX.

The Chapter of the Earthquake, containing eight Verses, written at Medina.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. When the earth thall tremble, and thall calt bodies out of their fepulchers, man thall demand what it will do; they thall tell him news, to wit, that God hath commanded it to do fo. That day thall men come out of fepulchers from divers places, and thall fee the good and the evil that they have done; he that hath committed evil, of the weight of an atome, thall be chaftifed; and he that thal have done good, of the weight of an atome, thall be rewarded.

te Charter & Infraction containing viole a collete unitate at

CHAP.

anti-Loc. commenter fragers et che case à ground d'and

Chap. 100. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

289

CHAP. C.

The Chapter of Horses, containing eleven Verses, Written at Mecca, and Medina.

Some Arabians have called this the Chapter of Return, or of them that return. See G

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by the Horfes, and the noyfe that they make with their feet, when they return to war, and by the fire which they make to arife, when they firike their feet against stores, that run lightly through jealousie, and raife the dust in the midst of enemies, that man is ingratefull for the graces of his Lord, he himself is witness of his ingratitude, and too much affecteth the riches of the Earth; knoweth he not that God will make all the world to revive? that he will bring to light whatfoever is most fecret in the hearts of men? and that he knoweth all that they have done?

CHAP. CI.

The Chapter of Affliction, containing eleven Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. When the extreme affliction shall appear, I will not tell thee in what time this shall be, then shall all men be assembled, stretched out, like Quilts, and the mountains shall be like carded wool. Such whose ballance shall be weightie with good works, shall goe into Paradife; and they whose ballance shall be light of good works, shall goe into hell, they shall goe into a fire so hot, that I am not able to express the heat.

Cc 3 CHAP.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 102.

CHAP. CII.

The Chapter of Abundance, containing eight Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. Certainly all your care, even to the grave, is in the abundance of your wealth; but ye shall hereafter learn, ye shall hereafter learn the truth; If ye had knowledg, ye would meditate on the terments of hell, you shall see one day, that they are indubitable, then shall ye ask where is Paradise?

CHAP. CIII.

The Chapter of the Evening.

It is an hour appointed to the Mahometans to pray.

WAANA WAANA WAANA WAANA WANA WANA WAANA WAANA

390

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. I fwear by I the hour of the Evening, that men are inclined to their deftruction, except fuch as believe in God, that do good works, and have in effeceme truth and perfeverance.

CHAP. CIIII.

The Chapter of Persecution, containing seven Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Mifery is upon him that perfecuteth his Neighbour; perfecution hath its Counter-perfecution. He that heapeth up treafures, and is bufied to count them, thinketh they will make him immortall, but they fhall precipitate him into his mifery; I will not tell thee into what mifery, but the fire of hell is alwayes kindled to burn the heart of the wicked; they fhall be overwhelmed in flames, and bound to great pillars.

Chap. 105. The Alcoran of MAHOMET.

291

CHAP. CV.

The Chapter of Elephants, containing five Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Confidereft thou not how thy Lord entreated them that came mounted upon Elephants, to ruine the Temple of *Mecca*? Was not their confpiracie their own deftruction? God fent againft them flying troups, that threw upon them ftones, whereon were imprinted their names; he made them like to corn fown in fields, devoured by beafts.

TN the name of God, gracious and meterful. Ois Infidels,

The Chapter of Coreis, containing foure Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Coreis had no humanity for them ; the people come every winter, and every fummer, to worthip the God of the Temple of Mecca, which nourifheth and delivereth them from famineand fear.

and the name of OHVO. AAHO mercifull. A strat

The Chapter of the Law, containing seven Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Saweft thou him that blafphemed againft the Law? He it is that devoureth the fubftance of Orphans, and the bread of the poor: Mifery is upon them that are not attentive to their prayers, that are hypocrites, and hinder men to do well. CC4 CHAP.

The service of the se

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap. 108.

CHAP. CVIII.

392

The Chapter of Affluence, containing three Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. We have given thee a great affluence of our graces. Pray to thy Lord, lift up thine hands; he that hateth thee, shall be accursed.

CHAP. CIX. a bandi mon CHAP. CIX.

The Chapter of Infidels, containing fix Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and merciful. Oh Infidels, Idolaters! I worthip not what ye worthip, and ye worthip not what I worthip; I will not worthip that which ye worthip, and ye will not worthip that which I worthip; you obferve your Law, and I mine.

CHAP. CX. The did ways have

no humanity for them, the people

The Chapter of Protection, containing foure Verses, written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. A great number of people embrace the Law of God, when he protecteth the True-believers, and giveth them victory. Exalt his glory, and implore pardon of him, he is most mercifull.

"him that blattheimed againft the law ? He is se that de voureth the fabliance of Orphans, and the bread of the proof Mile is upon them that are not attentive to their propri-**PAHD** poerties, and hinder men to do well.

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. 393 Chap. 111.

CHAP. CXI.

The Chapter of the Cord of Palme, containing eleven Verses, written at Mecca.

Gelaldin entituleth this the Chapter of Loss.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Ablheb loft The wife of his hand; God chaftifed him, his riches shall not fave him, Ablbeb did he thall burn in eternall flames, with his wife that carrieth wood upon her neck, bound with a cord of Palme.

caft Bones in Mahomets way, in contempt. See Bedaoi.

CHAP. CXII.

The Chapter of Salvation, containing foure Verses, Written at Mecca.

IN the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Say unto Lunbelievers, God is eternall, he neither begetteth, nor is begotten, and hath no companion.

CHAP, CXIII.

The Chapter of Separation containing five Verses, written at Mecca.

N the name of God, gracious and mercifull. Say unto them, God, who hash separated light from darkness, shall defend me from all the evils that he hath created, from danger, darknefs, from them that blow against the knot of the Aring, from Sorcerers, and the envious.

「第月」「ある」「「アク」「アイン」

The Alcoran of MAHOMET. Chap.114.

394

CHAP. CXIV.

The Chapter of the People, containing fix Verfes, written at Meccu.

IN the Name of God, gracious and mercifull. Say unto them, I will beware of the temptations of the Devill, and the malice of the people, through the affiltance of the Lord, and King of the people.

CHAP. CXIL

FINIS.

and Cad is compall by neither hereiterh. no

The Chapter of Septemation containing for Vorfes, witten at

HT nume of God , grations and assertifull. Sayanno citems, God who sach ingenared lightliven deserves, fibell,

CHAP, CXIII, of the second

wood upon het neuk, beind with a cord of Falme.

be weathered bath no companion.

thing, from soncerers, and rise envious.



395

THE LIFE AND DEATH OF МАНОМЕТ,

THE PROPHET of the Turks, and Author OF THE ALCORAN



AHOMET, the fon of Abdalli, a vicious Pagan, was born Posthumus at * Jefrab, then a Village of Arabia Fe- * Now 2 lix; his mother a fewefs, both by birth City called and Religion, dying when he pas two nabi, [ie] years old, left him to his * unckle Abdal Mutalib, the Town of

who being of vile condition, and unable to give him the Propher. education, above the common ignorance and irreigion of have him to his Country, at the age of fixteen years, abandored him be his to grandfather.

396

to fortune, or after the barbarous custome of the Arabians, sold him to the Ismalite Merchants, who exposing him to sale in the Markets, he was purchased by Abdemonople, a wealthy Merchant; He after some observation, and experience of his wit and industry, withdrew him from the common drudgery of a slave, to employ him with his other factors in Commerce, and finding him apt for those affaires, gave him the conduct of his Camels into Syria; Ægypt, Persia, and elsewhere. By which, in a short time, he became so experts in his Trade, that as he encreased the wealth and profit of his Master, so he gained his good will, and affection.

At that time Heraclius being Emperor of the East, and the feamless coat of the Church torn by variety of Sects, and Herefies, the Bishops and Governors in Constantinople justly fearing divine vengeance, by reafon of the Nestorian herefie, which with that of the Monothelites, began afresh to infect their Clergie, deliberated on some Ecclesiastical censure against them : When Sergius a Monke, and Sectarie of Neftorius, conscious of his error, and dreading the pnnishment, fled secretly into Arabia, and found retreat and entertainment with Abdemonople, the master of Mahomet, where finding slender bopes of propagating his infectious Herefie (the family being Pagans) and lefs of overthrowing his opposites in Religions, he resolved to take revenge on Christianity it felf, and to that effect began to practife on Mahomet, as a Subject prepared to receive the impression of his design.

In the meane time, Abdemonople dyed, his riches being augmented through the care and industrie of Mahomet,

397

homet, who having before infinuated into the favor of his Mistris Aijsta, by prefents of rare toyes, procured in his Travels, by them, or through Sorcery (of which he was held guilty, and laboureth to purge himself in his Alcoran) so charmed her affection, that of her flave, he was advanced to be Lord both of her person, and fortunes.

Being thus grown opslent, he fometime continued his trade, but then willing to take eafe, as he had, during his voyages through feverall Countries, been a Seeker, and inquisitive concerning the diversity of Religions professed through the universe, so now (though irresolute which to follow) he rejected all, as vain, and foolish, except Judaisme and Christianitie, and approving the latter as the best, accordingly framed his life, assuming a specious forme of Sanctimony, which bred admiration in them that considered his former education, and gave him a repute above his expectation. But this hasty fruit was soon corrupted, and with the touch of Ambition (like the Apples of Sodome) soon vanished into stinke and filthines.

For Sergius, as subtile, as malicious, observing his diffosition, and withall, after some discourse concurning the two Religions, of both which he found him excellently ignorant, seeing it no difficulty to d still into him the poyson of his Heressie, easily persuaded him, That lesus Christ was but man simply, that for the merit of his vertues he was held as Deissied: that the sufferings of his death were but humane inventions; that he was transported from this life to an immortall, and glorious, by another way then that of Death: That there is but one God, in one Person; so that the Faith of the Christians is vain, and invented, and that of the Jews

17 Prog Prog Prog Pres

398

Jews too loofe, and lean, through their own obstinacy. That the Arabians being a dull and ignorant people, inclining neither to the one nor the other, but all (as many as had been touched with the fame of his new Sanctity) admiring his perfections; The Jews and Christians being likewise enemies to each other, and the Christians at variance among themselves; He might in that juncture of affaires, alsume the title of a Prophet sent from God, to disabuse the one, and the other, and save the world by another Law. This Counsell of Sergius took the desired effect, and Mahomets thoughts, before enslamed with his new-gotten wealth, and fame, now entertained more ardent desires of being effeemed a Prophet, looking upon all other attributes of Religion, and sanctity, as vile and abject.

To this effect, on a sudden he retires to a solitary Cave, not far distant from Mecca, while Sergius proclaimed the vain perfections of his life, and filled the ears of the people with the noise of his deservings. The terme of two years expired, Mahomet again appears to the world, and as if newly returned from the Oracles of Heaven, stileth himself a Prophet fent from God, who willing through his mercy, to withdraw him from that precipice of his everlasting ruine, and admonish him of his error, afflicted his body with the falling-fickness, which Mahomet, instead of repenting, made an advantage to promove his wicked design. For his wife lementing to see her selfe yoaked to one so difeased, and tormented with an bideous infirmity, he excufed it, and eafily wrought in her a beliefe that being confir ained frequently to converse with the Angel Gabriel, his fraile body, unable to abide the plendor of his heavenly presence,

prefence, fell into that distemper, and at the departure of the Divine Ambassador, recovered its former condition. His wife believing this, was not wanting to divulge the rare qualities of her husband, his admirable santity, and frequent converse with the Angel, which gained him the esteeme of a Prophet in his own house, and reverence among his Neighbours.

That this Infant-repute of his Holiness might be the better strengthned, Mahomet thought it requisite to promulgate some Chapters of his Alcoran (as a Remonstrance of his Commission ; which as he faw occafion, he shaped (though ill-favouredly) to his designes, giving out that he received them from the Angel Gabriel, as the Counfell and precepts of God, who for that he had not faved men, either by the Law of Moses, the Psalmes of David, or the Gospel of Jesus Christ, did now promise them infallible Salvation by the means of the Alcoran, which though rudely, yet cunningly contribued, as complying with the loofe humor of the Arabians, enjoyning nothing strict or burthensome, but leaving all to liberty; as the fole means to allure them to a belief of it, induced first the Parents and allies of his wife, then the more ignorant and meaner fort to embrace it, and esteeme Mahomet as the Messenger of God fent to guide them into eternall felicity, and the enjoyment of Paradise, which the easier to ensnare them, he fained to be full of such pleasures as fall under sense, and a plentifull fruition of those delights, that in those more barren and desert parts of Arabia they exceedingly wanted.

Having thus drawn to his devotion, a numerous, though vulgar party of the people, who in opinion of his Prophepheticall

Prosten Prosten

ticall Function were prompt to his obedience; he thought it altogether as easie to obtain a Kingdom, as he had found it not difficult to attain to the title of a Prophet; and to effect this, having before, under pretence of Reformation of Religion gained many followers, while more stood as lookers on, not at all regarding that Decoy; he resolved to yoak to it that other concomitant in popular disturbances, liberty, proclaiming it to be the will of God, that all men should enjoy it, and that the Edist might be first obeyed in his own family, enfranchized bis Slave, called Zeidi.

This baite, as it inhaunced his fame, so it added to his retinue; for as multitudes, affecting novelty, and a mutation of condition, daily added themselves to his party; lo flaves from all parts of Arabia for fook their Masters, and fled to him as their Redeemer, and embrased his Law, as the means of their (alvation. These through a fond conceit of his piety, ready to facrifice their lives at his command, he divided into troops, and fent to rob the Caravans of Marchants that travelled through the defarts ; and by this means, having added to his treasure by spoil; and bis retinue daily encreasing by a multitude of Fugitives and Vagabonds, who by reason of this liberty, to ast any villanny, reforted to him; he at length took up thoughts of imploying them in the confirmation of his Law, which he knew to be the ready way to his establishment, in that power to which he aspired.

To this purpose, he marcheth with his troups towards Medina (the place of his Birth and Buriall) to preach in a Synagogue of fews there inhabiting. These less stupid then the Arabians, could not endure his impostures, and insteed of believing, did handsomly beat him, and drive his

his train from the town. This repulse rather irritating then terrifying him, he drew all his force into the field, and affailed the Jews in two severall conflicts; in one of which, by a wound on the face with a sword, that broke out his fore teeth: He signed the Articles of his Law with his blood, and continued a long time as dead in a ditch; but being rescued by his Slaves, and recovered of his wound, he again fought and vanquished them, and converted their Synagogue into a Temple, for his own use.

The fame of his exploits increasing, with the number of his Sectaries (to whom some Princes, and eminent persons of the Country began to encline, giving him their daughters in mariage) awakned the Nobles of Mecca, particularly the family of Coreis, who wifely judging a new form of Religion, propagated by a new way, force of arms, must inevitably introduce a new Government, of which Mahomet, of base and obscure beginnings would be chief, as the Author, opposed themselves to his designs, expelled all fuch as feemed to favour him out of the City, and feverall times gave him battell; in which be fo valiantly deported himself, that though he was sometimes put to the worft, yet he more often prevailed; and giving freedom to such prisoners as would embarce his Law, encorporated them into his Army, frengthning himself, and weakning his enemies. Being in fine a compleat Conqueror in the field; he affaulted the City of Mecca, took it, and after some slaughter of the Nobility, his enemies, proclaimed impunity to all that would acknowledg him a Prophet of God, by whofe favor (as be affirmed and appointment, not by his own valour, he had attained to that honor. After this proclamation, many Dd

A THE THE PARTY PARTY PARTY

many for fear of present danger, and apprehension of future bondage, more out of ignorance, embraced his belief, and he enjoyed the vain felicity, to see himsfelfe Generall of an Army, Lord of a vast Country, and to be effeemed, and reverenced as a Prophet.

About that time Heraclius the Emperor, disposing. himself rather to improve the Herefie of the Monothelites, then to defend the Confines of the Empire, not only permitted Mahomet to domineere in Arabia, but gave advantage to Cofroes the Perfian King, to invade his dominions : but at length awakened by the alarmes of so puissant an Enemy, levied a strong Army, and fummoned the * Saracens (a people fo called from their inhabiting the Defart) to his asistance. The Perfian vanquished, and the Saracens expecting the a Delart, and falarie of their labors, and with some importunity demanding it, were answered, that the Emperor had not See Sands his sufficient Treasure to pay the Christian Troops, and therefore those Heathen Dogs must attend the conveniency of their Prince. Incensed by this contempt, they retired, and marched by the way of Affrick, where finding Mahomet busie to enlarge his Power; he aggravated their discontents, affirming it to be the will of God, that all men should enjoy their Liberty, that, God was offended at their oppressions, and willed them to oppose the tyranny of the Christians, and that whofoever dyed in that holy Warre, his foul fould be in-fantly transported to Paradise. These motives raised them to a refolution of making defection; fo that they elected Mahomet their Generall, who incontinently deprived the Emperor Heraclius of his Tribute, and his Officers

* Sarra he= nifies in their tongue a Desart, and habit.

Officers (who were flain in demanding it of their lives. After this att, the whole Province, with that of Egypt, revolted, and the people generally efteeming the fuccefs of Mahomets armes (which he was diligent to employ) as a fure testimony of the goodness of his Cause, embraced his Religion.

Heraclius having neglected to strangle this rebellion in its birth, endeavoured to extinguish it, being now growne to confiderable strength; and to that end sent an Army under the conduct of Theodosius his Favorite; his Army was twice overthrown, the Generall slain, and the Mahometans pursuing their victories, took from the Greeks, the Countries of Egypt, Syria, and other Provinces of Affrica, where Mahomet encreased his Triumphs and erected his Trophies.

Being now grown impotent, rather through his inordinate life, then burthen of years, he retired full of glory, as a King and Prophet, to Mecca, where he refolved to end his dayes, having affirmed it in the Alcoran to be the most holy City of the world : as that wherein food the Temple of Abraham, built miraculouly by Angels, to be the Sanctuary of all that repair thither in Pilgrimage. And therefore it was, that when he had by his Armies taken the City of Antioch, he durst not enter into it in person, lest by the delightfull and fertile scituation of it, he should have been enticed to desert Mecca, and contradict his own Prophecie. His life now drawing to a period, a Plurisie surprized him; On the seventh day, for Crifis of his disease, he became frantique. Haly, one of his successors, aftonisht at his distemper and frenzie, not esteeming it one of the rare qualities of a Prophet, and Redeemer (as he stiled Dd2

and the purchase

himselfe) of so much people, derided him, yet willing to continue his Law, that he might inhert his Power, carefully concealed it, and according to his commands (yet living) watched his body after his decase. For he told his followers that he should rife again he third day, and ascend to Heaven. They observed this, and guarding his Corps four days entire, with impaient expectation of his Refurrection, were at length commelled, by reason of its putrifaction, to take him up, and bury him at Medina, where his Reliques are annually visited by the fuperstitious Pilgrims of his Religion.

* June.

A CARLAN AND A CARD A CARD

Thus Mahomet, the Prophet of the Turis, and Author of the Alcoran, dyed on the twelje day of the Moneth * Rabeg, in the great climaterical year of his Age, having abused men with his borrib'e impostures, full 23. years, dwelling in the efteem of a Prophet; ten at Mecca, and thirteen at Medina. His coming was some years after the year of our Saviour 600. Heraclius being Emperor at Constantinople, Sadinion Bi-Shop of Rome, Clotaire King of France, Viteric of Spain, and Edbald of England. He was of stature not tall, large finnews, brown colour, and bread face, his head disproportioned to his Body : yet may ve well imagine the beauty of his body to furpasse that of his minde, which was full of deceit, vicious, and cruell, never paring any thing to advance his luft (in which he qualled him-(elf to forty men) or to procure his revenge. He was (as bimfelf confessed) altogether illiterate, and though by nature subtile, and quick-witted, yet often pustd for the invention of delusive Miracles, to confirm the Arabians in their Belief. For he continually preached to them, that God had fent him to confirm his Law by force of Armes, and

and not by Minacles, yet the people instantly demanding them, as figns of his Mision, he was constrained first to tell them of a certain voyage to Heaven, which was briefly thus. The Angel Gabriel, with threefcore and ten pair of wings, came to him by night, as he was in bed with his wife Ainfia, told him God had fent for him, he going downwith this Angel, found at his doore an Heterogeneous Beast, called Elborach, half Asse, half Mule, but much finifter then either : (for it would goe as far at one step as the most quick-fighted could fee) this Beast, or believer of the Alcoran, would not let Mahomet mount hin, unless he would first promise to pray for him, which he charitable Prophet did, and was in the twinckling of an eye brought by him to Jerufalem, where the Angel Gabriel tyed the Beaft with his girdle to arock, and taking Mahomet on his foulders, carried him to Heaven-gate. They knocked, and the Porter understanding Mahomet to be there, instantly opened, and bade him welcome; In this first Heaven he faw Angels, of diver: and monstrous shapes; forme composed of fire and fnow, others of fire alone, every of them diverby shaped; among the rest, one with the head of a Cock, whose feet touched one Heaven, and head another (each Heaven being distant from the other, a voyoge of five hundred years) and when he crowes (which is his language) he moves the Cocks of the Earth to crow : This Angel recommended bim to another, he to a third, and fo one to another, until he came to the Heaven, where God kept his residence. God curteously received him, asked him hov his people did, how they entertained his Law, and fimiliarly laid his hand upon his shoulder, which was foold, that it pierced to the marrow of his back-Dd 3

- y long long long long 1

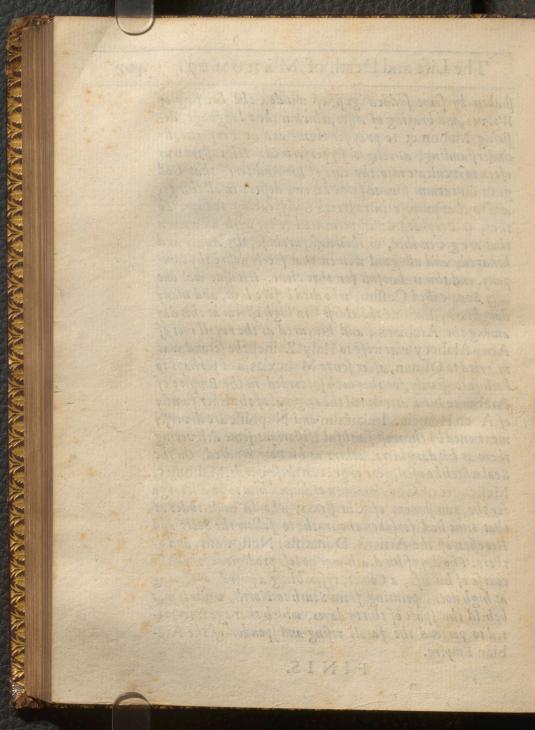
back-bone. God had foon done with him only telling him how often his people should make their prayers, which mere (o many, that as he was returning, in the fourth Heaven, Moses advised him to goe back to God, and entreat him that fewer prayers might ferve his turn, for his people were not able to make (o many; which he did, and after many returns, brought the number to five. This done, he went back to his Elborach, which in a moment brought him to his house in Mecca, where he went to bed again to his wife, she not once dreaming her husband would leave Heaven for her company, or thinking he had been there; all this he performed in the tenth part of a night. The Turks at this day fondly believe this as a truth, but the Arabians of his time requiring him to do as much in their view, he (unwilling to take again so long a journey) replyed, Praised be God, I am man, and an Apostle. He had other slights, which in fight of the people, by Art or Sorcery, he performed, and they stupidly believed, and entertained as miracles : as a Pigeon being by him taught to come and pick a Peafe out of his ear, he told them it was the Holy Ghoft that came to tel bim what God would have him do; fo an Ox brought him a Chapter of the Alcoran upon his horns, in a full affembly. He likewise perswaded them, that being at dinner at the house of one that pretended to be his friend (who had an intent to poyfon him, or he at least was so informed) a shoulder of mution scrucd in to the Table, forewarned him that he should not eat of it; and though many were present, none but he heard or understood the language of themutton, is yet be permitted one of his dearest friends. to eate of it, and die impoysoned. Such, and many of the like nature were his miracles : As the bowing of trees,

Ihaken

shaken by some sudden gust of winde; the howling of Wolves, and braying of Affes, which is their language, defiring Mahomet to pray for them; and he Prophetically understanding, as religionly performed. His custom was often to inculcate into the ears of his Auditors, that God gave him commission to fulfil his own defires in all things; and to that purpose introduceth God speaking to him. To thee, O Prophet! It is permitted to lye with all women that are given thee, or thou dost purchase, thy Aunts and kindred, and all good women that freely defire thy company, and this is lawfull for thee alone. His iffue was one only Son, called Caffim, who died before him, and many daughters; Fatione the eldest (in high esteem at this day among the Arabians, and honoured as the royall root of Aben Alabecy was wife to Haly. Zeinebthe fecond, was married to Ofmen, after fon to Mahuvias, and perhaps to both successively, for they both succeeded in the Empire of Arabia; to her is attributed the original of the other family of Aben Humeia. Imiaultim and Naphiffe are diverfly mentioned by the most faithful Historians fome delivering them as his daughters, others as his near kindred. On the Seal which he used, were engraven these words, Mahomet, Meffenger of God. Heaven ordained him to be a scourge for the punishment of Christians, who in multitudes at that time had for faken the truth, to follow the Sects and Herefies of the Arrians, Donatifts, Neftorians, and others. The day of his death was no less prodigious, then the course of his life, a Comet, resembling a sword, appearing at high noon, pointing from South to North, when it was beheld the space of thirty dayes, which that age interpreted to portend the fatall rising and spendor of the Arabian Empire.

FINIS.

Con the the the



A needfull Caveat or Admonition for them who defire to know what use may be made of, or if there be danger in reading the Alcoran, by Alexander Ros.



Ood Reader, the great Arabian Impostor now at last after a thousand years, is by the way of France arrived in England, & his Alcoran, or gallimaustry of Errors, (a Brat as deformed as the Parent, and as full of heresies, as his (cald head was of (curffe))

hath learned to fpeak English. I suppose this piece is exposed by the Translator to the publick view, no otherwise then some Monster brought out of Africa, for people to gaze, not to dote mon; and as the sight of a Monster or mishapen creature should induce the beholder to praise God, who bath not made him such; so should the reading of this Alcoran excite us both to bles Gods goodness towards us in this Land, who enjoy the glorious light of the Gospel, and behold the truth in the beauty of holiness; as also to admire Gods fudgments, who suffers someny Countreys to be blinded and inflaved with this mishapen isse of Mahomets brain, being brought forth by the help of no other Midwistry then of a Yew and a Nettorian, making alse of atame Pigeon (which he had taught to pick oorn out of his Eans) in stead of the holy Ghost, and canfing silly people to believe, that in his falling sick negs (to which he was much subject), he had conference with the Angel Gabriel.

I know the publishing of the Alcoran may be to fome dangerous and Scandalous, dangerous to the Reader, Scandalous to the higher E e powers,

powers, who notwithstanding have cleared themselves by disliking the publishing, and questioning the publishers thereof; but for the danger, I will deliver in these ensuing Propositions my opinion, yet with submission to wiser judgments.

1. Though it may be dangerous to such as like reedes are shaken, and like empty clouds carried about with every winde of doctrin, yet to staid and solid Christians, the reading of Mahomets Herefies will be no more dangerous, then the reading of those errors which are recorded in Scripture, for in them are mentioned many damnable errors and abominations of the Egyptians, Canamites, Hittites, Sidonians, and other Gentiles, and of the Hebrews themsfelves, of the Sadduces who denied Spirits, Angels, and the Refurrection.

2. Is there more danger in reading the Alcoran, then in reading the Errors of ancient and modern Hereticks? [urely Tertullian, Ireneus, Epiphanius, Auftin, and other Fathers were not of this opinion, who have left upon record to posterity, the damnable here sies of Arians, Eutychians, Neftorians, Macedonians, and others : and in the Alcoran there are not such dangerous errors as among the Tetratheites, Angelites, and Theodofians, who held there were four Gods, or the Tritheites, who affirmed there mere three, or the Gnosticks, Manicheans, Cerdonians, Marcionites, Who maintained there were two contrary gods, the one good, the other bad, whereas the Alcoran lets down there is but one true God; und although it denieth with Arius, the Divinity of Christ, yet it holds him a great Prophet; nor duth it (peak so blasphemonsly of Christ as the Simonians, who held Simon Magus, or the Ophites, and Manicheans, Who faid, the Serpent was Chrift, or Menander, Who affirmed himself to be Christ, and the Saviour of the world. Befides ; are not the damnable Herefies of the modern Familists, who deny Christs Divinity, making as many Christs as there be illuminated Elders in their Congregations? are not also the Herefies of the Socinians, Antitrinitarians, Adamites, Servetians, Antifabbatarians, and many others exposed to the view of all that will read them ? why then may not the Alcoran? Besides, are men debarred from reading the Greek and Latine Poets ? nay, are not many of them translated into our English tongue? as also the modern

dern Hiftories of the East and West Indics, wherein are more damnable tenets then any in the Alcoran, and they who have read the Jewith Talmud, and Cabala, will finde them as ridiculous pieces as the Alcoran.

3 If there were any lovelinefs, beauty, excellency, or any thing else in the Alcoran that might win the minde, and draw the affection after it, I should hold the reading of it dangerous, but whereas it is such a missapen and deformed piece, I think the reading of it will confirm us in the truth, and cause us love the Scripture (o much the more: for as a beautifull body is never more lovely then when the is placed neer a Black-More, neither is truth more amiable then when it is beset with Errors. Opposita uxta fe posita clarius elucescunt, the Gem receives lustre from the fuile, the stars from the night. & fire is most scorching in Frost, even so by an Antiperistasis truth is fortified by error. Who can think that the light of a Hob-Goblin, or deformed vizard should draw the childe from the Nurse or brest of the Mother to embrace it, whereas the fight thereof will rather canfe the child hold faster by the mother. The wife Spartans oft-times brought drunkards into the room. where their (ons were, not that they should be induced thereby to love, but to abbor drunkenness, which they could not have done, had they not seen the unseemly and rude carriage, the undecent behaviour, and uncomposed gestures of the drunkard. When Zisca had destroyed the Adamits of Bohemia, he preserved two alive that they might reveal to the world the wicked errors of that Sect. Who is so mad as to prefer the embracements of a filthy Baboon, to his beautifull Mistress, or the braying of an As to a Confort of Musick ? he deserves the ears of Midas that will prefer the Cuckoes long to the liveet notes of the Nightingale.

4. Though the Alcoran be received among many Nations, set this reception proceeds not from any love they bear to it, or any loveline(s they finde in it, but partly out of fear, being forced by the Sword, partly out of a preposterous defire of liberty and preferment, and partly out of ignorance, as not being suffered to read the Scriptures nor to bear Philosophy, by which the errors thereof may be detected, nor to enquire into the absurdities thereof, or to dipute and question any thing in it: for which cause also it is not suffered Ee 2

vy program free free

to be Printed, nor are Christians permitted to enter into Mecca, least their absurdities and impieties of their Religion should be manifested, and thus are those sity souls kept in blindness and ignorance, and therefore I never read that any Nation did voluntarily receive the Alcoran except the theevish Saracens of Arabia, because it was a friend both to their theevery and lechery, as permitting multiplicity of Wives and Concubins, and a remard for those that shall murther and rob.

5. The Alcoran is translated into French and other vulgar Tongues, and the chief heads thereof by Purchas in his Filgrimage, by Heilin in his Geography, and by others into our own tongue without scruple or exception; and I pray you, why is the Arabick tongue, the language of that false Prophet, and in which he writ his Alcoran, so much learned and tanght in Schools and Christian Wniversities, but that by it we may come to the knowledg of Mahomets Laws and Religion? and how should we know this little born in Daniel that spake high and proved things against the Almighty, if we read not his life and doctrine?

6. There is a kinde of necessity we should know evil as wel as good, fallbood as well as truth, that we may avoid the one, and lo much more love the other ; he that hath (melled a flinking weede will (mell with more delight the fweet Rofe; he that reades the Alcoran will finde it smell worse then Mahomets carkass did, which after his death lay putrifying upon the ground, which his disciples permitted for many dayes together, hoping he would have been as good as his word, who made them a promife that he would rife again the third day; but at last finding he had forgot himself, and that his body smelled not so sweet as Alexanders did after his death, they were forced to bury it, or otherwayes the dogs who were beginning to bury him in their guts had faved them a labour ; though Suger be fiveet in it felf, yet it is much more fiveet to him that hatb tafted Aloes, and though Italy in it felf be a delicious Countrey, and garden of the world, yet it is much more delightful, pleasant, and beautifull, to him who hath passed over the mountanous, craggy, and rugged Alpes : Did not the Prodigal love the bread of his fathers house evermore the better after he had been fed on basks with frine? doubtles me shall finde, that after we have

have fed a while upon the course busks of the Alcoran, with the Arabian swine, we shall with much more eagerness covet after the plenty of our Fathers house, exhibited to us in his Word, where we shall finde the hidden Manna, the bread of Life, that came down from heaven.

NEW STEPS AVERANCE STE

7. Books of Palmistry, Physiognomy, judiciall Astrologie, Necromancy, and other superstitious and impious Arts have been permitted to come abroad, that men might see the vanity of those Arts, the knavery and Wickedness of the Artists, the foolishness of credulous people, who suffer themselves to be deluded by them, and the malice of Satan the arch enemy of mankinde, Whose delight is to abuse, delude, and destroy men : why then may not the Alcoran be read, that men may see the vanity, impiety, and foolishness of it, by which the World hath been so many years cheated and abused?

8. They that learn Arts and Sciences, defire the knowledg, not only of the good things, but of the evil things also, and the abuses of them, to the end they may avoid them ; therefore Logick (peaks as well of sophisticall and fallacions syllogismes, as of demonstrative and topical; Ethicks treats of vices as well as of vertues; Natural Philosophy handleth the natures, not only of useful and beneficial creatures, but also of burtful and venomous, as of Serpents; Physick speaks of poysons as well as of cures; Historians describe both the vertuous and vicious actions of Princes; in Divinity we learn, not only what God and good Angels are, but alfo what Sathan is and his wicked Angels; in Navigation we must know, not only what places are Navigable, but also what are not; how shall we avoid Rocks, Quick-fands and Shelves if we know them not ? even so Christian Religion permits not only the reading of Scripture but also of heretical and heathenish books, as is said, that we may know what to embrace, what to shun ; therefore if you would know what be the damnable errors to be avoided by Christians, read the Alcoran, and you shall finde in it the finke of all, or most part of ancient herefies.

9. In reading of the Alcoran, though it be, as Cato faid of the three Roman Embassadors, that were to go to Antiochus, headless, heartless, and footless, the one being maimed in his head, E e 3 the

and bud bud but

the second a fool, and the third lame in his feet, I say, though it he without head or tail, as we use to speak, being immethodicall and confused, contradictory in many things, written in a rude Language the Author himsfelf being no Linguist or Scholer, nay, not able to read or write, though alfo it confift of lyes and (enflefs follies, yet this benefit we may reap; I fay, in reading of it, that we shall be forced to admire and praise the goodness of God towards us Christians, who having suffered a great part of the world to sit in the valley of the shadow of death, to be oppressed with Cimmerian, yea more then palpable Egyptian darkness, bath placed us in the Temple, where we have the golden Candlefick of his Word, and a clearer and more durable Lamp then that of Salomons Temple, yea even the Sun of righteousnes shining upon us in the land of Goshan, whilst a great part of the world doth follow the Antichristian beast, we follow the Lamb upon mount Sion ; while they bear the voyce of Satyres, Oftrages, and Schrich-Owls, we hear the voice of the Turtle, and the Songs of Sion in our own Land: whilf they feed on husks with swine, and drink the corrupted puddles of Mahomets inventions, we are fed with Angels food, and eat cœlestiall Manna, and drink of the pure river of life, clear as crystall : Again, we may tremble at the reading of this Alcoran, when we confider the severity of Gods Judgments, and the fiercenefs of his anger, who for the contempt of his Gospel, in those Countries Where Mahomet is worfsipped, hath fuffered fo many millions of people to be deluded, blinded, abused, and inflaved by that falle Prophet, to believe his lyes, and by loathing the fweet Evangelical Manna, to devour greedily the poylonable quailes of his doctrine, and with it the wrath of God which hath faln on them, whilf the flesh is between their teeth, so that they must needs periff everlastingly. Who would have thought that those Countreys which were honored by Gods own prefence, by the Oracles of the Prophets, by the presence, miracles, and preaching of Christ, by the planting of the Apostles, by the blood of so many Martyrs, should be thus befotted, and enflaved by the tyranny of this grand Impostor? When we think on those things, let us work out our faluation with fear and trembling, and let him who thinks he standeth take beed least be fall: they were not greater sinners then

then we, therefore doubtles except we repent We Iball all likewise perish; the remissions of Heraclius Government, his falling into the heresie of the Monothelites, the contempt of the Gospel, the flighting of the Pastors, the Wickedness of the people, the continual Schisms, rents, jars, and divisions of their Churches, were both the causes and occasions of these miseries which have faln upon them; let us take heed then we be not partakers of their sins, least we also partake of their plagues.

Allow the allow of the allow

10. The reading of the Alcoran will enable us to beat Mahomet with his own weapons, to cut off the head of this Goliah with his own (word, and to wound this unclean bird with quils pickt out of his own wings, for even unwittingly and unwillingly he is forced to acknowledg many truths of Christian Religion, in affirming there is but one true God the Creator of all things, and though he goeth about to overthrow the doctrine of the Trinity, yet he doth plainly confirme it ; when he speaks of God, of the Word and of the Spirit, which three indeed are one in effence, though distinct in subsistence; though he laboureth to overthrow the Gospel, yet he confirms it, when he calls it good, full, right, a light, and a guide to salvation for if it be full, good, &c. what need was then of his Alcoran ? and though he indeavoreth to overthrow Christs Divinity with Arius and Neftorius, and the Jews his ghostly fathers, yet he affirms it, in calling Christ the Word ; for as the internal word of the minde is coeternal with the minde, so is Christ the Word of his Father, coeternal with the Father; he establisheth also the Article of Christs Conception and Nativity, affirming him to be conceived by the holy Ghost, and born of the Virgin Mary, whom he confesseth to have been a pure Virgin, both before and after Christs birth: (o be confirms the Article of Christs ascention into beaven, and divers other points of Christianity, to whom we are more beholding for his reverend efteem of Christ, then the fews who revile and blaspheme him.

11. In reading the Alcoran, thongh we finde much dung, yet in it we shall meet with some gold, as Virgil did in reading of Ennius his Verses. Estops Cock found a precious stone in a dunghill; where is much dross some pure mettal will be found: even so in the dirt of the Alcoran you shall finde some jewels of Christian vertues

in the the the the

vertues ; and indeed if Christians will but diligently read and obferve the Laws and Histories of the Mahometans, they may blus to see how zealous they are in the works of devotion, piety, and charity, how devout, cleanly, and reverend in their Molques, how obedient to their Priests, that even the great Turk himself will attempt nothing without confulting his Mufti, how careful are they to observe their hours of prayer five times a day where ever they are, or however imployed? how constantly do they obferve their Fasts from morning till night a whole moneth together? how loving and charitable the Muslemans are to each other, and how carefull of strangers, may be feen by their Hospitals, both for the poor and for travellers : if we observe their justice, temperance, and other morall vertues, we may truly bluff at our own coldness, both in devotion and charity, at our injustice, intemperance, and oppression doubtless these men will rise up in judgment against us; and surely their devotion, piety, and works of mercy are maine causes of the growth of Mahomatism, and on the contrary, our neglect of Religion, and loofness of conversation, is a maine hindrance to the increase of Christianity; is it not a shame that they should read over their Alcoran once every moneth, and We (carceread over the Bible in all our life ? that they shall give such reverence to their Alcoran, as to honor the very Camel that carried it to Mecca, and to lay up for holy reliques the napkins and bandkerchiefs that rubbed off the (weat from his skin; and we (ball prefer lascivious Poems, and manton Ballads to the facred word of Almighty God? do we not make our felves unworthy of fuch an inestimable treasure?

12. The Turks are our neighbors, and their Territories border upon the dominions of Christendom: there have been continuall wans, and will be still between us, it concerneth every Christian who makes confeience of his mayes to examine the cause, and to look into the grounds of this war, whether they be just or not, which cannot be known but by reading the Alcoran. in which we see the Mahometans to be the enemies of the Cross of Christ, in denying his Death and of his Divinity, also in that they deny his Godhead: we shall finde so many passages in it repugnant to, and definitive of Christian Religion, that Christian Princes are bound

bound to oppose the enemies thereof; after the example of Euseb. in vit. those glorious Emperors, Constantine, who made war against the Heathen Princes, Maxentius, Maximinus and Licinius, Theod. 1. 5. c. 24. of Theodofius the elder against the Tyrant Eugenius the worshipper of Hercules, of Theodofius the yonger against the Saracens, of Honorius against the Goths, all enemies of civil dei.c.23. Christ, by whose assistance they got notable victories, and glorious triumphs.

13. We sannot do better service to our Countrimen, nor offer a greater affront to the Mahometans, then to bring out to the open view of all, the blinde Sampsons of their Alcoran, which hath mastered so many Nations, that we may laugh at it, of which even their own Wife men are ashamed, and are forry it should be translated into any other language, for they are unwilling that their grand Hypocrite should be unmasked, or that the vilard of his pretended holines should be taken off, whose filthy nakedness must appear when he is devested : they know that words and works of darkness cannot endure the light, Trepidantq; immisso lumine manes, the infernal Ghofts tremble at any glimpse of light, and the wilde beafts return to their dens, (aith David, when the morning ap- Pfal. 10, 4. pears, not daring to seek their prey but in the dark night Vt jugulent of ignorance; this great thief Mahomet bath destroyed many thousands, and under the Lyons skin, this As hath affrighted his beaffly minded Saracens, therefore let us take away the ring from this Giges, by which he hath made himself invisible, and let us with Hercules, pull out this theeving Cacus out of his dark den where he nleth to hide and Shelter bim elf, and expose his deformed carkals to the publick view, that we may wonder at it : and in detecting his errors, we follow the practife of Christ, who discovered to the world the damnable Tenets of the Scribes, Pharifees, Hypocrites.

bomines (urgunt de nocte latrones.

Conft. 6- 1.9.C.

Socrat.1.c.7.18

Aug. l. 5.de

9. Hilt.

Mat. 12.

14. The Turks are preposterously zealous in P rivi pur, Bok conthe

A Card Charles

conversion, or perversion rather, of Christians to their irreligious Religion, they pray heartily, and every day in their Temples, that Christians may imbarce the Alcoran, and become their Profolytes, in effecting of Which they leave no means unassaid by fear and flattery, by punishments and rewards; now, is it fitting that they in charity and zeal should exceed us? We are bound to pray, and indeavor heartily for their conversion, from darkness to light, from error to truth; but how shall we do this, if we know not the dangerous and damnable estate they are in, which We cannot know but by reading their Alcoran?

15. In reading the Alcoran we shall see what is the force of Superstition, and with what violence men are carried headlong in the defence and maintenance even of the most absurd and impious opicions; what Hecuba is more deformed then the Alcoran? yet how do the Turks fight and Aruggle, toil and care, bazard life and liberty, estates and all for it, as if it were the most beautiful Helcna in the world ! these men sannot endure the Image of Christ, or of a Saint in their Temples, calling this Idolatry, and yet they are the greatest Idolaters in the world themselves, for never was there such an Idol as the Alcoran, no man must touch it, till first be be walked, and that being done, be must not touch it with his naked hands. but with a clean linen cloth; the Priest must kils it, and bow to it ; be must when he reads in it hold it up on high, for it is a fin to hold it lower then his girdle : Every piece of paper that a Turk findes be must use reverendly, because the Alcoran is Written in paper, the Mule that carries it to Mecca is held in great veneration, fo that he or the is fanctified. all the year after that can but touch him, and that has dkarshief which wipeth off his sweat is a holy relique : thus do they Arain at a gnas and (wallow a Camel.

Rev, 20.

Confl. 6-1.9.C.

16. In reading the Alcoran & Turkish Story, we shall fee who mere Gog and Magog that made war against the Saints, even the.

the Turks an obscure people of Scythia, therefore called Gog. because they were bid and unknown a long time, and the Saracens, who were a known people, and the open enemies of the Church, therefore called Magog ; these treacherously combined together, oppressed first the Persians, and afterward the Greek Empire, with the famous Churches of Afia, Greece, and Egypt ; we thall also finde that by the Star which fell from heaven, and opened the bottomless pit, whose smoke darkned the Sun, and out of which came the Locusts, whole terror is described by St. John, is meant Mahomet that great destroyer, as his name signifieth, answering to the name Rev. o. Appollyon, and Abaddon: for never was there such a de-Stroyer, who by his pestilent doctrine bath destroyed to many fouls, and by the found of his Locusts bath destroyed formany bodies and ruinated (o many goodly Countries.

17. If you will take a brief view of the Alcoran . you shall finde it a hodg-podge made up of these four ingredients. I. Of Contradictions. 2. Of Blafphemie. 3. Of reduculous Fables. 4 Of Lyes : first, of Contradictions be doth ordinarily fay, and unfay the same thing; one while he tells us, that he was the first that ever entred into Paradise, and elsewhere he layes be found men and women there ; sometimes he affirms that Tews and Christians shall be faved by their own Religion, and fometimes again that none can be faved who embrace not his Alcoran; In one place following the Opinion of Origen, or rather of the Origenists he affirmed that all the devits that be faved; in another place he faith only those devils shall be faved who hearken to, and obey his Alcoran. Secondly, of Blasphemy, for he blasphemeth God, in saying that he prayeth for Mahomet, intimating hereby that he is inferior to that God he prayeth to; he makes God also smear by Hies, Worms. and such base creatures, as if he were their inferiour, whereas God having none greater then him elf, swears only by himself: He blasphemes the Father, in faginge he cannot have a Son, becanfe he is not married, as if there were no other generation Ff 2 but

A CASIFIC FRANCIS

but what is carnall ; he blasphemes the Son with Arius, in denging his Divinity; he blasphemes the holy Ghost with Macedonius, affirming him to be the Creature of a creature; he blasphemes God alfo, in making him the Author of his Alcoran, bragging that his name is written upon the Throne of God, in that he is the greatest of the Prophets, who hath more knowledg then all the men and Angels of the world : and many other bragging words he uttereth of himsfelf, by which we may see he is that little born which spurng up among the ten borns of the great and terrible beast of the Roman Empire, destroying three of the Roman horns, to wit, the Afians, Grecians, and Egyptians; this is the horn that hath many eyes, as being crafty and vigilant, but his month speaks proud things, in blaspheming and bragging, as we have heard. Thirdly, of ridiculous Stories, and which are more unfavory then the Golden Legend, or Lucians true Narrations; be tels us that he divided once the Moon, one half whercof fell into his lap, (this was not then the Man in the Moon, but the Moon in the Man) the other on the ground; these two pieces be souldred again. Perhaps in memory of this lying miracle, the Turks use yet the half Moon for their Arms : He tels us of a great army of men and Angels raifed by Salomon, but much hindred in their march by an army of Flies, which Salomon rebuked, where we have a witless conference between Salomon and the Fly ; he tels you strange Story of Noahs Ark, how there the Hog was generated of the Elephants dung, and a Rat of the Hogs dung, which gnawing a bole in the Ark, at which Noah mas affrighted; he touching the Lionon the for chead, out of Whose brains leaped out a Cat, (as Minerva did out of Jupiters) which cansed the Rat to run away : this is Philosophy indeed for a Hog. Fourthly, of Lyes, for he belyeth God, in making him author of his impietie and herefies; he belyes Christ, in faying he was conceived by the smell of a Rose; he belyeth the boly Ghost, in affirming that he inspired Mahomet to write the Alcoran ; he belyeth the Virgin Mary, calling her the daughter of Amram, and fifter of Moles, confounding her with Miriam, whereas there were fo many generations between ; he

he belyeth the Gospel, in faying it is corrupted by Christians; he belyeth Chriftians, when he faith they wor ship many gods, and that they give to God a companion, when they acknowledg the Divinity of Christ; he belyeth the Jews in Saying they make Eleazer a god; he belyes the Patriarchs, in (aying that Noah, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob believed his Alcoran, being (o many thou and years before he was born, or his Alcoran had any exif ance ; he belyes also the Apostles, in making them his Schollers, who lived neer fix hundred years before he was born : by all which we may fee who was the Compiler of this Alcoran, not the God of Truth, but the Father of Lyes; not Christ and his Apostles, Whose Weapons in propagating the Gospel, Were powerfull preaching , miracles, and patience in suffering; not the (word, the chief means that Mahomet ufeth to force his Alcoran, an instrument forbid by Christ, but used by him who hath been a murtherer from the beginning; but I will not take upon me the task of refuting the Alcoran, being already refuted by Cantacuzenus, Richardus the Monk, Cusa the Cardinal, Woodmanstadius, Savanorola and others. I only thought good, upon intreaty of some learned and religious men, to prefix this brief Caveat, that the Reader might be the better armed to encounter with any rub or difficulty be shall meet with in the reading thereof. But before I end, give me leave to clear my felf again in this point ; that it is not my meaning all should have the liberty to read the Alcoran promissionally. I know with the Apostle, that though all things be lawfull, yet all things are not expedient, there are children as well as men in understanding; the Nurse may use that knife which the childe may not, and that (word which may without danger be bandled by a fober man, can. not Without danger be touched by a mad man; there are as Well queafie as strong stomacks, and what is meat to the one may be venome to the other ; though Mithridates could without hurt eat poylon, others may not presume to escape so; it is lawfull for any to look upon a monster; but it is not expedient for conceiving women; that iron which an Oftrich can digeft, may destroy the stomack of other creatures; how many have been deceived Ff 3

1 Card Cherry Party

and the day Vier and Vier

ceived in gathering Hemlock for Parly? It is not for every man to meddle with Apothecaries drugs, he may chance meet with poylon as foon as an antidote; if all men were like Bees, to fuck honey even out of Henbane, there might be no danger in reading the Alcoran but most men are like Spiders (neksecurely poylon even ont of the meetelt Roles; therefore they only may lure. ly & without danger read the Alcoran who are intelligent, indicious, learned, and throughly grounded in piety, and principles of Christianity, but Weak, ignorant, inconstant, and disaffected mindes to the truth must not venture to meddle with this unhallowed piece left they be polluted with the touch thereof, as they were who came neer to a leprous body; and if we will not venture to go into an infected house without preservatives, much less should any dire to reade the Alcoran, that is not sufficiently armed with grace, ftrength, and knowledg against all tentations. God grant we may walk in the light of the Gofpel, whileft We have it, that we may not be overwhelmed with the dismall night of Mahometane darkness, which God may justly inflict upupon : us for our fins, rents and divisions are no lesser then those were of the Greek, and Asiatick Churches. and doubtles except we repeat we shall all perish with them, who for despising Gods lacred Oracles, are now tanght to reverence every piece of paper they finde, which they are made believe that be put under the foles of their feet when they walk over the burning grate to their fools Paradife, as Busbequius in his Epiftle tells us, who lived long among it them, and was well acquainted with their opinions: but what I have written here concerning the Alcoran, I submit to the judgment and wijdom of those who sit at the Stern, and can fee more then the Passengers.

FINIS.

